

Graph Theory

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Abstract

This development provides a formalization of planarity based on combinatorial maps and proves that Kuratowski's theorem implies combinatorial planarity. Moreover, it contains verified implementations of programs checking certificates for planarity (i.e., a combinatorial map) or non-planarity (i.e., a Kuratowski subgraph).

The development is described in [1].

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theory *Graph-Genus*

imports

HOL-Combinatorics.Permutations

Graph-Theory.Graph-Theory

begin

lemma *nat-diff-mod-right*:

fixes *a b c* :: *nat*

assumes *b < a*

shows $(a - b) \bmod c = (a - b \bmod c) \bmod c$

proof –

from *assms* **have** *b-mod*: $b \bmod c \leq a$

by (*metis mod-less-eq-dividend linear not-le order-trans*)

have *int* $((a - b) \bmod c) = (\text{int } a - \text{int } b \bmod \text{int } c) \bmod \text{int } c$

using *assms* **by** (*simp add: zmod-int of-nat-diff mod-simps*)

also have $\dots = \text{int } ((a - b \bmod c) \bmod c)$

using *assms b-mod* **by** (*simp add: zmod-int*)

finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *inj-on-f-imageI*:

assumes *inj-on f S* $\bigwedge t. t \in T \implies t \subseteq S$

shows *inj-on* $((\cdot) f) T$

using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: inj-on-image-eq-iff intro: inj-onI*)

1 Combinatorial Maps

lemma (*in bidirected-digraph*) *has-dom-arev*:

has-dom arev (*arcs G*)

using *arev-dom* **by** (*auto simp: has-dom-def*)

record *'b pre-map* =

edge-rev :: *'b* $\Rightarrow$ *'b*

edge-succ :: *'b* $\Rightarrow$ *'b*

definition *edge-pred* :: *'b pre-map* $\Rightarrow$ *'b* $\Rightarrow$ *'b* **where**

edge-pred M = *inv* (*edge-succ M*)

locale *pre-digraph-map* = *pre-digraph* + **fixes** *M* :: *'b pre-map*

locale *digraph-map* = *fin-digraph* *G*
 + *pre-digraph-map* *G* *M*
 + *bidirected-digraph* *G* *edge-rev* *M* **for** *G* *M* +
assumes *edge-succ-permutes*: *edge-succ* *M* *permutes* *arcs* *G*
assumes *edge-succ-cyclic*: $\bigwedge v. v \in \text{verts } G \implies \text{out-arcs } G \ v \neq \{\} \implies \text{cyclic-on}$
 (*edge-succ* *M*) (*out-arcs* *G* *v*)

lemma (**in** *fin-digraph*) *digraph-mapI*:
assumes *bidi*: $\bigwedge a. a \notin \text{arcs } G \implies \text{edge-rev } M \ a = a$
 $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{edge-rev } M \ a \neq a$
 $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{edge-rev } M \ (\text{edge-rev } M \ a) = a$
 $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{tail } G \ (\text{edge-rev } M \ a) = \text{head } G \ a$
assumes *edge-succ-permutes*: *edge-succ* *M* *permutes* *arcs* *G*
assumes *edge-succ-cyclic*: $\bigwedge v. v \in \text{verts } G \implies \text{out-arcs } G \ v \neq \{\} \implies \text{cyclic-on}$
 (*edge-succ* *M*) (*out-arcs* *G* *v*)
shows *digraph-map* *G* *M*
using *assms* **by** *unfold-locales* *auto*

lemma (**in** *fin-digraph*) *digraph-mapI-permutes*:
assumes *bidi*: *edge-rev* *M* *permutes* *arcs* *G*
 $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{edge-rev } M \ a \neq a$
 $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{edge-rev } M \ (\text{edge-rev } M \ a) = a$
 $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{tail } G \ (\text{edge-rev } M \ a) = \text{head } G \ a$
assumes *edge-succ-permutes*: *edge-succ* *M* *permutes* *arcs* *G*
assumes *edge-succ-cyclic*: $\bigwedge v. v \in \text{verts } G \implies \text{out-arcs } G \ v \neq \{\} \implies \text{cyclic-on}$
 (*edge-succ* *M*) (*out-arcs* *G* *v*)
shows *digraph-map* *G* *M*
proof –
interpret *bidirected-digraph* *G* *edge-rev* *M* **using** *bidi* **by** *unfold-locales* (*auto*
simp: *permutes-def*)
show *?thesis*
using *edge-succ-permutes* *edge-succ-cyclic* **by** *unfold-locales*
qed

context *digraph-map*
begin

lemma *digraph-map[intro]*: *digraph-map* *G* *M* **by** *unfold-locales*

lemma *permutation-edge-succ*: *permutation* (*edge-succ* *M*)
by (*metis* *edge-succ-permutes* *finite-arcs* *permutation-permutes*)

lemma *edge-pred-succ[simp]*: *edge-pred* *M* (*edge-succ* *M* *a*) = *a*
by (*metis* *edge-pred-def* *edge-succ-permutes* *permutes-inverses*(2))

lemma *edge-succ-pred[simp]*: *edge-succ* *M* (*edge-pred* *M* *a*) = *a*
by (*metis* *edge-pred-def* *edge-succ-permutes* *permutes-inverses*(1))

lemma *edge-pred-permutes*: *edge-pred M permutes arcs G*
unfolding *edge-pred-def* **using** *edge-succ-permutes* **by** (*rule permutes-inv*)

lemma *permutation-edge-pred*: *permutation (edge-pred M)*
by (*metis edge-pred-permutes finite-arcs permutation-permutes*)

lemma *edge-succ-eq-iff[simp]*: $\bigwedge x y. \text{edge-succ } M x = \text{edge-succ } M y \longleftrightarrow x = y$
by (*metis edge-pred-succ*)

lemma *edge-rev-in-arcs[simp]*: $\text{edge-rev } M a \in \text{arcs } G \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{arcs } G$
by (*metis arev-arev arev-permutes-arcs permutes-not-in*)

lemma *edge-succ-in-arcs[simp]*: $\text{edge-succ } M a \in \text{arcs } G \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{arcs } G$
by (*metis edge-pred-succ edge-succ-permutes permutes-not-in*)

lemma *edge-pred-in-arcs[simp]*: $\text{edge-pred } M a \in \text{arcs } G \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{arcs } G$
by (*metis edge-succ-pred edge-pred-permutes permutes-not-in*)

lemma *tail-edge-succ[simp]*: $\text{tail } G (\text{edge-succ } M a) = \text{tail } G a$
proof *cases*
assume $a \in \text{arcs } G$
then have $\text{tail } G a \in \text{verts } G$ **by** *auto*
moreover
then have $\text{out-arcs } G (\text{tail } G a) \neq \{\}$
using $\langle a \in \text{arcs } G \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately
have *cyclic-on* (*edge-succ M*) (*out-arcs G (tail G a)*)
by (*rule edge-succ-cyclic*)
moreover
have $a \in \text{out-arcs } G (\text{tail } G a)$
using $\langle a \in \text{arcs } G \rangle$ **by** *simp*
ultimately
have $\text{edge-succ } M a \in \text{out-arcs } G (\text{tail } G a)$
by (*rule cyclic-on-inI*)
then show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
next
assume $a \notin \text{arcs } G$ **then show** *?thesis* **using** *edge-succ-permutes* **by** (*simp*
add: permutes-not-in)
qed

lemma *tail-edge-pred[simp]*: $\text{tail } G (\text{edge-pred } M a) = \text{tail } G a$
by (*metis edge-succ-pred tail-edge-succ*)

lemma *bij-edge-succ[intro]*: *bij (edge-succ M)*
using *edge-succ-permutes* **by** (*simp add: permutes-conv-has-dom*)

lemma *edge-pred-cyclic*:
assumes $v \in \text{verts } G$ $\text{out-arcs } G v \neq \{\}$
shows *cyclic-on* (*edge-pred M*) (*out-arcs G v*)

proof –

obtain a **where** $orb\text{-}a\text{-}eq$: $orbit\ (edge\text{-}succ\ M)\ a = out\text{-}arcs\ G\ v$
using $edge\text{-}succ\text{-}cyclic[OF\ assms]$ **by** $(auto\ simp:\ cyclic\text{-}on\text{-}def)$
have $cyclic\text{-}on\ (edge\text{-}pred\ M)\ (orbit\ (edge\text{-}pred\ M)\ a)$
using $permutation\text{-}edge\text{-}pred$ **by** $(rule\ cyclic\text{-}on\text{-}orbit')$
also have $orbit\ (edge\text{-}pred\ M)\ a = orbit\ (edge\text{-}succ\ M)\ a$
unfolding $edge\text{-}pred\text{-}def$ **using** $permutation\text{-}edge\text{-}succ$ **by** $(rule\ orbit\text{-}inv\text{-}eq)$
finally show $cyclic\text{-}on\ (edge\text{-}pred\ M)\ (out\text{-}arcs\ G\ v)$ **by** $(simp\ add:\ orb\text{-}a\text{-}eq)$
qed

definition **(in** $pre\text{-}digraph\text{-}map$ **)** $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ :: 'b \Rightarrow 'b$ **where**
 $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ \equiv edge\text{-}succ\ M\ o\ edge\text{-}rev\ M$

definition **(in** $pre\text{-}digraph\text{-}map$ **)** $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred :: 'b \Rightarrow 'b$ **where**
 $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred \equiv edge\text{-}rev\ M\ o\ edge\text{-}pred\ M$

lemma $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\text{-}succ[simp]$:
shows $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\ (face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\ a) = a$
unfolding $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\text{-}def\ face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}def$ **by** $simp$

lemma $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}pred[simp]$:
shows $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\ (face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\ a) = a$
unfolding $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\text{-}def\ face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}def$ **by** $simp$

lemma $tail\text{-}face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ$: $a \in arcs\ G \implies tail\ G\ (face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\ a) = head\ G\ a$
by $(auto\ simp:\ face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}def)$

lemma $funpow\text{-}prop$:
assumes $\bigwedge x. P\ (f\ x) \longleftrightarrow P\ x$
shows $P\ ((f\ \frown n)\ x) \longleftrightarrow P\ x$
using $assms$ **by** $(induct\ n)\ auto$

lemma $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}no\text{-}arc[simp]$: $a \notin arcs\ G \implies face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\ a = a$
by $(auto\ simp:\ face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}def\ permutes\text{-}not\text{-}in[OF\ arev\text{-}permutes\text{-}arcs]\ permutes\text{-}not\text{-}in[OF\ edge\text{-}succ\text{-}permutes])$

lemma $funpow\text{-}face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}no\text{-}arc[simp]$:
assumes $a \notin arcs\ G$ **shows** $(face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\ \frown n)\ a = a$
using $assms$ **by** $(induct\ n)\ auto$

lemma $funpow\text{-}face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\text{-}no\text{-}arc[simp]$:
assumes $a \notin arcs\ G$ **shows** $(face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\ \frown n)\ a = a$
using $assms$
by $(induct\ n)\ (auto\ simp:\ face\text{-}cycle\text{-}pred\text{-}def\ permutes\text{-}not\text{-}in[OF\ arev\text{-}permutes\text{-}arcs]\ permutes\text{-}not\text{-}in[OF\ edge\text{-}pred\text{-}permutes])$

lemma $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\text{-}closed[simp]$:
 $face\text{-}cycle\text{-}succ\ a \in arcs\ G \longleftrightarrow a \in arcs\ G$

by (*metis comp-apply edge-rev-in-arcs edge-succ-in-arcs face-cycle-succ-def*)

lemma *face-cycle-pred-closed*[*simp*]:
face-cycle-pred $a \in \text{arcs } G \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{arcs } G$
by (*metis face-cycle-succ-closed face-cycle-succ-pred*)

lemma *face-cycle-succ-permutes*:
face-cycle-succ permutes arcs G
unfolding *face-cycle-succ-def*
using *arev-permutes-arcs edge-succ-permutes* **by** (*rule permutes-compose*)

lemma *permutation-face-cycle-succ*: *permutation face-cycle-succ*
using *face-cycle-succ-permutes finite-arcs* **by** (*metis permutation-permutes*)

lemma *bij-face-cycle-succ*: *bij face-cycle-succ*
using *face-cycle-succ-permutes* **by** (*simp add: permutes-conv-has-dom*)

lemma *face-cycle-pred-permutes*:
face-cycle-pred permutes arcs G
unfolding *face-cycle-pred-def*
using *edge-pred-permutes arev-permutes-arcs* **by** (*rule permutes-compose*)

definition (*in pre-digraph-map*) *face-cycle-set* :: 'b $\Rightarrow$ 'b set **where**
face-cycle-set $a = \text{orbit face-cycle-succ } a$

definition (*in pre-digraph-map*) *face-cycle-sets* :: 'b set set **where**
face-cycle-sets = *face-cycle-set* ' arcs G

lemma *face-cycle-set-altdef*: *face-cycle-set* $a = \{(\text{face-cycle-succ} \rightsquigarrow n) a \mid n. \text{True}\}$
unfolding *face-cycle-set-def*
by (*intro orbit-altdef-self-in permutation-self-in-orbit permutation-face-cycle-succ*)

lemma *face-cycle-set-self*[*simp, intro*]: $a \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$
unfolding *face-cycle-set-def* **using** *permutation-face-cycle-succ* **by** (*rule permutation-self-in-orbit*)

lemma *empty-not-in-face-cycle-sets*: $\{\} \notin \text{face-cycle-sets}$
by (*auto simp: face-cycle-sets-def*)

lemma *finite-face-cycle-set*[*simp, intro*]: *finite (face-cycle-set a)*
using *face-cycle-set-self* **unfolding** *face-cycle-set-def* **by** (*simp add: finite-orbit*)

lemma *finite-face-cycle-sets*[*simp, intro*]: *finite face-cycle-sets*
by (*auto simp: face-cycle-sets-def*)

lemma *face-cycle-set-induct*[*case-names base step, induct set: face-cycle-set*]:
assumes *consume*: $a \in \text{face-cycle-set } x$
and *ih-base*: $P x$

and *ih-step*: $\bigwedge y. y \in \text{face-cycle-set } x \implies P y \implies P (\text{face-cycle-succ } y)$
shows $P a$
using *consume* **unfolding** *face-cycle-set-def*
by *induct* (*auto simp: ih-step face-cycle-set-def[symmetric] ih-base*)

lemma *face-cycle-succ-cyclic*:
cyclic-on *face-cycle-succ* (*face-cycle-set* *a*)
unfolding *face-cycle-set-def* **using** *permutation-face-cycle-succ* **by** (*rule cyclic-on-orbit'*)

lemma *face-cycle-eq*:
assumes $b \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$ **shows** $\text{face-cycle-set } b = \text{face-cycle-set } a$
using *assms* **unfolding** *face-cycle-set-def*
by (*auto intro: orbit-swap orbit-trans permutation-face-cycle-succ permutation-self-in-orbit*)

lemma *face-cycle-succ-in-arcsI*: $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{face-cycle-succ } a \in \text{arcs } G$
by (*auto simp: face-cycle-succ-def*)

lemma *face-cycle-succ-inI*: $\bigwedge x y. x \in \text{face-cycle-set } y \implies \text{face-cycle-succ } x \in \text{face-cycle-set } y$
by (*metis face-cycle-succ-cyclic cyclic-on-inI*)

lemma *face-cycle-succ-inD*: $\bigwedge x y. \text{face-cycle-succ } x \in \text{face-cycle-set } y \implies x \in \text{face-cycle-set } y$
by (*metis face-cycle-eq face-cycle-set-self face-cycle-succ-inI*)

lemma *face-cycle-set-parts*:
 $\text{face-cycle-set } a = \text{face-cycle-set } b \vee \text{face-cycle-set } a \cap \text{face-cycle-set } b = \{\}$
by (*metis disjoint-iff-not-equal face-cycle-eq*)

definition *fc-equiv* :: $'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{fc-equiv } a \ b \equiv a \in \text{face-cycle-set } b$

lemma *reflp-fc-equiv*: *reflp* *fc-equiv*
by (*rule reflpI*) (*simp add: fc-equiv-def*)

lemma *symp-fc-equiv*: *symp* *fc-equiv*
using *face-cycle-set-parts*
by (*intro sympI*) (*auto simp: fc-equiv-def*)

lemma *transp-fc-equiv*: *transp* *fc-equiv*
using *face-cycle-set-parts*
by (*intro transpI*) (*auto simp: fc-equiv-def*)

lemma *equivp fc-equiv*
by (*intro equivpI reflp-fc-equiv symp-fc-equiv transp-fc-equiv*)

lemma *in-face-cycle-setD*:
assumes $y \in \text{face-cycle-set } x$ $x \in \text{arcs } G$ **shows** $y \in \text{arcs } G$

```

    using assms
  by (auto simp: face-cycle-set-def dest: permutes-orbit-subset[OF face-cycle-succ-permutes])

lemma in-face-cycle-setsD:
  assumes  $x \in \text{face-cycle-sets}$  shows  $x \subseteq \text{arcs } G$ 
  using assms by (auto simp: face-cycle-sets-def dest: in-face-cycle-setD)

end

definition (in pre-digraph) isolated-verts :: 'a set where
  isolated-verts  $\equiv \{v \in \text{verts } G. \text{out-arcs } G \ v = \{\}\}$ 

definition (in pre-digraph-map) euler-char :: int where
  euler-char  $\equiv \text{int } (\text{card } (\text{verts } G)) - \text{int } (\text{card } (\text{arcs } G) \text{ div } 2) + \text{int } (\text{card } \text{face-cycle-sets})$ 

definition (in pre-digraph-map) euler-genus :: int where
  euler-genus  $\equiv (\text{int } (2 * \text{card } \text{sccs}) - \text{int } (\text{card } \text{isolated-verts}) - \text{euler-char}) \text{ div } 2$ 

definition comb-planar :: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  comb-planar  $G \equiv \exists M. \text{digraph-map } G \ M \wedge \text{pre-digraph-map.euler-genus } G \ M = 0$ 

Number of isolated vertices is a graph invariant

context
  fixes  $G \text{ hom}$  assumes  $\text{hom}: \text{pre-digraph.digraph-isomorphism } G \text{ hom}$ 
begin

  interpretation wf-digraph  $G$  using  $\text{hom}$  by (auto simp: pre-digraph.digraph-isomorphism-def)

  lemma isolated-verts-app-iso[simp]:
    pre-digraph.isolated-verts (app-iso  $\text{hom } G$ ) = iso-verts  $\text{hom } \text{'isolated-verts}$ 
    using  $\text{hom}$ 
    by (auto simp: pre-digraph.isolated-verts-def iso-verts-tail inj-image-mem-iff out-arcs-app-iso-eq)

  lemma card-isolated-verts-iso[simp]:
    card (iso-verts  $\text{hom } \text{'pre-digraph.isolated-verts } G$ ) = card isolated-verts
    apply (rule card-image)
    using  $\text{hom}$  apply (rule digraph-isomorphism-inj-on-verts[THEN subset-inj-on])
    apply (auto simp: isolated-verts-def)
    done

end

context digraph-map begin

```

lemma *face-cycle-succ-neg*:
assumes $a \in \text{arcs } G$ $\text{tail } G \ a \neq \text{head } G \ a$ **shows** $\text{face-cycle-succ } a \neq a$
proof –
from *assms* **have** $\text{edge-rev } M \ a \in \text{arcs } G$
by (*subst edge-rev-in-arcs*) *simp*
then have $\text{cyclic-on } (\text{edge-succ } M) (\text{out-arcs } G (\text{tail } G (\text{edge-rev } M \ a)))$
by (*intro edge-succ-cyclic*) (*auto dest: tail-in-verts simp: out-arcs-def intro: exI* [*where* $x = \text{edge-rev } M \ a$])
then have $\text{edge-succ } M (\text{edge-rev } M \ a) \in (\text{out-arcs } G (\text{tail } G (\text{edge-rev } M \ a)))$
by (*rule cyclic-on-inI*) (*auto simp: <edge-rev } M \ a \in ->* [*simplified*])
moreover have $\text{tail } G (\text{edge-succ } M (\text{edge-rev } M \ a)) = \text{head } G \ a$
using *assms* **by** *auto*
then have $\text{edge-succ } M (\text{edge-rev } M \ a) \neq a$ **using** *assms* **by** *metis*
ultimately show *?thesis*
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: face-cycle-succ-def*)
qed
end

2 Maps and Isomorphism

definition (*in pre-digraph*)
 $\text{wrap-iso-arcs } \text{hom } f = \text{perm-restrict } (\text{iso-arcs } \text{hom } o \ f \ o \ \text{iso-arcs } (\text{inv-iso } \text{hom}))$
 $(\text{arcs } (\text{app-iso } \text{hom } G))$

definition (*in pre-digraph-map*) $\text{map-iso} :: ('a, 'b, 'a2, 'b2) \text{ digraph-isomorphism} \Rightarrow 'b2 \text{ pre-map}$ **where**
 $\text{map-iso } f \equiv$
 $(\mid \text{edge-rev} = \text{wrap-iso-arcs } f (\text{edge-rev } M)$
 $, \text{edge-succ} = \text{wrap-iso-arcs } f (\text{edge-succ } M)$
 $\mid)$

lemma *funcsetI-permutes*:
assumes $f \text{ permutes } S$ **shows** $f \in S \rightarrow S$
by (*metis assms funcsetI permutes-in-image*)

context
fixes $G \ \text{hom}$ **assumes** $\text{hom}: \text{pre-digraph.digraph-isomorphism } G \ \text{hom}$
begin

interpretation *wf-digraph* G **using** hom **by** (*auto simp: pre-digraph.digraph-isomorphism-def*)

lemma *wrap-iso-arcs-iso-arcs* [*simp*]:
assumes $x \in \text{arcs } G$
shows $\text{wrap-iso-arcs } \text{hom } f (\text{iso-arcs } \text{hom } x) = \text{iso-arcs } \text{hom } (f \ x)$
using *assms hom* **by** (*auto simp: wrap-iso-arcs-def perm-restrict-def*)

lemma *inj-on-wrap-iso-arcs*:
assumes $\text{dom}: \bigwedge f. f \in F \implies \text{has-dom } f (\text{arcs } G)$

```

assumes funcset:  $F \subseteq \text{arcs } G \rightarrow \text{arcs } G$ 
shows inj-on (wrap-iso-arcs hom) F
proof (rule inj-onI)
  fix f g assume F:  $f \in F \ g \in F$  and eq: wrap-iso-arcs hom f = wrap-iso-arcs
hom g
  { fix x assume  $x \notin \text{arcs } G$ 
    then have  $f\ x = x\ g\ x = x$  using F dom by (auto simp: has-dom-def)
    then have  $f\ x = g\ x$  by simp
  }
moreover
  { fix x assume  $x \in \text{arcs } G$ 
    then have  $f\ x \in \text{arcs } G\ g\ x \in \text{arcs } G$  using F funcset by auto
    with digraph-isomorphism-inj-on-arcs[OF hom] -
    have iso-arcs hom ( $f\ x$ ) = iso-arcs hom ( $g\ x$ )  $\implies f\ x = g\ x$ 
      by (rule inj-onD)
    then have  $f\ x = g\ x$ 
      using assms hom  $\langle x \in \text{arcs } G \rangle$  eq
      by (auto simp: wrap-iso-arcs-def fun-eq-iff perm-restrict-def split: if-splits)
  }
ultimately show  $f = g$  by auto
qed

```

```

lemma inj-on-wrap-iso-arcs-f:
  assumes  $A \subseteq \text{arcs } G\ f \in A \rightarrow A\ B = \text{iso-arcs hom } A$ 
  assumes inj-on f A shows inj-on (wrap-iso-arcs hom f) B
proof (rule inj-onI)
  fix x y
  assume in-hom-A:  $x \in B\ y \in B$ 
  and wia-eq: wrap-iso-arcs hom f x = wrap-iso-arcs hom f y
  from in-hom-A  $\langle B = \rightarrow \rangle$  obtain x0 where  $x0: x = \text{iso-arcs hom } x0\ x0 \in A$  by
auto
  from in-hom-A  $\langle B = \rightarrow \rangle$  obtain y0 where  $y0: y = \text{iso-arcs hom } y0\ y0 \in A$ 
by auto
  have arcs-0:  $x0 \in \text{arcs } G\ y0 \in \text{arcs } G\ f\ x0 \in \text{arcs } G\ f\ y0 \in \text{arcs } G$ 
    using  $x0\ y0\ \langle A \subseteq \rightarrow \rangle\ \langle f \in \rightarrow \rangle$  by auto

  have (iso-arcs hom o f o iso-arcs (inv-iso hom))  $x = (\text{iso-arcs hom o f o iso-arcs}$ 
(inv-iso hom))  $y$ 
    using in-hom-A wia-eq assms(1)  $\langle B = \rightarrow \rangle$  by (auto simp: wrap-iso-arcs-def
perm-restrict-def split: if-splits)
  then show  $x = y$ 
    using hom assms digraph-isomorphism-inj-on-arcs[OF hom]  $x0\ y0\ \text{arcs-0}$ 
 $\langle \text{inj-on } f\ A \rangle\ \langle A \subseteq \rightarrow \rangle$ 
    by (auto dest!: inj-onD)
qed

```

```

lemma wrap-iso-arcs-in-funcsetI:
  assumes  $A \subseteq \text{arcs } G\ f \in A \rightarrow A$ 
  shows wrap-iso-arcs hom f  $\in \text{iso-arcs hom } A \rightarrow \text{iso-arcs hom } A$ 

```

```

proof
  fix  $x$  assume  $x \in \text{iso-arcs hom } 'A$ 
  then obtain  $x0$  where  $x = \text{iso-arcs hom } x0$   $x0 \in A$  by blast
  then have  $f x0 \in A$  using  $\langle f \in \rightarrow \rangle$  by auto
  then show  $\text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f x \in \text{iso-arcs hom } 'A$ 
  unfolding  $\langle x = \rightarrow \rangle$  using  $\langle x0 \in A \rangle$  assms hom by (auto simp: wrap-iso-arcs-def
perm-restrict-def)
qed

lemma wrap-iso-arcs-permutes:
  assumes  $A \subseteq \text{arcs } G$   $f$  permutes  $A$ 
  shows  $\text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f$  permutes  $(\text{iso-arcs hom } 'A)$ 
proof –
  { fix  $x$  assume  $A: x \notin \text{iso-arcs hom } 'A$ 
    have  $\text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f x = x$ 
    proof cases
      assume  $x \in \text{iso-arcs hom } ' \text{arcs } G$ 
      then have  $\text{iso-arcs } (\text{inv-iso hom}) x \notin A$   $x \in \text{arcs } (\text{app-iso hom } G)$ 
      using  $A$  hom by (metis arcs-app-iso image-eqI pre-digraph.iso-arcs-iso-inv,
simp)
      then have  $f (\text{iso-arcs } (\text{inv-iso hom}) x) = (\text{iso-arcs } (\text{inv-iso hom}) x)$ 
      using  $\langle f \text{ permutes } A \rangle$  by (simp add: permutes-not-in)
      then show ?thesis using hom assms  $\langle x \in \text{arcs } \rightarrow \rangle$ 
      by (simp add: wrap-iso-arcs-def perm-restrict-def)
    next
      assume  $x \notin \text{iso-arcs hom } ' \text{arcs } G$ 
      then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: wrap-iso-arcs-def perm-restrict-def)
    qed
  } note not-in-id = this

  have  $f \in A \rightarrow A$  using assms by (intro funcsetI-permutes)
  have inj-on-wrap:  $\text{inj-on } (\text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f) (\text{iso-arcs hom } 'A)$ 
  using assms  $\langle f \in A \rightarrow A \rangle$  by (intro inj-on-wrap-iso-arcs-f) (auto intro:
subset-inj-on permutes-inj)
  have woa-in-fs:  $\text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f \in \text{iso-arcs hom } 'A \rightarrow \text{iso-arcs hom } 'A$ 
  using assms  $\langle f \in A \rightarrow A \rangle$  by (intro wrap-iso-arcs-in-funcsetI)

  { fix  $x y$  assume  $\text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f x = \text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f y$ 
    then have  $x = y$ 
    apply (cases  $x \in \text{iso-arcs hom } 'A$ ; cases  $y \in \text{iso-arcs hom } 'A$ )
    using woa-in-fs inj-on-wrap by (auto dest: inj-onD simp: not-in-id)
  } note uniqueD = this

  note  $\langle f \text{ permutes } A \rangle$ 
  moreover
  note not-in-id
  moreover
  { fix  $y$  have  $\exists x. \text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f x = y$ 

```

```

proof cases
  assume  $y \in \text{iso-arcs hom } A$ 
  then obtain  $y0$  where  $y0 \in A$   $\text{iso-arcs hom } y0 = y$  by blast
    with  $\langle f \text{ permutes } A \rangle$  obtain  $x0$  where  $x0 \in A$   $f x0 = y0$  unfolding
    permutes-def by metis
    moreover
      then have  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{iso-arcs hom } x0 = \text{iso-arcs hom } x \implies x0$ 
       $= x$ 
      using assms hom by (auto simp: digraph-isomorphism-def dest: inj-onD)
      ultimately
      have  $\text{wrap-iso-arcs hom } f (\text{iso-arcs hom } x0) = y$ 
      using  $\langle - = y \rangle$  assms hom by (auto simp: wrap-iso-arcs-def perm-restrict-def)
      then show ?thesis ..
    qed (metis not-in-id)
  }
  ultimately
  show ?thesis unfolding permutes-def by (auto simp: dest: uniqueD)
qed

end

lemma (in digraph-map) digraph-map-isoI:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom shows digraph-map (app-iso hom G) (map-iso hom)
proof –
  interpret  $iG$ : fin-digraph app-iso hom G using assms by (rule fin-digraphI-app-iso)
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule iG.digraph-mapI-permutes)
    show edge-rev (map-iso hom) permutes arcs (app-iso hom G)
    using assms unfolding map-iso-def by (simp add: wrap-iso-arcs-permutes arev-permutes-arcs)
  next
    show edge-succ (map-iso hom) permutes arcs (app-iso hom G)
    using assms unfolding map-iso-def by (simp add: wrap-iso-arcs-permutes edge-succ-permutes)
  next
    fix  $a$  assume  $A: a \in \text{arcs } (\text{app-iso hom } G)$ 
    show  $\text{tail } (\text{app-iso hom } G) (\text{edge-rev } (\text{map-iso hom}) a) = \text{head } (\text{app-iso hom } G) a$ 
    using  $A$  assms
    by (cases rule: in-arcs-app-iso-cases) (auto simp: map-iso-def iso-verts-tail iso-verts-head)
    show  $\text{edge-rev } (\text{map-iso hom}) (\text{edge-rev } (\text{map-iso hom}) a) = a$ 
    using  $A$  assms by (cases rule: in-arcs-app-iso-cases) (auto simp: map-iso-def)
    show  $\text{edge-rev } (\text{map-iso hom}) a \neq a$ 
    using  $A$  assms by (auto simp: map-iso-def arev-neq)
  next
    fix  $v$  assume  $v \in \text{verts } (\text{app-iso hom } G)$  and oa-hom: out-arcs (app-iso hom G) v  $\neq \{\}$ 

```

```

then obtain v0 where v0 ∈ verts G v = iso-verts hom v0 by auto
moreover
then have oa: out-arcs G v0 ≠ {}
  using assms oa-hom by (auto simp: out-arcs-def iso-verts-tail)
ultimately
have cyclic-on-v0: cyclic-on (edge-succ M) (out-arcs G v0)
  by (intro edge-succ-cyclic)

from oa-hom obtain a where a ∈ out-arcs (app-iso hom G) v by blast
then obtain a0 where a0 ∈ arcs G a = iso-arcs hom a0 by auto
then have a0 ∈ out-arcs G v0
  using ⟨v = -⟩ ⟨v0 ∈ -⟩ ⟨a ∈ -⟩ assms by (simp add: iso-verts-tail)

show cyclic-on (edge-succ (map-iso hom)) (out-arcs (app-iso hom G) v)
proof (rule cyclic-on-singleI)
  show a ∈ out-arcs (app-iso hom G) v by fact
next
  have out-arcs (app-iso hom G) v = iso-arcs hom ‘ out-arcs G v0
    unfolding ⟨v = -⟩ by (rule out-arcs-app-iso-eq) fact+
  also have out-arcs G v0 = orbit (edge-succ M) a0
    using cyclic-on-v0 ⟨a0 ∈ out-arcs G v0⟩ unfolding cyclic-on-alldef by
simp
  also have iso-arcs hom ‘ ... = orbit (edge-succ (map-iso hom)) a
  proof -
    have ∧x. x ∈ orbit (edge-succ M) a0 ⟹ x ∈ arcs G
      using ⟨out-arcs G v0 = -⟩ by auto
    then show ?thesis using ⟨out-arcs G v0 = -⟩
      unfolding ⟨a = -⟩ using ⟨a0 ∈ out-arcs G v0⟩ assms
      by (intro orbit-inverse) (auto simp: map-iso-def)
    qed
  finally show out-arcs (app-iso hom G) v = orbit (edge-succ (map-iso hom))
a .
qed
qed
qed

end
theory List-Aux
imports
  List-Index.List-Index
begin

```

3 Auxiliary List Lemmas

```

lemma nth-rotate-conv-nth1-conv-nth:
  assumes m < length xs
  shows rotate1 xs ! m = xs ! (Suc m mod length xs)
  using assms
proof (induction xs arbitrary: m)

```

```

case (Cons x xs)
show ?case
proof (cases  $m < \text{length } xs$ )
  case False
  with Cons.prems have  $m = \text{length } xs$  by force
  then show ?thesis by (auto simp: nth-append)
qed (auto simp: nth-append)
qed simp

lemma nth-rotate-conv-nth:
  assumes  $m < \text{length } xs$ 
  shows  $\text{rotate } n \text{ } xs ! m = xs ! ((m + n) \bmod \text{length } xs)$ 
  using assms
proof (induction n arbitrary: m)
  case 0 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Suc n)
  show ?case
  proof cases
    assume  $m + 1 < \text{length } xs$ 
    with Suc show ?thesis using Suc by (auto simp: nth-rotate-conv-nth1-conv-nth)
  next
    assume  $\neg(m + 1 < \text{length } xs)$ 
    with Suc have  $m + 1 = \text{length } xs$   $0 < \text{length } xs$  by auto
    moreover
    { have  $\text{Suc } (m + n) \bmod \text{length } xs = (\text{Suc } m + n) \bmod \text{length } xs$ 
      by auto
      also have  $\dots = n \bmod \text{length } xs$  using  $\langle m + 1 = \rightarrow \rangle$  by simp
      finally have  $\text{Suc } (m + n) \bmod \text{length } xs = n \bmod \text{length } xs$  .}
    ultimately
    show ?thesis by (auto simp: nth-rotate-conv-nth1-conv-nth Suc.IH)
  qed
qed

lemma not-nil-if-in-set:
  assumes  $x \in \text{set } xs$  shows  $xs \neq []$ 
  using assms by auto

lemma length-fold-remove1-le:
   $\text{length } (\text{fold } \text{remove1 } ys \text{ } xs) \leq \text{length } xs$ 
proof (induct ys arbitrary: xs)
  case (Cons y ys)
  then have  $\text{length } (\text{fold } \text{remove1 } ys \text{ } (\text{remove1 } y \text{ } xs)) \leq \text{length } (\text{remove1 } y \text{ } xs)$  by
auto
  also have  $\dots \leq \text{length } xs$  by (auto simp: length-remove1)
  finally show ?case by simp
qed simp

lemma set-fold-remove1':

```

```

assumes  $x \in \text{set } xs - \text{set } ys$  shows  $x \in \text{set } (\text{fold remove1 } ys \ xs)$ 
using assms by (induct ys arbitrary: xs) auto

lemma set-fold-remove1:
   $\text{set } (\text{fold remove1 } xs \ ys) \subseteq \text{set } ys$ 
by (induct xs arbitrary: ys) (auto, metis notin-set-remove1 subsetCE)

lemma set-fold-remove1-distinct:
assumes distinct xs shows  $\text{set } (\text{fold remove1 } ys \ xs) = \text{set } xs - \text{set } ys$ 
using assms by (induct ys arbitrary: xs) auto

lemma distinct-fold-remove1:
assumes distinct xs
shows distinct (fold remove1 ys xs)
using assms by (induct ys arbitrary: xs) auto

end

```

4 Permutations as Products of Disjoint Cycles

```

theory Executable-Permutations
imports
  HOL-Combinatorics.Permutations
  Graph-Theory.Auxiliary
  List-Aux
begin

```

4.1 Cyclic Permutations

```

definition list-succ :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
  list-succ xs x = (if  $x \in \text{set } xs$  then  $xs ! ((\text{index } xs \ x + 1) \bmod \text{length } xs)$  else  $x$ )

```

We demonstrate the functions on the following simple lemmas

```

list-succ [1, 2, 3] 1 = 2 list-succ [1, 2, 3] 2 = 3 list-succ [1, 2, 3] 3 = 1

```

```

lemma list-succ-altdef:
  list-succ xs x = (let  $n = \text{index } xs \ x$  in if  $n + 1 = \text{length } xs$  then  $xs ! 0$  else if  $n + 1 < \text{length } xs$  then  $xs ! (n + 1)$  else  $x$ )
using index-le-size[of xs x] unfolding list-succ-def index-less-size-conv[symmetric]
by (auto simp: Let-def)

```

```

lemma list-succ-Nil:
  list-succ [] = id
by (simp add: list-succ-def fun-eq-iff)

```

```

lemma list-succ-singleton:
  list-succ [x] = list-succ []
by (simp add: fun-eq-iff list-succ-def)

```

lemma *list-succ-short*:
assumes $\text{length } xs < 2$ **shows** $\text{list-succ } xs = \text{id}$
using *assms*
by (*cases xs*) (*rename-tac [2] y ys, case-tac [2] ys, auto simp: list-succ-Nil list-succ-singleton*)

lemma *list-succ-simps*:
 $\text{index } xs \ x + 1 = \text{length } xs \implies \text{list-succ } xs \ x = xs \ ! \ 0$
 $\text{index } xs \ x + 1 < \text{length } xs \implies \text{list-succ } xs \ x = xs \ ! \ (\text{index } xs \ x + 1)$
 $\text{length } xs \leq \text{index } xs \ x \implies \text{list-succ } xs \ x = x$
by (*auto simp: list-succ-altdef*)

lemma *list-succ-not-in*:
assumes $x \notin \text{set } xs$ **shows** $\text{list-succ } xs \ x = x$
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: list-succ-def*)

lemma *list-succ-list-succ-rev*:
assumes *distinct xs* **shows** $\text{list-succ } (\text{rev } xs) (\text{list-succ } xs \ x) = x$
proof –
{ **assume** $\text{index } xs \ x + 1 < \text{length } xs$
moreover then have $\text{length } xs - \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{length } xs - \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{index } xs \ x)))) = \text{index } xs \ x$
by *linarith*
ultimately have *?thesis* **using** *assms*
by (*simp add: list-succ-def index-rev index-nth-id rev-nth*)
}
moreover
{ **assume** $A: \text{index } xs \ x + 1 = \text{length } xs$
moreover
from A **have** $xs \neq []$ **by** *auto*
moreover
with A **have** $\text{last } xs = xs \ ! \ \text{index } xs \ x$ **by** (*cases length xs*) (*auto simp: last-conv-nth*)
ultimately
have *?thesis*
using *assms*
by (*auto simp add: list-succ-def rev-nth index-rev index-nth-id last-conv-nth*)
}
moreover
{ **assume** $A: \text{index } xs \ x \geq \text{length } xs$
then have $x \notin \text{set } xs$ **by** (*metis index-less less-irrefl*)
then have *?thesis* **by** (*auto simp: list-succ-def*) }
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *linarith*
qed

lemma *inj-list-succ*: $\text{distinct } xs \implies \text{inj } (\text{list-succ } xs)$
by (*metis injI list-succ-list-succ-rev*)

```

lemma inv-list-succ-eq: distinct xs  $\implies$  inv (list-succ xs) = list-succ (rev xs)
  by (metis distinct-rev inj-imp-inv-eq inj-list-succ list-succ-list-succ-rev)

lemma bij-list-succ: distinct xs  $\implies$  bij (list-succ xs)
  by (metis bij-def inj-list-succ distinct-rev list-succ-list-succ-rev surj-def)

lemma list-succ-permutes:
  assumes distinct xs shows list-succ xs permutes set xs
  using assms by (auto simp: permutes-conv-has-dom bij-list-succ has-dom-def list-succ-def)

lemma permutation-list-succ:
  assumes distinct xs shows permutation (list-succ xs)
  using list-succ-permutes[OF assms] by (auto simp: permutation-permutes)

lemma list-succ-nth:
  assumes distinct xs n < length xs shows list-succ xs (xs ! n) = xs ! (Suc n mod length xs)
  using assms by (auto simp: list-succ-def index-nth-id)

lemma list-succ-last[simp]:
  assumes distinct xs xs  $\neq []$  shows list-succ xs (last xs) = hd xs
  using assms by (auto simp: list-succ-def hd-conv-nth)

lemma list-succ-rotate1[simp]:
  assumes distinct xs shows list-succ (rotate1 xs) = list-succ xs
proof (rule ext)
  fix y show list-succ (rotate1 xs) y = list-succ xs y
    using assms
  proof (induct xs)
    case Nil then show ?case by simp
  next
    case (Cons x xs)
    show ?case
    proof (cases x = y)
      case True
      then have index (xs @ [y]) y = length xs
        using  $\langle \text{distinct } (x \# xs) \rangle$  by (simp add: index-append)
      with True show ?thesis by (cases xs=[]) (auto simp: list-succ-def nth-append)
    next
      case False
      then show ?thesis
        apply (cases index xs y + 1 < length xs)
        apply (auto simp: list-succ-def index-append nth-append)
        by (metis Suc-lessI index-less-size-conv mod-self nth-Cons-0 nth-append nth-append-length)
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma list-succ-rotate[simp]:
  assumes distinct xs shows list-succ (rotate n xs) = list-succ xs
  using assms by (induct n) auto

lemma list-succ-in-conv:
  list-succ xs x ∈ set xs ⟷ x ∈ set xs
  by (auto simp: list-succ-def not-nil-if-in-set )

lemma list-succ-in-conv1:
  assumes  $A \cap \text{set } xs = \{\}$ 
  shows list-succ xs x ∈ A ⟷ x ∈ A
  by (metis assms disjoint-iff-not-equal list-succ-in-conv list-succ-not-in)

lemma list-succ-commute:
  assumes  $\text{set } xs \cap \text{set } ys = \{\}$ 
  shows list-succ xs (list-succ ys x) = list-succ ys (list-succ xs x)
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{list-succ } ys \ x = x$ 
   $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } ys \implies \text{list-succ } xs \ x = x$ 
  using assms by (blast intro: list-succ-not-in)+
  then show ?thesis
  by (cases x ∈ set xs ∪ set ys) (auto simp: list-succ-in-conv list-succ-not-in)
qed

```

4.2 Arbitrary Permutations

```

fun lists-succ :: 'a list list  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
  lists-succ []  $x = x$ 
| lists-succ ( $xs \# xss$ )  $x = \text{list-succ } xs (\text{lists-succ } xss \ x)$ 

definition distincts :: 'a list list  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  distincts xss  $\equiv \text{distinct } xss \wedge (\forall xs \in \text{set } xss. \text{distinct } xs \wedge xs \neq []) \wedge (\forall xs \in \text{set } xss. \forall ys \in \text{set } xss. xs \neq ys \longrightarrow \text{set } xs \cap \text{set } ys = \{\})$ 

lemma distincts-distinct: distincts xss ⟹ distinct xss
  by (auto simp: distincts-def)

lemma distincts-Nil[simp]: distincts []
  by (simp add: distincts-def)

lemma distincts-single: distincts [xs] ⟷ distinct xs ∧ xs ≠ []
  by (auto simp add: distincts-def)

lemma distincts-Cons: distincts (xs # xss)
   $\longleftrightarrow xs \neq [] \wedge \text{distinct } xs \wedge \text{distincts } xss \wedge (\text{set } xs \cap (\bigcup ys \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } ys)) = \{\}$ 
  (is ?L ⟷ ?R)
proof
  assume ?L then show ?R by (auto simp: distincts-def)

```

```

next
  assume ?R
  then have distinct (xs # xss)
    apply (auto simp: disjoint-iff-not-equal distincts-distinct)
    apply (metis length-greater-0-conv nth-mem)
  done
  moreover
  from ⟨?R⟩ have  $\forall xs \in \text{set } (xs \# xss). \text{distinct } xs \wedge xs \neq []$ 
    by (auto simp: distincts-def)
  moreover
  from ⟨?R⟩ have  $\forall xs' \in \text{set } (xs \# xss). \forall ys \in \text{set } (xs \# xss). xs' \neq ys \longrightarrow \text{set } xs' \cap \text{set } ys = \{\}$ 
    by (simp add: distincts-def) blast
  ultimately show ?L unfolding distincts-def by (intro conjI)
qed

lemma distincts-Cons': distincts (xs # xss)
   $\longleftrightarrow xs \neq [] \wedge \text{distinct } xs \wedge \text{distincts } xss \wedge (\forall ys \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } xs \cap \text{set } ys = \{\})$ 
(is ?L  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?R)
unfolding distincts-Cons by blast

lemma distincts-rev:
  distincts (map rev xss)  $\longleftrightarrow$  distincts xss
  by (simp add: distincts-def distinct-map)

lemma length-distincts:
  assumes distincts xss
  shows length xss = card (set ' set xss)
  using assms
proof (induct xss)
  case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons xs xss)
  then have  $\text{set } xs \notin \text{set ' set } xss$ 
    using equalsOI[of set xs] by (auto simp: distincts-Cons disjoint-iff-not-equal )
  with Cons show ?case by (auto simp add: distincts-Cons)
qed

lemma distincts-remove1: distincts xss  $\implies$  distincts (remove1 xs xss)
  by (auto simp: distincts-def)

lemma distinct-Cons-remove1:
   $x \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } (x \# \text{remove1 } x xs) = \text{distinct } xs$ 
  by (induct xs) auto

lemma set-Cons-remove1:
   $x \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{set } (x \# \text{remove1 } x xs) = \text{set } xs$ 
  by (induct xs) auto

```

lemma *distincts-Cons-remove1*:
 $xs \in \text{set } xss \implies \text{distincts } (xs \# \text{remove1 } xs \ xss) = \text{distincts } xss$
by (*simp only: distinct-Cons-remove1 set-Cons-remove1 distincts-def*)

lemma *distincts-inj-on-set*:
assumes *distincts xss* **shows** *inj-on set (set xss)*
by (*rule inj-onI*) (*metis assms distincts-def inf.idem set-empty*)

lemma *distincts-distinct-set*:
assumes *distincts xss* **shows** *distinct (map set xss)*
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: distinct-map distincts-distinct distincts-inj-on-set*)

lemma *distincts-distinct-nth*:
assumes *distincts xss* $n < \text{length } xss$ **shows** *distinct (xss ! n)*
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: distincts-def*)

lemma *lists-succ-not-in*:
assumes $x \notin (\bigcup xs \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } xs)$ **shows** *lists-succ xss x = x*
using *assms* **by** (*induct xss*) (*auto simp: list-succ-not-in*)

lemma *lists-succ-in-conv*:
 $\text{lists-succ } xss \ x \in (\bigcup xs \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } xs) \longleftrightarrow x \in (\bigcup xs \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } xs)$
by (*induct xss*) (*auto simp: list-succ-in-conv lists-succ-not-in list-succ-not-in*)

lemma *lists-succ-in-conv1*:
assumes $A \cap (\bigcup xs \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } xs) = \{\}$
shows *lists-succ xss x \in A \longleftrightarrow x \in A*
by (*metis Int-iff assms emptyE lists-succ-in-conv lists-succ-not-in*)

lemma *lists-succ-Cons-pf*: $\text{lists-succ } (xs \# xss) = \text{list-succ } xs \ o \ \text{lists-succ } xss$
by *auto*

lemma *lists-succ-Nil-pf*: $\text{lists-succ } [] = \text{id}$
by (*simp add: fun-eq-iff*)

lemmas *lists-succ-simps-pf* = *lists-succ-Cons-pf lists-succ-Nil-pf*

lemma *lists-succ-permutes*:
assumes *distincts xss*
shows *lists-succ xss permutes ($\bigcup xs \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } xs$)*
using *assms*
proof (*induction xss*)
case *Nil* **then show** ?*case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*Cons xs xss*)
have *list-succ xs permutes (set xs)*
using *Cons* **by** (*intro list-succ-permutes*) (*simp add: distincts-def in-set-member*)
moreover
have *lists-succ xss permutes ($\bigcup ys \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } ys$)*

using *Cons* by (auto simp: *Cons* *distincts-def*)
 ultimately show *lists-succ* (*xs* # *xss*) *permutes* ($\bigcup ys \in \text{set } (xs \# xss). \text{set } ys$)
 using *Cons* by (auto simp: *lists-succ-Cons-pf* intro: *permutes-compose permutes-subset*)
 qed

lemma *bij-lists-succ*: *distincts xss* $\implies$ *bij* (*lists-succ xss*)
 by (induct *xss*) (auto simp: *lists-succ-simps-pf* *bij-comp* *bij-list-succ* *distincts-Cons*)

lemma *lists-succ-snoc*: *lists-succ* (*xss* @ [*xs*]) = *lists-succ xss* o *list-succ xs*
 by (induct *xss*) auto

lemma *inv-lists-succ-eq*:
 assumes *distincts xss*
 shows *inv* (*lists-succ xss*) = *lists-succ* (*rev* (*map rev xss*))
 proof –
 have *: $\bigwedge f g. \text{inv } (\lambda b. f (g b)) = \text{inv } (f \circ g)$ by (simp add: *o-def*)
 have **: *lists-succ* [] = *id* by auto
 show ?thesis
 using *assms* by (induct *xss*) (auto simp: * ** *lists-succ-snoc* *lists-succ-Cons-pf* *o-inv-distrib* *inv-list-succ-eq* *distincts-Cons* *bij-list-succ* *bij-lists-succ*)
 qed

lemma *lists-succ-remove1*:
 assumes *distincts xss xs* $\in$ *set xss*
 shows *lists-succ* (*xs* # *remove1 xs xss*) = *lists-succ xss*
 using *assms*
 proof (induct *xss*)
 case *Nil* then show ?case by simp
 next
 case (*Cons ys xss*)
 show ?case
 proof cases
 assume *xs = ys* then show ?case by simp
 next
 assume *xs* $\neq$ *ys*
 with *Cons.prems* have *inter*: *set xs* $\cap$ *set ys* = {} and *xs* $\in$ *set xss*
 by (auto simp: *distincts-Cons*)
 have *dists*:
distincts (*xs* # *remove1 xs xss*)
distincts (*xs* # *ys* # *remove1 xs xss*)
 using $\langle \text{distincts } (ys \# xss) \rangle \langle xs \in \text{set } xss \rangle$ by (auto simp: *distincts-def*)

 have *list-succ xs* o (*list-succ ys* o *lists-succ* (*remove1 xs xss*))
 = *list-succ ys* o (*list-succ xs* o *lists-succ* (*remove1 xs xss*))
 using *inter* unfolding *fun-eq-iff* *comp-def*
 by (subst *list-succ-commute*) auto
 also have ... = *list-succ ys* o (*lists-succ* (*xs* # *remove1 xs xss*))

```

    using dists by (simp add: lists-succ-Cons-pf distincts-Cons)
  also have ... = list-succ ys o lists-succ xss
    using ⟨xs ∈ set xss⟩ ⟨distincts (ys # xss)⟩
    by (simp add: distincts-Cons Cons.hyps)
  finally
  show lists-succ (xs # remove1 xs (ys # xss)) = lists-succ (ys # xss)
    using Cons dists by (auto simp: lists-succ-Cons-pf distincts-Cons)
qed
qed

lemma lists-succ-no-order:
  assumes distincts xss distincts yss set xss = set yss
  shows lists-succ xss = lists-succ yss
  using assms
proof (induct xss arbitrary: yss)
  case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons xs xss)
  have xs ∉ set xss xs ∈ set yss using Cons.prem1s
  by (auto dest: distincts-distinct)
  have lists-succ xss = lists-succ (remove1 xs yss)
  using Cons.prem1s ⟨xs ∉ ⟩
  by (intro Cons.hyps) (auto simp add: distincts-Cons distincts-remove1 distincts-distinct)
  then have lists-succ (xs # xss) = lists-succ (xs # remove1 xs yss)
  using Cons.prem1s ⟨xs ∈ ⟩
  by (simp add: lists-succ-Cons-pf distincts-Cons-remove1)
  then show ?case
  using Cons.prem1s ⟨xs ∈ ⟩ by (simp add: lists-succ-remove1)
qed

```

5 List Orbits

Computes the orbit of x under f

definition *orbit-list* :: $('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list}$ **where**
orbit-list $f\ x \equiv \text{iterate } 0\ (\text{funpow-dist1 } f\ x\ x)\ f\ x$

partial-function (*tailrec*)
orbit-list-impl :: $('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list}$
where

orbit-list-impl $f\ s\ \text{acc}\ x = (\text{let } x' = f\ x \text{ in if } x' = s \text{ then rev } (x \# \text{acc}) \text{ else } \text{orbit-list-impl } f\ s\ (x \# \text{acc})\ x')$

context notes [*simp*] = *length-fold-remove1-le* **begin**

Computes the list of orbits

fun *orbits-list* :: $('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list list}$ **where**
orbits-list $f\ [] = []$

```

| orbits-list f (x # xs) =
  orbit-list f x # orbits-list f (fold remove1 (orbit-list f x) xs)

fun orbits-list-impl :: ('a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list list where
  orbits-list-impl f [] = []
| orbits-list-impl f (x # xs) =
  (let fc = orbit-list-impl f x [] x in fc # orbits-list-impl f (fold remove1 fc xs))

declare orbit-list-impl.simps[code]
end

abbreviation sset :: 'a list list ⇒ 'a set set where
  sset xss ≡ set ' set xss

lemma iterate-funpow-step:
  assumes f x ≠ y y ∈ orbit f x
  shows iterate 0 (funpow-dist1 f x y) f x = x # iterate 0 (funpow-dist1 f (f x) y)
  f (f x)
proof -
  from assms have A: y ∈ orbit f (f x) by (simp add: orbit-step)
  have iterate 0 (funpow-dist1 f x y) f x = x # iterate 1 (funpow-dist1 f x y) f x
  (is - = - # ?it)
  unfolding iterate-def by (simp add: upt-rec)
  also have ?it = map (λn. (f ~ n) x) (map Suc [0..unfolding iterate-def map-Suc-upt by simp
  also have ... = map (λn. (f ~ n) (f x)) [0..by (simp add: funpow-swap1)
  also have ... = iterate 0 (funpow-dist1 f (f x) y) f (f x)
  unfolding iterate-def
  unfolding iterate-def by (simp add: funpow-dist-step[OF assms(1) A])
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma orbit-list-impl-conv:
  assumes y ∈ orbit f x
  shows orbit-list-impl f y acc x = rev acc @ iterate 0 (funpow-dist1 f x y) f x
  using assms
proof (induct n≡funpow-dist1 f x y arbitrary: x acc)
  case (Suc x)

  show ?case
  proof cases
    assume f x = y
    then show ?thesis by (subst orbit-list-impl.simps) (simp add: Let-def iterate-def
  funpow-dist-0)
  next
    assume not-y : f x ≠ y

    have y-in-succ: y ∈ orbit f (f x)

```

by (intro orbit-step Suc.premis not-y)
 have orbit-list-impl f y acc x = orbit-list-impl f y (x # acc) (f x)
 using not-y by (subst orbit-list-impl.simps) simp
 also have ... = rev (x # acc) @ iterate 0 (funpow-dist1 f (f x) y) f (f x) (is -
 = ?rev @ ?it)
 by (intro Suc funpow-dist-step not-y y-in-succ)
 also have ... = rev acc @ iterate 0 (funpow-dist1 f x y) f x
 using not-y Suc.premis by (simp add: iterate-funpow-step)
 finally show ?thesis .
 qed
 qed

lemma orbit-list-conv-impl:
 assumes $x \in \text{orbit } f \ x$
 shows $\text{orbit-list } f \ x = \text{orbit-list-impl } f \ x \ [] \ x$
 unfolding orbit-list-impl-conv[OF assms] orbit-list-def by simp

lemma set-orbit-list:
 assumes $x \in \text{orbit } f \ x$
 shows $\text{set } (\text{orbit-list } f \ x) = \text{orbit } f \ x$
 by (simp add: orbit-list-def orbit-conv-funpow-dist1[OF assms] set-iterate)

lemma set-orbit-list':
 assumes permutation f shows $\text{set } (\text{orbit-list } f \ x) = \text{orbit } f \ x$
 using assms by (simp add: permutation-self-in-orbit set-orbit-list)

lemma distinct-orbit-list:
 assumes $x \in \text{orbit } f \ x$
 shows distinct (orbit-list f x)
 by (simp del: upt-Suc add: orbit-list-def iterate-def distinct-map inj-on-funpow-dist1[OF assms])

lemma distinct-orbit-list':
 assumes permutation f shows distinct (orbit-list f x)
 using assms by (simp add: permutation-self-in-orbit distinct-orbit-list)

lemma orbits-list-conv-impl:
 assumes permutation f
 shows $\text{orbits-list } f \ xs = \text{orbits-list-impl } f \ xs$
proof (induct length xs arbitrary: xs rule: less-induct)
 case less show ?case
 using assms by (cases xs) (auto simp: assms less less-Suc-eq-le length-fold-remove1-le
 orbit-list-conv-impl permutation-self-in-orbit Let-def)
 qed

lemma orbit-list-not-nil[simp]: $\text{orbit-list } f \ x \neq []$
 by (simp add: orbit-list-def)

```

lemma sset-orbits-list:
  assumes permutation f shows sset (orbits-list f xs) = (orbit f) ' set xs
proof (induct length xs arbitrary: xs rule: less-induct)
  case less
  show ?case
  proof (cases xs)
    case Nil then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case (Cons x' xs')
    let ?xs'' = fold remove1 (orbit-list f x') xs'
    have A: sset (orbits-list f ?xs'') = orbit f ' set ?xs''
      using Cons by (simp add: less-Suc-eq-le length-fold-remove1-le less.hyps)
    have B: set (orbit-list f x') = orbit f x'
      by (rule set-orbit-list (simp add: permutation-self-in-orbit assms))

    have orbit f ' set (fold remove1 (orbit-list f x') xs')  $\subseteq$  orbit f ' set xs'
      using set-fold-remove1[of - xs'] by auto
    moreover
    have orbit f ' set xs' - {orbit f x'}  $\subseteq$  (orbit f ' set (fold remove1 (orbit-list f x') xs')) (is ?L  $\subseteq$  ?R)
    proof
      fix A assume A  $\in$  ?L
      then obtain y where A = orbit f y y  $\in$  set xs' by auto
      have A  $\neq$  orbit f x' using  $\langle A \in ?L \rangle$  by auto
      from  $\langle A = \cdot \rangle \langle A \neq \cdot \rangle$  have  $y \notin orbit f x'$ 
        by (meson assms cyclic-on-orbit orbit-cyclic-eq3 permutation-permutes)
      with  $\langle y \in \cdot \rangle$  have  $y \in set (fold remove1 (orbit-list f x') xs')$ 
        by (auto simp: set-fold-remove1' set-orbit-list permutation-self-in-orbit assms)
      then show A  $\in$  ?R using  $\langle A = \cdot \rangle$  by auto
    qed
  ultimately
  show ?thesis by (auto simp: A B Cons)
qed
qed

```

5.1 Relation to *cyclic-on*

```

lemma list-succ-orbit-list:
  assumes s  $\in$  orbit f s  $\wedge$  x. x  $\notin$  orbit f s  $\implies$  f x = x
  shows list-succ (orbit-list f s) = f
proof -
  have distinct (orbit-list f s)  $\wedge$  x. x  $\notin$  set (orbit-list f s)  $\implies$  x = f x
    using assms by (simp-all add: distinct-orbit-list set-orbit-list)
  moreover
  have  $\bigwedge i. i < length (orbit-list f s) \implies orbit-list f s ! (Suc i mod length (orbit-list f s)) = f (orbit-list f s ! i)$ 
    using funpow-dist1-prop[OF  $\langle s \in orbit f s \rangle$ ] by (auto simp: orbit-list-def funpow-mod-eq)

```

```

ultimately show ?thesis
  by (auto simp: list-succ-def fun-eq-iff)
qed

lemma list-succ-funpow-conv:
  assumes A: distinct xs x ∈ set xs
  shows (list-succ xs  $\widehat{\sim}$  n) x = xs ! ((index xs x + n) mod length xs)
proof -
  have xs ≠ [] using assms by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (induct n) (auto simp: hd-conv-nth A index-nth-id list-succ-def mod-simps)
qed

lemma orbit-list-succ:
  assumes distinct xs x ∈ set xs
  shows orbit (list-succ xs) x = set xs
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix y assume y ∈ orbit (list-succ xs) x
  then show y ∈ set xs
    by induct (auto simp: list-succ-in-conv ⟨x ∈ set xs⟩)
next
  fix y assume y ∈ set xs
  moreover
  { fix i j have i < length xs  $\implies$  j < length xs  $\implies$   $\exists$  n. xs ! j = xs ! ((i + n) mod length xs)
    using assms by (auto simp: exI[where x=j + (length xs - i)])
  }
  ultimately
  show y ∈ orbit (list-succ xs) x
    using assms by (auto simp: orbit-altdef-permutation permutation-list-succ list-succ-funpow-conv index-nth-id in-set-conv-nth)
qed

lemma cyclic-on-list-succ:
  assumes distinct xs xs ≠ [] shows cyclic-on (list-succ xs) (set xs)
  using assms last-in-set by (auto simp: cyclic-on-def orbit-list-succ)

lemma obtain-orbit-list-func:
  assumes s ∈ orbit f s  $\wedge$  x. x  $\notin$  orbit f s  $\implies$  f x = x
  obtains xs where f = list-succ xs set xs = orbit f s distinct xs hd xs = s
proof -
  { from assms have f = list-succ (orbit-list f s) by (simp add: list-succ-orbit-list)
    moreover
    have set (orbit-list f s) = orbit f s distinct (orbit-list f s)
      by (auto simp: set-orbit-list distinct-orbit-list assms)
    moreover have hd (orbit-list f s) = s
      by (simp add: orbit-list-def iterate-def hd-map del: upt-Suc)
    ultimately have  $\exists$  xs. f = list-succ xs  $\wedge$  set xs = orbit f s  $\wedge$  distinct xs  $\wedge$  hd xs = s by blast
  }

```

} then show ?thesis by (metis that)
qed

lemma cyclic-on-obtain-list-succ:

assumes cyclic-on $f S \wedge x. x \notin S \implies f x = x$

obtains xs where $f = \text{list-succ } xs$ set $xs = S$ distinct xs

proof -

from assms obtain s where $s: s \in \text{orbit } f s \wedge x. x \notin \text{orbit } f s \implies f x = x$ $S = \text{orbit } f s$

by (auto simp: cyclic-on-def)

then show ?thesis by (metis that obtain-orbit-list-func)

qed

lemma cyclic-on-obtain-list-succ':

assumes cyclic-on $f S$ f permutes S

obtains xs where $f = \text{list-succ } xs$ set $xs = S$ distinct xs

using assms unfolding permutes-def by (metis cyclic-on-obtain-list-succ)

lemma list-succ-unique:

assumes $s \in \text{orbit } f s \wedge x. x \notin \text{orbit } f s \implies f x = x$

shows $\exists! xs. f = \text{list-succ } xs \wedge \text{distinct } xs \wedge \text{hd } xs = s \wedge \text{set } xs = \text{orbit } f s$

proof -

from assms obtain xs where $xs: f = \text{list-succ } xs$ distinct xs $\text{hd } xs = s$ set $xs = \text{orbit } f s$

by (rule obtain-orbit-list-func)

moreover

{ fix zs

assume $A: f = \text{list-succ } zs$ distinct zs $\text{hd } zs = s$ set $zs = \text{orbit } f s$

then have $zs \neq []$ using $\langle s \in \text{orbit } f s \rangle$ by auto

from $\langle \text{distinct } xs \rangle \langle \text{distinct } zs \rangle \langle \text{set } xs = \text{orbit } f s \rangle \langle \text{set } zs = \text{orbit } f s \rangle$

have $\text{len: length } xs = \text{length } zs$ by (metis distinct-card)

{ fix n assume $n < \text{length } xs$

then have $zs ! n = xs ! n$

proof (induct n)

case 0 with A $xs \langle zs \neq [] \rangle$ show ?case by (simp add: hd-conv-nth nth-rotate-conv-nth)

next

case (Suc n)

then have $\text{list-succ } zs (zs ! n) = \text{list-succ } xs (xs ! n)$

using $\langle f = \text{list-succ } xs \rangle \langle f = \text{list-succ } zs \rangle$ by simp

with $\langle \text{Suc } n < - \rangle$ show ?case

by (simp add: list-succ-nth len distinct xs distinct zs)

qed }

then have $zs = xs$ by (metis len nth-equalityI) }

ultimately show ?thesis by metis

qed

lemma distincts-orbits-list:

```

assumes distinct as permutation f
shows distincts (orbits-list f as)
using assms(1)
proof (induct length as arbitrary: as rule: less-induct)
  case less
  show ?case
  proof (cases as)
    case Nil then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case (Cons a as')
    let ?as' = fold remove1 (orbit-list f a) as'
    from Cons less.prems have A: distincts (orbits-list f (fold remove1 (orbit-list
f a) as'))
    by (intro less (auto simp: distinct-fold-remove1 length-fold-remove1-le less-Suc-eq-le))

    have B: set (orbit-list f a) ∩ ∪ (sset (orbits-list f (fold remove1 (orbit-list f a)
as')))) = {}
    proof -
      have orbit f a ∩ set (fold remove1 (orbit-list f a) as') = {}
      using assms less.prems Cons by (simp add: set-fold-remove1-distinct
set-orbit-list')
      then have orbit f a ∩ ∪ (orbit f ' set (fold remove1 (orbit-list f a) as')) = {}
      by auto (metis assms(2) cyclic-on-orbit disjoint-iff-not-equal permuta-
tion-self-in-orbit[OF assms(2)] orbit-cyclic-eq3 permutation-permutes)
      then show ?thesis using assms
      by (auto simp: set-orbit-list' sset-orbits-list disjoint-iff-not-equal)
    qed
    show ?thesis
    using A B assms by (auto simp: distincts-Cons Cons distinct-orbit-list')
  qed
qed

lemma cyclic-on-lists-succ':
assumes distincts xss
shows A ∈ sset xss ⟹ cyclic-on (lists-succ xss) A
using assms
proof (induction xss arbitrary: A)
  case Nil then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons xs xss A)
  then have inter: set xs ∩ (∪ ys ∈ set xss. set ys) = {} by (auto simp: dis-
tincts-Cons)

  note pcp[OF - - inter] = permutes-comp-preserves-cyclic1 permutes-comp-preserves-cyclic2
  from Cons show cyclic-on (lists-succ (xs # xss)) A
  by (cases A = set xs)
  (auto intro: pcp simp: cyclic-on-list-succ list-succ-permutes
lists-succ-permutes lists-succ-Cons-pf distincts-Cons)
qed

```

```

lemma cyclic-on-lists-succ:
  assumes distincts xss
  shows  $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{set } xss \implies \text{cyclic-on } (\text{lists-succ } xss) (\text{set } xs)$ 
  using assms by (auto intro: cyclic-on-lists-succ')

lemma permutes-as-lists-succ:
  assumes distincts xss
  assumes ls-eq:  $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{set } xss \implies \text{list-succ } xs = \text{perm-restrict } f (\text{set } xs)$ 
  assumes f permutes ( $\bigcup (\text{sset } xss)$ )
  shows  $f = \text{lists-succ } xss$ 
  using assms
proof (induct xss arbitrary: f)
  case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons xs xss)
  let ?sets =  $\lambda xss. \bigcup ys \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } ys$ 

  have xs: distinct xs  $xs \neq []$  using Cons by (auto simp: distincts-Cons)

  have f-xs: perm-restrict f (set xs) = list-succ xs
    using Cons by simp

  have co-xs: cyclic-on (perm-restrict f (set xs)) (set xs)
    unfolding f-xs using xs by (rule cyclic-on-list-succ)

  have perm-xs: perm-restrict f (set xs) permutes set xs
    unfolding f-xs using  $\langle \text{distinct } xs \rangle$  by (rule list-succ-permutes)

  have perm-xss: perm-restrict f (?sets xss) permutes (?sets xss)
  proof -
    have perm-restrict f (?sets (xs # xss) - set xs) permutes (?sets (xs # xss) - set xs)
    using Cons co-xs by (intro perm-restrict-diff-cyclic) (auto simp: cyclic-on-perm-restrict)
    also have  $?sets (xs \# xss) - \text{set } xs = ?sets xss$ 
    using Cons by (auto simp: distincts-Cons)
    finally show ?thesis .
  qed

  have f-xss: perm-restrict f (?sets xss) = lists-succ xss
  proof -
    have  $*$ :  $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{set } xss \implies ((\bigcup x \in \text{set } xss. \text{set } x) \cap \text{set } xs) = \text{set } xs$ 
    by blast
    with perm-xss Cons.prems show ?thesis
    by (intro Cons.hyps) (auto simp: distincts-Cons perm-restrict-perm-restrict *)
  qed

from Cons.prems show  $f = \text{lists-succ } (xs \# xss)$ 
  by (simp add: lists-succ-Cons-pf distincts-Cons f-xss[symmetric])

```

perm-restrict-union perm-xs perm-xss)
qed

lemma *cyclic-on-obtain-lists-succ*:

assumes

permutes: f permutes S **and**

S : $S = \bigcup (sset\ css)$ **and**

dists: *distincts* css **and**

cyclic: $\bigwedge cs. cs \in set\ css \implies cyclic-on\ f\ (set\ cs)$

obtains xss **where** $f = lists-succ\ xss\ distincts\ xss\ map\ set\ xss = map\ set\ css$
 $map\ hd\ xss = map\ hd\ css$

proof –

let $?fc = \lambda cs. perm-restrict\ f\ (set\ cs)$

define *some-list* **where** *some-list* $cs = (SOME\ xs. ?fc\ cs = list-succ\ xs \wedge set\ xs = set\ cs \wedge distinct\ xs \wedge hd\ xs = hd\ cs)$ **for** cs

{ fix cs **assume** $cs \in set\ css$

then have $cyclic-on\ (?fc\ cs)\ (set\ cs) \wedge x. x \notin set\ cs \implies ?fc\ cs\ x = x\ hd\ cs \in set\ cs$

using *cyclic dists* **by** (*auto simp add: cyclic-on-perm-restrict perm-restrict-def distincts-def*)

then have $hd\ cs \in orbit\ (?fc\ cs)\ (hd\ cs) \wedge x. x \notin orbit\ (?fc\ cs)\ (hd\ cs) \implies ?fc\ cs\ x = x\ hd\ cs \in set\ cs\ set\ cs = orbit\ (?fc\ cs)\ (hd\ cs)$

by (*auto simp: cyclic-on-alldef*)

then have $\exists xs. ?fc\ cs = list-succ\ xs \wedge set\ xs = set\ cs \wedge distinct\ xs \wedge hd\ xs = hd\ cs$

by (*metis obtain-orbit-list-func*)

then have $?fc\ cs = list-succ\ (some-list\ cs) \wedge set\ (some-list\ cs) = set\ cs \wedge distinct\ (some-list\ cs) \wedge hd\ (some-list\ cs) = hd\ cs$

unfolding *some-list-def* **by** (*rule someI-ex*)

then have $?fc\ cs = list-succ\ (some-list\ cs)\ set\ (some-list\ cs) = set\ cs\ distinct\ (some-list\ cs)\ hd\ (some-list\ cs) = hd\ cs$

by *auto*

} note $sl-cs = this$

have $\bigwedge cs. cs \in set\ css \implies cs \neq []$ **using** *dists* **by** (*auto simp: distincts-def*)

then have *some-list-ne*: $\bigwedge cs. cs \in set\ css \implies some-list\ cs \neq []$

by (*metis set-empty sl-cs(2)*)

have $set: map\ set\ (map\ some-list\ css) = map\ set\ css\ map\ hd\ (map\ some-list\ css) = map\ hd\ css$

using $sl-cs(2,4)$ **by** (*auto simp add: map-idI*)

have *distincts*: *distincts* $(map\ some-list\ css)$

proof –

have *c-dist*: $\bigwedge xs\ ys. [xs \in set\ css; ys \in set\ css; xs \neq ys] \implies set\ xs \cap set\ ys = \{\}$

using *dists* **by** (*auto simp: distincts-def*)

have *distinct* $(map\ some-list\ css)$

proof –

```

    have inj-on some-list (set css)
      using sl-cs(2) c-dist by (intro inj-onI) (metis inf.idem set-empty)
    with ‹distincts css› show ?thesis
      by (auto simp: distincts-distinct distinct-map)
  qed
  moreover
  have  $\forall xs \in \text{set } (\text{map some-list css}). \text{distinct } xs \wedge xs \neq []$ 
    using sl-cs(3) some-list-ne by auto
  moreover
  from c-dist have  $(\forall xs \in \text{set } (\text{map some-list css}). \forall ys \in \text{set } (\text{map some-list css}).$ 
 $xs \neq ys \longrightarrow \text{set } xs \cap \text{set } ys = \{\})$ 
    using sl-cs(2) by auto
  ultimately
  show ?thesis by (simp add: distincts-def)
  qed

  have f:  $f = \text{lists-succ } (\text{map some-list css})$ 
    using distincts
  proof (rule permutes-as-lists-succ)
    fix xs assume  $xs \in \text{set } (\text{map some-list css})$ 
    then show  $\text{list-succ } xs = \text{perm-restrict } f \text{ (set } xs)$ 
      using sl-cs(1) sl-cs(2) by auto
  next
    have  $S = (\bigcup xs \in \text{set } (\text{map some-list css}). \text{set } xs)$ 
      using S sl-cs(2) by auto
    with permutes show  $f \text{ permutes } \bigcup (\text{set } (\text{map some-list css}))$ 
      by simp
  qed

  from f distincts set show ?thesis ..
  qed

```

5.2 Permutations of a List

lemma length-remove1-less:

assumes $x \in \text{set } xs$ shows $\text{length } (\text{remove1 } x \text{ } xs) < \text{length } xs$

proof –

from assms have $0 < \text{length } xs$ by auto

with assms show ?thesis by (auto simp: length-remove1)

qed

context notes [simp] = length-remove1-less begin

fun permutations :: 'a list $\Rightarrow$ 'a list list where

permutations-Nil: $\text{permutations } [] = [[]]$

| permutations-Cons:

$\text{permutations } xs = [y \# \text{ys}. y <- xs, \text{ys} <- \text{permutations } (\text{remove1 } y \text{ } xs)]$

end

declare permutations-Cons[simp del]

The function above returns all permutations of a list. The function below

computes only those which yield distinct cyclic permutation functions (cf. *list-succ*).

```
fun cyc-permutations :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list list where
  cyc-permutations [] = [[]]
| cyc-permutations (x # xs) = map (Cons x) (permutations xs)
```

```
lemma nil-in-permutations[simp]: []  $\in$  set (permutations xs)  $\longleftrightarrow$  xs = []
by (induct xs) (auto simp: permutations-Cons)
```

```
lemma permutations-not-nil:
  assumes xs  $\neq$  []
  shows permutations xs = concat (map ( $\lambda$ x. map ((#) x) (permutations (remove1
x xs)))) xs)
  using assms by (cases xs) (auto simp: permutations-Cons)
```

```
lemma set-permutations-step:
  assumes xs  $\neq$  []
  shows set (permutations xs) = ( $\bigcup$  x  $\in$  set xs. Cons x ' set (permutations (remove1
x xs))))
  using assms by (cases xs) (auto simp: permutations-Cons)
```

```
lemma in-set-permutations:
  assumes distinct xs
  shows ys  $\in$  set (permutations xs)  $\longleftrightarrow$  distinct ys  $\wedge$  set xs = set ys (is ?L xs ys
 $\longleftrightarrow$  ?R xs ys)
  using assms
proof (induct length xs arbitrary: xs ys)
  case 0 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n)
  then have xs  $\neq$  [] by auto
```

```
  show ?case
  proof
    assume ?L xs ys
    then obtain y ys' where ys = y # ys' y  $\in$  set xs ys'  $\in$  set (permutations
(remove1 (hd ys) xs))
    using  $\langle$ xs  $\neq$  [] $\rangle$  by (auto simp: permutations-not-nil)
    moreover
    then have ?R (remove1 y xs) ys'
    using Suc.prem1 Suc.hyps(2) by (intro Suc.hyps(1)[THEN iffD1]) (auto simp:
length-remove1)
    ultimately show ?R xs ys
    using Suc by auto
  next
    assume ?R xs ys
    with  $\langle$ xs  $\neq$  [] $\rangle$  obtain y ys' where ys = y # ys' y  $\in$  set xs by (cases ys) auto
```

```

moreover
then have  $ys' \in \text{set } (\text{permutations } (\text{remove1 } y \text{ } xs))$ 
  using  $\text{Suc } \langle ?R \text{ } xs \text{ } ys \rangle$  by ( $\text{intro } \text{Suc.hyps}(1)[\text{THEN } \text{iffD2}]$ ) ( $\text{auto simp:}$ 
 $\text{length-remove1}$ )
  ultimately
  show  $?L \text{ } xs \text{ } ys$ 
    using  $\langle xs \neq [] \rangle$  by ( $\text{auto simp: permutations-not-nil}$ )
qed
qed

```

```

lemma in-set-cyc-permutations:
  assumes  $\text{distinct } xs$ 
  shows  $ys \in \text{set } (\text{cyc-permutations } xs) \longleftrightarrow \text{distinct } ys \wedge \text{set } xs = \text{set } ys \wedge \text{hd } ys$ 
 $= \text{hd } xs$  (is  $?L \text{ } xs \text{ } ys \longleftrightarrow ?R \text{ } xs \text{ } ys$ )
proof ( $\text{cases } xs$ )
  case ( $\text{Cons } x \text{ } xs$ ) with  $\text{assms}$  show  $?thesis$ 
    by ( $\text{cases } ys$ ) ( $\text{auto simp: in-set-permutations intro!: imageI}$ )
qed auto

```

```

lemma in-set-cyc-permutations-obtain:
  assumes  $\text{distinct } xs \text{ } \text{distinct } ys \text{ } \text{set } xs = \text{set } ys$ 
  obtains  $n$  where  $\text{rotate } n \text{ } ys \in \text{set } (\text{cyc-permutations } xs)$ 
proof ( $\text{cases } xs$ )
  case  $\text{Nil}$  with  $\text{assms}$  have  $\text{rotate } 0 \text{ } ys \in \text{set } (\text{cyc-permutations } xs)$  by auto
  then show  $?thesis$  ..
next
  case ( $\text{Cons } x \text{ } xs'$ )
  let  $?ys' = \text{rotate } (\text{index } ys \text{ } x) \text{ } ys$ 
  have  $ys \neq [] \wedge x \in \text{set } ys$ 
    using  $\text{Cons } \text{assms}$  by auto
  then have  $\text{distinct } ?ys' \wedge \text{set } xs = \text{set } ?ys' \wedge \text{hd } ?ys' = \text{hd } xs$ 
    using  $\text{assms } \text{Cons}$  by ( $\text{auto simp add: hd-rotate-conv-nth}$ )
  with  $\langle \text{distinct } xs \rangle$  have  $?ys' \in \text{set } (\text{cyc-permutations } xs)$ 
    by ( $\text{rule in-set-cyc-permutations}[\text{THEN } \text{iffD2}]$ )
  then show  $?thesis$  ..
qed

```

```

lemma list-succ-set-cyc-permutations:
  assumes  $\text{distinct } xs \text{ } xs \neq []$ 
  shows  $\text{list-succ } \langle \text{set } (\text{cyc-permutations } xs) \rangle = \{f. f \text{ permutes set } xs \wedge \text{cyclic-on } f$ 
 $(\text{set } xs)\}$  (is  $?L = ?R$ )
proof ( $\text{intro set-eqI iffI}$ )
  fix  $f$  assume  $f \in ?L$ 
  moreover have  $\bigwedge ys. \text{set } xs = \text{set } ys \implies xs \neq [] \implies ys \neq []$  by auto
  ultimately show  $f \in ?R$ 
    using  $\text{assms}$  by ( $\text{auto simp: in-set-cyc-permutations list-succ-permutes cyclic-on-list-succ}$ )
next
  fix  $f$  assume  $f \in ?R$ 
  then obtain  $ys$  where  $ys: \text{list-succ } ys = f \text{ distinct } ys \text{ set } ys = \text{set } xs$ 

```

```

    by (auto elim: cyclic-on-obtain-list-succ')
  moreover
  with ⟨distinct xs⟩ obtain n where rotate n ys ∈ set (cyc-permutations xs)
    by (auto elim: in-set-cyc-permutations-obtain)
  then have list-succ (rotate n ys) ∈ ?L by simp
  ultimately
  show f ∈ ?L by simp
qed

```

5.3 Enumerating Permutations from List Orbits

definition *cyc-permutationss* :: 'a list list $\Rightarrow$ 'a list list list **where**
cyc-permutationss = product-lists o map cyc-permutations

lemma *cyc-permutationss-Nil[simp]*: *cyc-permutationss* [] = [[]]
 by (auto simp: cyc-permutationss-def)

lemma *in-set-cyc-permutationss*:

assumes *distincts xss*

shows $yss \in \text{set } (\text{cyc-permutationss } xss) \iff \text{distincts } yss \wedge \text{map set } xss = \text{map set } yss \wedge \text{map hd } xss = \text{map hd } yss$

proof –

```

  { assume A: list-all2 ( $\lambda x \text{ } ys. x \in \text{set } ys$ ) yss (map cyc-permutations xss)
    then have length yss = length xss by (auto simp: list-all2-lengthD)
    then have  $\bigcup (\text{sset } xss) = \bigcup (\text{sset } yss)$  distincts yss map set xss = map set yss
    map hd xss = map hd yss
    using A assms
    by (induct yss xss rule: list-induct2) (auto simp: distincts-Cons in-set-cyc-permutations)
  } note X = this
  { assume A: distincts yss map set xss = map set yss map hd xss = map hd yss
    then have length yss = length xss by (auto dest: map-eq-imp-length-eq)
    then have list-all2 ( $\lambda x \text{ } ys. x \in \text{set } ys$ ) yss (map cyc-permutations xss)
    using A assms
    by (induct yss xss rule: list-induct2) (auto simp: distincts-Cons in-set-cyc-permutations)
  } note Y = this
  show ?thesis
  unfolding cyc-permutationss-def
  by (auto simp: product-lists-set intro: X Y)
qed

```

lemma *lists-succ-set-cyc-permutationss*:

assumes *distincts xss*

shows $\text{lists-succ } \text{'set } (\text{cyc-permutationss } xss) = \{f. f \text{ permutes } \bigcup (\text{sset } xss) \wedge (\forall c \in \text{sset } xss. \text{cyclic-on } f \text{ } c)\}$ **(is ?L = ?R)**

using *assms*

proof (*intro set-eqI iffI*)

fix *f* **assume** *f* ∈ ?L

then obtain *yss* **where** $yss \in \text{set } (\text{cyc-permutationss } xss)$ $f = \text{lists-succ } yss$ **by**
 (*rule imageE*)

```

moreover
from  $\langle yss \in \rightarrow \text{assms} \rangle$  have  $\text{set } (\text{map set } xss) = \text{set } (\text{map set } yss)$ 
  by (auto simp: in-set-cyc-permutationss)
then have  $\text{sset } xss = \text{sset } yss$  by simp
ultimately
show  $f \in ?R$ 
  using assms
by (auto simp: in-set-cyc-permutationss cyclic-on-lists-succ') (metis lists-succ-permutes)
next
fix  $f$  assume  $f \in ?R$ 
then have  $f \text{ permutes } \bigcup (\text{sset } xss) \wedge cs. cs \in \text{set } xss \implies \text{cyclic-on } f \text{ (set } cs)$ 
  by auto
from this(1) refl assms this(2)
obtain  $yss$  where  $f = \text{lists-succ } yss \text{ distincts } yss \text{ map set } yss = \text{map set } xss \text{ map}$ 
 $\text{hd } yss = \text{map hd } xss$ 
  by (rule cyclic-on-obtain-lists-succ)
with assms show  $f \in ?L$  by (auto intro!: imageI simp: in-set-cyc-permutationss)
qed

```

5.4 Lists of Permutations

definition *permutationss* :: 'a list list $\Rightarrow$ 'a list list list **where**
permutationss = *product-lists* o *map* *permutations*

lemma *permutationss-Nil*[simp]: *permutationss* [] = [[]]
by (auto simp: *permutationss-def*)

lemma *permutationss-Cons*:
 $\text{permutationss } (xs \# xss) = \text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda ys. \text{map } (\text{Cons } ys) (\text{permutationss } xss)) (\text{permutations } xs))$
by (auto simp: *permutationss-def*)

lemma *in-set-permutationss*:
assumes *distincts* xss
shows $yss \in \text{set } (\text{permutationss } xss) \longleftrightarrow \text{distincts } yss \wedge \text{map set } xss = \text{map set } yss$

proof –

```

{ assume  $A: \text{list-all2 } (\lambda x \text{ } ys. x \in \text{set } ys) \text{ } yss \text{ (map permutations } xss)$ 
  then have  $\text{length } yss = \text{length } xss$  by (auto simp: list-all2-lengthD)
  then have  $\bigcup (\text{sset } xss) = \bigcup (\text{sset } yss) \text{ distincts } yss \text{ map set } xss = \text{map set } yss$ 
    using  $A$  assms
    by (induct  $yss$   $xss$  rule: list-induct2) (auto simp: distincts-Cons in-set-permutations)
} note  $X = \text{this}$ 
{ assume  $A: \text{distincts } yss \text{ map set } xss = \text{map set } yss$ 
  then have  $\text{length } yss = \text{length } xss$  by (auto dest: map-eq-imp-length-eq)
  then have  $\text{list-all2 } (\lambda x \text{ } ys. x \in \text{set } ys) \text{ } yss \text{ (map permutations } xss)$ 
    using  $A$  assms
    by (induct  $yss$   $xss$  rule: list-induct2) (auto simp: in-set-permutations distincts-Cons)
}

```

```

} note Y = this
show ?thesis
  unfolding permutationss-def
  by (auto simp: product-lists-set intro: X Y)
qed

lemma set-permutationss:
  assumes distincts xss
  shows set (permutationss xss) = {yss. distincts yss ∧ map set xss = map set yss}
  using in-set-permutationss[OF assms] by blast

lemma permutationss-complete:
  assumes distincts xss distincts yss xss ≠ []
  and set ' set xss = set ' set yss
  shows set yss ∈ set ' set (permutationss xss)
proof -
  have length xss = length yss
  using assms by (simp add: length-distincts)
  from ‹sset xss = -›
  have ∃ yss'. set yss' = set yss ∧ map set yss' = map set xss
  using assms(1-2)
  proof (induct xss arbitrary: yss)
    case Nil then show ?case by simp
  next
    case (Cons xs xss)
    from ‹sset (xs # xss) = sset yss›
    obtain ys where ys: ys ∈ set yss set ys = set xs
    by auto (metis imageE insertI1)
    with ‹distincts yss› have set ys ∉ sset (remove1 ys yss)
    by (fastforce simp: distincts-def)
    moreover
    from ‹distincts (xs # xss)› have set xs ∉ sset xss
    by (fastforce simp: distincts-def)
    ultimately have sset xss = sset (remove1 ys yss)
    using ‹distincts yss› ‹sset (xs # xss) = sset yss›
    apply (auto simp: distincts-distinct ‹set ys = set xs›[symmetric])
    apply (smt Diff-insert-absorb ‹ys ∈ set yss› image-insert insert-Diff rev-image-eqI)
    by (metis ‹ys ∈ set yss› image-eqI insert-Diff insert-iff)
    then obtain yss' where set yss' = set (remove1 ys yss) ∧ map set yss' = map
    set xss
    using Cons by atomize-elim (auto simp: distincts-Cons distincts-remove1)
    then have set (ys # yss') = set yss ∧ map set (ys # yss') = map set (xs #
    xss)
    using ys set-remove1-eq ‹distincts yss› by (auto simp: distincts-distinct)
    then show ?case ..
  qed
  then obtain yss' where set yss' = set yss map set yss' = map set xss by blast
  then have distincts yss' using ‹distincts xss› ‹distincts yss›

```

```

    unfolding distincts-def
  by simp-all (metis ⟨length xss = length yss⟩ card-distinct distinct-card length-map)
then have set yss' ∈ set ‘ set (permutationss xss)
  using ⟨distincts xss⟩ ⟨map set yss' = -⟩
  by (auto simp: set-permutationss)
then show ?thesis using ⟨set yss' = -⟩ by auto
qed

lemma permutations-complete:
  assumes distinct xs distinct ys set xs = set ys
  shows ys ∈ set (permutations xs)
  using assms
proof (induct length xs arbitrary: xs ys)
  case 0 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Suc n)
  from Suc.hyps have xs ≠ [] by auto
  then obtain y ys' where [simp]: ys = y # ys' y ∈ set xs using Suc.prems by
(cases ys) auto
  have ys' ∈ set (permutations (remove1 y xs))
  using Suc.prems ⟨Suc n = -⟩ by (intro Suc.hyps) (simp-all add: length-remove1)
  then show ?case using ⟨xs ≠ []⟩ by (auto simp: set-permutations-step)
qed

end
theory Digraph-Map-Impl
imports
  Graph-Genus
  Executable-Permutations
  Transitive-Closure.Transitive-Closure-Impl
begin

```

6 Enumerating Maps

```

definition grouped-by-fst :: ('a × 'b) list ⇒ ('a × 'b) list list where
  grouped-by-fst xs = map (λu. filter (λx. fst x = u) xs) (remdups (map fst xs))

fun grouped-out-arcs :: 'a list × ('a × 'a) list ⇒ ('a × 'a) list list where
  grouped-out-arcs (vs,as) = grouped-by-fst as

definition all-maps-list :: ('a list × ('a × 'a) list) ⇒ ('a × 'a) list list list where
  all-maps-list G-list = (cyc-permutationss o grouped-out-arcs) G-list

definition list-digraph-ext ext G-list ≡ [] pverts = set (fst G-list), parcs = set
(snd G-list), ... = ext []
abbreviation list-digraph ≡ list-digraph-ext ()

```

code-datatype *list-digraph-ext*

lemma *list-digraph-simps*:

pverts (*list-digraph* *G-list*) = *set* (*fst* *G-list*)
parcs (*list-digraph* *G-list*) = *set* (*snd* *G-list*)
by (*auto simp: list-digraph-ext-def*)

lemma *union-grouped-by-fst*:

$(\bigcup xs \in \text{set } (\text{grouped-by-fst } ys). \text{set } xs) = \text{set } ys$
by (*auto simp: grouped-by-fst-def*)

lemma *union-grouped-out-arcs*:

$(\bigcup xs \in \text{set } (\text{grouped-out-arcs } G\text{-list}). \text{set } xs) = \text{set } (\text{snd } G\text{-list})$
by (*cases* *G-list*) (*simp add: union-grouped-by-fst*)

lemma *nil-not-in-grouped-out-arcs*: $\square \notin \text{set } (\text{grouped-out-arcs } G\text{-list})$

apply (*cases* *G-list*) **apply** (*auto simp: grouped-by-fst-def*)
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*) *filter-empty-conv* *fst-conv*)

lemma *set-grouped-out-arcs*:

assumes *pair-wf-digraph* (*list-digraph* *G-list*)
shows *set* ‘ *set* (*grouped-out-arcs* *G-list*) = {*out-arcs* (*list-digraph* *G-list*) *v* | *v*.
v ∈ *pverts* (*list-digraph* *G-list*) ∧ *out-arcs* (*list-digraph* *G-list*) *v* ≠ {} }
(is ?L = ?R)

proof –

interpret *pair-wf-digraph* *list-digraph* *G-list* **by** *fact*
define *vs* **where** *vs* = *remdups* (*map* *fst* (*snd* *G-list*))
have *set* *vs* = {*v*. *out-arcs* (*list-digraph* *G-list*) *v* ≠ {}}
by (*auto simp: out-arcs-def list-digraph-ext-def vs-def intro: rev-image-eqI*)
then have *vs: set* *vs* = {*v* ∈ *pverts* (*list-digraph* *G-list*). *out-arcs* (*list-digraph*
G-list) *v* ≠ {}}
by (*auto dest: in-arcsD1*)
have *goa: grouped-out-arcs* *G-list* = *map* ($\lambda u. \text{filter } (\lambda x. \text{fst } x = u) (\text{snd } G\text{-list})$)
vs
by (*cases* *G-list*) (*auto simp: grouped-by-fst-def vs-def*)
have *filter: set* $\circ (\lambda u. \text{filter } (\lambda x. \text{fst } x = u) (\text{snd } G\text{-list})) = \text{out-arcs } (\text{list-digraph } G\text{-list})$
by (*rule ext*) (*auto simp: list-digraph-ext-def*)

have *set* (*map* *set* (*grouped-out-arcs* *G-list*)) = *?R* **by** (*auto simp add: goa filter*
vs)

then show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *distincts-grouped-by-fst*:

assumes *distinct* *xs* **shows** *distincts* (*grouped-by-fst* *xs*)

proof –

have *list-eq-setD*: $\bigwedge xs\ ys. xs = ys \implies set\ xs = set\ ys$ **by** *auto*
have *inj*: *inj-on* ($\lambda u. filter\ (\lambda x. fst\ x = u)\ xs$) (*fst* ‘ *set xs*)
by (*rule inj-onI*) (*drule list-eq-setD*, *auto*)
with *assms* **show** *?thesis*
by (*auto simp: grouped-by-fst-def distincts-def distinct-map filter-empty-conv*)
qed

lemma *distincts-grouped-arcs*:

assumes *distinct* (*snd G-list*) **shows** *distincts* (*grouped-out-arcs G-list*)
using *assms* **by** (*cases G-list*) (*simp add: distincts-grouped-by-fst*)

lemma *distincts-in-all-maps-list*:

distinct (*snd X*) $\implies xss \in set\ (all-maps-list\ X) \implies distincts\ xss$
by (*simp add: all-maps-list-def distincts-grouped-arcs in-set-cyc-permutationss*)

definition *to-map* :: $('a \times 'a)\ set \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a \Rightarrow 'a \times 'a) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a)\ pre-map$
where

to-map A f = (λ *edge-rev* = *swap-in A*, *edge-succ* = *f* λ)

abbreviation *to-map'* *as xss* $\equiv to-map\ (set\ as)\ (lists-succ\ xss)$

definition *all-maps* :: $'a\ pair-pre-digraph \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a)\ pre-map\ set$ **where**

all-maps G $\equiv to-map\ (arcs\ G)\ \{f. f\ permutates\ arcs\ G \wedge (\forall v \in verts\ G. out-arcs\ G\ v \neq \{\}) \longrightarrow cyclic-on\ f\ (out-arcs\ G\ v))\}$

definition *maps-all-maps-list* :: $('a\ list \times ('a \times 'a)\ list) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a)\ pre-map\ list$
where

maps-all-maps-list G-list = *map* (*to-map* (*set* (*snd G-list*)) *o lists-succ*) (*all-maps-list G-list*)

lemma (*in pair-graph*) *all-maps-correct*:

shows *all-maps G* = $\{M. digraph-map\ G\ M\}$

proof (*intro set-eqI iffI*)

fix *M* **assume** *A:M* $\in all-maps\ G$

then have [*simp*]: *edge-rev M* = *swap-in* (*arcs G*) *edge-succ M* *permutates* *parcs G*

by (*auto simp: all-maps-def to-map-def*)

have *digraph-map G M*

proof (*rule digraph-mapI*)

fix *a* **assume** *a* $\notin parcs\ G$ **then show** *edge-rev M a* = *a* **by** (*auto simp: swap-in-def*)

next

fix *a* **assume** *a* $\in parcs\ G$

then show *edge-rev M* (*edge-rev M a*) = *a* *fst* (*edge-rev M a*) = *snd a* *edge-rev*

```

M a ≠ a
  by (case-tac [!] a) (auto intro: arcs-symmetric simp: swap-in-def dest: no-loops)
next
  show edge-succ M permutes parcs G by simp
next
  fix v assume v ∈ pverts G out-arcs (with-proj G) v ≠ {}
  then show cyclic-on (edge-succ M) (out-arcs (with-proj G) v)
    using A unfolding all-maps-def by (auto simp: to-map-def)
qed
then show M ∈ {M. digraph-map G M} by simp
next
  fix M assume A: M ∈ {M. digraph-map G M}
  then interpret M: digraph-map G M by simp
  from A have ∧x. fst (edge-rev M x) = fst (swap-in (arcs G) x)
    ∧x. snd (edge-rev M x) = snd (swap-in (arcs G) x)
    using M.tail-arev M.head-arev by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff swap-in-def M.arev-eq)
  then have edge-rev M = swap-in (arcs G)
    by (metis prod.collapse fun-eq-iff)
  then show M ∈ all-maps G
    using M.edge-succ-permutes M.edge-succ-cyclic
    unfolding all-maps-def
    by (auto simp: to-map-def intro!: image-eqI [where x=edge-succ M])
qed

```

lemma *set-maps-all-maps-list:*

```

  assumes pair-wf-digraph (list-digraph G-list) distinct (snd G-list)
  shows all-maps (list-digraph G-list) = set (maps-all-maps-list G-list)
proof -
  let ?G = list-digraph G-list

  { fix f
    have (∀ x∈set (grouped-out-arcs G-list). cyclic-on f (set x))
      ⟷ (∀ x∈set ' set (grouped-out-arcs G-list). cyclic-on f x) (is ?all1 = -)
    by simp
    also have ... ⟷ (∀ v∈pverts ?G. out-arcs ?G v ≠ {} ⟶ cyclic-on f (out-arcs
    ?G v)) (is - = ?all2)
    using assms by (auto simp: set-grouped-out-arcs)
    finally have ?all1 = ?all2 .
  } note all-eq = this

```

```

  have lists-succ ' set (all-maps-list G-list)
    = {f. f permutes arcs ?G ∧ (∀ v ∈ pverts ?G. out-arcs ?G v ≠ {} ⟶ cyclic-on
    f (out-arcs ?G v))}
  unfolding all-maps-list-def using assms all-eq
  by (simp add: lists-succ-set-cyc-permutationss distincts-grouped-arcs union-grouped-out-arcs
    list-digraph-simps)
  then have *: lists-succ ' set (all-maps-list G-list) = {f. f permutes set (snd
    G-list) ∧ (∀ v∈set (fst G-list). out-arcs (with-proj (pverts = set (fst G-list), parcs

```

```

= set (snd G-list)) v ≠ {} → cyclic-on f (out-arcs (with-proj (pverts = set (fst
G-list), parcs = set (snd G-list)) v))}
  by (auto simp add: maps-all-maps-list-def all-maps-def list-digraph-simps list-digraph-ext-def)
  then have **:  $\bigwedge f. \neg (f \text{ permutes } \text{set } (\text{snd } G\text{-list}) \wedge (\forall a. a \in \text{set } (\text{fst } G\text{-list})$ 
→ out-arcs (with-proj (pverts = set (fst G-list), parcs = set (snd G-list)) a ≠
{} → cyclic-on f (out-arcs (with-proj (pverts = set (fst G-list), parcs = set (snd
G-list)) a)))  $\vee f \in \text{lists-succ 'set (all-maps-list G-list)}$ 
  by force
  from * show ?thesis
  by (auto simp add: maps-all-maps-list-def all-maps-def list-digraph-simps list-digraph-ext-def)
(use ** in blast)
qed

```

7 Compute Face Cycles

definition *lists-fc-succ* :: ('a × 'a) list list ⇒ ('a × 'a) ⇒ ('a × 'a) **where**
lists-fc-succ xss = (let sxss = $\bigcup (\text{sset } xss)$ in ($\lambda x. \text{lists-succ } xss (\text{swap-in } sxss x)$))

locale *lists-digraph-map* =
fixes *G-list* :: 'b list × ('b × 'b) list
and *xss* :: ('b × 'b) list list
assumes *digraph-map*: *digraph-map* (list-digraph *G-list*) (to-map' (snd *G-list*)
xss)
assumes *no-loops*: $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{parcs } (\text{list-digraph } G\text{-list}) \implies \text{fst } a \neq \text{snd } a$
assumes *distincts-xss*: *distincts* *xss*
assumes *parcs-xss*: $\text{parcs } (\text{list-digraph } G\text{-list}) = \bigcup (\text{sset } xss)$
begin

abbreviation (input) *G* ≡ list-digraph *G-list*
abbreviation (input) *M* ≡ to-map' (snd *G-list*) *xss*

lemma *edge-rev-simps*:
assumes $(u,v) \in \text{parcs } G$ **shows** *edge-rev* *M* $(u,v) = (v,u)$
using *assms*
unfolding *to-map-def* *list-digraph-ext-def* **by** (auto simp: *swap-in-def* *to-map-def*)
end

sublocale *lists-digraph-map* ⊆ *digraph-map* *G* *M* **by** (rule *local.digraph-map*)

sublocale *lists-digraph-map* ⊆ *pair-graph* *G*

proof

fix *e* **assume** $e \in \text{parcs } G$
then have $e \in \text{arcs } G$ **by** *simp*
then have *head* *G* $e \in \text{verts } G$ *tail* *G* $e \in \text{verts } G$ **by** (*blast dest: wellformed*) +
then show *fst* *e* ∈ *pverts* *G* *snd* *e* ∈ *pverts* *G* **by** *auto*
next
fix *e* **assume** $e \in \text{parcs } G$ **then show** *fst* *e* ≠ *snd* *e* **using** *no-loops* **by** *simp*
next

```

    show finite (pverts G) finite (parcs G)
      unfolding list-digraph-ext-def by simp-all
next
  { fix u v assume (u,v) ∈ parcs G
    then have edge-rev M (u,v) ∈ parcs G
      using edge-rev-in-arcs by simp
    then have (v,u) ∈ parcs G using ⟨(u,v) ∈ -⟩ by (simp add: edge-rev-simps) }
  then show symmetric G
    unfolding symmetric-def by (auto intro: symI)
qed

context lists-digraph-map begin

definition lists-fcs ≡ orbits-list (lists-fc-succ xss)

lemma M-simps:
  edge-succ M = lists-succ xss
  unfolding to-map-def by (cases G-list) auto

lemma lists-fc-succ-permutes: lists-fc-succ xss permutes (⋃ (sset xss))
proof -
  have ∀ (u,v) ∈ ⋃ (sset xss). (v,u) ∈ ⋃ (sset xss)
    using sym-arcs unfolding parcs-xss[symmetric] symmetric-def by (auto elim:
symE)
  then have swap-in (⋃ (sset xss)) permutes ⋃ (sset xss)
    using distincts-xss
  apply (auto simp: permutes-def split: if-splits)
  unfolding swap-in-def
  apply (simp-all split: if-splits prod.splits)
  apply metis+
  done
moreover
  have lists-succ xss permutes (⋃ (sset xss))
    using lists-succ-permutes[OF distincts-xss] by simp
moreover
  have lists-fc-succ xss = lists-succ xss o swap-in (⋃ (sset xss))
    by (simp add: fun-eq-iff lists-fc-succ-def)
  ultimately
  show ?thesis by (metis permutes-compose)
qed

lemma permutation-lists-fc-succ[intro, simp]: permutation (lists-fc-succ xss)
  using lists-fc-succ-permutes by (auto simp: permutation-permutes)

lemma face-cycle-succ-conv: face-cycle-succ = lists-fc-succ xss
  using parcs-xss unfolding face-cycle-succ-def
  by (simp add: fun-eq-iff to-map-def lists-fc-succ-def swap-in-def list-digraph-ext-def)

lemma sset-lists-fcs:

```

$sset (lists-fcs\ as) = \{face-cycle-set\ a \mid a. a \in set\ as\}$
by (*auto simp: lists-fcs-def sset-orbits-list face-cycle-set-def face-cycle-succ-conv*)

lemma *distincts-lists-fcs*: $distinct\ as \implies distincts\ (lists-fcs\ as)$
by (*simp add: lists-fcs-def distincts-orbits-list*)

lemma *face-cycle-set-ss*: $a \in parcs\ G \implies face-cycle-set\ a \subseteq parcs\ G$
using *in-face-cycle-setD with-proj-simps(2)* **by** *blast*

lemma *face-cycle-succ-neg*:
assumes $a \in parcs\ G$ **shows** $face-cycle-succ\ a \neq a$
using *assms no-loops* **by** (*intro face-cycle-succ-neg*) *auto*

lemma *card-face-cycle-sets-conv*:
shows $card\ (pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets\ G\ M) = length\ (lists-fcs\ (remdups\ (snd\ G-list)))$
proof –
interpret *digraph-map* $G\ M$ **by** (*rule digraph-map*)

have $face-cycle-sets = \{face-cycle-set\ a \mid a. a \in parcs\ G\}$
by (*auto simp: face-cycle-sets-def*)
also have $\dots = sset\ (lists-fcs\ (remdups\ (snd\ G-list)))$
unfolding *sset-lists-fcs* **by** (*simp add: list-digraph-simps*)
also have $card\ \dots = length\ (lists-fcs\ (remdups\ (snd\ G-list)))$
by (*simp add: card-image distincts-inj-on-set distinct-card distincts-distinct distincts-lists-fcs*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

end

definition *gen-succ* $\equiv \lambda as\ xs. [b. (a,b) <- as, a \in set\ xs]$
interpretation *RTLI*: *set-access-gen* $set\ \lambda x\ xs. x \in set\ xs \sqcup \lambda xs\ ys. remdups\ (xs\ @\ ys)\ gen-succ$
by *standard* (*auto simp: gen-succ-def*)
hide-const (**open**) *gen-succ*

It would suffice to check that $set\ (RTLI.rtrancl-i\ A\ [u]) = set\ V$. We don't do this here, since it makes the proof more complicated (and is not necessary for the graphs we care about)

definition *sccs-verts-impl* $:: 'a\ list \times ('a \times 'a)\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ set\ set$ **where**
 $sccs-verts-impl\ G \equiv set\ '(\lambda x. RTLI.rtrancl-i\ (snd\ G)\ [x])\ 'set\ (fst\ G)$

definition *isolated-verts-impl* $:: 'a\ list \times ('a \times 'a)\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list$ **where**
 $isolated-verts-impl\ G = [v \leftarrow (fst\ G). \neg(\exists e \in set\ (snd\ G). fst\ e = v)]$

definition *pair-graph-impl* $:: 'a\ list \times ('a \times 'a)\ list \Rightarrow bool$ **where**
 $pair-graph-impl\ G \equiv case\ G\ of\ (V,A) \Rightarrow (\forall (u,v) \in set\ A. u \neq v \wedge u \in set\ V \wedge v \in set\ V)$

$v \in \text{set } V \wedge (v, u) \in \text{set } A$

definition *genus-impl* :: 'a list $\times$ ('a $\times$ 'a) list $\Rightarrow$ ('a $\times$ 'a) list list $\Rightarrow$ int **where**
genus-impl *G* *M* $\equiv$ case *G* of (*V*, *A*) $\Rightarrow$
 (int (2*card (sccs-verts-impl *G*)) - int (length (isolated-verts-impl *G*))
 - (int (length *V*) - int (length *A*) div 2
 + int (length (orbits-list-impl (lists-fc-succ *M*) *A*))) div 2

definition *comb-planar-impl* :: 'a list $\times$ ('a $\times$ 'a) list $\Rightarrow$ bool **where**
comb-planar-impl *G* $\equiv$ case *G* of (*V*, *A*) $\Rightarrow$
 let *i* = int (2*card (sccs-verts-impl *G*)) - int (length (isolated-verts-impl *G*))
 - int (length *V*) + int (length *A*) div 2
 in ($\exists M \in \text{set (all-maps-list } G). (i - \text{int (length (orbits-list-impl (lists-fc-succ } M) A))) \text{ div } 2 = 0$)

lemma *sccs-verts-impl-correct*:

assumes *pair-pseudo-graph* (list-digraph *G*)
shows *pre-digraph.sccs-verts* (list-digraph *G*) = *sccs-verts-impl* *G*
proof -
interpret *pair-pseudo-graph* list-digraph *G* **by** *fact*
{ **fix** *u* **assume** $u \in \text{set (fst } G)$
then have $\bigwedge x. (u, x) \in (\text{set (snd } G))^* \implies x \in \text{set (fst } G)$
by (*metis in-arcsD2 list-digraph-simps rtrancl.cases*)
then have $\text{set (RTL.I.rtrancl-i (snd } G) [u])} = \{v. u \rightarrow^* \text{list-digraph } G \ v\}$
unfolding *RTL.I.rtrancl-impl* *reachable-conv* **by** (*auto simp: list-digraph-simps*
 $\langle u \in \cdot \rangle$)
also have $\dots = \text{scc-of } u$
unfolding *scc-of-def* **by** (*auto intro: symmetric-reachable'*)
finally have $\text{scc-of } u = \text{set (RTL.I.rtrancl-i (snd } G) [u])$ **by** *simp*
}
then have *pre-digraph.sccs-verts* (list-digraph *G*) = $\text{set } \langle (\lambda x. \text{RTL.I.rtrancl-i (snd } G) [x]) \text{ } \text{set (fst } G) \rangle$
unfolding *sccs-verts-conv-scc-of* list-digraph-simps
by (*force intro: rev-image-eqI*)
then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *sccs-verts-impl-def* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *isolated-verts-impl-correct*:

pre-digraph.isolated-verts (list-digraph *G*) = *set* (*isolated-verts-impl* *G*)
by (*auto simp: pre-digraph.isolated-verts-def isolated-verts-impl-def list-digraph-simps out-arcs-def*)

lemma *pair-graph-impl-correct*[*code*]:

pair-graph (list-digraph *G*) = *pair-graph-impl* *G* (**is** ?*L* = ?*R*)
unfolding *pair-graph-def* *pair-digraph-def* *pair-fin-digraph-def* *pair-wf-digraph-def*
pair-fin-digraph-axioms-def *pair-loopfree-digraph-def* *pair-loopfree-digraph-axioms-def*
pair-sym-digraph-def *pair-sym-digraph-axioms-def* *pair-pseudo-graph-def*

```

    pair-graph-impl-def
  by (auto simp: pair-graph-impl-def list-digraph-simps symmetric-def intro: symI
dest: symD split: prod.splits)

lemma genus-impl-correct:
  assumes dist-V: distinct (fst G) and dist-A: distinct (snd G)
  assumes lists-digraph-map G M
  shows pre-digraph-map.euler-genus (list-digraph G) (to-map' (snd G) M) =
genus-impl G M
proof -
  interpret lists-digraph-map G M by fact
  obtain V A where G-eq: G = (V,A) by (cases G)
  moreover
  have distinct (isolated-verts-impl G)
    using dist-V by (auto simp: isolated-verts-impl-def )
  moreover
  have faces: card face-cycle-sets = length (orbits-list-impl (lists-fc-succ M) (snd
G))
    using dist-A
    by (simp add: card-face-cycle-sets-conv lists-fcs-def orbits-list-conv-impl dis-
tinct-remdups-id)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using pair-pseudo-graph dist-V dist-A
    unfolding euler-genus-def euler-char-def genus-impl-def card-sccs-verts[symmetric]

    by (simp add: sccs-verts-impl-correct isolated-verts-impl-correct
distinct-card list-digraph-simps zdiv-int)
qed

lemma elems-all-maps-list:
  assumes M ∈ set (all-maps-list G) distinct (snd G)
  shows  $\bigcup (sset M) = set (snd G)$ 
  using assms
  by (simp add: all-maps-list-def in-set-cyc-permutationss distincts-grouped-arcs
union-grouped-out-arcs[symmetric])
(metis set-map)

lemma comb-planar-impl-altdef: comb-planar-impl G = ( $\exists M \in set (all-maps-list
G).$  genus-impl G M = 0)
  unfolding comb-planar-impl-def Let-def genus-impl-def by (cases G) (simp add:
algebra-simps)

lemma comb-planar-impl-correct:
  assumes pair-graph (list-digraph G)
  assumes dist-V: distinct (fst G) and dist-A: distinct (snd G)
  shows comb-planar (list-digraph G) = comb-planar-impl G (is ?L = ?R)
proof -
  interpret G: pair-graph list-digraph G by fact
  let ?G = list-digraph G

```

```

have *: all-maps (list-digraph G) = set (maps-all-maps-list G)
  by (rule set-maps-all-maps-list) (unfold-locales, simp add: dist-A)

obtain V A where G = (V,A) by (cases G)

{ fix M assume M ∈ set (all-maps-list G)
  have digraph-map (list-digraph G) (to-map' (snd G) M)
    using ⟨M ∈  $\rightarrow$ ⟩ G.all-maps-correct by (auto simp: * maps-all-maps-list-def)
  then interpret G: digraph-map list-digraph G to-map' (snd G) M .

  have distincts M using ⟨M ∈  $\rightarrow$ ⟩
    using dist-A distincts-in-all-maps-list by blast

  have lists-digraph-map G M
    using elems-all-maps-list[OF ⟨M ∈  $\rightarrow$ ⟩ ⟨distinct (snd G)⟩]
    apply unfold-locales
    by (auto intro: distincts M) dest: G.adj-not-same) (auto simp: list-digraph-simps)
  note ldm = this

  have comb-planar ?G = (∃ M ∈ {M. digraph-map ?G M}. pre-digraph-map.euler-genus
    ?G M = 0)
    unfolding comb-planar-def by simp
  also have ... = (∃ M ∈ set (all-maps-list G). pre-digraph-map.euler-genus (list-digraph
    G)
    (to-map (set (snd G)) (lists-succ M)) = 0)
    unfolding comb-planar-def comb-planar-impl-def Let-def G.all-maps-correct[symmetric]
    set-maps-all-maps-list[OF G.pair-wf-digraph dist-A] maps-all-maps-list-def by
    simp
  also have ... = (∃ M ∈ set (all-maps-list G). genus-impl G M = 0)
    using ldm assms by (simp add: genus-impl-correct)
  also have ... = comb-planar-impl G
    unfolding comb-planar-impl-def genus-impl-def Let-def by (simp add: ⟨G =
    (V,A)⟩ algebra-simps)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

end
theory Planar-Complete
imports
  Digraph-Map-Impl
begin

```

8 Kuratowski Graphs are not Combinatorially Planar

8.1 A concrete K5 graph

definition *c-K5-list* $\equiv ([0..4], [(x,y). x <- [0..4], y <- [0..4], x \neq y])$

abbreviation $c\text{-}K5 :: \text{int pair-pre-digraph where}$
 $c\text{-}K5 \equiv \text{list-digraph } c\text{-}K5\text{-list}$

lemma $c\text{-}K5\text{-not-comb-planar}: \neg \text{comb-planar } c\text{-}K5$
by $(\text{subst comb-planar-impl-correct}) \text{ eval+}$

lemma $pverts\text{-}c\text{-}K5: pverts\ c\text{-}K5 = \{0..4\}$
by $(\text{simp add: } c\text{-}K5\text{-list-def list-digraph-ext-def})$

lemma $parcs\text{-}c\text{-}K5: parcs\ c\text{-}K5 = \{(u,v). u \in \{0..4\} \wedge v \in \{0..4\} \wedge u \neq v\}$
by $(\text{auto simp: } c\text{-}K5\text{-list-def list-digraph-ext-def})$

lemmas $c\text{-}K5\text{-simps} = pverts\text{-}c\text{-}K5\ parcs\text{-}c\text{-}K5$

lemma $\text{complete-}c\text{-}K5: K_5\ c\text{-}K5$

proof $-$

interpret $K5: \text{pair-graph } c\text{-}K5$ **by** eval

show $?thesis$ **unfolding** $\text{complete-digraph-def}$ **by** $(\text{auto simp: } c\text{-}K5\text{-simps})$

qed

8.2 A concrete K33 graph

definition $c\text{-}K33\text{-list} \equiv ([0..5], [(x,y). x < - [0..5], y < - [0..5], \text{even } x \longleftrightarrow \text{odd } y])$

abbreviation $c\text{-}K33 :: \text{int pair-pre-digraph where}$
 $c\text{-}K33 \equiv \text{list-digraph } c\text{-}K33\text{-list}$

lemma $c\text{-}K33\text{-not-comb-planar}: \neg \text{comb-planar } c\text{-}K33$
by $(\text{subst comb-planar-impl-correct}) \text{ eval+}$

lemma $\text{complete-}c\text{-}K33: K_{3,3}\ c\text{-}K33$

proof $-$

interpret $K33: \text{pair-graph } c\text{-}K33$ **by** eval

show $?thesis$

unfolding $\text{complete-bipartite-digraph-def}$

apply (intro conjI)

apply unfold-locales

apply $(\text{rule exI[of - } \{0,2,4\}])$

apply $(\text{rule exI[of - } \{1,3,5\}])$

unfolding $c\text{-}K33\text{-list-def list-digraph-simps with-proj-simps}$

apply eval

done

qed

8.3 Generalization to arbitrary Kuratowski Graphs

8.3.1 Number of Face Cycles is a Graph Invariant

lemma $(\text{in digraph-map})\ \text{wrap-wrap-iso:}$

assumes *hom*: *digraph-isomorphism hom*
assumes *f*: $f \in \text{arcs } G \rightarrow \text{arcs } G$ **and** *g*: $g \in \text{arcs } G \rightarrow \text{arcs } G$
shows *wrap-iso-arcs hom f* (*wrap-iso-arcs hom g x*) = *wrap-iso-arcs hom* (*f o g*)
x
proof –
have $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{arcs } G \implies g \ x \in \text{arcs } G$ **using** *g* **by** *auto*
with *hom f* **show** *?thesis*
by (*cases x* $\in$ *iso-arcs hom* ‘ *arcs G*) (*auto simp: wrap-iso-arcs-def perm-restrict-simps*)
qed

lemma (*in digraph-map*) *face-cycle-succ-iso*:
assumes *hom*: *digraph-isomorphism hom* *x* $\in$ *iso-arcs hom* ‘ *arcs G*
shows *pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ* (*map-iso hom*) *x* = *wrap-iso-arcs hom*
face-cycle-succ x
using *assms* **by** (*simp add: pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ-def map-iso-def wrap-wrap-iso*)

lemma (*in digraph-map*) *face-cycle-set-iso*:
assumes *hom*: *digraph-isomorphism hom* *x* $\in$ *iso-arcs hom* ‘ *arcs G*
shows *pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set* (*map-iso hom*) *x* = *iso-arcs hom* ‘ *face-cycle-set*
(iso-arcs (inv-iso hom) x)
proof –
have *: $\bigwedge x \ y. x \in \text{orbit face-cycle-succ } y \implies y \in \text{arcs } G \implies x \in \text{arcs } G$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{arcs } G \implies x \in \text{orbit face-cycle-succ } x$
using *face-cycle-set-def* **by** (*auto simp: in-face-cycle-setD*)
show *?thesis*
using *assms* **unfolding** *pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set-def*
by (*subst orbit-inverse* [**where** $g' = \text{pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ (map-iso hom)}$])
*(auto simp: * face-cycle-succ-iso)*
qed

lemma (*in digraph-map*) *face-cycle-sets-iso*:
assumes *hom*: *digraph-isomorphism hom*
shows *pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets* (*app-iso hom G*) (*map-iso hom*) = ($\lambda x.$
iso-arcs hom ‘ *x*) ‘ *face-cycle-sets*
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets-def face-cycle-set-iso*)
(auto simp: face-cycle-set-iso intro: rev-image-eqI)

lemma (*in digraph-map*) *card-face-cycle-sets-iso*:
assumes *hom*: *digraph-isomorphism hom*
shows *card* (*pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets* (*app-iso hom G*) (*map-iso hom*)) =
card face-cycle-sets
proof –
have *inj-on* ((‘) (*iso-arcs hom*)) *face-cycle-sets*
by (*rule inj-on-f-imageI digraph-isomorphism-inj-on-arcs hom in-face-cycle-setsD*) +
then show *?thesis* **using** *hom* **by** (*simp add: face-cycle-sets-iso card-image*)
qed

8.3.2 Combinatorial planarity is a Graph Invariant

```

lemma (in digraph-map) euler-char-iso:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
  shows pre-digraph-map.euler-char (app-iso hom G) (map-iso hom) = euler-char
  using assms by (auto simp: pre-digraph-map.euler-char-def card-face-cycle-sets-iso)

lemma (in digraph-map) euler-genus-iso:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
  shows pre-digraph-map.euler-genus (app-iso hom G) (map-iso hom) = euler-genus
  using assms by (auto simp: pre-digraph-map.euler-genus-def euler-char-iso)

lemma (in wf-digraph) comb-planar-iso:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
  shows comb-planar (app-iso hom G)  $\longleftrightarrow$  comb-planar G
proof
  assume comb-planar G
  then obtain M where digraph-map G M pre-digraph-map.euler-genus G M =
0
  by (auto simp: comb-planar-def)
  then have digraph-map (app-iso hom G) (pre-digraph-map.map-iso G M hom)
    pre-digraph-map.euler-genus (app-iso hom G) (pre-digraph-map.map-iso G M
hom) = 0
  using assms by (auto intro: digraph-map.digraph-map-isoI simp: digraph-map.euler-genus-iso)
  then show comb-planar (app-iso hom G)
  by (metis comb-planar-def)
next
  let ?G = app-iso hom G
  assume comb-planar ?G
  then obtain M where digraph-map ?G M
    pre-digraph-map.euler-genus ?G M = 0
  by (auto simp: comb-planar-def)
  moreover
  have pre-digraph.digraph-isomorphism ?G (inv-iso hom)
  using assms by (rule digraph-isomorphism-invI)
  ultimately
  have digraph-map (app-iso (inv-iso hom) ?G) (pre-digraph-map.map-iso ?G M
(inv-iso hom))
    pre-digraph-map.euler-genus (app-iso (inv-iso hom) ?G) (pre-digraph-map.map-iso
?G M (inv-iso hom)) = 0
  using assms by (auto intro: digraph-map.digraph-map-isoI simp only: di-
graph-map.euler-genus-iso)
  then show comb-planar G
  using assms by (auto simp: comb-planar-def)
qed

```

8.3.3 Completeness is a Graph Invariant

```

lemma (in loopfree-digraph) loopfree-digraphI-app-iso:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom

```

```

    shows loopfree-digraph (app-iso hom G)
  proof -
    interpret iG: wf-digraph app-iso hom G using assms by (rule wf-digraphI-app-iso)
    show ?thesis
      using assms digraph-isomorphism-inj-on-verts[OF assms]
      by unfold-locales (auto simp: iso-verts-tail iso-verts-head dest: inj-onD no-loops)
  qed

lemma (in nomulti-digraph) nomulti-digraphI-app-iso:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
  shows nomulti-digraph (app-iso hom G)
proof -
  interpret iG: wf-digraph app-iso hom G using assms by (rule wf-digraphI-app-iso)
  show ?thesis
    using assms
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: iso-verts-tail iso-verts-head arc-to-ends-def no-multi-arcs
    dest: inj-onD)
  qed

lemma (in pre-digraph) symmetricI-app-iso:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
  assumes symmetric G
  shows symmetric (app-iso hom G)
proof -
  let ?G = app-iso hom G
  have sym (arcs-ends ?G)
  proof (rule symI)
    fix u v assume u →?G v
    then obtain a where a: a ∈ arcs ?G tail ?G a = u head ?G a = v by auto
    then obtain a0 where a0: a0 ∈ arcs G a = iso-arcs hom a0 by auto
    with ‹symmetric G› obtain b0 where b0 ∈ arcs G tail G b0 = head G a0
    head G b0 = tail G a0
    by (auto simp: symmetric-def arcs-ends-conv elim: symE)
  moreover
  define b where b = iso-arcs hom b0
  ultimately
  have b ∈ iso-arcs hom ‘ arcs G tail ?G b = v head ?G b = u
    using a a0 assms by (auto simp: iso-verts-tail iso-verts-head)
  then show v →?G u by (auto simp: arcs-ends-conv)
  qed
  then show ?thesis by (simp add: symmetric-def)
  qed

lemma (in sym-digraph) sym-digraphI-app-iso:
  assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
  shows sym-digraph (app-iso hom G)
proof -
  interpret iG: wf-digraph app-iso hom G using assms by (rule wf-digraphI-app-iso)
  show ?thesis using assms by unfold-locales (intro symmetricI-app-iso sym-arcs)

```

qed

lemma (in graph) graphI-app-iso:
 assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
 shows graph (app-iso hom G)

proof -

interpret iG: fin-digraph app-iso hom G
 using assms by (rule fin-digraphI-app-iso)
 interpret iG: loopfree-digraph app-iso hom G
 using assms by (rule loopfree-digraphI-app-iso)
 interpret iG: nomulti-digraph app-iso hom G
 using assms by (rule nomulti-digraphI-app-iso)
 interpret iG: sym-digraph app-iso hom G
 using assms by (rule sym-digraphI-app-iso)
 show ?thesis by intro-locales

qed

lemma (in wf-digraph) graph-app-iso-eq:
 assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
 shows graph (app-iso hom G) $\longleftrightarrow$ graph G
 using assms by (metis app-iso-inv digraph-isomorphism-invI graph.graphI-app-iso)

lemma (in pre-digraph) arcs-ends-iso:
 assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
 shows arcs-ends (app-iso hom G) = $(\lambda(u,v). (iso-verts\ hom\ u, iso-verts\ hom\ v))$
 ‘ arcs-ends G
 using assms
 by (auto simp: arcs-ends-conv image-image iso-verts-tail iso-verts-head cong: image-cong)

lemma inj-onI-pair:
 assumes inj-on f S T $\subseteq S \times S$
 shows inj-on $(\lambda(u,v). (f\ u, f\ v))\ T$
 using assms by (intro inj-onI) (auto dest: inj-onD)

lemma (in wf-digraph) complete-digraph-iso:
 assumes digraph-isomorphism hom
 shows $K_n\ (app-iso\ hom\ G) \longleftrightarrow K_n\ G$ (is ?L $\longleftrightarrow$?R)

proof

assume ?L

then interpret iG: graph app-iso hom G by (simp add: complete-digraph-def)
 { have $\{(u, v). u \in iso-verts\ hom\ \text{' } verts\ G \wedge v \in iso-verts\ hom\ \text{' } verts\ G \wedge u \neq v\}$
 $= (\lambda(u,v). (iso-verts\ hom\ u, iso-verts\ hom\ v))\ \text{' } \{(u,v). u \in verts\ G \wedge v \in$
 $verts\ G \wedge iso-verts\ hom\ u \neq iso-verts\ hom\ v\}$ (is ?L = -)
 by auto
 also have $\dots = (\lambda(u,v). (iso-verts\ hom\ u, iso-verts\ hom\ v))\ \text{' } \{(u,v). u \in verts\ G \wedge v \in$
 $verts\ G \wedge u \neq v\}$

```

    using digraph-isomorphism-inj-on-verts[OF assms] by (auto dest: inj-onD)
  finally have ?L = ... .
} note X = this

{ fix A assume A: A  $\subseteq$  verts G  $\times$  verts G
  then have inj-on ( $\lambda(u, v). (iso-verts\ hom\ u, iso-verts\ hom\ v)$ ) A
    using A digraph-isomorphism-inj-on-verts[OF assms] by (intro inj-onI-pair)
  } note Y = this
  have (arcs-ends G  $\cup \{(u, v). u \in \text{verts } G \wedge v \in \text{verts } G \wedge u \neq v\}$ )  $\subseteq$  verts G
 $\times$  verts G
    by auto
  note Y' = Y[OF this]

  show ?R using assms <?L>
  by (simp add: complete-digraph-def X arcs-ends-iso graph-app-iso-eq inj-on-Un-image-eq-iff
Y')
next
  assume ?R then show ?L using assms
  by (fastforce simp add: complete-digraph-def arcs-ends-iso graph-app-iso-eq)
qed

```

8.3.4 Conclusion

definition (in *pre-digraph*)

mk-iso :: (*'a* $\Rightarrow$ *'c*) $\Rightarrow$ (*'b* $\Rightarrow$ *'d*) $\Rightarrow$ (*'a*, *'b*, *'c*, *'d*) *digraph-isomorphism*

where

mk-iso *fv fa* $\equiv$ (λ iso-verts = *fv*, iso-arcs = *fa*,
 iso-head = *fv* o head *G* o the-inv-into (arcs *G*) *fa*,
 iso-tail = *fv* o tail *G* o the-inv-into (arcs *G*) *fa* λ)

lemma (in *pre-digraph*) *mk-iso-simps*[*simp*]:

iso-verts (*mk-iso* *fv fa*) = *fv*
iso-arcs (*mk-iso* *fv fa*) = *fa*
 by (auto simp: *mk-iso-def*)

lemma (in *wf-digraph*) *digraph-isomorphism-mk-iso*:

assumes *inj-on* *fv* (*verts G*) *inj-on* *fa* (*arcs G*)
 shows *digraph-isomorphism* (*mk-iso* *fv fa*)
 using *assms* by (auto simp: *digraph-isomorphism-def mk-iso-def the-inv-into-f-f*
wf-digraph)

definition *pairself* *f* $\equiv$ $\lambda x. \text{case } x \text{ of } (u, v) \Rightarrow (f\ u, f\ v)$

lemma *inj-on-pairself*:

assumes *inj-on* *f* *S* and *T* $\subseteq$ *S* $\times$ *S*
 shows *inj-on* (*pairself* *f*) *T*
 using *assms* unfolding *pairself-def* by (rule *inj-onI-pair*)

definition

$mk\text{-}iso\text{-}nomulti :: ('a, 'b) \text{ pre-digraph} \Rightarrow ('c, 'd) \text{ pre-digraph} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'c) \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c, 'd) \text{ digraph-isomorphism}$

where

$mk\text{-}iso\text{-}nomulti \ G \ H \ fv \equiv ()$
 $iso\text{-}verts = fv,$
 $iso\text{-}arcs = the\text{-}inv\text{-}into \ (arcs \ H) \ (arc\text{-}to\text{-}ends \ H) \ o \ pairself \ fv \ o \ arc\text{-}to\text{-}ends \ G,$
 $iso\text{-}head = head \ H,$
 $iso\text{-}tail = tail \ H$
 $\rangle$

lemma (in *pre-digraph*) $mk\text{-}iso\text{-}simps\text{-}nomulti[simp]$:

$iso\text{-}verts \ (mk\text{-}iso\text{-}nomulti \ G \ H \ fv) = fv$
 $iso\text{-}head \ (mk\text{-}iso\text{-}nomulti \ G \ H \ fv) = head \ H$
 $iso\text{-}tail \ (mk\text{-}iso\text{-}nomulti \ G \ H \ fv) = tail \ H$
by (*auto simp: mk-iso-nomulti-def*)

lemma (in *nomulti-digraph*)

assumes *nomulti-digraph H*
assumes *fv: inj-on fv (verts G) verts H = fv ‘ verts G and arcs-ends: arcs-ends H = pairself fv ‘ arcs-ends G*
shows *digraph-isomorphism-mk-iso-nomulti: digraph-isomorphism (mk-iso-nomulti G H fv) (is ?t-multi)*
and *ap-iso-mk-iso-nomulti-eq: app-iso (mk-iso-nomulti G H fv) G = H (is ?t-app)*
and *digraph-iso-mk-iso-nomulti: digraph-iso G H (is ?t-iso)*
using *assms*
proof –
interpret *H: nomulti-digraph H by fact*
let *?fa = iso-arcs (mk-iso-nomulti G H fv)*

have *fa: bij-betw ?fa (arcs G) (arcs H)*

proof –

have *bij-betw (arc-to-ends G) (arcs G) (arcs-ends G)*

by (*auto simp: bij-betw-def inj-on-arc-to-ends arcs-ends-def*)

also have *bij-betw (pairself fv) (arcs-ends G) (arcs-ends H)*

using *arcs-ends by (auto simp: bij-betw-def arcs-ends-def arc-to-ends-def intro: fv inj-on-pairself)*

also (*bij-betw-trans*) **have** *bij-betw (the-inv-into (arcs H) (arc-to-ends H)) (arcs-ends H) (arcs H)*

by (*auto simp: bij-betw-def the-inv-into-into H.inj-on-arc-to-ends arcs-ends-def inj-on-the-inv-into*)

finally (*bij-betw-trans*) **show** *?thesis*

by (*simp add: mk-iso-nomulti-def o-assoc*)

qed

moreover

{ fix a assume a ∈ arcs G

then have *pairself fv (arc-to-ends G a) ∈ arcs-ends H*

using *arcs-ends by (auto simp: arcs-ends-def)*

then obtain b where (*pairself fv (arc-to-ends G a) = arc-to-ends H b b ∈*

```

arcs H
  by (auto simp: arcs-ends-def)
  then have fv (tail G a) = tail H (?fa a) fv (head G a) = head H (?fa a)
    by (auto simp: mk-iso-nomulti-def the-inv-into-f-f H.inj-on-arc-to-ends)
      (auto simp: pairself-def arc-to-ends-def)
  }
ultimately
show ?t-multi ?t-app using fv by (auto simp: digraph-isomorphism-def bij-betw-def
wf-digraph)
  then show ?t-iso by (auto simp: digraph-iso-def)
qed

lemma complete-digraph-are-iso:
  assumes  $K_n$  G  $K_n$  H shows digraph-iso G H
proof -
  interpret G: graph G using assms by (simp add: complete-digraph-def)
  interpret H: graph H using assms by (simp add: complete-digraph-def)

  from assms have card (verts G) = n card (verts H) = n
    by (auto simp: complete-digraph-def)
  with G.finite-verts H.finite-verts obtain fv where bij-betw fv (verts G) (verts
H)
    by (metis finite-same-card-bij)
  then have fv: inj-on fv (verts G) verts H = fv ‘ verts G by (auto simp:
bij-betw-def)

  have arcs-ends H = {(u,v). u ∈ verts H ∧ v ∈ verts H ∧ u ≠ v}
    using ⟨ $K_n$  H⟩ by (auto simp: complete-digraph-def)
  also have ... = pairself fv ‘ {(u,v). u ∈ verts G ∧ v ∈ verts G ∧ u ≠ v} (is ?L
= ?R)
  proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
    fix x assume x ∈ ?L
    then have fst x ∈ fv ‘ verts G snd x ∈ fv ‘ verts G fst x ≠ snd x
      using fv by auto
    then obtain u v where fst x = fv u snd x = fv v u ∈ verts G v ∈ verts G by
auto
    then have (fst x, snd x) ∈ ?R using ⟨x ∈ ?L⟩ by (auto simp: pairself-def)
    then show x ∈ ?R by auto
  next
    fix x assume x ∈ ?R then show x ∈ ?L
      using fv by (auto simp: pairself-def dest: inj-onD)
  qed
  also have ... = pairself fv ‘ arcs-ends G
    using ⟨ $K_n$  G⟩ by (auto simp: complete-digraph-def)
  finally have arcs-ends: arcs-ends H = pairself fv ‘ arcs-ends G .

  show ?thesis using H.nomulti-digraph fv arcs-ends by (rule G.digraph-iso-mk-iso-nomulti)
qed

```

```

lemma pairself-image-prod:
  pairself  $f \text{ ‘ } (A \times B) = f \text{ ‘ } A \times f \text{ ‘ } B$ 
  by (auto simp: pairself-def)

lemma complete-bipartite-digraph-are-iso:
  assumes  $K_{m,n} \ G \ K_{m,n} \ H$  shows digraph-iso  $G \ H$ 
proof –
  interpret  $G$ : graph  $G$  using assms by (simp add: complete-bipartite-digraph-def)
  interpret  $H$ : graph  $H$  using assms by (simp add: complete-bipartite-digraph-def)

  from assms obtain  $GU \ GV$  where  $G$ -parts: verts  $G = GU \cup GV \ GU \cap GV = \{\}$ 
     $\text{card } GU = m \ \text{card } GV = n \ \text{arcs-ends } G = GU \times GV \cup GV \times GU$ 
    by (auto simp: complete-bipartite-digraph-def)
  from assms obtain  $HU \ HV$  where  $H$ -parts: verts  $H = HU \cup HV \ HU \cap HV = \{\}$ 
     $\text{card } HU = m \ \text{card } HV = n \ \text{arcs-ends } H = HU \times HV \cup HV \times HU$ 
    by (auto simp: complete-bipartite-digraph-def)

  have fin: finite  $GU$  finite  $GV$  finite  $HU$  finite  $HV$ 
    using  $G$ -parts  $H$ -parts  $G$ .finite-verts  $H$ .finite-verts by simp-all

  obtain fv-U where fv-U: bij-betw fv-U  $GU \ HU$ 
    using  $\langle \text{card } GU = \rightarrow \rangle \langle \text{card } HU = \rightarrow \rangle \langle \text{finite } GU \rangle \langle \text{finite } HU \rangle$  by (metis finite-same-card-bij)
  obtain fv-V where fv-V: bij-betw fv-V  $GV \ HV$ 
    using  $\langle \text{card } GV = \rightarrow \rangle \langle \text{card } HV = \rightarrow \rangle \langle \text{finite } GV \rangle \langle \text{finite } HV \rangle$  by (metis finite-same-card-bij)

  define fv where fv  $x = (\text{if } x \in GU \text{ then } \text{fv-U } x \text{ else } \text{fv-V } x)$  for  $x$ 
  have  $\bigwedge x. x \in GV \implies x \notin GU$  using  $\langle GU \cap GV = \{\} \rangle$  by blast
  then have bij-fv-UV: bij-betw fv  $GU \ HU$  bij-betw fv  $GV \ HV$ 
    using fv-U fv-V by (auto simp: fv-def cong: bij-betw-cong)
  then have bij-betw fv (verts  $G$ ) (verts  $H$ )
    unfolding  $\langle \text{verts } G = \rightarrow \rangle \langle \text{verts } H = \rightarrow \rangle$  using  $\langle HU \cap - = \{\} \rangle$  by (rule bij-betw-combine)
  then have fv: inj-on fv (verts  $G$ ) verts  $H = fv \text{ ‘ } \text{verts } G$  by (auto simp: bij-betw-def)

  have arcs-ends  $H = HU \times HV \cup HV \times HU$ 
    using  $\langle K_{m,n} \ H \rangle$   $H$ -parts by (auto simp: complete-digraph-def)
  also have  $\dots = \text{pairself } fv \text{ ‘ } (GU \times GV \cup GV \times GU)$  (is  $?L = ?R$ )
  proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
    fix  $x$  assume  $x \in ?L$ 
    then have  $(fst \ x \in fv \text{ ‘ } GU \wedge snd \ x \in fv \text{ ‘ } GV) \vee (fst \ x \in fv \text{ ‘ } GV \wedge snd \ x \in fv \text{ ‘ } GU)$ 
    using bij-fv-UV by (auto simp: bij-betw-def)
    then show  $x \in ?R$ 
    by (cases  $x$ ) (auto simp: pairself-image-prod image-Un)

```

```

next
  fix x assume x ∈ ?R then show x ∈ ?L
    using bij-fv-UV by (auto simp: pairself-image-prod image-Un bij-betw-def)
  qed
also have ... = pairself fv ' arcs-ends G
  using  $\langle K_{m,n} \rangle$  G-parts by (auto simp: complete-bipartite-digraph-def)
finally have arcs-ends: arcs-ends H = pairself fv ' arcs-ends G .

show ?thesis using H.nomulti-digraph fv arcs-ends by (rule G.digraph-iso-mk-iso-nomulti)
qed

lemma K5-not-comb-planar:
  assumes  $K_5$  G shows  $\neg$ comb-planar G
proof -
  interpret graph G using assms by (auto simp: complete-digraph-def)
  have digraph-iso G c-K5
    using assms complete-c-K5 by (rule complete-digraph-are-iso)
  then obtain hom where hom: digraph-isomorphism hom app-iso hom G = c-K5
    by (auto simp: digraph-iso-def)
  then show ?thesis using c-K5-not-comb-planar comb-planar-iso by fastforce
qed

lemma K33-not-comb-planar:
  assumes  $K_{3,3}$  G shows  $\neg$ comb-planar G
proof -
  interpret graph G using assms by (auto simp: complete-bipartite-digraph-def)
  have digraph-iso G c-K33
    using assms complete-c-K33 by (rule complete-bipartite-digraph-are-iso)
  then obtain hom where hom: digraph-isomorphism hom app-iso hom G = c-K33
    by (auto simp: digraph-iso-def)
  then show ?thesis using c-K33-not-comb-planar comb-planar-iso by fastforce
qed

end

```

9 *n*-step reachability

```

theory Reachablen
imports
  Graph-Theory.Graph-Theory
begin

inductive
  ntranc1-onp :: 'a set  $\Rightarrow$  'a rel  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  for F :: 'a set and r :: 'a rel
where
  ntranc1-on-0:  $a = b \implies a \in F \implies \text{ntranc1-onp } F \text{ } r \text{ } 0 \text{ } a \text{ } b$ 
  | ntranc1-on-Suc:  $(a,b) \in r \implies \text{ntranc1-onp } F \text{ } r \text{ } n \text{ } b \text{ } c \implies a \in F \implies \text{ntranc1-onp } F \text{ } r \text{ } (Suc \text{ } n) \text{ } a \text{ } c$ 

```

```

lemma ntrancl-onpD-rtrancl-on:
  assumes ntrancl-onp  $F\ r\ n\ a\ b$  shows  $(a,b) \in \text{rtrancl-on } F\ r$ 
  using assms by induct (auto intro: converse-rtrancl-on-into-rtrancl-on)

lemma rtrancl-onE-ntrancl-onp:
  assumes  $(a,b) \in \text{rtrancl-on } F\ r$  obtains  $n$  where  $ntrancl-onp\ F\ r\ n\ a\ b$ 
proof atomize-elim
  from assms show  $\exists n. ntrancl-onp\ F\ r\ n\ a\ b$ 
  proof induct
    case base
    then have  $ntrancl-onp\ F\ r\ 0\ b\ b$  by (auto intro: ntrancl-onp.intros)
    then show ?case ..
  next
    case (step a c)
    from  $\langle \exists n. \rightarrow \rangle$  obtain  $n$  where  $ntrancl-onp\ F\ r\ n\ c\ b$  ..
    with  $\langle (a,c) \in r \rangle$  have  $ntrancl-onp\ F\ r\ (Suc\ n)\ a\ b$  using  $\langle a \in F \rangle$  by (rule ntrancl-onp.intros)
    then show ?case ..
  qed
qed

lemma rtrancl-on-conv-ntrancl-onp:  $(a,b) \in \text{rtrancl-on } F\ r \longleftrightarrow (\exists n. ntrancl-onp\ F\ r\ n\ a\ b)$ 
by (metis ntrancl-onpD-rtrancl-on rtrancl-onE-ntrancl-onp)

definition nreachable ::  $('a, 'b)\ \text{pre-digraph} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$   $(\langle - \rightarrow^{\_} \_ \rangle$ 
 $[100,100]\ 40)$  where
   $nreachable\ G\ u\ n\ v \equiv ntrancl-onp\ (\text{verts } G)\ (\text{arcs-ends } G)\ n\ u\ v$ 

context wf-digraph begin

lemma reachableE-nreachable:
  assumes  $u \rightarrow^* v$  obtains  $n$  where  $u \rightarrow^n v$ 
  using assms by (auto simp: reachable-def nreachable-def elim: rtrancl-onE-ntrancl-onp)

lemma converse-nreachable-cases[cases pred: nreachable]:
  assumes  $u \rightarrow^n v$ 
  obtains  $(ntrancl-on\ 0)\ u = v\ n = 0\ u \in \text{verts } G$ 
   $| (ntrancl-on\ Suc)\ w\ m$  where  $u \rightarrow w\ n = Suc\ m\ w \rightarrow^m v$ 
  using assms unfolding nreachable-def by cases auto

lemma converse-nreachable-induct[consumes 1, case-names base step, induct pred: reachable]:
  assumes major:  $u \rightarrow^n_G v$ 
  and cases:  $v \in \text{verts } G \Longrightarrow P\ 0\ v$ 
   $\bigwedge n\ x\ y. \llbracket x \rightarrow_G y; y \rightarrow^n_G v; P\ n\ y \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P\ (Suc\ n)\ x$ 
  shows  $P\ n\ u$ 

```

```

using assms unfolding nreachable-def by induct auto

lemma converse-nreachable-induct-less[consumes 1, case-names base step, induct
pred: reachable]:
  assumes major:  $u \rightarrow^n_G v$ 
  and cases:  $v \in \text{verts } G \implies P \ 0 \ v$ 
   $\bigwedge^n x \ y. \llbracket x \rightarrow_G y; y \rightarrow^n_G v; \bigwedge z \ m. \ m \leq n \implies (z \rightarrow^m_G v) \implies P \ m \ z \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $P \ (\text{Suc } n) \ x$ 
  shows  $P \ n \ u$ 
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge q \ u. \ q \leq n \implies (u \rightarrow^q_G v) \implies P \ q \ u$ 
  proof (induction n arbitrary: u rule: less-induct)
    case (less n)
    show ?case
    proof (cases q)
      case 0 with less show ?thesis by (auto intro: cases elim: converse-nreachable-cases)
    next
      case (Suc q')
      with  $\langle u \rightarrow^{q'} v \rangle$  obtain w where  $u \rightarrow w \ w \rightarrow^{q'} v$  by (auto elim: converse-nreachable-cases)
      then show ?thesis
      unfolding  $\langle q = - \rangle$  using Suc less by (auto intro!: less.IH cases)
    qed
  qed
  with major show ?thesis by auto
qed

end

end
theory Permutations-2
imports
  HOL-Combinatorics.Permutations
  Graph-Theory.Auxiliary
  Executable-Permutations
begin

```

10 More

abbreviation $\text{funswapid} :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a$ (**infix** $\langle \Rightarrow_F \rangle \ 90$) **where**
 $x \Rightarrow_F y \equiv \text{transpose } x \ y$

lemma *in-funswapid-image-iff*: $x \in (a \Rightarrow_F b) \text{ ' } S \longleftrightarrow (a \Rightarrow_F b) \ x \in S$
by (*fact in-transpose-image-iff*)

lemma *bij-swap-compose*: $\text{bij } (x \Rightarrow_F y \circ f) \longleftrightarrow \text{bij } f$
by (*metis UNIV-I bij-betw-comp-iff2 bij-betw-id bij-swap-iff subsetI*)

lemma *bij-eq-iff*:

assumes *bij f* **shows** $f\ x = f\ y \longleftrightarrow x = y$
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp add: bij-iff*)

lemma *swap-swap-id[simp]*: $(x \Rightarrow_F y) ((x \Rightarrow_F y) z) = z$
by (*fact transpose-involutory*)

11 Modifying Permutations

definition *perm-swap* :: $'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a)$ **where**
perm-swap $x\ y\ f \equiv x \Rightarrow_F y\ o\ f\ o\ x \Rightarrow_F y$

definition *perm-rem* :: $'a \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a)$ **where**
perm-rem $x\ f \equiv \text{if } f\ x \neq x \text{ then } x \Rightarrow_F f\ x\ o\ f \text{ else } f$

An example:

perm-rem 2 (*list-succ* [1, 2, 3, 4]) $x = \text{list-succ}$ [1, 3, 4] x

lemma *perm-swap-id[simp]*: *perm-swap* $a\ b\ \text{id} = \text{id}$
by (*auto simp: perm-swap-def*)

lemma *perm-rem-permutes*:
assumes $f\ \text{permutes } S \cup \{x\}$
shows *perm-rem* $x\ f\ \text{permutes } S$
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: permutes-def perm-rem-def*) (*metis transpose-def*)+

lemma *perm-rem-same*:
assumes $\text{bij } f\ f\ y = y$ **shows** *perm-rem* $x\ f\ y = f\ y$
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: perm-rem-def bij-iff transpose-def*)

lemma *perm-rem-simps*:
assumes *bij f*
shows
 $x = y \implies \text{perm-rem } x\ f\ y = x$
 $f\ y = x \implies \text{perm-rem } x\ f\ y = f\ x$
 $y \neq x \implies f\ y \neq x \implies \text{perm-rem } x\ f\ y = f\ y$
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: perm-rem-def transpose-def bij-iff*)

lemma *bij-perm-rem[simp]*: $\text{bij } (\text{perm-rem } x\ f) \longleftrightarrow \text{bij } f$
by (*simp add: perm-rem-def bij-swap-compose*)

lemma *perm-rem-conv*: $\bigwedge f\ x\ y. \text{bij } f \implies \text{perm-rem } x\ f\ y = ($
 $\text{if } x = y \text{ then } x$
 $\text{else if } f\ y = x \text{ then } f\ (f\ y)$
 $\text{else } f\ y)$
by (*auto simp: perm-rem-simps*)

lemma *perm-rem-commutes*:
assumes *bij f* **shows** *perm-rem* $a\ (\text{perm-rem } b\ f) = \text{perm-rem } b\ (\text{perm-rem } a\ f)$
proof –

have *bij-simp*: $\bigwedge x y. f x = f y \longleftrightarrow x = y$
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: bij-iff*)
show *?thesis* **using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: perm-rem-conv bij-simp fun-eq-iff*)
qed

lemma *perm-rem-id[simp]*: *perm-rem a id = id*
by (*simp add: perm-rem-def*)

lemma *perm-swap-comp*: *perm-swap a b (f $\circ$ g) x = perm-swap a b f (perm-swap a b g x)*
by (*auto simp: perm-swap-def*)

lemma *bij-perm-swap-iff[simp]*: *bij (perm-swap a b f) $\longleftrightarrow$ bij f*
by (*simp add: bij-swap-compose bij-swap-iff perm-swap-def*)

lemma *funpow-perm-swap*: *perm-swap a b f $\sim^n$ = perm-swap a b (f $\sim^n$)*
by (*induct n*) (*auto simp: perm-swap-def fun-eq-iff*)

lemma *orbit-perm-swap*: *orbit (perm-swap a b f) x = (a $\rightleftharpoons_F$ b) ‘ orbit f ((a $\rightleftharpoons_F$ b) x)*
by (*auto simp: orbit-altdef funpow-perm-swap*) (*auto simp: perm-swap-def*)

lemma *has-dom-perm-swap*: *has-dom (perm-swap a b f) S = has-dom f ((a $\rightleftharpoons_F$ b) ‘ S)*
by (*auto simp: has-dom-def perm-swap-def inj-image-mem-iff*) (*metis image-iff swap-swap-id*)

lemma *perm-restrict-dom-subset*:
assumes *has-dom f A* **shows** *perm-restrict f A = f*
proof –
from *assms* **have** $\bigwedge x. x \notin A \implies f x = x$ **by** (*auto simp: has-dom-def*)
then show *?thesis* **by** (*auto simp: perm-restrict-def fun-eq-iff*)
qed

lemma *perm-swap-permutes2*:
assumes *f permutes ((x $\rightleftharpoons_F$ y) ‘ S)*
shows *perm-swap x y f permutes S*
using *assms*
by (*auto simp: perm-swap-def permutes-conv-has-dom has-dom-perm-swap [unfolded perm-swap-def] intro!: bij-comp*)

12 Cyclic Permutations

lemma *cyclic-on-perm-swap*:
assumes *cyclic-on f S* **shows** *cyclic-on (perm-swap x y f) ((x $\rightleftharpoons_F$ y) ‘ S)*
using *assms* **by** (*rule cyclic-on-image*) (*auto simp: perm-swap-def*)

lemma *orbit-perm-rem*:
assumes *bij f x $\neq$ y* **shows** *orbit (perm-rem y f) x = orbit f x - {y}* (**is** *?L =*

```

?R)
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix z assume z ∈ ?L
  then show z ∈ ?R
    using assms by induct (auto simp: perm-rem-conv bij-iff intro: orbit.intros)
next
  fix z assume A: z ∈ ?R

  { assume z ∈ orbit f x
    then have (z ≠ y → z ∈ ?L) ∧ (z = y → f z ∈ ?L)
    proof induct
      case base with assms show ?case by (auto intro: orbit-eqI(1) simp: perm-rem-conv)
    next
      case (step z) then show ?case
        using assms by (cases y = z) (auto intro: orbit-eqI simp: perm-rem-conv)
      qed
    } with A show z ∈ ?L by auto
  qed

lemma orbit-perm-rem-eq:
  assumes bij f shows orbit (perm-rem y f) x = (if x = y then {y} else orbit f x - {y})
  using assms by (simp add: orbit-eq-singleton-iff orbit-perm-rem perm-rem-simps)

lemma cyclic-on-perm-rem:
  assumes cyclic-on f S bij f S ≠ {x} shows cyclic-on (perm-rem x f) (S - {x})
  using assms[unfolded cyclic-on-alldef] by (simp add: cyclic-on-def orbit-perm-rem-eq)
auto

end
theory Planar-Subdivision
imports
  Graph-Genus
  Reachablen
  Permutations-2
begin

```

13 Combinatorial Planarity and Subdivisions

```

locale subdiv1-contr = subdiv-step +
  fixes HM
  assumes H-map: digraph-map H HM
  assumes edge-rev-conv: edge-rev HM = rev-H

sublocale subdiv1-contr ⊆ H: digraph-map H HM
  rewrites edge-rev HM = rev-H by (intro H-map edge-rev-conv)+

sublocale subdiv1-contr ⊆ G: fin-digraph G
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: arcs-G verts-G)

```

context *subdiv1-contr* **begin**

definition *GM* :: 'b *pre-map* **where**

GM ≡
 (| *edge-rev* = *rev-G*
 , *edge-succ* = *perm-swap* *uw uv* (*perm-swap* *vw vu* (*fold perm-rem* [*wu, uv*]
 (*edge-succ* *HM*))))
 |)

lemma *edge-rev-GM*: *edge-rev GM* = *rev-G*
by (*simp add: GM-def*)

lemma *edge-succ-GM*: *edge-succ GM* = *perm-swap* *uw uv* (*perm-swap* *vw* (*rev-G*
uv) (*fold perm-rem* [*wu, uv*] (*edge-succ* *HM*))))
by (*simp add: GM-def*)

lemma *rev-H-eq-rev-G*:

assumes $x \in \text{arcs } G - \{uv, vu\}$ **shows** *rev-H* *x* = *rev-G* *x*

proof –

have *perm-restrict* *rev-H* (*arcs* *G*) = *perm-restrict* *rev-G* (*arcs* *H*)

using *subdiv-step* **by** (*auto simp: subdivision-step-def*)

with *assms* **show** ?thesis

unfolding *arcs-H* **by** (*auto simp: perm-restrict-def fun-eq-iff split: if-splits*)

qed

lemma *edge-succ-permutes*: *edge-succ GM* *permutes* *arcs* *G*

proof –

have *arcs* *H* ⊆ (*vw* ⇒_F *rev-G* *uv*) ‘ (*uw* ⇒_F *uv*) ‘ *arcs* *G* ∪ {*wv*} ∪ {*wu*}

using *subdiv-distinct-arcs in-arcs-G*

by (*auto simp: arcs-H in-funswapid-image-iff transpose-def split: if-splits*)

then have *perm-swap* *uw uv* (*perm-swap* *vw* (*rev-G* *uv*) (*perm-rem* (*wv*)
 (*perm-rem* (*wu*) (*edge-succ* *HM*)))) *permutes* *arcs* *G*

by (*blast intro: perm-rem-permutes perm-swap-permutes2 permutes-subset*
H.edge-succ-permutes)

then show ?thesis **by** (*auto simp: edge-succ-GM*)

qed

lemma *out-arcs-empty*:

assumes $x \in \text{verts } G$

shows *out-arcs* *G* *x* = {} ⟷ *out-arcs* *H* *x* = {}

proof

assume *A*: *out-arcs* *H* *x* = {}

have *tail-eqI*: $\bigwedge a. \text{tail } H \ a = \text{tail } G \ a$ **by** (*simp only: tail-eq*)

{ **fix** *a* **assume** $a \in \text{out-arcs } G \ x$

moreover have $a \in \text{arcs } H \implies a \neq uv \ a \in \text{arcs } H \implies a \neq vu$

using *not-in-arcs-H* **by** *auto*

ultimately have ($uw \Rightarrow_F uv$) (($vw \Rightarrow_F vu$) *a*) ∈ *out-arcs* *H* *x*

```

    using subdiv-distinct-arcs in-arcs-H not-in-arcs-H
    by (auto simp: arcs-G intro: tail-eqI)
  }
  then show out-arcs G x = {}
    using A by (auto simp del: in-out-arcs-conv)
next
  assume A: out-arcs G x = {}
  have tail-eqI:  $\bigwedge a. \text{tail } H a = \text{tail } G a$  by (simp only: tail-eq)

  { fix a assume a  $\in$  out-arcs H x
    moreover have  $x \neq w$  using assms not-in-verts-G by blast
    ultimately have  $(uw \Rightarrow_F uv) ((vw \Rightarrow_F vu) a) \in \text{out-arcs } G x$ 
      using subdiv-distinct-arcs in-arcs-G not-in-arcs-G
      by (auto simp: arcs-H ) (auto simp: transpose-def intro: tail-eqI[symmetric])
  }
  then show out-arcs H x = {}
    using A by (auto simp del: in-out-arcs-conv)
qed

lemma cyclic-on-edge-succ:
  assumes  $x \in \text{verts } G$  out-arcs G x  $\neq \{\}$ 
  shows cyclic-on (edge-succ GM) (out-arcs G x)
proof -
  have oa-Gx: out-arcs G x =  $(uw \Rightarrow_F uv) \text{ ' } (vw \Rightarrow_F vu) \text{ ' } (\text{out-arcs } H x - \{wu\} - \{wv\})$ 
  using subdiv-distinct-arcs not-in-arcs-G in-arcs-G
  by (auto simp: in-funswapid-image-iff arcs-H transpose-def tail-eq[symmetric]
    split: if-splits)

  have cyclic-on (perm-swap uw uv (perm-swap vw (rev-G uv) (perm-rem (wu)
    (perm-rem (wu) (edge-succ HM)))))) (out-arcs G x)
  unfolding oa-Gx
proof (intro cyclic-on-perm-swap cyclic-on-perm-rem)
  show cyclic-on (edge-succ HM) (out-arcs H x)
    using assms by (auto simp: out-arcs-empty verts-H intro: H.edge-succ-cyclic)
  show bij (edge-succ HM) by (simp add: H.bij-edge-succ)
  show bij (perm-rem (wu) (edge-succ HM)) by (simp add: H.bij-edge-succ)

  have  $x \neq w$  using assms not-in-verts-G by auto
  then have  $wu \notin \text{out-arcs } H x$   $wv \notin \text{out-arcs } H x$ 
    by (auto simp: arc-to-ends-def)
  then show  $\text{out-arcs } H x - \{wu\} \neq \{wv\}$   $\text{out-arcs } H x \neq \{wu\}$ 
    by blast+
qed
then show ?thesis by (simp add: edge-succ-GM)
qed

lemma digraph-map-GM:
  shows digraph-map G GM

```

by *unfold-locals* (auto simp: edge-rev-GM G.arev-dom edge-succ-permutes
cyclic-on-edge-succ verts-G)

end

sublocale *subdiv1-contr* $\subseteq$ GM: *digraph-map* G GM by (rule *digraph-map-GM*)

context *subdiv1-contr* begin

lemma *reachableGD*:

assumes $x \rightarrow^*_G y$ shows $x \rightarrow^*_H y$

using *assms*

proof *induct*

case *base* then show ?case by (auto simp: *verts-H*)

next

case (step $x z$)

moreover

have $u \rightarrow^*_H v \rightarrow^*_H u$ using *adj-with-w* by auto

moreover

{ assume $A: (x, z) \neq (u, v) \ (x, z) \neq (v, u)$

from $\langle x \rightarrow_G z \rangle$ obtain a where $a \in \text{arcs } G \ \text{tail } G \ a = x \ \text{head } G \ a = z$

by *auto*

with A have $a \in \text{arcs } H \ \text{arc-to-ends } H \ a = (x, z) \ \text{tail } H \ a = x \ \text{head } G \ a = z$

by (auto simp: *arcs-H* *tail-eq* *head-eq* *arc-to-ends-def* *fun-eq-iff*)

then have $x \rightarrow_H z$ by (auto simp: *arcs-ends-def* *intro: rev-image-eqI*)

}

ultimately

show ?case by (auto *intro: H.reachable-trans*)

qed

definition *proj-verts-H* :: $'a \Rightarrow 'a$ where

proj-verts-H $x \equiv$ if $x = w$ then u else x

lemma *proj-verts-H-in-G*: $x \in \text{verts } H \implies \text{proj-verts-H } x \in \text{verts } G$

using *in-verts-G* by (auto simp: *proj-verts-H-def* *verts-H*)

lemma *dominatesHD*:

assumes $x \rightarrow_H y$ shows *proj-verts-H* $x \rightarrow^*_G$ *proj-verts-H* y

proof -

have $X1: \bigwedge a. (w, y) = \text{arc-to-ends } G \ a \implies a \notin \text{arcs } G$

by (metis *G.adj-in-verts*(1) *G.dominatesI* *not-in-verts-G*)

have $X2: \bigwedge a. (x, w) = \text{arc-to-ends } G \ a \implies a \notin \text{arcs } G$

by (metis *G.adj-in-verts*(2) *G.dominatesI* *not-in-verts-G*)

show ?thesis

using *assms* *subdiv-ate-H-rev* *subdiv-ate in-verts-G*

by (auto simp: *arcs-ends-def* *arcs-H* *arc-to-ends-eq* *proj-verts-H-def* *G-reach*

dest: X1 X2)

qed

lemma *reachableHD*:
assumes *reach*: $x \rightarrow^*_H y$ **shows** *proj-verts-H* $x \rightarrow^*_G \text{proj-verts-H } y$
using *assms* **by** *induct* (*blast intro: proj-verts-H-in-G G.reachable-trans dominatesHD*)**+**

lemma *H-reach-conv*: $\bigwedge x y. x \rightarrow^*_H y \longleftrightarrow \text{proj-verts-H } x \rightarrow^*_G \text{proj-verts-H } y$
using *w-reach* **by** (*auto simp: reachableHD*)
(*auto simp: proj-verts-H-def verts-H split: if-splits dest: reachableGD intro: H.reachable-trans*)

lemma *sccs-eq*: $G.\text{sccs-verts} = (\cdot) \text{proj-verts-H } H.\text{sccs-verts}$ (**is** $?L = ?R$)
proof (*intro set-eqI iffI*)
fix *S* **assume** $S \in ?L$
then have $w \notin S$ **using** *G.sccs-verts-subsets not-in-verts-G* **by** *blast*
then have *S-eq*: $\text{proj-verts-H } \cdot \text{proj-verts-H } - \cdot S = S$
by (*auto simp: proj-verts-H-def intro: range-eqI*)
then have $\text{proj-verts-H } - \cdot S \neq \{\}$ **using** $\langle S \in ?L \rangle$ **by** *safe* (*auto simp: G.sccs-verts-def*)
with $\langle S \in ?L \rangle$ **have** $\text{proj-verts-H } - \cdot S \in H.\text{sccs-verts}$
by (*auto simp: G.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable H.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable H-reach-conv*)
then have $\text{proj-verts-H } \cdot \text{proj-verts-H } - \cdot S \in (\cdot) \text{proj-verts-H } H.\text{sccs-verts}$
by (*rule imageI*)
then show $S \in ?R$ **by** (*simp only: S-eq*)
next
fix *S* **assume** $S \in ?R$
have $X: \bigwedge v x. v \notin \text{proj-verts-H } \cdot x \implies v = w \vee (\exists y. v = \text{proj-verts-H } y \wedge y \notin x)$
by (*auto simp: proj-verts-H-def split: if-splits*)
from $\langle S \in ?R \rangle$ **show** $S \in ?L$
using *not-in-verts-G* **by** (*fastforce simp: G.reachable-in-verts G.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable H.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable H-reach-conv dest: X*)
qed

lemma *inj-on-proj-verts-H*: *inj-on* $((\cdot) \text{proj-verts-H})$ (*pre-digraph.sccs-verts H*)
proof (*rule inj-onI*)
fix *S T* **assume** $A: S \in H.\text{sccs-verts } T \in H.\text{sccs-verts } \text{proj-verts-H } \cdot S = \text{proj-verts-H } \cdot T$
have $\bigwedge x. w \notin x \implies \text{proj-verts-H } \cdot x = x$ **by** (*auto simp: proj-verts-H-def*)
with *A* **have** $S \neq T \implies S \cap T \neq \{\}$
by (*metis H.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable Int-iff empty-iff image-eqI proj-verts-H-def w-reach(1,2)*)
then show $S = T$ **using** *H.sccs-verts-disjoint[OF A(1,2)]* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *card-sccs-verts*: $\text{card } G.\text{sccs-verts} = \text{card } H.\text{sccs-verts}$
unfolding *sccs-eq* **by** (*intro card-image inj-on-proj-verts-H*)

lemma *card-sccs-eq*: $\text{card } G.\text{sccs} = \text{card } H.\text{sccs}$
using *card-sccs-verts* *G.inj-on-verts-sccs* *H.inj-on-verts-sccs*
by (*auto simp: G.sccs-verts-conv H.sccs-verts-conv card-image*)

lemma *isolated-verts-eq*: $G.\text{isolated-verts} = H.\text{isolated-verts}$
by (*auto simp: G.isolated-verts-def H.isolated-verts-def verts-H out-arcs-w dest: out-arcs-empty*)

lemma *card-verts*: $\text{card } (\text{verts } H) = \text{card } (\text{verts } G) + 1$
unfolding *verts-H* **using** *not-in-verts-G* **by** *auto*

lemma *card-arcs*: $\text{card } (\text{arcs } H) = \text{card } (\text{arcs } G) + 2$
unfolding *arcs-H* **using** *not-in-arcs-G* *subdiv-distinct-arcs* *in-arcs-G* **by** (*auto simp: card-insert-if*)

lemma *edge-succ-wu*: $\text{edge-succ } HM \text{ } wu = wv$
using *out-arcs-w* *out-degree-w* *edge-succ-permutes* *H.edge-succ-cyclic*[*of w*]
by (*auto elim: eq-on-cyclic-on-iff1* [**where** $x=wu$] *simp: verts-H out-degree-def*)

lemma *edge-succ-wv*: $\text{edge-succ } HM \text{ } wv = wu$
using *out-arcs-w* *out-degree-w* *edge-succ-permutes* *H.edge-succ-cyclic*[*of w*]
by (*auto elim: eq-on-cyclic-on-iff1* [**where** $x=wv$] *simp: verts-H out-degree-def*)

lemmas *edge-succ-w* = *edge-succ-wu* *edge-succ-wv*

lemma *H-face-cycle-succ*:
 $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } uw = wv$
 $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } vw = wu$
unfolding *H.face-cycle-succ-def* **by** (*auto simp: edge-succ-w*)

lemma *H-edge-succ-tail-eqD*:
assumes $\text{edge-succ } HM \text{ } a = b$ **shows** $\text{tail } H \text{ } a = \text{tail } H \text{ } b$
using *assms* *H.tail-edge-succ*[*of a*] **by** *auto*

lemma *YYY*:
 $(wu \Rightarrow_F wv) (\text{edge-succ } HM \text{ } vw) = (\text{edge-succ } HM \text{ } wv)$
 $(wu \Rightarrow_F wv) (\text{edge-succ } HM \text{ } uw) = (\text{edge-succ } HM \text{ } wv)$
using *H.edge-succ-cyclic*[*of w*] *subdiv-distinct-verts0*
by (*auto simp: Transposition.transpose-def dest: H-edge-succ-tail-eqD*)

Project arcs of H to corresponding arcs of G

definition *proj-arcs-H* :: $'b \Rightarrow 'b$ **where**
 $\text{proj-arcs-H } x \equiv$
 $\text{if } x = uw \vee x = wv \text{ then } uv$
 $\text{else if } x = vw \vee x = wu \text{ then } vu$
 $\text{else } x$

Project arcs of G to corresponding arcs of H

definition *proj-arcs-G* :: $'b \Rightarrow 'b$ **where**

$\text{proj-arcs-}G \ x \equiv$
 if $x = uv$ then uw
 else if $x = vu$ then vw
 else x

lemma *proj-arcs-H-simps*[simp]:

$\text{proj-arcs-}H \ uw = uv$
 $\text{proj-arcs-}H \ uv = uv$
 $\text{proj-arcs-}H \ vw = vu$
 $\text{proj-arcs-}H \ wu = vu$
 $x \notin \{uw, vw, wu, uv\} \implies \text{proj-arcs-}H \ x = x$
 $a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{proj-arcs-}H \ a = a$
using *subdiv-distinct-arcs not-in-arcs-G* **by** (auto simp: *proj-arcs-H-def*)

lemma *proj-arcs-H-in-arcs-G*: $a \in \text{arcs } H \implies \text{proj-arcs-}H \ a \in \text{arcs } G$
using *subdiv-distinct-arcs in-arcs-G* **by** (auto simp: *proj-arcs-H-def arcs-H*)

lemma *proj-arcs-eq-swap*:

assumes $a \notin \{uv, vu, wu, uv\}$
shows $\text{proj-arcs-}H \ a = (uw \Rightarrow_F uv \circ vw \Rightarrow_F vu) \ a$
using *assms subdiv-distinct-arcs* **by** (cases $a \in \{uw, vw\}$) auto

lemma *proj-arcs-G-simps*:

$\text{proj-arcs-}G \ uv = uw$
 $\text{proj-arcs-}G \ vu = vw$
 $a \notin \{uv, vu\} \implies \text{proj-arcs-}G \ a = a$
using *subdiv-distinct-arcs not-in-arcs-G* **by** (auto simp: *swap-id-eq proj-arcs-G-def*)

lemma *proj-arcs-G-in-arcs-H*:

assumes $a \in \text{arcs } G$ **shows** $\text{proj-arcs-}G \ a \in \text{arcs } H$
using *assms subdiv-distinct-arcs* **by** (auto simp: *proj-arcs-G-def arcs-H*)

lemma *proj-arcs-HG*: $a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{proj-arcs-}H \ (\text{proj-arcs-}G \ a) = a$
by (auto simp: *proj-arcs-G-def*)

lemma *fcs-proj-arcs-GH*:

assumes $a \in \text{arcs } H$ **shows** $H.\text{face-cycle-set} \ (\text{proj-arcs-}G \ (\text{proj-arcs-}H \ a)) =$
 $H.\text{face-cycle-set} \ a$
proof –
have $H.\text{face-cycle-set} \ vw = H.\text{face-cycle-set} \ wu \ H.\text{face-cycle-set} \ uw = H.\text{face-cycle-set}$
 wv
unfolding *H.face-cycle-set-def* **by** (auto simp add: *H-face-cycle-succ[symmetric]*
self-in-orbit-step H.permutation-face-cycle-succ permutation-self-in-orbit)
then show *?thesis*
using *assms not-in-arcs-H* **by** (cases $a \in \{uv, vu, uw, wu, vw, wv\}$) (auto simp:
proj-arcs-G-simps)
qed

lemma *H-face-cycle-succ-neq-uv*:

$a \notin \{uv, vu\} \implies H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a \notin \{uv, vu\}$
using *not-in-arcs-H* **by** (*cases* $a \in \text{arcs } H$) (*auto dest: H.face-cycle-succ-in-arcsI*)

lemma *face-cycle-succ-choose-inter*:
 $\{H.\text{face-cycle-succ } uw, H.\text{face-cycle-succ } vw, H.\text{face-cycle-succ } wu, H.\text{face-cycle-succ } wv\} \cap \{uv, vu\} = \{\}$
using *subdiv-distinct-arcs H-face-cycle-succ-neq-uv* **by** *safe (simp-all, metis+)*

lemma *face-cycle-succ-choose-neq*:
 $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } wu \notin \{wu, wv\}$
 $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } wv \notin \{wu, wv\}$
using *subdiv-distinct-verts0 in-arcs-H*
by (*auto simp del: H.edge-rev-in-arcs dest: H.tail-face-cycle-succ*)

lemma *H-face-cycle-succ-G-not-in*:
assumes $a \in \text{arcs } G$ **shows** $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a \notin \{wu, wv\}$
proof (*cases* $a \in \{uv, vu\}$)
case *True* **with** *assms* **show** *?thesis* **using** *subdiv-distinct-arcs* **by** (*auto simp: arcs-H*)
next
case *False* **with** *assms* **have** $a \in \text{arcs } H$ **by** (*auto simp: arcs-H*)
from *assms* **have** $\text{head } H \ a \neq w$ **by** (*auto simp: head-eq verts-G arcs-H dest: G.head-in-verts*)
then show *?thesis* **using** $H.\text{tail-face-cycle-succ}[OF \ \langle a \in \text{arcs } H \rangle]$ **by** *auto*
qed

lemma
 $\text{face-cycle-succ-uv: } GM.\text{face-cycle-succ } uv = \text{proj-arcs-H } (H.\text{face-cycle-succ } uv)$
and
 $\text{face-cycle-succ-vu: } GM.\text{face-cycle-succ } vu = \text{proj-arcs-H } (H.\text{face-cycle-succ } wu)$
unfolding $GM.\text{face-cycle-succ-def edge-rev-GM edge-succ-GM}$
using *face-cycle-succ-choose-neq face-cycle-succ-choose-inter subdiv-distinct-arcs*
apply (*auto simp: fun-eq-iff perm-swap-def*)
apply (*auto simp: perm-rem-def edge-succ-w H.face-cycle-succ-def YYY proj-arcs-H-def*)
done

lemma *face-cycle-succ-not-uv*:
assumes $a \in \text{arcs } G$ $a \notin \{uv, vu\}$
shows $GM.\text{face-cycle-succ } a = \text{proj-arcs-H } (H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a)$
proof –
have $GM.\text{face-cycle-succ } a = (uw \Rightarrow_F uv) ((vw \Rightarrow_F \text{rev-G } uv) (\text{perm-rem } (wv) (\text{perm-rem } (wu) (\text{edge-succ } HM)))) (((vw \Rightarrow_F vu) ((uw \Rightarrow_F uv) (\text{rev-G } a))))))$
by (*simp add: GM.face-cycle-succ-def perm-swap-def edge-succ-GM edge-rev-GM*)
also have $(vw \Rightarrow_F vu) ((uw \Rightarrow_F uv) (\text{rev-G } a)) = \text{rev-G } a$
using *assms not-in-arcs-G* **by** (*auto simp: transpose-def G.arev-eq-iff*)
also have $\text{perm-rem } (wv) (\text{perm-rem } (wu) (\text{edge-succ } HM)) (\text{rev-G } a) = \text{edge-succ } HM (\text{rev-G } a)$
proof –
have $*$: $\bigwedge a. \text{tail } H \ a \neq w \implies (wu \Rightarrow_F wv) \ a = a$ **by** (*auto simp: transpose-def*)

```

    from assms have head H a ≠ w tail H (rev-G a) = head H a
    by (auto simp: tail-eq head-eq verts-G dest: G.head-in-verts)
    then have ((wu ⇒F wv) (edge-succ HM (rev-G a))) = edge-succ HM (rev-G
a)
    by (intro *) auto
    then show ?thesis by (auto simp: perm-rem-def edge-succ-w)
qed
also have edge-succ HM (rev-G a) = H.face-cycle-succ a
    using assms unfolding H.face-cycle-succ-def by (simp add: rev-H-eq-rev-G)
also have (uw ⇒F wv) ((vw ⇒F rev-G uv) (H.face-cycle-succ a)) = proj-arcs-H
(H.face-cycle-succ a)
proof -
    from assms have a ∈ arcs H by (auto simp: arcs-H)
    then have fcs-not-in: H.face-cycle-succ a ∉ {uv, vu, wu, wv}
    using assms H.face-cycle-succ-G-not-in in-arcs-G not-in-arcs-H
    by (auto simp del: G.arev-in-arcs dest: H.face-cycle-succ-closed[THEN
iffD2])
    then show ?thesis by (auto simp add: proj-arcs-eq-swap)
qed
finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

lemmas $G\text{-face-cycle-succ} = \text{face-cycle-succ-}uv \text{ face-cycle-succ-}vu \text{ face-cycle-succ-not-}uv$

```

lemma in-G-fcs-in-H-fcs:
  assumes a ∈ arcs G
  assumes x ∈ GM.face-cycle-set a
  shows x ∈ proj-arcs-H ' H.face-cycle-set (proj-arcs-G a)
  using ⟨x ∈ -⟩
proof induct
  case base show ?case
    by (rule rev-image-eqI[where x=proj-arcs-G a]) (auto simp: ⟨a ∈ arcs G⟩
proj-arcs-G-def)
  next
    case (step b)
    { fix x assume x ∈ H.face-cycle-set (proj-arcs-G a)
      then have x ∈ arcs H
      using ⟨a ∈ arcs G⟩ by (auto dest: H.in-face-cycle-setD simp: proj-arcs-G-in-arcs-H)
      moreover
      then have x ∉ {uv,vu} x ∉ {uw,wu,vw,wv} ⇒ x ∈ arcs G
      using ⟨a ∈ arcs G⟩ by (auto simp: arcs-H dest: H.in-face-cycle-setD)
      ultimately
      have GM.face-cycle-succ (proj-arcs-H x) ∈ {proj-arcs-H (H.face-cycle-succ
x),
proj-arcs-H (H.face-cycle-succ (H.face-cycle-succ x))}
      by (cases x ∈ {uw,vw,wu,wv}) (auto simp: G-face-cycle-succ H-face-cycle-succ)
    }
    moreover
    have b ∈ arcs G

```

```

    using step(1) ⟨a ∈ arcs G⟩ by (simp add: GM.in-face-cycle-setD GM.face-cycle-set-def)
    ultimately
    show ?case using ⟨b ∈ arcs G⟩ step(2) by (auto intro: H.face-cycle-succ-inI)
  qed

lemma in-H-fcs-in-G-fcs:
  assumes a ∈ arcs H
  assumes x ∈ H.face-cycle-set a
  shows x ∈ proj-arcs-H - ' GM.face-cycle-set (proj-arcs-H a)
  using ⟨x ∈ -⟩
proof induct
  case base then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step y)
  then have y ∈ arcs H using ⟨a ∈ arcs H⟩ by (auto dest: H.in-face-cycle-setD)
  moreover then have y ∉ {uv, vu} by (fastforce simp: arcs-H)
  ultimately have proj-arcs-H (H.face-cycle-succ y) = GM.face-cycle-succ (proj-arcs-H
y)
    ∨ proj-arcs-H (H.face-cycle-succ y) = proj-arcs-H y
  by (cases y ∈ {uv, vw, wv, wu}) (auto simp: H-face-cycle-succ G-face-cycle-succ
arcs-G)
  with step show ?case by (auto intro: GM.face-cycle-succ-inI)
qed

lemma G-fcs-eq:
  assumes a ∈ arcs G
  shows GM.face-cycle-set a = proj-arcs-H ' H.face-cycle-set (proj-arcs-G a) (is
?L = ?R)
  using assms by (auto dest: in-H-fcs-in-G-fcs[rotated] in-G-fcs-in-H-fcs[rotated]
simp: proj-arcs-G-in-arcs-H proj-arcs-HG)

lemma H-fcs-eq:
  assumes a ∈ arcs H
  shows proj-arcs-H ' H.face-cycle-set a = GM.face-cycle-set (proj-arcs-H a)
  using assms by (auto dest: in-H-fcs-in-G-fcs[rotated] in-G-fcs-in-H-fcs[rotated]
simp: proj-arcs-H-in-arcs-G fcs-proj-arcs-GH)

lemma face-cycle-sets:
  shows GM.face-cycle-sets = (') proj-arcs-H ' H.face-cycle-sets (is ?L = ?R)
  unfolding GM.face-cycle-sets-def H.face-cycle-sets-def
  by (blast intro!: H-fcs-eq G-fcs-eq proj-arcs-G-in-arcs-H proj-arcs-H-in-arcs-G)

lemma inj-on-proj-arcs-H: inj-on ((') proj-arcs-H) H.face-cycle-sets
proof (rule inj-onI)
  fix A B assume fcs: A ∈ H.face-cycle-sets B ∈ H.face-cycle-sets
  and pa-eq: proj-arcs-H ' A = proj-arcs-H ' B

  have xw-iff-wy:
    ∧X. X ∈ H.face-cycle-sets ⟹ uw ∈ X ⟷ vw ∈ X

```

```

 $\bigwedge X. X \in H.\text{face-cycle-sets} \implies vw \in X \iff wu \in X$ 
using H-face-cycle-succ by (auto simp: H.face-cycle-sets-def dest: H.face-cycle-succ-inI
intro: H.face-cycle-succ-inD)

have not-in-A:  $uv \notin A \vee vu \notin A$  and not-in-B:  $vu \notin B \vee uv \notin B$ 
using fcs not-in-arcs-H by (auto dest: H.in-face-cycle-setsD)

have  $A = \text{proj-arcs-}H - \{uv, vu\}$ 
using subdiv-distinct-arcs not-in-A by (auto simp: proj-arcs-H-def xw-iff-wy [OF
fcs(1)] split: if-splits)
also have  $\dots = \text{proj-arcs-}H - \{uv, vu\}$  by (simp add:
pa-eq)
also have  $\dots = B$ 
using subdiv-distinct-arcs not-in-B by (auto simp: proj-arcs-H-def xw-iff-wy [OF
fcs(2)] split: if-splits)
finally show  $A = B$  .
qed

lemma card-face-cycle-sets:  $\text{card } GM.\text{face-cycle-sets} = \text{card } H.\text{face-cycle-sets}$ 
unfolding face-cycle-sets using inj-on-proj-arcs-H by (rule card-image)

lemma euler-char-eq:  $GM.\text{euler-char} = H.\text{euler-char}$ 
by (auto simp: GM.euler-char-def H.euler-char-def card-verts card-arcs card-face-cycle-sets)

lemma euler-genus-eq:  $GM.\text{euler-genus} = H.\text{euler-genus}$ 
by (auto simp: GM.euler-genus-def H.euler-genus-def euler-char-eq card-sccs-eq
isolated-verts-eq)

end

lemma subdivision-genus-same-rev:
assumes subdivision (G, rev-G) (H, edge-rev HM) digraph-map H HM pre-digraph-map.euler-genus
H HM = m
shows  $\exists GM. \text{digraph-map } G \ GM \wedge \text{pre-digraph-map.euler-genus } G \ GM = m \wedge$ 
edge-rev GM = rev-G
proof –
from assms show ?thesis
proof (induction rev-H  $\equiv$  edge-rev HM arbitrary: HM)
case base then show ?case by auto
next
case (divide I rev-I H u v w uv uw vw)
then interpret subdiv-step I rev-I H edge-rev HM u v w uv uw vw
by unfold-locales simp

interpret H: digraph-map H HM using  $\langle \text{digraph-map } H \ HM \rangle$  .
interpret IH: subdiv1-contr I rev-I H edge-rev HM u v w uv uw vw HM
by unfold-locales simp

have eulerI:  $IH.GM.\text{euler-genus} = m$  by (auto simp: IH.euler-genus-eq divide)

```

```

    with - IH.digraph-map-GM show ?case by (rule divide) (simp add: IH.edge-rev-GM)
  qed
qed

lemma subdivision-genus:
  assumes subdivision (G, rev-G) (H, rev-H) digraph-map H HM pre-digraph-map.euler-genus
    H HM = m
  shows  $\exists GM. \text{digraph-map } G \ GM \wedge \text{pre-digraph-map.euler-genus } G \ GM = m$ 
proof -
  interpret H: digraph-map H HM by fact
  show ?thesis
    using subdivision-genus-same-rev subdivision-choose-rev assms H.bidirected-digraph
  by metis
qed

lemma subdivision-comb-planar:
  assumes subdivision (G, rev-G) (H, rev-H) comb-planar H shows comb-planar
    G
  using assms unfolding comb-planar-def by (metis subdivision-genus)

end
theory Planar-Subgraph
imports
  Graph-Genus
  Permutations-2
  HOL-Library.FuncSet
  HOL-Library.Simps-Case-Conv
begin

```

14 Combinatorial Planarity and Subgraphs

```

lemma out-arcs-emptyD-dominates:
  assumes out-arcs G x = {} shows  $\neg x \rightarrow_G y$ 
  using assms by (auto simp: out-arcs-def)

lemma (in wf-digraph) reachable-refl-iff:  $u \rightarrow^* u \longleftrightarrow u \in \text{verts } G$ 
  by (auto simp: reachable-in-verts)

context digraph-map begin

  lemma face-cycle-set-succ[simp]:  $\text{face-cycle-set } (\text{face-cycle-succ } a) = \text{face-cycle-set } a$ 
  by (metis face-cycle-eq face-cycle-set-self face-cycle-succ-inD)

  lemma face-cycle-succ-funpow-in[simp]:
     $(\text{face-cycle-succ } \hat{\sim} n) a \in \text{arcs } G \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{arcs } G$ 
  by (induct n) auto

  lemma segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq:

```

$\text{segment face-cycle-succ } x \ x = \text{face-cycle-set } x - \{x\}$
unfolding *face-cycle-set-def* **using** *face-cycle-succ-permutes finite-arcs permutation-permutes*
by (*intro segment-x-x-eq*) *blast*

lemma *fcs-x-eq-x: face-cycle-succ x = x $\longleftrightarrow$ face-cycle-set x = {x}* (**is** ?*L* $\longleftrightarrow$?*R*)
unfolding *face-cycle-set-def orbit-eq-singleton-iff* ..

end

lemma (**in** *bidirected-digraph*) *bidirected-digraph-del-arc:*
bidirected-digraph (pre-digraph.del-arc (pre-digraph.del-arc G (arev a)) a) (perm-restrict arev (arcs G - {a, arev a}))
proof *unfold-locales*
fix *b* **assume** *A: b $\in$ arcs (pre-digraph.del-arc (del-arc (arev a)) a)*
have *arev b $\neq$ b $\implies$ b $\neq$ arev a $\implies$ b $\neq$ a $\implies$ perm-restrict arev (arcs G - {a, arev a}) (arev b) = b*
using *bij-arev arev-dom* **by** (*subst perm-restrict-simps*) (*auto simp: bij-iff*)
then show *perm-restrict arev (arcs G - {a, arev a}) (perm-restrict arev (arcs G - {a, arev a}) b) = b*
using *A*
by (*auto simp: pre-digraph.del-arc-simps perm-restrict-simps arev-dom*)
qed (*auto simp: pre-digraph.del-arc-simps perm-restrict-simps arev-dom*)

lemma (**in** *bidirected-digraph*) *bidirected-digraph-del-vert: bidirected-digraph (del-vert u) (perm-restrict arev (arcs (del-vert u)))*
by *unfold-locales (auto simp: del-vert-simps perm-restrict-simps arev-dom)*

lemma (**in** *pre-digraph*) *ends-del-arc: arc-to-ends (del-arc u) = arc-to-ends G*
by (*simp add: arc-to-ends-def fun-eq-iff*)

lemma (**in** *pre-digraph*) *dominates-arcsD:*
assumes *v $\rightarrow_{\text{del-arc } u}$ w* **shows** *v $\rightarrow_G$ w*
using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: arcs-ends-def ends-del-arc*)

lemma (**in** *wf-digraph*) *reachable-del-arcD:*
assumes *v $\rightarrow^*_{\text{del-arc } u}$ w* **shows** *v $\rightarrow^*_G$ w*
proof -
interpret *H: wf-digraph del-arc u* **by** (*rule wf-digraph-del-arc*)
from *assms* **show** ?*thesis*
by (*induct*) (*auto dest: dominates-arcsD intro: adj-reachable-trans*)
qed

lemma (**in** *fin-digraph*) *finite-isolated-verts[!intro!]: finite isolated-verts*
by (*auto simp: isolated-verts-def*)

lemma (**in** *wf-digraph*) *isolated-verts-in-sccs:*

```

    assumes  $u \in \text{isolated-verts}$  shows  $\{u\} \in \text{sccs-verts}$ 
proof -
  have  $v = u$  if  $u \rightarrow^*_G v$  for  $v$ 
    using that assms by induct (auto simp: arcs-ends-def arc-to-ends-def isolated-verts-def)
  with assms show ?thesis by (auto simp: sccs-verts-def isolated-verts-def)
qed

lemma (in digraph-map) in-face-cycle-sets:
   $a \in \text{arcs } G \implies \text{face-cycle-set } a \in \text{face-cycle-sets}$ 
  by (auto simp: face-cycle-sets-def)

lemma (in digraph-map) heads-face-cycle-set:
  assumes  $a \in \text{arcs } G$ 
  shows  $\text{head } G \text{ ' face-cycle-set } a = \text{tail } G \text{ ' face-cycle-set } a$  (is ?L = ?R)
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix  $u$  assume  $u \in ?L$ 
  then obtain  $b$  where  $b \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$   $\text{head } G \text{ } b = u$  by blast
  then have  $\text{face-cycle-succ } b \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$   $\text{tail } G \text{ } (\text{face-cycle-succ } b) = u$ 
    using assms by (auto simp: tail-face-cycle-succ face-cycle-succ-inI in-face-cycle-setD)
  then show  $u \in ?R$  by auto
next
  fix  $u$  assume  $u \in ?R$ 
  then obtain  $b$  where  $b \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$   $\text{tail } G \text{ } b = u$  by blast
  moreover
  then obtain  $c$  where  $b = \text{face-cycle-succ } c$  by (metis face-cycle-succ-pred)
  ultimately
  have  $c \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$   $\text{head } G \text{ } c = u$ 
    by (auto dest: face-cycle-succ-inD) (metis assms face-cycle-succ-no-arc in-face-cycle-setD tail-face-cycle-succ)
  then show  $u \in ?L$  by auto
qed

lemma (in pre-digraph) casI-nth:
  assumes  $p \neq []$   $u = \text{tail } G \text{ } (\text{hd } p)$   $v = \text{head } G \text{ } (\text{last } p) \wedge i. \text{Suc } i < \text{length } p \implies$ 
 $\text{head } G \text{ } (p ! i) = \text{tail } G \text{ } (p ! \text{Suc } i)$ 
  shows  $\text{cas } u \text{ } p \text{ } v$ 
  using assms
proof (induct p arbitrary: u)
  case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a p)
  have  $\text{cas } (\text{head } G \text{ } a) \text{ } p \text{ } v$ 
  proof (cases p = [])
  case False then show ?thesis
    using Cons.prems(1-3) Cons.prems(4)[of 0] Cons.prems(4)[of Suc i for i]
    by (intro Cons) (simp-all add: hd-conv-nth)
  qed (simp add: Cons)
  with Cons show ?case by simp

```

qed

lemma (in *digraph-map*) *obtain-trail-in-fcs*:

assumes $a \in \text{arcs } G$ $a0 \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$ $an \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$

obtains p **where** $\text{trail } (\text{tail } G \ a0) \ p \ (\text{head } G \ an) \ p \neq []$ $\text{hd } p = a0$ $\text{last } p = an$
 $\text{set } p \subseteq \text{face-cycle-set } a$

proof –

have $\text{fcs-a: face-cycle-set } a = \text{orbit face-cycle-succ } a0$

using $\text{assms face-cycle-eq}$ **by** ($\text{simp add: face-cycle-set-def}$)

have $a0 = (\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim^n 0) \ a0$ **by** simp

have $an = (\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim^{\text{funpow-dist}} \text{face-cycle-succ } a0 \ an) \ a0$

using assms **by** ($\text{simp add: fcs-a funpow-dist-prop}$)

define p **where** $p = \text{map } (\lambda n. (\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim^n) \ a0) \ [0..<\text{Suc } (\text{funpow-dist } \text{face-cycle-succ } a0 \ an)]$

have $p\text{-nth: } \bigwedge i. i < \text{length } p \implies p \ ! \ i = (\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim^i) \ a0$

by ($\text{auto simp: p-def simp del: upt-Suc}$)

have $P2: p \neq []$ **by** (simp add: p-def)

have $P3: \text{hd } p = a0$ **using** $\langle a0 = \rightarrow \rangle$ **by** ($\text{auto simp: p-def hd-map simp del: upt-Suc}$)

have $P4: \text{last } p = an$ **using** $\langle an = \rightarrow \rangle$ **by** (simp add: p-def)

have $P5: \text{set } p \subseteq \text{face-cycle-set } a$

unfolding $p\text{-def fcs-a orbit-altdef-permutation}[OF \text{ permutation-face-cycle-succ}]$

by auto

have $P1: \text{trail } (\text{tail } G \ a0) \ p \ (\text{head } G \ an)$

proof –

have $\text{distinct } p$

proof –

have $an \in \text{orbit face-cycle-succ } a0$ **using** assms **by** (simp add: fcs-a)

then have $\text{inj-on } (\lambda n. (\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim^n) \ a0) \ \{0..\text{funpow-dist } \text{face-cycle-succ } a0 \ an\}$

by ($\text{rule inj-on-funpow-dist}$)

also have $\{0..\text{funpow-dist } \text{face-cycle-succ } a0 \ an\} = (\text{set } [0..<\text{Suc } (\text{funpow-dist } \text{face-cycle-succ } a0 \ an)])$

by auto

finally have $\text{inj-on } (\lambda n. (\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim^n) \ a0) \ (\text{set } [0..<\text{Suc } (\text{funpow-dist } \text{face-cycle-succ } a0 \ an)])$

then show $\text{distinct } p$ **by** ($\text{simp add: distinct-map p-def}$)

qed

moreover

have $a0 \in \text{arcs } G$ **by** ($\text{metis assms}(1-2) \text{ in-face-cycle-setD}$)

then have $\text{tail } G \ a0 \in \text{verts } G$ **by** simp

moreover

have $\text{set } p \subseteq \text{arcs } G$ **using** $P5$

by ($\text{metis assms}(1) \text{ in-face-cycle-setD subset-code}(1)$)

moreover

then have $\bigwedge i. \text{Suc } i < \text{length } p \implies p \ ! \ \text{Suc } i \in \text{arcs } G$ **by** auto

```

    then have  $\bigwedge i. \text{Suc } i < \text{length } p \implies \text{head } G (p ! i) = \text{tail } G (p ! \text{Suc } i)$ 
      by (auto simp: p-nth tail-face-cycle-succ)
    ultimately
    show ?thesis
      using P2 P3 P4 unfolding trail-def awalk-def by (auto intro: casI-nth)
  qed

  from P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 show ?thesis ..
  qed

lemma (in digraph-map) obtain-trail-in-fcs':
  assumes  $a \in \text{arcs } G$   $u \in \text{tail } G$  'face-cycle-set  $a$   $v \in \text{tail } G$  'face-cycle-set  $a$ 
  obtains  $p$  where  $\text{trail } u \ p \ v \ \text{set } p \subseteq \text{face-cycle-set } a$ 
proof -
  from assms obtain  $a0$  where  $\text{tail } G \ a0 = u$   $a0 \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$  by auto
  moreover
  from assms obtain  $an$  where  $\text{head } G \ an = v$   $an \in \text{face-cycle-set } a$ 
    by (auto simp: heads-face-cycle-set[symmetric])
  ultimately obtain  $p$  where  $\text{trail } u \ p \ v \ \text{set } p \subseteq \text{face-cycle-set } a$ 
    using  $\langle a \in \text{arcs } G \rangle$  by (metis obtain-trail-in-fcs)
  then show ?thesis ..
  qed

```

14.1 Deleting an isolated vertex

```

locale del-vert-props = digraph-map +
  fixes u
  assumes u-in:  $u \in \text{verts } G$ 
  assumes u-isolated:  $\text{out-arcs } G \ u = \{\}$ 

begin

lemma u-isolated-in:  $\text{in-arcs } G \ u = \{\}$ 
  using u-isolated by (simp add: in-arcs-eq)

lemma arcs-dv:  $\text{arcs } (\text{del-vert } u) = \text{arcs } G$ 
  using u-isolated u-isolated-in by (auto simp: del-vert-simps)

lemma out-arcs-dv:  $\text{out-arcs } (\text{del-vert } u) = \text{out-arcs } G$ 
  by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff arcs-dv tail-del-vert)

lemma digraph-map-del-vert:
  shows digraph-map  $(\text{del-vert } u) \ M$ 
proof -
  have perm-restrict  $(\text{edge-rev } M) (\text{arcs } (\text{del-vert } u)) = \text{edge-rev } M$ 
    using has-dom-arev arcs-dv by (auto simp: perm-restrict-dom-subset)
  then interpret H: bidirected-digraph del-vert u edge-rev M
    using bidirected-digraph-del-vert[of u] by simp
  show ?thesis

```

```

    by unfold-locales (auto simp: arcs-dv edge-succ-permutes out-arcs-dv edge-succ-cyclic
verts-del-vert)
  qed

end

sublocale del-vert-props  $\subseteq$  H: digraph-map del-vert u M by (rule digraph-map-del-vert)

context del-vert-props begin

lemma card-verts-dv: card (verts G) = Suc (card (verts (del-vert u)))
  by (auto simp: verts-del-vert) (rule card.remove, auto simp: u-in)

lemma card-arcs-dv: card (arcs (del-vert u)) = card (arcs G)
  using u-isolated by (auto simp add: arcs-dv in-arcs-eq)

lemma isolated-verts-dv: H.isolated-verts = isolated-verts - {u}
  by (auto simp: isolated-verts-def H.isolated-verts-def verts-del-vert out-arcs-dv)

lemma u-in-isolated-verts: u  $\in$  isolated-verts
  using u-in u-isolated by (auto simp: isolated-verts-def)

lemma card-isolated-verts-dv: card isolated-verts = Suc (card H.isolated-verts)
  by (simp add: isolated-verts-dv) (rule card.remove, auto simp: u-in-isolated-verts)

lemma face-cycles-dv: H.face-cycle-sets = face-cycle-sets
  unfolding H.face-cycle-sets-def face-cycle-sets-def arcs-dv ..

lemma euler-char-dv: euler-char = 1 + H.euler-char
  by (auto simp: euler-char-def H.euler-char-def card-arcs-dv card-verts-dv face-cycles-dv)

lemma adj-dv:  $v \rightarrow_{\text{del-vert } u} w \iff v \rightarrow_G w$ 
  by (auto simp: arcs-ends-def arcs-dv ends-del-vert)

lemma reachable-del-vertD:
  assumes  $v \rightarrow^*_{\text{del-vert } u} w$  shows  $v \rightarrow^*_G w$ 
  using assms by induct (auto simp: verts-del-vert adj-dv intro: adj-reachable-trans)

lemma reachable-del-vertI:
  assumes  $v \rightarrow^*_G w$   $u \neq v \vee u \neq w$  shows  $v \rightarrow^*_{\text{del-vert } u} w$ 
  using assms
proof induct
  case (step x y)
  from  $\langle x \rightarrow_G y \rangle$  obtain a where  $a \in \text{arcs } G$   $\text{head } G \ a = y$  by auto
  then have  $a \in \text{in-arcs } G \ y$  by auto
  then have  $y \neq u$  using u-isolated in-arcs-eq[of u] by auto
  with step show ?case by (auto simp: adj-dv intro: H.adj-reachable-trans)
qed (auto simp: verts-del-vert)

```

lemma *G-reach-conv*: $v \rightarrow^* G w \iff v \rightarrow^* \text{del-vert } u \ w \vee (v = u \wedge w = u)$
by (*auto dest: reachable-del-vertI reachable-del-vertD intro: u-in*)

lemma *sccs-verts-dv*: $H.\text{sccs-verts} = \text{sccs-verts} - \{\{u\}\}$ (**is** ?*L* = ?*R*)

proof –

have *: $\bigwedge S x. S \in \text{sccs-verts} \implies S \notin H.\text{sccs-verts} \implies x \in S \implies x = u$

by (*simp add: H.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable*

G-reach-conv)

(*meson H.reachable-trans*)

show ?thesis

by (*auto dest: **) (*auto simp: H.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable*
G-reach-conv H.reachable-refl-iff verts-del-vert)

qed

lemma *card-sccs-verts-dv*: $\text{card } \text{sccs-verts} = \text{Suc } (\text{card } H.\text{sccs-verts})$

unfolding *sccs-verts-dv*

by (*rule card.remove*) (*auto simp: isolated-verts-in-sccs u-in-isolated-verts fi-*
nite-sccs-verts)

lemma *card-sccs-dv*: $\text{card } \text{sccs} = \text{Suc } (\text{card } H.\text{sccs})$

using *card-sccs-verts-dv* **by** (*simp add: card-sccs-verts H.card-sccs-verts*)

lemma *euler-genus-eq*: $H.\text{euler-genus} = \text{euler-genus}$

by (*auto simp: pre-digraph-map.euler-genus-def card-sccs-dv card-isolated-verts-dv*
euler-char-dv)

end

14.2 Deleting an arc pair

locale *bidel-arc* = *G: digraph-map* +

fixes *a*

assumes *a-in*: $a \in \text{arcs } G$

begin

abbreviation $a' \equiv \text{edge-rev } M \ a$

definition $H :: ('a, 'b) \text{ pre-digraph}$ **where**

$H \equiv \text{pre-digraph.del-arc } (\text{pre-digraph.del-arc } G \ a') \ a$

definition $HM :: 'b \text{ pre-map}$ **where**

$HM =$

($\text{edge-rev} = \text{perm-restrict } (\text{edge-rev } M) \ (\text{arcs } G - \{a, a'\})$
 $, \text{edge-succ} = \text{perm-rem } a \ (\text{perm-rem } a' \ (\text{edge-succ } M))$
 $\text{)$)

lemma

verts-H: $\text{verts } H = \text{verts } G$ **and**

$\text{arcs-H: arcs } H = \text{arcs } G - \{a, a'\} \text{ and}$
 $\text{tail-H: tail } H = \text{tail } G \text{ and}$
 $\text{head-H: head } H = \text{head } G \text{ and}$
 $\text{ends-H: arc-to-ends } H = \text{arc-to-ends } G \text{ and}$
 $\text{arcs-in: } \{a, a'\} \subseteq \text{arcs } G \text{ and}$
 $\text{ends-in: } \{\text{tail } G \ a, \text{head } G \ a\} \subseteq \text{verts } G$
by (auto simp: H-def pre-digraph.del-arc-simps a-in arc-to-ends-def)

lemma *cyclic-on-edge-succ:*

assumes $x \in \text{verts } H$ $\text{out-arcs } H \ x \neq \{\}$
shows *cyclic-on* (*edge-succ* HM) (*out-arcs* H x)
proof –
have *oa-H*: $\text{out-arcs } H \ x = (\text{out-arcs } G \ x - \{a'\}) - \{a\}$ **by** (auto simp: arcs-H
tail-H)
have *cyclic-on* (*perm-rem* a (*perm-rem* a' (*edge-succ* M))) (*out-arcs* G x - {a'})
– {a})
using *assms*
by (intro *cyclic-on-perm-rem* G.*edge-succ-cyclic*) (auto simp: *oa-H* G.*bij-edge-succ*
G.*edge-succ-cyclic*)
then show ?thesis **by** (simp add: HM-def *oa-H*)
qed

lemma *digraph-map*: *digraph-map* H HM

proof –
interpret *fin-digraph* H **unfolding** H-def
by (rule *fin-digraph.fin-digraph-del-arc*) (rule G.*fin-digraph-del-arc*)
interpret *bidirected-digraph* H *edge-rev* HM **unfolding** H-def
using G.*bidirected-digraph-del-arc*[of a] **by** (auto simp: HM-def)
have *: $\text{insert } a' (\text{insert } a (\text{arcs } H)) = \text{arcs } G$ **using** a-in **by** (auto simp:
arcs-H)
have *edge-succ* HM *permutes* arcs H
unfolding HM-def **by** (auto simp: * intro!: *perm-rem-permutes* G.*edge-succ-permutes*)
moreover
{ **fix** v **assume** $v \in \text{verts } H$ $\text{out-arcs } H \ v \neq \{\}$
then have *cyclic-on* (*edge-succ* HM) (*out-arcs* H v) **by** (rule *cyclic-on-edge-succ*)
}
ultimately
show ?thesis **by** *unfold-locales*
qed

lemma *rev-H*: *bidel-arc*.H G M a' = H (is ?t1)

and *rev-HM*: *bidel-arc*.HM G M a' = HM (is ?t2)

proof –

interpret *rev*: *bidel-arc* G M a' **using** a-in **by** *unfold-locales* simp

show ?t1

by (rule *pre-digraph.equality*) (auto simp: *rev.verts-H* *verts-H* *rev.arcs-H* *arcs-H*
rev.tail-H *tail-H* *rev.head-H* *head-H*)

show ?t2 **using** G.*edge-succ-permutes*

by (intro *pre-map.equality*) (auto simp: HM-def *rev.HM-def* *insert-commute*)

```

      perm-rem-commutes permutes-conv-has-dom)
qed

end

sublocale bidel-arc  $\subseteq$  H: digraph-map H HM by (rule digraph-map)

context bidel-arc begin

lemma a-neq-a':  $a \neq a'$ 
  by (metis G.arev-neq a-in)

lemma
  arcs-G: arcs G = insert a (insert a' (arcs H)) and
  arcs-not-in:  $\{a, a'\} \cap \text{arcs } H = \{\}$ 
  using arcs-in by (auto simp: arcs-H)

lemma card-arcs-da:  $\text{card } (\text{arcs } G) = 2 + \text{card } (\text{arcs } H)$ 
  using arcs-G arcs-not-in a-neq-a' by (auto simp: card-insert-if)

lemma cas-da:  $H.\text{cas} = G.\text{cas}$ 
proof -
  { fix u p v have  $H.\text{cas } u \ p \ v = G.\text{cas } u \ p \ v$ 
    by (induct p arbitrary: u) (simp-all add: tail-H head-H)
  } then show ?thesis by (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
qed

lemma reachable-daD:
  assumes  $v \rightarrow^*_H w$  shows  $v \rightarrow^*_G w$ 
  apply (rule G.reachable-del-arcD)
  apply (rule wf-digraph.reachable-del-arcD)
  apply (rule G.wf-digraph-del-arc)
  using assms unfolding H-def by assumption

lemma not-G-isolated-a:  $\{\text{tail } G \ a, \text{head } G \ a\} \cap G.\text{isolated-verts} = \{\}$ 
  using a-in G.in-arcs-eq[of head G a] by (auto simp: G.isolated-verts-def)

lemma isolated-other-da:
  assumes  $u \notin \{\text{tail } G \ a, \text{head } G \ a\}$  shows  $u \in H.\text{isolated-verts} \longleftrightarrow u \in G.\text{isolated-verts}$ 
  using assms by (auto simp: pre-digraph.isolated-verts-def verts-H arcs-H tail-H out-arcs-def)

lemma isolated-da-pre:  $H.\text{isolated-verts} = G.\text{isolated-verts} \cup$ 
  (if  $\text{tail } G \ a \in H.\text{isolated-verts}$  then  $\{\text{tail } G \ a\}$  else  $\{\}$ )  $\cup$ 
  (if  $\text{head } G \ a \in H.\text{isolated-verts}$  then  $\{\text{head } G \ a\}$  else  $\{\}$ ) (is ?L = ?R)
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix x assume  $x \in ?L$  then show  $x \in ?R$ 
  by (cases  $x \in \{\text{tail } G \ a, \text{head } G \ a\}$ ) (auto simp: isolated-other-da)

```

```

next
  fix x assume x ∈ ?R then show x ∈ ?L using not-G-isolated-a
  by (cases x ∈ {tail G a, head G a}) (auto simp: isolated-other-da split: if-splits)
qed

lemma card-isolated-verts-da0:
  card H.isolated-verts = card G.isolated-verts + card ({tail G a, head G a} ∩
H.isolated-verts)
  using not-G-isolated-a by (subst isolated-da-pre) (auto simp: card-insert-if
G.finite-isolated-verts)

lemma segments-neq:
  assumes segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a ≠ {} ∨ segment G.face-cycle-succ a a'
  ≠ {}
  shows segment G.face-cycle-succ a a' ≠ segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a
  proof -
    have bij-fcs: bij G.face-cycle-succ
      using G.face-cycle-succ-permutes by (auto simp: permutes-conv-has-dom)
    show ?thesis using segment-disj[OF a-neq-a' bij-fcs] assms by auto
  qed

lemma H-fcs-eq-G-fcs:
  assumes b ∈ arcs G {b, G.face-cycle-succ b} ∩ {a, a'} = {}
  shows H.face-cycle-succ b = G.face-cycle-succ b
  proof -
    have edge-rev M b ∉ {a, a'}
      using assms by auto (metis G.arev-arev)
    then show ?thesis
      using assms unfolding G.face-cycle-succ-def H.face-cycle-succ-def
      by (auto simp: HM-def perm-restrict-simps perm-rem-simps G.bij-edge-succ)
  qed

lemma face-cycle-set-other-da:
  assumes {a, a'} ∩ G.face-cycle-set b = {} b ∈ arcs G
  shows H.face-cycle-set b = G.face-cycle-set b
  proof -
    have ∧s. s ∈ G.face-cycle-set b ⇒ b ∈ arcs G ⇒ a ∉ G.face-cycle-set b ⇒
a' ∉ G.face-cycle-set b
      ⇒ pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ HM s = G.face-cycle-succ s
    by (subst H-fcs-eq-G-fcs) (auto simp: G.in-face-cycle-setD G.face-cycle-succ-inI)
    then show ?thesis
      using assms unfolding pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set-def
      by (intro orbit-cong) (auto simp add: pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric])
  qed

lemma in-face-cycle-set-other:
  assumes S ∈ G.face-cycle-sets {a, a'} ∩ S = {}
  shows S ∈ H.face-cycle-sets
  proof -

```

```

from assms obtain b where  $S = G.\text{face-cycle-set } b$   $b \in \text{arcs } G$ 
  by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-sets-def)
with assms have  $S = H.\text{face-cycle-set } b$  by (simp add: face-cycle-set-other-da)
moreover
with assms have  $b \in \text{arcs } H$  using  $\langle b \in \text{arcs } G \rangle$  by (auto simp: arcs-H)
ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: H.face-cycle-sets-def)
qed

lemma H-fcs-in-G-fcs:
  assumes  $b \in \text{arcs } H - (G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \cup G.\text{face-cycle-set } a')$ 
  shows  $H.\text{face-cycle-set } b \in G.\text{face-cycle-sets} - \{G.\text{face-cycle-set } a, G.\text{face-cycle-set } a'\}$ 
proof -
  have  $H.\text{face-cycle-set } b = G.\text{face-cycle-set } b$ 
  using assms by (intro face-cycle-set-other-da) (auto simp: arcs-H G.face-cycle-eq)
  moreover have  $G.\text{face-cycle-set } b \notin \{G.\text{face-cycle-set } a, G.\text{face-cycle-set } a'\}$ 
 $b \in \text{arcs } G$ 
  using G.face-cycle-eq assms by (auto simp: arcs-H)
  ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-sets-def)
qed

lemma face-cycle-sets-da0:
   $H.\text{face-cycle-sets} = G.\text{face-cycle-sets} - \{G.\text{face-cycle-set } a, G.\text{face-cycle-set } a'\}$ 
   $\cup H.\text{face-cycle-set } '((G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \cup G.\text{face-cycle-set } a') - \{a, a'\})$  (is
   $?L = ?R$ )
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix S assume  $S \in ?L$ 
  then obtain b where  $S = H.\text{face-cycle-set } b$   $b \in \text{arcs } H$  by (auto simp: H.face-cycle-sets-def)
  then show  $S \in ?R$ 
  using arcs-not-in H-fcs-in-G-fcs by (cases b \in G.face-cycle-set a \cup G.face-cycle-set a') auto
next
  fix S assume  $S \in ?R$ 
  show  $S \in ?L$ 
  proof (cases S \in G.face-cycle-sets - \{G.face-cycle-set a, G.face-cycle-set a'\})
  case True
    then have  $S \cap \{a, a'\} = \{\}$  using G.face-cycle-set-parts by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-sets-def)
    with True show ?thesis by (intro in-face-cycle-set-other) auto
  next
  case False
    then have  $S \in H.\text{face-cycle-set } '((G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \cup G.\text{face-cycle-set } a') - \{a, a'\})$ 
    using  $\langle S \in ?R \rangle$  by blast
    moreover have  $(G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \cup G.\text{face-cycle-set } a') - \{a, a'\} \subseteq \text{arcs } H$ 
    using a-in by (auto simp: arcs-H dest: G.in-face-cycle-setD)
    ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: H.face-cycle-sets-def)
  qed

```

```

qed

lemma card-fcs-aa'-le: card {G.face-cycle-set a, G.face-cycle-set a'} ≤ card
G.face-cycle-sets
  using a-in by (intro card-mono) (auto simp: G.face-cycle-sets-def)

lemma card-face-cycle-sets-da0:
  card H.face-cycle-sets = card G.face-cycle-sets - card {G.face-cycle-set a,
G.face-cycle-set a'}
  + card (H.face-cycle-set '((G.face-cycle-set a ∪ G.face-cycle-set a') - {a,a'}))
proof -
  have face-cycle-sets-inter:
    (G.face-cycle-sets - {G.face-cycle-set a, G.face-cycle-set a'}) ∩ H.face-cycle-set
    '((G.face-cycle-set a ∪ G.face-cycle-set a') - {a, a'}) = {} (is ?L ∩ ?R = -)
  proof -
    define L R P
      where L = ?L and R = ?R and P x ↔ x ∩ (G.face-cycle-set a ∪
G.face-cycle-set a') = {}
    for x
    then have ∧x. x ∈ L ⇒ P x ∧x. x ∈ R ⇒ ¬P x
      using G.face-cycle-set-parts by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-sets-def)
    then have L ∩ R = {} by blast
    then show ?thesis unfolding L-def R-def .
  qed
then show ?thesis using arcs-G
  by (simp add: card-Diff-subset[symmetric] card-Un-disjoint[symmetric]
    G.in-face-cycle-sets face-cycle-sets-da0)
qed

end

locale bidel-arc-same-face = bidel-arc +
  assumes same-face: G.face-cycle-set a' = G.face-cycle-set a
begin
  lemma a-in-o: a ∈ orbit G.face-cycle-succ a'
    unfolding G.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric] by (simp add: same-face)

  lemma segment-a'-a-in: segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a ⊆ arcs H (is ?seg ⊆ -)
  proof -
    have ?seg ⊆ G.face-cycle-set a' by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-set-def segmentD-orbit)
    moreover have G.face-cycle-set a' ⊆ arcs G by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-set-altdef
a-in)
    ultimately show ?thesis using a-in-o by (auto simp: arcs-H a-in not-in-segment1
not-in-segment2)
  qed

  lemma segment-a'-a-neD:
    assumes segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a ≠ {}

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```

shows segment  $G.face-cycle-succ\ a'\ a \in H.face-cycle-sets$  (is  $?seg \in -$ )
proof -
  let  $?b = G.face-cycle-succ\ a'$ 

  have  $fcs-a-neq-a'$ :  $G.face-cycle-succ\ a' \neq a$  by (metis assms segment1-empty)

  have  $in-aG$ :  $\bigwedge x. x \in segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a'\ a \implies x \in arcs\ G - \{a, a'\}$ 
    using not-in-segment1 not-in-segment2 segment-a'-a-in by (auto simp:
arcs-H)

  { fix  $x$  assume  $A$ :  $x \in segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a'\ a$  and  $B$ :  $G.face-cycle-succ\ x \neq a$ 
    from  $A$  have  $G.face-cycle-succ\ x \neq a'$ 
    proof induct
      case base then show  $?case$ 
        by (metis a-neq-a'  $G.face-cycle-set-self$  not-in-segment1  $G.face-cycle-set-def$ 
same-face segment.intros)
      next
        case step then show  $?case$  by (metis a-in-o a-neq-a' not-in-segment1
segment.step)
    } qed
    with  $A\ B$  have  $\{x, G.face-cycle-succ\ x\} \cap \{a, a'\} = \{\}$ 
      using not-in-segment1[OF a-in-o] not-in-segment2[of  $a\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a'$ ]
by safe
    with  $in-aG$  have  $H.face-cycle-succ\ x = G.face-cycle-succ\ x$  by (intro  $H-fcs-eq-G-fcs$ )
    (auto intro:  $A$ )
    } note  $fcs-x-eq = this$ 

  { fix  $x$  assume  $A$ :  $x \in segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a'\ a$  and  $B$ :  $G.face-cycle-succ\ x = a$ 
    have  $G.face-cycle-succ\ a \neq a$  using  $B\ in-aG$ [OF  $A$ ]  $G.bij-face-cycle-succ$  by
    (auto simp: bij-eq-iff)
    then have  $edge-succ\ M\ a \neq edge-rev\ M\ a$ 
    by (metis a-in-o  $G.arev-arev\ comp-apply\ G.face-cycle-succ-def\ not-in-segment1$ 
segment.base)
    then have  $H.face-cycle-succ\ x = G.face-cycle-succ\ a'$ 
      using  $in-aG$ [OF  $A$ ]  $B\ G.bij-edge-succ$  unfolding  $H.face-cycle-succ-def$ 
 $G.face-cycle-succ-def$ 
      by (auto simp:  $HM-def\ perm-restrict-simps\ perm-rem-conv\ G.arev-eq-iff$ )
    } note  $fcs-last-x-eq = this$ 

have segment  $G.face-cycle-succ\ a'\ a = H.face-cycle-set\ ?b$ 
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix  $x$  assume  $x \in segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a'\ a$ 
  then show  $x \in H.face-cycle-set\ ?b$ 
  proof induct
    case base then show  $?case$  by auto
  next
    case (step  $x$ ) then show  $?case$  by (subst  $fcs-x-eq[symmetric]$ ) (auto simp:

```

```

H.face-cycle-succ-inI)
  qed
next
  fix x assume A: x ∈ H.face-cycle-set ?b
  then show x ∈ segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a
  proof induct
    case base then show ?case by (intro segment.base fcs-a-neq-a')
  next
    case (step x) then show ?case using fcs-a-neq-a'
    by (cases G.face-cycle-succ x = a) (auto simp: fcs-last-x-eq fcs-x-eq intro:
segment.intros)
  qed
qed
then show ?thesis using segment-a'-a-in by (auto simp: H.face-cycle-sets-def)
qed

lemma segment-a-a'-neD:
  assumes segment G.face-cycle-succ a a' ≠ {}
  shows segment G.face-cycle-succ a a' ∈ H.face-cycle-sets
proof -
  interpret rev: bidel-arc-same-face G M a'
  using a-in same-face by unfold-locales simp-all
  from assms show ?thesis using rev.segment-a'-a-neD by (simp add: rev-H
rev-HM)
qed

lemma H-fcs-full:
  assumes SS ⊆ H.face-cycle-sets shows H.face-cycle-set ' (⋃ SS) = SS
proof -
  { fix x assume x ∈ ⋃ SS
    then obtain S where S ∈ SS x ∈ S S ∈ H.face-cycle-sets using assms by
auto
    then have H.face-cycle-set x = S
    using H.face-cycle-set-parts by (auto simp: H.face-cycle-sets-def)
    then have H.face-cycle-set x ∈ SS using ⟨S ∈ SS⟩ by auto
  }
  moreover
  { fix S assume S ∈ SS
    then obtain x where x ∈ arcs H S = H.face-cycle-set x x ∈ S
    using assms by (auto simp: H.face-cycle-sets-def)
    then have S ∈ H.face-cycle-set ' ⋃ SS
    using ⟨S ∈ SS⟩ by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma card-fcs-gt-0: 0 < card G.face-cycle-sets
  using a-in by (auto simp: card-gt-0-iff dest: G.in-face-cycle-sets)

```

```

lemma card-face-cycle-sets-da':
  card H.face-cycle-sets = card G.face-cycle-sets - 1
    + card ({segment G.face-cycle-succ a a', segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a, {} }
- {{}})
proof -
  have G.face-cycle-set a
    = {a,a'} ∪ segment G.face-cycle-succ a a' ∪ segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a
  using a-neq-a' same-face by (intro cyclic-split-segment) (auto simp: G.face-cycle-succ-cyclic)
  then have *: G.face-cycle-set a ∪ G.face-cycle-set a' - {a, a'} = segment
G.face-cycle-succ a a' ∪ segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a
    by (auto simp: same-face G.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric] not-in-segment1
not-in-segment2)

  have **: H.face-cycle-set ' (G.face-cycle-set a ∪ G.face-cycle-set a' - {a, a'})
    = (if segment G.face-cycle-succ a a' ≠ {} then {segment G.face-cycle-succ
a a'} else {})
    ∪ (if segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a ≠ {} then {segment G.face-cycle-succ
a' a} else {})
  unfolding *
  using H-fcs-full[of {segment G.face-cycle-succ a a', segment G.face-cycle-succ
a' a}]
  using H-fcs-full[of {segment G.face-cycle-succ a a'}]
  using H-fcs-full[of {segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a}]
  by (auto simp add: segment-a-a'-neD segment-a'-a-neD)
  show ?thesis
  unfolding card-face-cycle-sets-da0 ** by (simp add: same-face card-insert-if)
qed

end

locale bidel-arc-diff-face = bidel-arc +
  assumes diff-face: G.face-cycle-set a' ≠ G.face-cycle-set a
begin

  definition S :: 'b set where
    S ≡ segment G.face-cycle-succ a a ∪ segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a'

  lemma diff-face-not-in: a ∉ G.face-cycle-set a' a' ∉ G.face-cycle-set a
    using diff-face G.face-cycle-eq by auto

  lemma H-fcs-eq-for-a:
    assumes b ∈ arcs H ∩ G.face-cycle-set a
    shows H.face-cycle-set b = S (is ?L = ?R)
  proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
    fix c assume c ∈ ?L
    then have c ∈ arcs H using asms by (auto dest: H.in-face-cycle-setD)
    moreover
    have c ∈ G.face-cycle-set a ∪ G.face-cycle-set a'

```

```

proof (rule ccontr)
  assume A:  $\neg ?thesis$ 
  then have  $G.face-cycle-set\ c \cap (G.face-cycle-set\ a \cup G.face-cycle-set\ a') =$ 
{}
    using  $G.face-cycle-set-parts$  by (auto simp: arcs-H)
  also then have  $G.face-cycle-set\ c = H.face-cycle-set\ c$ 
    using  $\langle c \in arcs\ H \rangle$  by (subst face-cycle-set-other-da) (auto simp: arcs-H)
  also have  $\dots = H.face-cycle-set\ b$ 
    using  $\langle c \in ?L \rangle$  using  $H.face-cycle-set-parts$  by auto
  finally show False using assms by auto
qed
ultimately show  $c \in ?R$  unfolding S-def arcs-H  $G.segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq$ 
by auto

next
fix x assume  $x \in ?R$ 

from assms have  $a \neq b$  by (auto simp: arcs-H)
from assms have b-in:  $b \in segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a\ a$ 
  using  $G.segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq$  by (auto simp: arcs-H)
have fcs-a-neq-a:  $G.face-cycle-succ\ a \neq a$ 
using assms  $\langle a \neq b \rangle$  by (auto simp add:  $G.segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq\ G.fcs-x-eq-x$ )

have split-seg:  $segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a\ a = segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a\ b$ 
 $\cup \{b\}$ 
   $\cup segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ b\ a$ 
using b-in by (intro segment-split)

have a-in-orb-a:  $a \in orbit\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a$  by (simp add:  $G.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric]$ )

define c where  $c = inv\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a$ 
have c-succ:  $G.face-cycle-succ\ c = a$  unfolding c-def
  by (meson bij-inv-eq-iff permutation-bijective  $G.permutation-face-cycle-succ$ )
have c-in-aa:  $c \in segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ a\ a$ 
  unfolding  $G.segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq\ c-def$  using fcs-a-neq-a c-succ c-def
by force
have c-in:  $c \in \{b\} \cup segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ b\ a$ 
  using split-seg b-in c-succ c-in-aa
  by (auto dest: not-in-segment1[OF segmentD-orbit] intro: segment.intros)
from c-in-aa have  $c \in arcs\ H$  unfolding  $G.segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq$ 
  using arcs-in c-succ diff-face by (auto simp: arcs-H  $G.face-cycle-eq[of\ a']$ )

have b-in-L:  $b \in ?L$  by auto
moreover
{ fix x assume  $x \in segment\ G.face-cycle-succ\ b\ a$  then have  $x \in ?L$ 
  proof induct
    case base then show ?case
      using assms diff-face-not-in(2) by (subst H-fcs-eq-G-fcs[symmetric])
      (auto simp: arcs-H intro:  $H.face-cycle-succ-inI\ G.face-cycle-succ-inI$ )
  }

```

```

next
  case (step x)
    have  $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x \notin G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \implies b \in G.\text{face-cycle-set } a$ 
 $\implies \text{False}$ 
    using step(1) by (metis  $G.\text{face-cycle-eq } G.\text{face-cycle-succ-inI } \text{pre-digraph-map}.\text{face-cycle-set-def}$ 
segmentD-orbit)
    moreover
      have  $x \in \text{arcs } G$ 
      using step assms  $H.\text{in-face-cycle-setD } \text{arcs-H}$  by auto
    moreover
      then have ( $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x \notin G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \implies b \in G.\text{face-cycle-set}$ 
 $a \implies \text{False}$ )  $\implies \{x, G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x\} \cap \{a, a'\} = \{\}$ 
      using step(2,3) assms  $\text{diff-face-not-in}(2) \ H.\text{in-face-cycle-setD } \text{arcs-H}$  by
safe auto
      ultimately show ?case using step
        by (subst  $H.\text{fcs-eq-G-fcs}[\text{symmetric}]$ ) (auto intro:  $H.\text{face-cycle-succ-inI}$ )
    qed
  } note sba-in-L = this
moreover
{ fix x assume A:  $x \in \text{segment } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a' a'$  then have  $x \in ?L$ 
proof -
  from c-in have  $c \in ?L$  using b-in-L sba-in-L by blast

  have  $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a' \neq a'$ 
  using A by (auto simp add:  $G.\text{segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq } G.\text{fcs-x-eq-x}$ )
  then have *:  $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a' = H.\text{face-cycle-succ } c$ 
  using a-neq-a' c-succ  $\langle c \in \text{arcs } H \rangle$  unfolding  $G.\text{face-cycle-succ-def}$ 
 $H.\text{face-cycle-succ-def } \text{arcs-H}$ 
  by (auto simp: HM-def perm-restrict-simps perm-rem-conv  $G.\text{bij-edge-succ}$ 
 $G.\text{arev-eq-iff}$ )

  from A have  $x \in H.\text{face-cycle-set } c$ 
proof induct
  case base then show ?case by (simp add: *  $H.\text{face-cycle-succ-inI}$ )
next
  case (step x)
  have  $x \in \text{arcs } G$ 
  using  $\langle c \in \text{arcs } H \rangle$  step.hyps(2) by (auto simp:  $\text{arcs-H dest: } H.\text{in-face-cycle-setD}$ )
  moreover
    have  $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x \neq a' \implies \{x, G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x\} \cap \{a, a'\} =$ 
{}
    using step(1)  $\text{diff-face-not-in}(1) \ G.\text{face-cycle-succ-inI } G.\text{segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq}$ 
    by (auto simp: not-in-segment2)
    ultimately
      show ?case using step by (subst  $H.\text{fcs-eq-G-fcs}[\text{symmetric}]$ ) (auto intro:
 $H.\text{face-cycle-succ-inI}$ )
    qed
  also have  $H.\text{face-cycle-set } c = ?L$ 
  using  $\langle c \in ?L \rangle \ H.\text{face-cycle-set-parts}$  by auto

```

```

    finally show ?thesis .
  qed
} note sa'a'-in-L = this
moreover
{ assume A: x ∈ segment G.face-cycle-succ a b

  obtain d where d ∈ ?L and d-succ: H.face-cycle-succ d = G.face-cycle-succ
a
  proof (cases G.face-cycle-succ a' = a')
    case True
    from c-in have c ∈ ?L using b-in-L sba-in-L by blast
    moreover
    have H.face-cycle-succ c = G.face-cycle-succ a
      using fcs-a-neq-a c-succ a-neq-a' True ⟨c ∈ arcs H⟩
    unfolding G.face-cycle-succ-def H.face-cycle-succ-def arcs-H
    by (auto simp: HM-def perm-restrict-simps arcs-H perm-rem-conv G.bij-edge-succ
G.arev-eq-iff)
    ultimately show ?thesis ..
  next
    case False

    define d where d = inv G.face-cycle-succ a'
    have d-succ: G.face-cycle-succ d = a' unfolding d-def
    by (meson bij-inv-eq-iff permutation-bijective G.permutation-face-cycle-succ)
    have *: d ∈ ?L
      using sa'a'-in-L False
    by (metis DiffI d-succ empty-iff G.face-cycle-set-self G.face-cycle-set-succ in-
sert-iff G.permutation-face-cycle-succ pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set-def segment-x-x-eq)
    then have d ∈ arcs H using assms by (auto dest: H.in-face-cycle-setD)
    have H.face-cycle-succ d = G.face-cycle-succ a
      using fcs-a-neq-a a-neq-a' ⟨d ∈ arcs H⟩ d-succ
    unfolding G.face-cycle-succ-def H.face-cycle-succ-def arcs-H
    by (auto simp: HM-def perm-restrict-simps arcs-H perm-rem-conv G.bij-edge-succ
G.arev-eq-iff)
    with * show ?thesis ..
  qed
  then have d ∈ arcs H using assms
    by - (drule H.in-face-cycle-setD, auto)

  from A have x ∈ H.face-cycle-set d
  proof induct
  case base then show ?case by (simp add: d-succ[symmetric] H.face-cycle-succ-inI)
  next
    case (step x)
    moreover
    have x ∈ arcs G
      using ⟨d ∈ arcs H⟩ arcs-H digraph-map.in-face-cycle-setD step.hyps(2) by
fastforce
    moreover

```

```

    have  $\{x, G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x\} \cap \{a, a'\} = \{\}$ 
  proof -
    have  $a \neq x$  using  $\text{step}(2)$   $H.\text{in-face-cycle-setD } \langle d \in \text{arcs } H \rangle \text{ arcs-not-in}$ 
  by blast
    moreover
    have  $a \neq G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x$ 
    by (metis  $b\text{-in not-in-segment1 segment.step segmentD-orbit step}(1)$ )
    moreover
    have  $a' \neq x$   $a' \neq G.\text{face-cycle-succ } x$ 
    using  $\text{step}(1)$   $\text{diff-face-not-in}(2)$  by (auto simp:  $G.\text{face-cycle-set-def}$ 
dest!:  $\text{segmentD-orbit intro: orbit.step}$ )
    ultimately
    show ?thesis by auto
  qed
  ultimately
  show ?case using  $\text{step}$ 
  by (subst  $H.\text{fcs-eq-}G.\text{fcs[symmetric]}$ ) (auto intro:  $H.\text{face-cycle-succ-inI}$ )
  qed
  also have  $H.\text{face-cycle-set } d = ?L$ 
  using  $\langle d \in ?L \rangle H.\text{face-cycle-set-parts}$  by auto
  finally have  $x \in ?L$  .
}
ultimately show  $x \in ?L$ 
using  $\langle x \in ?R \rangle$  unfolding  $S\text{-def split-seg}$  by blast
qed

lemma  $HJ\text{-fcs-eq-for-}a'$ :
  assumes  $b \in \text{arcs } H \cap G.\text{face-cycle-set } a'$ 
  shows  $H.\text{face-cycle-set } b = S$ 
proof -
  interpret  $\text{rev: bidel-arc-diff-face } G \ M \ a'$ 
  using  $\text{arcs-in diff-face}$  by unfold-locales simp-all
  show ?thesis using  $\text{rev.H-fcs-eq-for-}a$   $\text{assms}$  by (auto simp:  $\text{rev-H rev-HM } S\text{-def}$ 
 $\text{rev.S-def}$ )
  qed

lemma  $\text{card-face-cycle-sets-da'}$ :
   $\text{card } H.\text{face-cycle-sets} = \text{card } G.\text{face-cycle-sets} - \text{card } \{G.\text{face-cycle-set } a,$ 
 $G.\text{face-cycle-set } a'\} + (\text{if } S = \{\} \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1)$ 
proof -
  have  $S = G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \cup G.\text{face-cycle-set } a' - \{a, a'\}$ 
  unfolding  $S\text{-def}$  using  $\text{diff-face-not-in}$ 
  by (auto simp:  $\text{segment-x-x-eq } G.\text{permutation-face-cycle-succ } G.\text{face-cycle-set-def}$ )
  moreover
  { fix  $x$  assume  $x \in S$ 
    then have  $x \in \text{arcs } H \cap (G.\text{face-cycle-set } a \cup G.\text{face-cycle-set } a' - \{a, a'\})$ 
    unfolding  $\langle S = \rightarrow \text{arcs-H} \rangle$  using  $a\text{-in}$  by (auto intro:  $G.\text{in-face-cycle-setD}$ )
    then have  $H.\text{face-cycle-set } x = S$  using  $H\text{-fcs-eq-for-}a$   $HJ\text{-fcs-eq-for-}a'$  by
blast

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    }
    then have H.face-cycle-set '  $S = (\text{if } S = \{\} \text{ then } \{\} \text{ else } \{S\})$ 
      by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis by (simp add: card-face-cycle-sets-da0)
  qed

end

locale bidel-arc-biconnected = bidel-arc +
  assumes reach-a:  $\text{tail } G \ a \rightarrow^*_H \text{head } G \ a$ 
begin

  lemma reach-a':  $\text{tail } G \ a' \rightarrow^*_H \text{head } G \ a'$ 
    using reach-a a-in by (simp add: symmetric-reachable H.sym-arcs)

  lemma
    tail-a':  $\text{tail } G \ a' = \text{head } G \ a$  and
    head-a':  $\text{head } G \ a' = \text{tail } G \ a$ 
    using a-in by simp-all

  lemma reachable-daI:
    assumes  $v \rightarrow^*_G w$  shows  $v \rightarrow^*_H w$ 
  proof -
    have *:  $\bigwedge v \ w. v \rightarrow_G w \implies v \rightarrow^*_H w$ 
    using reach-a reach-a' by (auto simp: arcs-ends-def ends-H arcs-G arc-to-ends-def
    tail-a')
    show ?thesis using assms by induct (auto simp: verts-H intro: * H.reachable-trans)
  qed

  lemma reachable-da:  $v \rightarrow^*_H w \longleftrightarrow v \rightarrow^*_G w$ 
    by (metis reachable-daD reachable-daI)

  lemma sccs-verts-da:  $H.\text{sccs-verts} = G.\text{sccs-verts}$ 
    by (auto simp: G.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable H.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable
    reachable-da)

  lemma card-sccs-da:  $\text{card } H.\text{sccs} = \text{card } G.\text{sccs}$ 
    by (simp add: G.card-sccs-verts[symmetric] H.card-sccs-verts[symmetric] sccs-verts-da)

end

locale bidel-arc-not-biconnected = bidel-arc +
  assumes not-reach-a:  $\neg \text{tail } G \ a \rightarrow^*_H \text{head } G \ a$ 
begin

  lemma H-awalkI:  $G.\text{awalk } u \ p \ v \implies \{a, a'\} \cap \text{set } p = \{\} \implies H.\text{awalk } u \ p \ v$ 
    by (auto simp: pre-digraph.apath-def pre-digraph.awalk-def verts-H arcs-H cas-da)

```

```

lemma tail-neq-head:  $\text{tail } G \ a \neq \text{head } G \ a$ 
  using not-reach-a a-in by (metis H.reachable-refl G.head-in-verts verts-H)

lemma scc-of-tail-neq-head:  $H.\text{scc-of } (\text{tail } G \ a) \neq H.\text{scc-of } (\text{head } G \ a)$ 
proof -
  have  $\text{tail } G \ a \in H.\text{scc-of } (\text{tail } G \ a)$   $\text{head } G \ a \in H.\text{scc-of } (\text{head } G \ a)$ 
    using ends-in by (auto simp: H.in-scc-of-self verts-H)
  with not-reach-a show ?thesis by (auto simp: H.scc-of-def)
qed

lemma scc-of-G-tail:
  assumes  $u \in G.\text{scc-of } (\text{tail } G \ a)$ 
  shows  $H.\text{scc-of } u = H.\text{scc-of } (\text{tail } G \ a) \vee H.\text{scc-of } u = H.\text{scc-of } (\text{head } G \ a)$ 
proof -
  from assms have  $u \rightarrow^*_G \text{tail } G \ a$  by (auto simp: G.scc-of-def)
  then obtain  $p$  where  $p: G.\text{apath } u \ p \ (\text{tail } G \ a)$  by (auto simp: G.reachable-apath)

  show ?thesis
proof (cases  $\text{head } G \ a \in \text{set } (G.\text{awalk-verts } u \ p)$ )
  case True
    with  $p$  obtain  $p' \ q$  where  $p = p' @ q$   $G.\text{awalk } (\text{head } G \ a) \ q \ (\text{tail } G \ a)$ 
      and  $p': G.\text{awalk } u \ p' \ (\text{head } G \ a)$ 
      unfolding G.apath-def by (metis G.awalk-decomp)
    moreover
      then have  $\text{tail } G \ a \in \text{set } (\text{tl } (G.\text{awalk-verts } (\text{head } G \ a) \ q))$ 
        using tail-neq-head
        apply (cases  $q$ )
        apply (simp add: G.awalk-Nil-iff)
        apply (simp add: G.awalk-Cons-iff)
        by (metis G.awalkE G.awalk-verts-non-Nil last-in-set)
    ultimately
      have  $\text{tail } G \ a \notin \text{set } (G.\text{awalk-verts } u \ p')$ 
        using G.apath-decomp-disjoint[OF p, of p' q tail G a] by auto
      with  $p'$  have  $\{a, a'\} \cap \text{set } p' = \{\}$ 
      by (auto simp: G.set-awalk-verts G.apath-def) (metis a-in imageI G.head-arev)
      with  $p'$  show ?thesis unfolding G.apath-def by (metis H.scc-ofI-awalk
H.scc-of-eq H-awalkI)
  next
    case False
      with  $p$  have  $\{a, a'\} \cap \text{set } p = \{\}$ 
      by (auto simp: G.set-awalk-verts G.apath-def) (metis a-in imageI G.tail-arev)
      with  $p$  show ?thesis unfolding G.apath-def by (metis H.scc-ofI-awalk
H.scc-of-eq H-awalkI)
  qed
qed

lemma scc-of-other:
  assumes  $u \notin G.\text{scc-of } (\text{tail } G \ a)$ 

```

```

shows  $H.scc\text{-}of\ u = G.scc\text{-}of\ u$ 
using assms
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix  $v$  assume  $v \in H.scc\text{-}of\ u$  then show  $v \in G.scc\text{-}of\ u$ 
    by (auto simp:  $H.scc\text{-}of\text{-}def\ G.scc\text{-}of\text{-}def$  intro: reachable-daD)
next
  fix  $v$  assume  $v \in G.scc\text{-}of\ u$ 
  then obtain  $p$  where  $p: G.awalk\ u\ p\ v$  by (auto simp:  $G.scc\text{-}of\text{-}def\ G.reachable\text{-}awalk$ )
  moreover
  have  $\{a, a'\} \cap set\ p = \{\}$ 
  proof -
    have  $\neg u \rightarrow^*_G tail\ G\ a$  using assms by (metis  $G.scc\text{-}ofI\text{-}reachable$ )
    then have  $\bigwedge p. \neg G.awalk\ u\ p\ (tail\ G\ a)$  by (metis  $G.reachable\text{-}awalk$ )
    then have  $tail\ G\ a \notin set\ (G.awalk\text{-}verts\ u\ p)$ 
      using  $p$  by (auto dest:  $G.awalk\text{-}decomp$ )
    with  $p$  show ?thesis
    by (auto simp:  $G.set\text{-}awalk\text{-}verts\ G.apath\text{-}def$ ) (metis a-in imageI G.head-arev)
  qed
  ultimately have  $H.awalk\ u\ p\ v$  by (rule  $H.awalkI$ )
  then show  $v \in H.scc\text{-}of\ u$  by (metis  $H.scc\text{-}ofI\text{-}reachable'\ H.reachable\text{-}awalk$ )
qed

lemma scc-of-tail-inter:
   $tail\ G\ a \in G.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a) \cap H.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a)$ 
  using ends-in by (auto simp:  $G.in\text{-}scc\text{-}of\text{-}self\ H.in\text{-}scc\text{-}of\text{-}self\ verts\text{-}H$ )

lemma scc-of-head-inter:
   $head\ G\ a \in G.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a) \cap H.scc\text{-}of\ (head\ G\ a)$ 
proof -
  have  $tail\ G\ a \rightarrow_G head\ G\ a$  and  $head\ G\ a \rightarrow_G tail\ G\ a$ 
    by (metis a-in G.in-arcs-imp-in-arcs-ends) (metis a-in G.graph-symmetric
   $G.in\text{-}arcs\text{-}imp\text{-}in\text{-}arcs\text{-}ends$ )
  then have  $tail\ G\ a \rightarrow^*_G head\ G\ a$  and  $head\ G\ a \rightarrow^*_G tail\ G\ a$  by auto
  then show ?thesis using ends-in by (auto simp:  $G.scc\text{-}of\text{-}def\ H.in\text{-}scc\text{-}of\text{-}self\ verts\text{-}H$ )
qed

lemma G-scc-of-tail-not-in:  $G.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a) \not\subseteq H.sccs\text{-}verts$ 
proof
  assume  $A: G.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a) \in H.sccs\text{-}verts$ 
  from A scc-of-tail-inter have  $G.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a) = H.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a)$ 
  by (metis  $H.scc\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}sccs\text{-}verts\ H.sccs\text{-}verts\text{-}disjoint\ a\text{-}in\ empty\text{-}iff\ G.tail\text{-}in\text{-}verts\ verts\text{-}H$ )
  moreover
  from A scc-of-head-inter have  $G.scc\text{-}of\ (tail\ G\ a) = H.scc\text{-}of\ (head\ G\ a)$ 
  by (metis  $H.scc\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}sccs\text{-}verts\ H.sccs\text{-}verts\text{-}disjoint\ a\text{-}in\ empty\text{-}iff\ G.head\text{-}in\text{-}verts\ verts\text{-}H$ )
  ultimately show False using scc-of-tail-neq-head by blast
qed

```

```

lemma H-scc-of-a-not-in:
  H.scc-of (tail G a)  $\notin$  G.sccs-verts H.scc-of (head G a)  $\notin$  G.sccs-verts
proof safe
  assume H.scc-of (tail G a)  $\in$  G.sccs-verts
  with scc-of-tail-inter have G.scc-of (tail G a) = H.scc-of (tail G a)
  by (metis G.scc-of-in-sccs-verts G.sccs-verts-disjoint a-in empty-iff G.tail-in-verts)
  with G-scc-of-tail-not-in show False
    using ends-in by (auto simp: H.scc-of-in-sccs-verts verts-H)
next
  assume H.scc-of (head G a)  $\in$  G.sccs-verts
  with scc-of-head-inter have G.scc-of (tail G a) = H.scc-of (head G a)
  by (metis G.scc-of-in-sccs-verts G.sccs-verts-disjoint a-in empty-iff G.tail-in-verts)
  with G-scc-of-tail-not-in show False
    using ends-in by (auto simp: H.scc-of-in-sccs-verts verts-H)
qed

lemma scc-verts-da:
  H.sccs-verts = (G.sccs-verts - {G.scc-of (tail G a)})  $\cup$  {H.scc-of (tail G a)},
  H.scc-of (head G a)} (is ?L = ?R)
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix S assume S  $\in$  ?L
    then obtain u where u  $\in$  verts G S = H.scc-of u by (auto simp: verts-H
H.sccs-verts-conv-scc-of)
    moreover
    then have G.scc-of (tail G a)  $\neq$  H.scc-of u using  $\langle S \in ?L \rangle$  G-scc-of-tail-not-in
by auto
    ultimately show S  $\in$  ?R
      unfolding G.sccs-verts-conv-scc-of
      by (cases u  $\in$  G.scc-of (tail G a)) (auto dest: scc-of-G-tail scc-of-other)
next
  fix S assume S  $\in$  ?R
  show S  $\in$  ?L
  proof (cases S  $\in$  G.sccs-verts)
    case True
      with  $\langle S \in ?R \rangle$  obtain u where u  $\in$  verts G S = G.scc-of u and S  $\neq$ 
G.scc-of (tail G a)
      using H-scc-of-a-not-in by (auto simp: G.sccs-verts-conv-scc-of)
      then have G.scc-of u  $\cap$  G.scc-of (tail G a) = {}
      using ends-in by (intro G.sccs-verts-disjoint) (auto simp: G.scc-of-in-sccs-verts)
      then have u  $\notin$  G.scc-of (tail G a)
      using u by (auto dest: G.in-scc-of-self)
      with u show ?thesis using scc-of-other
      by (auto simp: H.sccs-verts-conv-scc-of verts-H G.sccs-verts-conv-scc-of)
    next
    case False with  $\langle S \in ?R \rangle$  ends-in show ?thesis by (auto simp: H.sccs-verts-conv-scc-of
verts-H)
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma card-sccs-da: card H.sccs = Suc (card G.sccs)
  using H-scc-of-a-not-in ends-in
  unfolding G.card-sccs-verts[symmetric] H.card-sccs-verts[symmetric] scc-verts-da
  by (simp add: card-insert-if G.finite-sccs-verts scc-of-tail-neg-head card-Suc-Diff1
      G.scc-of-in-sccs-verts del: card-Diff-insert)

end

sublocale bidel-arc-not-biconnected  $\subseteq$  bidel-arc-same-face
proof
  note a-in
  moreover from a-in have head G a  $\in$  tail G ' G.face-cycle-set a
    by (simp add: G.heads-face-cycle-set[symmetric])
  moreover have tail G a  $\in$  tail G ' G.face-cycle-set a by simp
  ultimately obtain p where p: G.trail (head G a) p (tail G a) set p  $\subseteq$  G.face-cycle-set
a
    by (rule G.obtain-trail-in-fcs')
  define p' where p' = G.awalk-to-apath p
  from p have p': G.apath (head G a) p' (tail G a) set p'  $\subseteq$  G.face-cycle-set a
    by (auto simp: G.trail-def p'-def dest: G.apath-awalk-to-apath G.awalk-to-apath-subset)
  then have set p'  $\subseteq$  arcs G
    using a-in by (blast dest: G.in-face-cycle-setD)

  have  $\neg \text{set } p' \subseteq \text{arcs } H$ 
  proof
    assume set p'  $\subseteq$  arcs H
    then have H.awalk (head G a) p' (tail G a)
      using p' by (auto simp: G.apath-def arcs-H intro: H-awalkI)
    then show False using not-reach-a by (metis H.symmetric-reachable' H.reachable-awalk)
  qed
  then have set p'  $\cap$  {a,a'}  $\neq$  {} using  $\langle \text{set } p' \subseteq \text{arcs } G \rangle$  by (auto simp: arcs-H)
  moreover
  have a  $\notin$  set p'
  proof
    assume a  $\in$  set p'
    then have head G a  $\in$  set (tl (G.awalk-verts (head G a) p'))
      using  $\langle G.apath - p' \rightarrow \rangle$ 
      by (cases p') (auto simp: G.set-awalk-verts G.apath-def G.awalk-Cons-iff,
metis imageI)
    moreover
    have head G a  $\notin$  set (tl (G.awalk-verts (head G a) p'))
      using  $\langle G.apath - p' \rightarrow \rangle$  by (cases p') (auto simp: G.apath-def)
    ultimately show False by contradiction
  qed
  ultimately
  have a'  $\in$  G.face-cycle-set a using p'(2) by auto
  then show G.face-cycle-set a' = G.face-cycle-set a using G.face-cycle-set-parts
by auto

```

qed

locale *bidel-arc-tail-conn* = *bidel-arc* +
assumes *conn-tail*: *tail G a* $\notin$ *H.isolated-verts*

locale *bidel-arc-head-conn* = *bidel-arc* +
assumes *conn-head*: *head G a* $\notin$ *H.isolated-verts*

locale *bidel-arc-tail-isolated* = *bidel-arc* +
assumes *isolated-tail*: *tail G a* $\in$ *H.isolated-verts*

locale *bidel-arc-head-isolated* = *bidel-arc* +
assumes *isolated-head*: *head G a* $\in$ *H.isolated-verts*
begin

lemma *G-edge-succ-a'-no-loop*:
assumes *no-loop-a*: *head G a* $\neq$ *tail G a* **shows** *G-edge-succ-a'*: *edge-succ M*
a' = a' (is ?t2)
proof –
have *: *out-arcs G (tail G a')* = {*a'*}
using *a-in isolated-head no-loop-a*
by (auto simp: *H.isolated-verts-def* *verts-H* *out-arcs-def* *arcs-H* *tail-H*)
obtain *edge-succ M a' ∈ {a'}*
using *G.edge-succ-cyclic*[*of tail G a'*]
apply (rule *eq-on-cyclic-on-iff1* [where *x=a'*])
using * *a-in a-neq-a' no-loop-a* **by** *simp-all*
then show ?thesis **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *G-face-cycle-succ-a-no-loop*:
assumes *no-loop-a*: *head G a* $\neq$ *tail G a* **shows** *G.face-cycle-succ a = a'*
using *assms* **by** (auto simp: *G.face-cycle-succ-def* *G-edge-succ-a'-no-loop*)

end

locale *bidel-arc-same-face-tail-conn* = *bidel-arc-same-face* + *bidel-arc-tail-conn*
begin

definition *a-neigh* :: 'b **where**
a-neigh $\equiv$ *SOME b. G.face-cycle-succ b = a*

lemma *face-cycle-succ-a-neigh*: *G.face-cycle-succ a-neigh = a*
proof –
have $\exists b. G.face-cycle-succ b = a$ **by** (metis *G.face-cycle-succ-pred*)
then show ?thesis **unfolding** *a-neigh-def* **by** (rule *someI-ex*)

qed

lemma *a-neigh-in*: $a\text{-neigh} \in \text{arcs } G$
using *a-in* **by** (*metis face-cycle-succ-a-neigh G.face-cycle-succ-closed*)

lemma *a-neigh-neq-a*: $a\text{-neigh} \neq a$

proof

assume $a\text{-neigh} = a$

then have $G.\text{face-cycle-set } a = \{a\}$ **using** *face-cycle-succ-a-neigh* **by** (*simp add: G.fcs-x-eq-x*)

with $a\text{-neq-}a'$ **same-face** $G.\text{face-cycle-set-self}[of\ a]$ **show** *False* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *a-neigh-neq-a'*: $a\text{-neigh} \neq a'$

proof

assume $A: a\text{-neigh} = a'$

have $a\text{-in-}oa: a \in \text{out-arcs } G\ (\text{tail } G\ a)$ **using** *a-in* **by** *auto*

have *cyc*: *cyclic-on* (*edge-succ M*) (*out-arcs G (tail G a)*)

using *a-in* **by** (*intro G.edge-succ-cyclic*) *auto*

from A **have** $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a' = a$ **by** (*metis face-cycle-succ-a-neigh*)

then have $\text{edge-succ } M\ a = a$ **by** (*auto simp: G.face-cycle-succ-def*)

then have $\text{card } (\text{out-arcs } G\ (\text{tail } G\ a)) = 1$

using *cyc a-in* **by** (*auto elim: eq-on-cyclic-on-iff1*)

then have $\text{out-arcs } G\ (\text{tail } G\ a) = \{a\}$

using *a-in-oa* **by** (*auto simp del: in-out-arcs-conv dest: card-eq-SucD*)

then show *False* **using** *conn-tail a-in*

by (*auto simp: H.isolated-verts-def arcs-H tail-H verts-H out-arcs-def*)

qed

lemma *edge-rev-a-neigh-neq*: $\text{edge-rev } M\ a\text{-neigh} \neq a'$

by (*metis a-neigh-neq-a G.arev-arev*)

lemma *edge-succ-a-neq*: $\text{edge-succ } M\ a \neq a'$

proof

assume $\text{edge-succ } M\ a = a'$

then have $G.\text{face-cycle-set } a' = \{a'\}$

using *face-cycle-succ-a-neigh*

by *auto* (*metis G.arev-arev-raw G.face-cycle-succ-def G.fcs-x-eq-x a-in comp-apply singletonD*)

with $a\text{-neq-}a'$ **same-face** $G.\text{face-cycle-set-self}[of\ a]$ **show** *False* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *H-face-cycle-succ-a-neigh*: $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a\text{-neigh} = G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a'$

using *face-cycle-succ-a-neigh edge-succ-a-neq edge-rev-a-neigh-neq a-neigh-neq-a a-neigh-neq-a' a-neigh-in*

unfolding $H.\text{face-cycle-succ-def } G.\text{face-cycle-succ-def}$

```

by (auto simp: HM-def perm-restrict-simps perm-rem-conv G.bij-edge-succ)

lemma H-fcs-a-neighbor: H.face-cycle-set a-neighbor = segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a
(is ?L = ?R)
proof -
  { fix n assume A: 0 < n n < funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ a' a
    then have *: (G.face-cycle-succ  $\sim$  n) a'  $\in$  segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a
      using a-in-o by (auto simp: segment-altdef)
    then have (G.face-cycle-succ  $\sim$  n) a'  $\notin$  {a, a'} (G.face-cycle-succ  $\sim$  n) a'
 $\in$  arcs G
      using not-in-segment1[OF a-in-o] not-in-segment2[of a G.face-cycle-succ a']
      by (auto simp: segment-altdef a-in-o)
    } note X = this

  { fix n assume 0 < n n < funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ a' a
    then have (H.face-cycle-succ  $\sim$  n) a-neighbor = (G.face-cycle-succ  $\sim$  n) a'
    proof (induct n)
      case 0 then show ?case by simp
    next
      case (Suc n)
      show ?case
      proof (cases n=0)
        case True then show ?thesis by (simp add: H-face-cycle-succ-a-neighbor)
      next
        case False
        then have (H.face-cycle-succ  $\sim$  n) a-neighbor = (G.face-cycle-succ  $\sim$  n) a'
          using Suc by simp
        then show ?thesis
          using X[of Suc n] X[of n] False Suc by (simp add: H-fcs-eq-G-fcs)
      qed
    qed
  } note Y = this

have fcs-a'-neq-a: G.face-cycle-succ a'  $\neq$  a
by (metis (no-types) a-neighbor-neq-a' G.face-cycle-pred-succ face-cycle-succ-a-neighbor)

show ?thesis
proof (intro set-eqI iffI)
  fix b assume b  $\in$  ?L

  define m where m = funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ a' a - 1

  have b-in0: b  $\in$  orbit H.face-cycle-succ (a-neighbor)
    using  $\langle b \in ?L \rangle$  by (simp add: H.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric])

  have 0 < m
  by (auto simp: m-def) (metis a-neighbor-neq-a' G.face-cycle-pred-succ G.face-cycle-set-def
    G.face-cycle-set-self G.face-cycle-set-succ face-cycle-succ-a-neighbor fun-
    pow-dist-0-eq neq0-conv)

```

```

      same-face)
    then have pos-dist:  $0 < \text{funpow-dist1 } H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a\text{-neigh } b$ 
      by (simp add: m-def)

    have *:  $(G.\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim\!\!\sim \text{Suc } m) \ a' = a$ 
      using a-in-o by (simp add: m-def funpow-dist1-prop del: funpow.simps)
    have  $(H.\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim\!\!\sim m) \ a\text{-neigh} = a\text{-neigh}$ 
    proof -
      have  $a = G.\text{face-cycle-succ } ((H.\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim\!\!\sim m) \ a\text{-neigh})$ 
        using *  $\langle 0 < m \rangle$  by (simp add: Y m-def)
    then show ?thesis using face-cycle-succ-a-neigh by (metis G.face-cycle-pred-succ)
    qed
    then have funpow-dist1  $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a\text{-neigh } b \leq m$ 
      using  $\langle 0 < m \rangle \ b\text{-in0}$  by (intro funpow-dist1-le-self) simp-all
    also have  $\dots < \text{funpow-dist1 } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a' \ a$  unfolding m-def by
simp
    finally have dist-less: funpow-dist1  $H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a\text{-neigh } b$ 
       $< \text{funpow-dist1 } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a' \ a$  .
    have  $b = (H.\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim\!\!\sim \text{funpow-dist1 } H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a\text{-neigh } b)$ 
a-neigh
      using b-in0 by (simp add: funpow-dist1-prop del: funpow.simps)
    also have  $\dots = (G.\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim\!\!\sim \text{funpow-dist1 } H.\text{face-cycle-succ } a\text{-neigh } b) \ a'$ 
      using pos-dist dist-less by (rule Y)
    also have  $\dots \in ?R$  using pos-dist dist-less by (simp add: segment-altdef
a-in-o del: funpow.simps)
    finally show  $b \in ?R$  .
  next
    fix b assume  $b \in ?R$ 
    then show  $b \in ?L$ 
      using Y
      by (auto simp: segment-altdef a-in-o H.face-cycle-set-altdef Suc-le-eq) metis
    qed
  qed
end

```

```

locale bidel-arc-isolated-loop =
  bidel-arc-biconnected + bidel-arc-tail-isolated
begin

```

```

lemma loop-a[simp]:  $\text{head } G \ a = \text{tail } G \ a$ 
  using isolated-tail reach-a by (auto simp: H.isolated-verts-def
    elim: H.converse-reachable-cases dest: out-arcs-emptyD-dominates)

```

end

sublocale *bidel-arc-isolated-loop* $\subseteq$ *bidel-arc-head-isolated*
using *isolated-tail loop-a* **by** *unfold-locales simp*

context *bidel-arc-isolated-loop* **begin**

The edges a and a' form a loop on an otherwise isolated vertex

lemma *card-isolated-verts-da*: $\text{card } H.\text{isolated-verts} = \text{Suc } (\text{card } G.\text{isolated-verts})$
by (*simp add: card-isolated-verts-da0 isolated-tail*)

lemma

G-*edge-succ-a*[*simp*]: $\text{edge-succ } M \ a = a' \text{ (is } ?t1) \text{ and}$

G-*edge-succ-a'*[*simp*]: $\text{edge-succ } M \ a' = a \text{ (is } ?t2)$

proof –

have *: $\text{out-arcs } G \ (\text{tail } G \ a) = \{a, a'\}$

using *a-in isolated-tail*

by (*auto simp: H.isolated-verts-def verts-H out-arcs-def arcs-H tail-H*)

obtain $\text{edge-succ } M \ a' \in \{a, a'\} \ \text{edge-succ } M \ a' \neq a'$

using *G.edge-succ-cyclic[of tail G a']*

apply (*rule eq-on-cyclic-on-iff1[where x=a']*)

using * *a-in a-neq-a' loop-a* **by** *auto*

moreover

obtain $\text{edge-succ } M \ a \in \{a, a'\} \ \text{edge-succ } M \ a \neq a$

using *G.edge-succ-cyclic[of tail G a]*

apply (*rule eq-on-cyclic-on-iff1[where x=a]*)

using * *a-in a-neq-a' loop-a* **by** *auto*

ultimately show *?t1 ?t2* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma

G-*face-cycle-succ-a*[*simp*]: $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a = a \text{ and}$

G-*face-cycle-succ-a'*[*simp*]: $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } a' = a'$

by (*auto simp: G.face-cycle-succ-def*)

lemma

G-*face-cycle-set-a*[*simp*]: $G.\text{face-cycle-set } a = \{a\} \text{ and}$

G-*face-cycle-set-a'*[*simp*]: $G.\text{face-cycle-set } a' = \{a'\}$

unfolding *G.fcs-x-eq-x[symmetric]* **by** *simp-all*

end

sublocale *bidel-arc-isolated-loop* $\subseteq$ *bidel-arc-diff-face*
using *a-neq-a'* **by** *unfold-locales auto*

context *bidel-arc-isolated-loop* **begin**

lemma *card-face-cycle-sets-da*: $\text{card } G.\text{face-cycle-sets} = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{card } H.\text{face-cycle-sets}))$
unfolding *card-face-cycle-sets-da'* **using** *diff-face card-fcs-aa'-le*

```

    by (auto simp: card-insert-if S-def G.segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq)

lemma euler-genus-da:  $H.euler-genus = G.euler-genus$ 
unfolding G.euler-genus-def H.euler-genus-def G.euler-char-def H.euler-char-def
by (simp add: card-isolated-verts-da verts-H card-arcs-da card-face-cycle-sets-da
card-sccs-da)

end

locale bidel-arc-two-isolated =
  bidel-arc-not-biconnected + bidel-arc-tail-isolated + bidel-arc-head-isolated
begin

tail  $G$   $a$  and head  $G$   $a$  form an SCC with  $a$  and  $a'$  as the only arcs.

lemma no-loop-a: head  $G$   $a \neq$  tail  $G$   $a$ 
  using not-reach-a a-in by (auto simp: verts-H)

lemma card-isolated-verts-da: card  $H.isolated-verts = Suc (Suc (card G.isolated-verts))$ 
  using no-loop-a isolated-tail isolated-head by (simp add: card-isolated-verts-da0
card-insert-if)

lemma G-edge-succ-a'[simp]: edge-succ  $M$   $a' = a'$ 
  using G-edge-succ-a'-no-loop no-loop-a by simp

lemma G-edge-succ-a[simp]: edge-succ  $M$   $a = a$ 
proof -
  have *: out-arcs  $G$  (tail  $G$   $a$ ) =  $\{a\}$ 
    using a-in isolated-tail isolated-head no-loop-a
    by (auto simp: H.isolated-verts-def verts-H out-arcs-def arcs-H tail-H)
  obtain edge-succ  $M$   $a \in \{a\}$ 
    using G.edge-succ-cyclic[of tail  $G$   $a$ ]
    apply (rule eq-on-cyclic-on-iff1[where  $x=a$ ])
    using * a-in a-neq-a' no-loop-a by simp-all
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma
  G-face-cycle-succ-a[simp]:  $G.face-cycle-succ$   $a = a'$  and
  G-face-cycle-succ-a'[simp]:  $G.face-cycle-succ$   $a' = a$ 
  by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-succ-def)

lemma
  G-face-cycle-set-a[simp]:  $G.face-cycle-set$   $a = \{a, a'\}$  (is ?t1) and
  G-face-cycle-set-a'[simp]:  $G.face-cycle-set$   $a' = \{a, a'\}$  (is ?t2)
proof -
  { fix  $n$  have ( $G.face-cycle-succ \rightsquigarrow n$ )  $a \in \{a, a'\}$  ( $G.face-cycle-succ \rightsquigarrow n$ )  $a' \in \{a, a'\}$ 
    by (induct  $n$ ) auto
  }

```

```

    then
      show ?t1 ?t2 by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-set-altdef intro: exI[where x=0]
exI[where x=1])
    qed

lemma card-face-cycle-sets-da: card G.face-cycle-sets = Suc (card H.face-cycle-sets)
  unfolding card-face-cycle-sets-da0 using card-fcs-aa'-le by simp

lemma euler-genus-da: H.euler-genus = G.euler-genus
  unfolding G.euler-genus-def H.euler-genus-def G.euler-char-def H.euler-char-def
  by (simp add: card-isolated-verts-da verts-H card-arcs-da card-face-cycle-sets-da
card-sccs-da)

end

locale bidel-arc-tail-not-isol = bidel-arc-not-biconnected +
  bidel-arc-tail-conn

sublocale bidel-arc-tail-not-isol  $\subseteq$  bidel-arc-same-face-tail-conn
  by unfold-locales

locale bidel-arc-only-tail-not-isol = bidel-arc-tail-not-isol +
  bidel-arc-head-isolated

context bidel-arc-only-tail-not-isol
begin

lemma card-isolated-verts-da: card H.isolated-verts = Suc (card G.isolated-verts)
  using isolated-head conn-tail by (simp add: card-isolated-verts-da0)

lemma segment-a'-a-ne: segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a  $\neq$  {}
  unfolding H-fcs-a-neigh[symmetric] by auto

lemma segment-a-a'-e: segment G.face-cycle-succ a a' = {}
proof -
  have a' = G.face-cycle-succ a using tail-neq-head
  by (simp add: G-face-cycle-succ-a-no-loop)
  then show ?thesis by (auto simp: segment1-empty)
qed

lemma card-face-cycle-sets-da: card H.face-cycle-sets = card G.face-cycle-sets
  unfolding card-face-cycle-sets-da' using segment-a'-a-ne segment-a-a'-e card-fcs-gt-0
  by (simp add: card-insert-if)

lemma euler-genus-da: H.euler-genus = G.euler-genus
  unfolding G.euler-genus-def H.euler-genus-def G.euler-char-def H.euler-char-def
  by (simp add: card-isolated-verts-da verts-H card-arcs-da card-face-cycle-sets-da
card-sccs-da)

```

```

end

locale bidel-arc-only-head-not-isol = bidel-arc-not-biconnected +
  bidel-arc-head-conn +
  bidel-arc-tail-isolated
begin

  interpretation rev: bidel-arc G M a'
    using a-in by unfold-locales simp

  interpretation rev: bidel-arc-only-tail-not-isol G M a'
    using a-in not-reach-a
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: rev-H isolated-tail conn-head dest: H.symmetric-reachable')

  lemma euler-genus-da: H.euler-genus = G.euler-genus
    using rev.euler-genus-da by (simp add: rev-H rev-HM)

end

locale bidel-arc-two-not-isol = bidel-arc-tail-not-isol +
  bidel-arc-head-conn
begin

  lemma isolated-verts-da: H.isolated-verts = G.isolated-verts
    using conn-head conn-tail by (subst isolated-da-pre) simp

  lemma segment-a'-a-ne': segment G.face-cycle-succ a' a ≠ {}
    unfolding H-fcs-a-neigh[symmetric] by auto

  interpretation rev: bidel-arc-tail-not-isol G M a'
    using arcs-in not-reach-a rev-H conn-head
    by unfold-locales (auto dest: H.symmetric-reachable')

  lemma segment-a-a'-ne': segment G.face-cycle-succ a a' ≠ {}
    using rev.H-fcs-a-neigh[symmetric] rev-H rev-HM by auto

  lemma card-face-cycle-sets-da: card H.face-cycle-sets = Suc (card G.face-cycle-sets)
    unfolding card-face-cycle-sets-da' using segment-a'-a-ne' segment-a-a'-ne'
card-fcs-gt-0
    by (simp add: segments-neq card-insert-if)

  lemma euler-genus-da: H.euler-genus = G.euler-genus
    unfolding G.euler-genus-def H.euler-genus-def G.euler-char-def H.euler-char-def
    by (simp add: isolated-verts-da verts-H card-arcs-da card-face-cycle-sets-da
card-sccs-da)

end

locale bidel-arc-biconnected-non-triv = bidel-arc-biconnected +

```

```

    bidel-arc-tail-conn

sublocale bidel-arc-biconnected-non-triv  $\subseteq$  bidel-arc-head-conn
  by unfold-locales (metis (mono-tags) G.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable G.symmetric-reachable'
    H.isolated-verts-in-sccs conn-tail empty-iff insert-iff reach-a reachable-daD sccs-verts-da)

context bidel-arc-biconnected-non-triv begin

  lemma isolated-verts-da: H.isolated-verts = G.isolated-verts
    using conn-head conn-tail by (subst isolated-da-pre) simp

end

locale bidel-arc-biconnected-same = bidel-arc-biconnected-non-triv +
  bidel-arc-same-face

sublocale bidel-arc-biconnected-same  $\subseteq$  bidel-arc-same-face-tail-conn
  by unfold-locales

context bidel-arc-biconnected-same begin

  interpretation rev: bidel-arc-same-face-tail-conn G M a'
    using arcs-in conn-head by unfold-locales (auto simp: same-face rev-H)

  lemma card-face-cycle-sets-da: Suc (card H.face-cycle-sets)  $\geq$  (card G.face-cycle-sets)
    unfolding card-face-cycle-sets-da' using card-fcs-gt-0 by linarith

  lemma euler-genus-da: H.euler-genus  $\leq$  G.euler-genus
    using card-face-cycle-sets-da
    unfolding G.euler-genus-def H.euler-genus-def G.euler-char-def H.euler-char-def
    by (simp add: isolated-verts-da verts-H card-arcs-da card-sccs-da)

end

locale bidel-arc-biconnected-diff = bidel-arc-biconnected-non-triv +
  bidel-arc-diff-face
begin

  lemma fcs-not-triv: G.face-cycle-set a  $\neq \{a\} \vee G.face-cycle-set a' \neq \{a'\}$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg ?thesis$ 
    then have G.face-cycle-succ a = a G.face-cycle-succ a' = a'
      by (auto simp: G.fcs-x-eq-x)
    then have *: edge-succ M a = a' edge-succ M a' = a
      by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-succ-def)
    then have (edge-succ M  $\overset{\sim}{\sim}$  2) a = a by (auto simp: eval-nat-numeral)

```

```

{ fix n
  have (edge-succ M  $\sim$  2) a = a by (auto simp: * eval-nat-numeral)
  then have (edge-succ M  $\sim$  n) a = (edge-succ M  $\sim$  (n mod 2)) a
    by (auto simp: funpow-mod-eq)
  moreover have n mod 2 = 0  $\vee$  n mod 2 = 1 by auto
  ultimately have (edge-succ M  $\sim$  n) a  $\in$  {a, a'} by (auto simp: *)
}
then have orbit (edge-succ M) a = {a, a'}
by (auto simp: orbit-altdef-permutation[OF G.permutation-edge-succ] exI[where
x=0] exI[where x=1] *)

have out-arcs G (tail G a)  $\subseteq$  {a, a'}
proof -
  have cyclic-on (edge-succ M) (out-arcs G (tail G a))
    using arcs-in by (intro G.edge-succ-cyclic) auto
  then have orbit (edge-succ M) a = out-arcs G (tail G a)
    using arcs-in by (intro orbit-cyclic-eq3) auto
  then show ?thesis using <orbit - - = {-, -}> by auto
qed
then have out-arcs H (tail G a) = {} by (auto simp: arcs-H tail-H)
then have tail G a  $\in$  H.isolated-verts using arcs-in by (simp add: H.isolated-verts-def
verts-H)
then show False using conn-tail by contradiction
qed

lemma S-ne: S  $\neq$  {}
using fcs-not-triv by (auto simp: S-def G.segment-face-cycle-x-x-eq)

lemma card-face-cycle-sets-da: card G.face-cycle-sets = Suc (card H.face-cycle-sets)
unfolding card-face-cycle-sets-da' using S-ne diff-face card-fcs-aa'-le by simp

lemma euler-genus-da: H.euler-genus = G.euler-genus
unfolding G.euler-genus-def H.euler-genus-def G.euler-char-def H.euler-char-def
by (simp add: isolated-verts-da verts-H card-arcs-da card-sccs-da card-face-cycle-sets-da)

end

```

context *bidel-arc* begin

```

lemma euler-genus-da: H.euler-genus  $\leq$  G.euler-genus
proof -
  let ?biconnected = tail G a  $\rightarrow^*_H$  head G a
  let ?isol-tail = tail G a  $\in$  H.isolated-verts
  let ?isol-head = head G a  $\in$  H.isolated-verts
  let ?same-face = G.face-cycle-set a' = G.face-cycle-set a
  { assume ?biconnected ?isol-tail
    then interpret EG: bidel-arc-isolated-loop by unfold-locales

```

```

    have ?thesis by (simp add: EG.euler-genus-da)
  }
  moreover
  { assume ?biconnected  $\neg$ ?isol-tail ?same-face
    then interpret EG: bidel-arc-biconnected-same by unfold-locales
    have ?thesis by (simp add: EG.euler-genus-da)
  }
  moreover
  { assume ?biconnected  $\neg$ ?isol-tail  $\neg$ ?same-face
    then interpret EG: bidel-arc-biconnected-diff by unfold-locales
    have ?thesis by (simp add: EG.euler-genus-da)
  }
  moreover
  { assume  $\neg$ ?biconnected ?isol-tail ?isol-head
    then interpret EG: bidel-arc-two-isolated by unfold-locales
    have ?thesis by (simp add: EG.euler-genus-da)
  }
  moreover
  { assume  $\neg$ ?biconnected  $\neg$ ?isol-tail ?isol-head
    then interpret EG: bidel-arc-only-tail-not-isol by unfold-locales
    have ?thesis by (simp add: EG.euler-genus-da)
  }
  moreover
  { assume  $\neg$ ?biconnected ?isol-tail  $\neg$ ?isol-head
    then interpret EG: bidel-arc-only-head-not-isol by unfold-locales
    have ?thesis by (simp add: EG.euler-genus-da)
  }
  moreover
  { assume  $\neg$ ?biconnected  $\neg$ ?isol-tail  $\neg$ ?isol-head
    then interpret EG: bidel-arc-two-not-isol by unfold-locales
    have ?thesis by (simp add: EG.euler-genus-da)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by satx
qed
end

```

14.3 Modifying *edge-rev*

definition (in *pre-digraph-map*) *rev-swap* :: '*b* $\Rightarrow$ '*b* $\Rightarrow$ '*b* *pre-map* **where**
rev-swap *a b* = ($\lfloor$ *edge-rev* = *perm-swap* *a b* (*edge-rev* *M*), *edge-succ* = *perm-swap* *a b* (*edge-succ* *M*) $\rfloor$)

context *digraph-map* **begin**

lemma *digraph-map-rev-swap*:

assumes *arc-to-ends* *G a* = *arc-to-ends* *G b* {*a,b*} $\subseteq$ *arcs G*
shows *digraph-map G (rev-swap a b)*

proof

let ?*M'* = *rev-swap a b*

```

have tail-swap:  $\bigwedge x. \text{tail } G ((a \Rightarrow_F b) x) = \text{tail } G x$ 
  using assms by (case-tac  $x \in \{a, b\}$ ) (auto simp: arc-to-ends-def)
have swap-in-arcs:  $\bigwedge x. (a \Rightarrow_F b) x \in \text{arcs } G \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{arcs } G$ 
  using assms by (case-tac  $x \in \{a, b\}$ ) auto

have es-perm: edge-succ ?M' permutes arcs G
  using assms edge-succ-permutes unfolding permutes-conv-has-dom
  by (auto simp: rev-swap-def has-dom-perm-swap)

{
  fix x show  $(x \in \text{arcs } G) = (\text{edge-rev } (\text{rev-swap } a \ b) x \neq x)$ 
    using assms(2)
    by (cases  $x \in \{a, b\}$ ) (auto simp: rev-swap-def perm-swap-def arev-dom
      Transposition.transpose-def split: if-splits)
  next
    fix x assume  $x \in \text{arcs } G$  then show  $\text{edge-rev } ?M' (\text{edge-rev } ?M' x) = x$ 
      by (auto simp: rev-swap-def perm-swap-comp[symmetric])
  next
    fix x assume  $x \in \text{arcs } G$  then show  $\text{tail } G (\text{edge-rev } ?M' x) = \text{head } G x$ 
      using assms by (case-tac  $x \in \{a, b\}$ ) (auto simp: rev-swap-def perm-swap-def
        tail-swap arc-to-ends-def)
  next
    show edge-succ ?M' permutes arcs G by fact
  next
    fix v assume  $A: v \in \text{verts } G$  out-arcs G v  $\neq \{\}$ 
    then obtain c where  $c \in \text{out-arcs } G \ v$  by blast
    have inj (perm-swap a b (edge-succ M)) by (simp add: bij-is-inj bij-edge-succ)

    have out-arcs G v =  $(a \Rightarrow_F b) \cdot \text{out-arcs } G \ v$ 
      by (auto simp: tail-swap swap-swap-id swap-in-arcs intro: image-eqI[where
         $x = (a \Rightarrow_F b) \cdot y$  for y])
    also have  $(a \Rightarrow_F b) \cdot \text{out-arcs } G \ v = (a \Rightarrow_F b) \cdot \text{orbit } (\text{edge-succ } M) ((a \Rightarrow_F b) \cdot c)$ 
      using edge-succ-cyclic using A  $\langle c \in \cdot \rangle$ 
      by (intro arg-cong[where  $f = (\cdot) (a \Rightarrow_F b)$ ])
      (intro orbit-cyclic-eq3[symmetric], auto simp: swap-in-arcs tail-swap)
    also have  $\dots = \text{orbit } (\text{edge-succ } ?M') \ c$ 
      by (simp add: orbit-perm-swap rev-swap-def)
    finally have oa-orb:  $\text{out-arcs } G \ v = \text{orbit } (\text{edge-succ } ?M') \ c$  .

    show cyclic-on (edge-succ ?M') (out-arcs G v)
      unfolding oa-orb using es-perm finite-arcs by (rule cyclic-on-orbit)
  }
qed

lemma euler-genus-rev-swap:
  assumes arc-to-ends G a = arc-to-ends G b  $\{a, b\} \subseteq \text{arcs } G$ 
  shows pre-digraph-map.euler-genus G (rev-swap a b) = euler-genus

```

```

proof –
  let ?M' = rev-swap a b

  interpret G': digraph-map G ?M' using assms by (rule digraph-map-rev-swap)

  have swap-in-arcs:  $\bigwedge x. (a \Rightarrow_F b) \ x \in \text{arcs } G \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{arcs } G$ 
    using assms by (case-tac  $x \in \{a, b\}$ ) auto

  have G'-fcs: G'.face-cycle-succ = perm-swap a b face-cycle-succ
    unfolding G'.face-cycle-succ-def face-cycle-succ-def
    by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff rev-swap-def perm-swap-comp)

  have  $\bigwedge x. G'.\text{face-cycle-set } x = (a \Rightarrow_F b) \text{ 'face-cycle-set } ((a \Rightarrow_F b) x)$ 
    by (auto simp: face-cycle-set-def G'.face-cycle-set-def orbit-perm-swap G'-fcs
imageI)
  then have G'.face-cycle-sets =  $(\lambda S. (a \Rightarrow_F b) \text{ ' } S) \text{ 'face-cycle-sets}$ 
    by (auto simp: pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets-def swap-in-arcs)
    (metis swap-swap-id image-eqI swap-in-arcs)
  then have card G'.face-cycle-sets = card  $((\lambda S. (a \Rightarrow_F b) \text{ ' } S) \text{ 'face-cycle-sets})$ 
by simp
  also have ... = card face-cycle-sets
    by (rule card-image) (rule inj-on-f-imageI[where S=UNIV], auto)
  finally
  show pre-digraph-map.euler-genus G ?M' = euler-genus
    unfolding pre-digraph-map.euler-genus-def pre-digraph-map.euler-char-def by
simp
qed

end

```

14.4 Conclusion

lemma *bidirected-subgraph-obtain*:

```

assumes sg: subgraph H G arcs H  $\neq$  arcs G
assumes fin: finite (arcs G)
assumes bidir:  $\exists \text{ rev. bidirected-digraph } G \text{ rev } \exists \text{ rev. bidirected-digraph } H \text{ rev}$ 
obtains a a' where  $\{a, a'\} \subseteq \text{arcs } G - \text{arcs } H$  a'  $\neq$  a
  tail G a' = head G a head G a' = tail G a

```

proof –

```

obtain a where a: a  $\in \text{arcs } G - \text{arcs } H$  using sg by blast

```

```

obtain rev-G rev-H where rev: bidirected-digraph G rev-G bidirected-digraph H
rev-H

```

```

using bidir by blast

```

```

interpret G: bidirected-digraph G rev-G by (rule rev)

```

```

interpret H: bidirected-digraph H rev-H by (rule rev)

```

```

have sg-props: arcs H  $\subseteq$  arcs G tail H = tail G head H = head G
using sg by (auto simp: subgraph-def compatible-def)

```

```

{ fix w1 w2 assume A: tail G a = w1 head G a = w2
  have in-arcs H w1  $\cap$  out-arcs H w2 = rev-H ‘ (out-arcs H w1  $\cap$  in-arcs H w2)
(is ?Sh = -)
  unfolding H.in-arcs-eq by (simp add: image-Int image-image H.inj-on-arev)
  then have card (in-arcs H w1  $\cap$  out-arcs H w2) = card (out-arcs H w1  $\cap$ 
in-arcs H w2)
  by (metis card-image H.arem-arem inj-on-inverseI)
  also have ... < card (out-arcs G w1  $\cap$  in-arcs G w2) (is card ?Sh1 < card
?Sg1)
  proof (rule psubset-card-mono)
    show finite ?Sg1 using fin by (auto simp: out-arcs-def)
    show ?Sh1  $\subset$  ?Sg1 using A a sg-props by auto
  qed
  also have ?Sg1 = rev-G ‘ (in-arcs G w1  $\cap$  out-arcs G w2) (is - = - ‘ ?Sg)
  unfolding G.in-arcs-eq by (simp add: image-Int image-image G.inj-on-arev)
  also have card ... = card ?Sg
  by (metis card-image G.arem-arem inj-on-inverseI)
  finally have card-less: card ?Sh < card ?Sg .

have S-ss: ?Sh  $\subseteq$  ?Sg using sg-props by auto

have ?thesis
proof (cases w1 = w2)
case True
  have card (?Sh - {a}) = card ?Sh
  using a by (intro arg-cong[where f=card]) auto
  also have ... < card ?Sg - 1
  proof -
    from True have even (card ?Sg) even (card ?Sh)
    by (auto simp: G.even-card-loops H.even-card-loops)
    then show ?thesis using card-less
    by simp (metis Suc-pred even-Suc le-neq-implies-less lessE less-Suc-eq-le
zero-less-Suc)
  qed
  also have ... = card (?Sg - {a})
  using fin a A True by (auto simp: out-arcs-def card-Diff-singleton)
  finally have card-diff-a-less: card (?Sh - {a}) < card (?Sg - {a}) .
  moreover
  from S-ss have ?Sh - {a}  $\subseteq$  ?Sg - {a} using S-ss by blast
  ultimately have ?Sh - {a}  $\subset$  ?Sg - {a}
  by (intro card-psubset) auto
  then obtain a' where a'  $\in$  (?Sg - {a}) - ?Sh by blast
  then have {a,a'}  $\subseteq$  arcs G - arcs H a'  $\neq$  a tail G a' = head G a head G
a' = tail G a
  using A a sg-props by auto
  then show ?thesis ..
next
case False

```

```

    from card-less S-ss have  $?Sh \subset ?Sg$  by auto
    then obtain  $a'$  where  $a' \in ?Sg - ?Sh$  by blast
    then have  $\{a, a'\} \subseteq \text{arcs } G - \text{arcs } H$   $a' \neq \text{tail } G$   $a' = \text{head } G$   $a \text{ head } G$ 
 $a' = \text{tail } G$   $a$ 
    using A a sg-props False by auto
    then show ?thesis ..
  qed
}
then show ?thesis by simp
qed

```

lemma *subgraph-euler-genus-le*:

assumes G : *subgraph H G digraph-map G GM* and H : $\exists \text{rev. bidirected-digraph } H \text{ rev}$

obtains HM where *digraph-map H HM pre-digraph-map.euler-genus H HM* $\leq$ *pre-digraph-map.euler-genus G GM*

proof –

let $?d = \lambda G. \text{card } (\text{arcs } G) + \text{card } (\text{verts } G) - \text{card } (\text{arcs } H) - \text{card } (\text{verts } H)$
 from H obtain *rev-H* where *bidirected-digraph H rev-H* by *blast*
 then interpret H : *bidirected-digraph H rev-H* .

from G

have $\exists HM. \text{digraph-map } H HM \wedge \text{pre-digraph-map.euler-genus } H HM \leq \text{pre-digraph-map.euler-genus } G GM$

proof (*induct ?d G arbitrary: G GM rule: less-induct*)

case *less*

from *less* interpret G : *digraph-map G GM* by –

have $H\text{-ss}$: $\text{arcs } H \subseteq \text{arcs } G$ $\text{verts } H \subseteq \text{verts } G$ using $\langle \text{subgraph } H G \rangle$ by *auto*
 then have *card-le*: $\text{card } (\text{arcs } H) \leq \text{card } (\text{arcs } G)$ $\text{card } (\text{verts } H) \leq \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$
 by (*auto intro: card-mono*)

have *ends*: $\text{tail } H = \text{tail } G$ $\text{head } H = \text{head } G$

using $\langle \text{subgraph } H G \rangle$ by (*auto simp: compatible-def*)

show *?case*

proof (*cases ?d G = 0*)

case *True*

then have $\text{card } (\text{arcs } H) = \text{card } (\text{arcs } G)$ $\text{card } (\text{verts } H) = \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$

using *card-le* by *linarith+*

then have $\text{arcs } H = \text{arcs } G$ $\text{verts } H = \text{verts } G$

using $H\text{-ss}$ by (*auto simp: card-subset-eq*)

then have $H = G$ using $\langle \text{subgraph } H G \rangle$ by (*auto simp: compatible-def*)

then have *digraph-map H GM* $\wedge$ *pre-digraph-map.euler-genus H GM* $\leq$ *G.euler-genus* by *auto*

then show *?thesis ..*

next

```

case False
then have H-ne:  $(\text{arcs } G - \text{arcs } H) \neq \{\}$   $\vee (\text{verts } G - \text{verts } H) \neq \{\}$ 
  using H-ss card-le by auto

  { assume A:  $\text{arcs } G - \text{arcs } H \neq \{\}$ 
    then obtain a a' where aa':  $\{a, a'\} \subseteq \text{arcs } G - \text{arcs } H$   $a' \neq a$  tail G a'
    = head G a head G a' = tail G a
    using H-ss  $\langle \text{subgraph } H \ G \rangle$  by (auto intro: bidirected-subgraph-obtain)
    let ?GM' = G.rev-swap (edge-rev GM a) a'

    interpret G': digraph-map G ?GM'
    using aa' by (intro G.digraph-map-rev-swap) (auto simp: arc-to-ends-def)
    interpret G': bidel-arc G ?GM' a
    using aa' by unfold-locales simp

    have edge-rev GM a  $\neq a$ 
    using aa' by (intro G.arev-neq) auto
    then have er-a: edge-rev ?GM' a = a'
    using  $\langle a' \neq a \rangle$  by (auto simp: G.rev-swap-def perm-swap-def swap-id-eq)
    dest: G.arev-neq)
    then have sg: subgraph H G'.H
    using H-ss aa' by (intro subgraphI) (auto simp: G'.verts-H G'.arcs-H
    G'.tail-H G'.head-H ends compatible-def intro: H.wf-digraph G'.H.wf-digraph)

    have card  $\{a, a'\} \leq \text{card } (\text{arcs } G)$ 
    using aa' by (intro card-mono) auto
    then obtain HM where HM: digraph-map H HM pre-digraph-map.euler-genus
    H HM  $\leq G'.H.euler-genus$ 
    using aa' False by atomize-elim (rule less, auto simp: G'.verts-H G'.arcs-H
    card-insert-if sg er-a)

    have G'.H.euler-genus  $\leq G'.euler-genus$  by (rule G'.euler-genus-da)
    also have G'.euler-genus = G.euler-genus
    using aa' by (auto simp: G.euler-genus-rev-swap arc-to-ends-def)
    finally have ?thesis using HM by auto
  }
moreover
  { assume A:  $\text{arcs } G - \text{arcs } H = \{\}$ 
    then have A':  $\text{verts } G - \text{verts } H \neq \{\}$  and arcs-H:  $\text{arcs } H = \text{arcs } G$  using
    H-ss H-ne by auto
    then obtain v where v:  $v \in \text{verts } G - \text{verts } H$  by auto
    have card-lt: card ( $\text{verts } H$ ) < card ( $\text{verts } G$ )
    using A' H-ss by (intro psubset-card-mono) auto

    have out-arcs G v = out-arcs H v using A H-ss by (auto simp: ends)
    then interpret G: del-vert-props G GM v
    using v by unfold-locales auto

    have ?d (G.del-vert v) < ?d G
  }

```

```

      using card-lt by (simp add: arcs-H G.arcs-dv G.card-verts-dv)
    moreover
    have subgraph H (G.del-vert v)
    using H-ss v by (auto simp: subgraph-def arcs-H G.arcs-dv G.verts-del-vert
H.wf-digraph
      G.H.wf-digraph compatible-def G.tail-del-vert G.head-del-vert ends)
    moreover
    have bidirected-digraph (G.del-vert v) (edge-rev GM)
    using G.arev-dom by (intro G.H.bidirected-digraphI) (auto simp: G.arcs-dv)
    ultimately
    have ?thesis unfolding G.euler-genus-eq[symmetric] by (intro less) auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
qed
then obtain HM where digraph-map H HM pre-digraph-map.euler-genus H HM
≤ pre-digraph-map.euler-genus G GM
  by atomize-elim
then show ?thesis ..
qed

lemma (in digraph-map) nonneg-euler-genus: 0 ≤ euler-genus
proof -
  define H where H = (| verts = {}, arcs = {}, tail = tail G, head = head G |)
  then have H-simps: verts H = {} arcs H = {} tail H = tail G head H = head
G
  by (simp-all add: H-def)

interpret H: bidirected-digraph H id
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: H-def)
have wf-digraph H wf-digraph G by unfold-locales
then have subgraph H G by (intro subgraphI) (auto simp: H-def compatible-def)
then obtain HM where digraph-map H HM pre-digraph-map.euler-genus H HM
≤ euler-genus
  by (rule subgraph-euler-genus-le) auto
then interpret H: digraph-map H HM by -

have H.sccs = {}
proof -
  { fix x assume *: x ∈ H.sccs-verts
    then have x = {} by (auto dest: H.sccs-verts-subsets simp: H-simps)
    with * have False by (auto simp: H.in-sccs-verts-conv-reachable)
  } then show ?thesis by (auto simp: H.sccs-verts-conv)
qed
then have H.euler-genus = 0
  by (auto simp: H.euler-genus-def H.euler-char-def H.isolated-verts-def H.face-cycle-sets-def
H-simps)
then show ?thesis using ⟨H.euler-genus ≤ -⟩ by simp
qed

```

```

lemma subgraph-comb-planar:
  assumes subgraph G H comb-planar H  $\exists$  rev. bidirected-digraph G rev shows
comb-planar G
proof –
  from  $\langle \textit{comb-planar H} \rangle$  obtain HM where digraph-map H HM and H-genus:
pre-digraph-map.euler-genus H HM = 0
  unfolding comb-planar-def by metis

  obtain GM where G: digraph-map G GM pre-digraph-map.euler-genus G GM
 $\leq$  pre-digraph-map.euler-genus H HM
  using assms(1)  $\langle \textit{digraph-map H HM} \rangle$  assms(3) by (rule subgraph-euler-genus-le)
  interpret G: digraph-map G GM by fact

  show ?thesis using G H-genus G.nonneg-euler-genus unfolding comb-planar-def
by auto
qed

end
theory Kuratowski-Combinatorial
imports
  Planar-Complete
  Planar-Subdivision
  Planar-Subgraph
begin

theorem comb-planar-compat:
  assumes comb-planar G
  shows kuratowski-planar G
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg ?thesis$ 
  then obtain G0 rev-G0 K rev-K where sub: subgraph G0 G subdivision (K,
rev-K)  $(G0, \textit{rev-G0})$ 
  and is-kur:  $K_{3,3} \not\subseteq K \vee K_5 \not\subseteq K$ 
  unfolding kuratowski-planar-def by auto

  have comb-planar K using sub assms
  by (metis subgraph-comb-planar subdivision-comb-planar subdivision-bidir)
  moreover
  have  $\neg \textit{comb-planar K}$  using is-kur by (metis K5-not-comb-planar K33-not-comb-planar)
  ultimately
  show False by contradiction
qed

end
theory Simpl-Anno imports Simpl.Vcg begin

definition named-loop name = UNIV

```

```

lemma annotate-named-loop-inv:
  whileAnno b (named-loop name) V c = whileAnno b I V c
  by (simp add: whileAnno-def)

lemma annotate-named-loop-inv-fix:
  whileAnno b (named-loop name) V c = whileAnnoFix b I ( $\lambda\cdot. V$ ) ( $\lambda\cdot. c$ )
  by (simp add: whileAnno-def whileAnnoFix-def)

lemma annotate-named-loop-var:
  whileAnno b (named-loop name) V' c = whileAnno b I V c
  by (simp add: whileAnno-def)

lemma annotate-named-loop-var-fix:
  whileAnno b (named-loop name) V' c = whileAnnoFix b I ( $\lambda\cdot. V$ ) ( $\lambda\cdot. c$ )
  by (simp add: whileAnno-def whileAnnoFix-def)

end

```

15 Implementation of a Non-Planarity Checker

```

theory Check-Non-Planarity-Impl
imports
  Simpl.Vcg
  Simpl-Anno
  Graph-Theory.Graph-Theory
begin

```

15.1 An abstract graph datatype

```

type-synonym ig-vertex = nat
type-synonym ig-edge = ig-vertex  $\times$  ig-vertex

typedef IGraph = {(vs :: ig-vertex list, es :: ig-edge list). distinct vs}
  by auto

definition ig-verts :: IGraph  $\Rightarrow$  ig-vertex list where
  ig-verts G  $\equiv$  fst (Rep-IGraph G)

definition ig-arcs :: IGraph  $\Rightarrow$  ig-edge list where
  ig-arcs G  $\equiv$  snd (Rep-IGraph G)

definition ig-verts-cnt :: IGraph  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where ig-verts-cnt G  $\equiv$  length (ig-verts G)

definition ig-arcs-cnt :: IGraph  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where ig-arcs-cnt G  $\equiv$  length (ig-arcs G)

declare ig-verts-cnt-def[simp]

```

declare *ig-arcs-cnt-def*[*simp*]

definition *IGraph-inv* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *bool* **where**

IGraph-inv *G* $\equiv (\forall e \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G). \text{fst } e \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \wedge \text{snd } e \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G))$

definition *ig-empty* :: *IGraph* **where**

ig-empty $\equiv \text{Abs-IGraph } ([], [])$

definition *ig-add-v* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *IGraph* **where**

ig-add-v *G* *v* = (if *v* $\in$ *set* (*ig-verts* *G*) then *G* else *Abs-IGraph* (*ig-verts* *G* @ [*v*], *ig-arcs* *G*))

definition *ig-add-e* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *IGraph* **where**

ig-add-e *G* *u* *v* $\equiv \text{Abs-IGraph } (ig\text{-verts } G, ig\text{-arcs } G @ [(u, v)])$

definition *ig-in-out-arcs* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-edge list* **where**

ig-in-out-arcs *G* *u* $\equiv \text{filter } (\lambda e. \text{fst } e = u \vee \text{snd } e = u) (ig\text{-arcs } G)$

definition *ig-opposite* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-edge* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* **where**

ig-opposite *G* *e* *u* = (if *fst* *e* = *u* then *snd* *e* else *fst* *e*)

definition *ig-neighbors* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex set* **where**

ig-neighbors *G* *u* $\equiv \{v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G). (u, v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G) \vee (v, u) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G)\}$

15.2 Code

procedures *is-subgraph* (*G* :: *IGraph*, *H* :: *IGraph* | *R* :: *bool*)

where

i :: *nat*

v :: *ig-vertex*

ends :: *ig-edge*

in

TRY

'i ::= 0 ;;

WHILE *'i* < *ig-verts-cnt* *'G* *INV* *named-loop* "*verts*"

DO

'v ::= *ig-verts* *'G* ! *'i* ;;

IF *'v* $\notin$ *set* (*ig-verts* *'H*) *THEN*

RAISE *'R* ::= *False*

FI ;;

'i ::= *'i* + 1

OD ;;

'i ::= 0 ;;

WHILE *'i* < *ig-arcs-cnt* *'G* *INV* *named-loop* "*arcs*"

DO

'ends ::= *ig-arcs* *'G* ! *'i* ;;

```

      IF 'ends  $\notin$  set (ig-arcs 'H)  $\wedge$  (snd 'ends, fst 'ends)  $\notin$  set (ig-arcs 'H)
THEN
  RAISE 'R ::= False
FI ;;
  IF fst 'ends  $\notin$  set (ig-verts 'G)  $\vee$  snd 'ends  $\notin$  set (ig-verts 'G) THEN
    RAISE 'R ::= False
  FI ;;
  'i ::= 'i + 1
OD ;;
'R ::= True
CATCH SKIP END

```

```

procedures is-loopfree (G :: IGraph | R :: bool)
where
  i :: nat
  ends :: ig-edge
  edge-map :: ig-edge  $\Rightarrow$  bool
in
  TRY
    'i ::= 0 ;;
    WHILE 'i < ig-arcs-cnt 'G INV named-loop "loop"
    DO
      'ends ::= ig-arcs 'G ! 'i ;;
      IF fst 'ends = snd 'ends THEN
        RAISE 'R ::= False
      FI ;;
      'i ::= 'i + 1
    OD ;;
    'R ::= True
  CATCH SKIP END

```

```

procedures select-nodes (G :: IGraph | R :: IGraph)
where
  i :: nat
  v :: ig-vertex
in
  'R ::= ig-empty ;;

  'i ::= 0 ;;
  WHILE 'i < ig-verts-cnt 'G
  INV named-loop "loop"
  DO
    'v ::= ig-verts 'G ! 'i ;;
    IF 2 < card (ig-neighbors 'G 'v) THEN
      'R ::= ig-add-v 'R 'v
    FI ;;

```

```

    'i ::= 'i + 1
  OD

```

procedures *find-endpoint* (*G* :: *IGraph*, *H* :: *IGraph*, *v-tail* :: *ig-vertex*, *v-next* :: *ig-vertex* | *R* :: *ig-vertex option*)

where

```

  found :: bool
  i :: nat
  len :: nat
  io-arcs :: ig-edge list
  v0 :: ig-vertex
  v1 :: ig-vertex
  vt :: ig-vertex

```

in

TRY

```

  IF 'v-tail = 'v-next THEN RAISE 'R ::= None FI ;;

```

```

  'v0 ::= 'v-tail ;;

```

```

  'v1 ::= 'v-next ;;

```

```

  'len ::= 1 ;;

```

```

  WHILE 'v1 ∉ set (ig-verts 'H)

```

```

  INV named-loop "path"

```

DO

```

  'io-arcs ::= ig-in-out-arcs 'G 'v1 ;;

```

```

  'i ::= 0 ;;

```

```

  'found ::= False ;;

```

```

  WHILE 'found = False ∧ 'i < length 'io-arcs

```

```

  INV named-loop "arcs"

```

DO

```

  'vt ::= ig-opposite 'G ('io-arcs ! 'i) 'v1 ;;

```

```

  IF 'vt ≠ 'v0 THEN

```

```

    'found ::= True ;;

```

```

    'v0 ::= 'v1 ;;

```

```

    'v1 ::= 'vt

```

```

  FI ;;

```

```

  'i ::= 'i + 1

```

```

  OD ;;

```

```

  'len ::= 'len + 1 ;;

```

```

  IF ¬ 'found THEN RAISE 'R ::= None FI

```

OD ;;

```

  IF 'v1 = 'v-tail THEN RAISE 'R ::= None FI ;;

```

```

  'R ::= Some 'v1

```

CATCH SKIP END

procedures *contract* (*G* :: *IGraph*, *H* :: *IGraph* | *R* :: *IGraph*)

where

```

  i :: nat

```

```

  j :: nat

```

```

u :: ig-vertex
v :: ig-vertex
vo :: ig-vertex option
io-arcs :: ig-edge list
in
  'i ::= 0 ;;
  WHILE 'i < ig-verts-cnt 'H
  INV named-loop "iter-nodes"
  DO
    'u ::= ig-verts 'H ! 'i ;;
    'io-arcs ::= ig-in-out-arcs 'G 'u ;;

    'j ::= 0 ;;
    WHILE 'j < length 'io-arcs
    INV named-loop "iter-adj"
    DO
      'v ::= ig-opposite 'G ('io-arcs ! 'j) 'u ;;
      'vo ::= CALL find-endpoint('G, 'H, 'u, 'v) ;;
      IF 'vo ≠ None THEN
        'H ::= ig-add-e 'H 'u (the 'vo)
      FI ;;
      'j ::= 'j + 1
    OD ;;
    'i ::= 'i + 1
  OD ;;
  'R ::= 'H

```

procedures *is-K33* (*G* :: *IGraph* | *R* :: *bool*)

where

```

i :: nat
j :: nat
u :: ig-vertex
v :: ig-vertex
blue :: ig-vertex ⇒ bool
blue-cnt :: nat
io-arcs :: ig-edge list

```

in

TRY

```

IF ig-verts-cnt 'G ≠ 6 THEN RAISE 'R ::= False FI ;;
'blue ::= (λ-. False) ;;

```

```

'u ::= ig-verts 'G ! 0 ;;
'i ::= 0 ;;
'io-arcs ::= ig-in-out-arcs 'G 'u ;;

```

```

WHILE 'i < length 'io-arcs INV named-loop "colorize"
DO
  'v ::= ig-opposite 'G ('io-arcs ! 'i) 'u ;;

```

```

    'blue := 'blue('v := True) ;;
    'i := 'i + 1
  OD ;;

  'blue-cnt := 0 ;;
  'i := 0 ;;
  WHILE 'i < ig-verts-cnt 'G INV named-loop "component-size"
  DO
    IF 'blue (ig-verts 'G ! 'i) THEN 'blue-cnt := 'blue-cnt + 1 FI ;;
    'i := 'i + 1
  OD ;;
  IF 'blue-cnt ≠ 3 THEN RAISE 'R := False FI ;;

  'i := 0 ;;
  WHILE 'i < ig-verts-cnt 'G INV named-loop "connected-outer"
  DO
    'u := ig-verts 'G ! 'i ;;
    'j := 0 ;;
    WHILE 'j < ig-verts-cnt 'G INV named-loop "connected-inner"
    DO
      'v := ig-verts 'G ! 'j ;;
      IF ¬(('blue 'u = 'blue 'v) ↔ ('u, 'v) ∉ set (ig-arcs 'G)) THEN RAISE
'R := False FI ;;
      'j := 'j + 1
    OD ;;
    'i := 'i + 1
  OD ;;
  'R := True
CATCH SKIP END

```

```

procedures is-K5 (G :: IGraph | R :: bool)
where
  i :: nat
  j :: nat
  u :: ig-vertex
in
  TRY
    IF ig-verts-cnt 'G ≠ 5 THEN RAISE 'R := False FI ;;
    'i := 0 ;;
    WHILE 'i < 5 INV named-loop "outer-loop"
    DO
      'u := ig-verts 'G ! 'i ;;
      'j := 0 ;;
      WHILE 'j < 5 INV named-loop "inner-loop"
      DO
        IF ¬('i ≠ 'j ↔ ('u, ig-verts 'G ! 'j) ∈ set (ig-arcs 'G))
        THEN
          RAISE 'R := False
        FI
      OD
    OD
  END TRY

```

```

      FI ;;
      'j := 'j + 1
    OD ;;
    'i := 'i + 1
  OD ;;
  'R := True
CATCH SKIP END

```

```

procedures check-kuratowski ( G :: IGraph, K :: IGraph | R :: bool)
where
  H :: IGraph
in
  TRY
    'R := CALL is-subgraph('K, 'G) ;;
    IF ¬'R THEN RAISE 'R := False FI ;;
    'R := CALL is-loopfree('K) ;;
    IF ¬'R THEN RAISE 'R := False FI ;;
    'H := CALL select-nodes('K) ;;
    'H := CALL contract('K, 'H) ;;
    'R := CALL is-K5('H) ;;
    IF 'R THEN RAISE 'R := True FI ;;
    'R := CALL is-K33('H)
  CATCH SKIP END

```

end

16 Verification of a Non-Planarity Checker

theory *Check-Non-Planarity-Verification* **imports**

```

  Check-Non-Planarity-Impl
  ../Planarity/Kuratowski-Combinatorial
  HOL-Library.Rewrite
  HOL-Eisbach.Eisbach

```

begin

16.1 Graph Basics and Implementation

context *pre-digraph* **begin**

lemma *cas-nonempty-ends*:

```

assumes  $p \neq []$  cas u p v cas u' p v'
shows  $u = u'$   $v = v'$ 

```

using *assms* **apply** (*metis cas-simp*)

using *assms* **by** (*metis append-Nil2 cas.simps(1) cas-append-iff cas-simp*)

```

lemma awalk-nonempty-ends:
  assumes  $p \neq []$  awalk  $u\ p\ v$  awalk  $u'\ p\ v'$ 
  shows  $u = u'\ v = v'$ 
  using assms by (auto simp: awalk-def intro: cas-nonempty-ends)

end

lemma (in pair-graph) verts2-awalk-distinct:
  assumes  $V: \text{verts3}\ G \subseteq V\ V \subseteq \text{pverts}\ G\ u \in V$ 
  assumes  $p: \text{awalk}\ u\ p\ v\ \text{set}\ (\text{inner-verts}\ p) \cap V = \{\}$  progressing  $p$ 
  shows distinct (inner-verts  $p$ )
  using  $p$ 
proof (induct  $p$  arbitrary: v rule: rev-induct)
  case Nil then show ?case by auto
next
  case (snoc  $e\ es$ )
  have distinct (inner-verts  $es$ )
  apply (rule snoc.hyps)
  using snoc.prems apply (auto dest: progressing-appendD1)
  apply (metis (opaque-lifting, no-types) disjoint-iff-not-equal in-set-inner-verts-appendI-l)
  done
show ?case
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $A: \neg \text{thesis}$ 
  then obtain  $es'\ e'$  where  $es = es' @ [e']$   $es \neq []$ 
  by (cases es rule: rev-cases) auto

  have  $\text{fst}\ e \in \text{set}\ (\text{inner-verts}\ es)$ 
  using  $A\ \langle \text{distinct}\ (\text{inner-verts}\ es) \rangle\ \langle es \neq [] \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: inner-verts-def)
  moreover
  have  $\text{fst}\ e' \neq \text{fst}\ e\ \text{snd}\ e' = \text{fst}\ e$ 
  using  $\langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ \text{snoc.prem}$ s(1)
  by (auto simp: awalk-Cons-iff dest: no-loops)
  ultimately
  obtain  $es''\ e''$  where  $es' = es'' @ [e'']$ 
  by (cases es' rule: rev-cases) (auto simp: \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle inner-verts-def)
  then have  $\text{fst}\ e'' \neq \text{fst}\ e$ 
  using  $\langle \text{snd}\ e' = \text{fst}\ e \rangle[\text{symmetric}]\ \text{snoc.prem}$ s(1,3) unfolding  $\langle es = \rightarrow \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: \langle es = \rightarrow \rangle awalk-Cons-iff progressing-append-iff progressing-Cons)

  have  $\text{fst}\ e' \in \text{set}\ (\text{inner-verts}\ es)$ 
  using  $\langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ \langle es' = es'' @ [e''] \rangle$ 
  by (cases es'') (auto simp: inner-verts-def)

  have  $\text{fst}\ e \in \text{set}\ (\text{inner-verts}\ es')$ 
  using  $\langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ \langle \text{fst}\ e \in \text{set}\ (\text{inner-verts}\ es) \rangle\ \langle \text{fst}\ e' \neq \text{fst}\ e \rangle$ 
  by (cases es') (auto simp: inner-verts-def)
  then obtain  $q\ e'2\ e'3\ r$  where  $Z: es' = q @ [e'2, e'3] @ r\ \text{snd}\ e'2 = \text{fst}\ e\ \text{fst}$ 

```

```

 $e'3 = fst\ e$ 
proof –
  obtain  $e'3'$  where  $e'3' \in set\ (tl\ es')\ fst\ e'3' = fst\ e$ 
    using  $\langle fst\ e \in set\ (inner-verts\ es') \rangle$ 
    by  $(cases\ es')\ (auto\ simp:\ inner-verts-def)$ 
  then obtain  $q\ r$  where  $tl\ es' = q @ e'3' \# r$ 
    by  $(metis\ split-list)$ 
  then have  $F2: snd\ (last\ (hd\ es' \# q)) = fst\ e$ 
    using  $\langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ snoc.prem\ (1)\ \langle fst\ e'3' = fst\ e \rangle$ 
    apply  $(cases\ es')$ 
    apply  $(case-tac\ [2]\ q\ rule:\ rev-cases)$ 
    apply  $auto$ 
  done
  then have  $es' = (butlast\ (hd\ es' \# q)) @ [last\ (hd\ es' \# q),\ e'3'] @ r$ 
    using  $\langle tl\ es' = q @ e'3' \# r \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (cases\ es')\ auto$ 
  then show  $?thesis$  using  $F2\ \langle fst\ e'3' = fst\ e \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ fact$ 
qed
then have  $fst\ e'2 \neq snd\ e'3$ 
  using  $snoc.prem\ (3)\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \langle es = \cdot \rangle$ 
  by  $(simp\ add:\ progressing-append-iff\ progressing-Cons)$ 
moreover
from  $Z$  have  $B: fst\ e'2 = u \vee fst\ e'2 \in set\ (inner-verts\ es')$ 
  using  $\langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ snoc.prem\ (1)$ 
  by  $(cases\ q)\ (auto\ simp:\ inner-verts-def)$ 
then have  $fst\ e'2 \neq fst\ e'$ 
proof
  assume  $fst\ e'2 = u$ 
  then have  $fst\ e'2 \notin set\ (inner-verts\ es)$ 
    using  $V\ \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ snoc.prem\ (2)$ 
    by  $(cases\ es')\ (auto\ simp:\ inner-verts-def)$ 
  moreover
  have  $fst\ e' \in set\ (inner-verts\ es)$ 
    using  $\langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ \langle es' = es'' @ [e''] \rangle$ 
    by  $(cases\ es'')\ (auto\ simp:\ inner-verts-def)$ 
  ultimately show  $?thesis$  by  $auto$ 
next
  assume  $fst\ e'2 \in set\ (inner-verts\ es')$ 
  moreover
  have  $fst\ e' \in set\ (inner-verts\ es)$ 
    using  $\langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle\ \langle es' = es'' @ [e''] \rangle$ 
    by  $(cases\ es'')\ (auto\ simp:\ inner-verts-def)$ 
  ultimately
  show  $?thesis$ 
    using  $\langle distinct\ (inner-verts\ es) \rangle\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle$ 
    by  $(cases\ es')\ (fastforce\ simp:\ inner-verts-def)+$ 
qed
moreover
have  $snd\ e'3 \neq fst\ e'$ 
proof  $(rule\ notI,\ cases)$ 

```

```

    assume  $r = []$   $\text{snd } e'3 = \text{fst } e'$ 
    then show False using  $Z \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle \text{snoc.prem}(3) \langle \text{snd } e' = \text{fst } e \rangle$ 
      by (simp add: progressing-append-iff progressing-Cons)
  next
    assume  $A: r \neq []$   $\text{snd } e'3 = \text{fst } e'$ 
    then obtain  $r0$   $rs$  where  $r = r0 \# rs$  by (cases  $r$ ) auto
    then have  $\text{snd } e'3 = \text{fst } r0$ 
      using  $Z \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle \text{snoc.prem}(1)$ 
      by (auto simp: awalk-Cons-iff)
    with  $A$  have  $\text{fst } r0 = \text{fst } e'$  by auto
    have  $\neg \text{distinct } (\text{inner-verts } es)$ 
      by (cases  $q$ ) (auto simp add:  $Z(1) \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle$ 
         $\langle r = r0 \# rs \rangle \langle \text{fst } r0 = \text{fst } e' \rangle \text{inner-verts-def}$ )
    then show False using  $\langle \text{distinct } (\text{inner-verts } es) \rangle$  by auto
  qed
ultimately
have  $\text{card-to-fst-e}: \text{card } \{e'2, (\text{snd } e'3, \text{fst } e'3), e'\} = 3$ 
  by (auto simp: card-insert-if)
moreover
have  $e'3 \in \text{parcs } G$ 
  using  $Z$  using  $\text{snoc.prem}(1) \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro: arcs-symmetric)
then have  $(\text{snd } e'3, \text{fst } e'3) \in \text{parcs } G$ 
  by (auto intro: arcs-symmetric)
then have  $\{e'2, (\text{snd } e'3, \text{fst } e'3), e'\} \subseteq \{ed \in \text{parcs } G. \text{snd } ed = \text{fst } e\}$ 
  using  $\text{snoc.prem}(1) \langle es = es' @ [e'] \rangle Z$  by auto
moreover
have  $\text{fst } e \in \text{pverts } G$  using  $\text{snoc.prem}(1)$  by auto
then have  $\text{card-to-fst-e-abs}: \text{card } \{ed \in \text{parcs } G. \text{snd } ed = \text{fst } e\} \leq 2$ 
  using  $\langle \text{fst } e \in \text{set } (\text{inner-verts } es) \rangle V \text{snoc.prem}(2)$ 
  unfolding  $\text{verts3-def}$   $\text{in-degree-def}$ 
  by (cases  $es$ ) (auto simp:  $\text{inner-verts-def}$   $\text{in-arcs-def}$ )
ultimately
have  $\{e'2, (\text{snd } e'3, \text{fst } e'3), e'\} = \{ed \in \text{parcs } G. \text{snd } ed = \text{fst } e\}$ 
  by (intro card-seteq) auto
then show False
  using  $\text{card-to-fst-e}$   $\text{card-to-fst-e-abs}$  by auto
qed
qed

```

lemma (in *wf-digraph*) *inner-verts-conv'*:

assumes $\text{awalk } u \ p \ v \ 2 \leq \text{length } p$ shows $\text{inner-verts } p = \text{awalk-verts } (\text{head } G$
 $(\text{hd } p)) (\text{butlast } (\text{tl } p))$

using *assms*

apply (cases p)

apply (auto simp: awalk-Cons-iff ; fail)

apply (match premises in $p = - \# as$ for $as \Rightarrow \langle \text{cases } as \text{ rule: rev-cases} \rangle$)

apply (auto simp: inner-verts-def awalk-verts-conv)

```

done

lemma verts3-in-verts:
  assumes  $x \in \text{verts3 } G$  shows  $x \in \text{verts } G$ 
  using assms unfolding verts3-def by auto

lemma (in pair-graph) deg2-awalk-is-iapath:
  assumes  $V: \text{verts3 } G \subseteq V \ V \subseteq \text{pverts } G$ 
  assumes  $p: \text{awalk } u \ p \ v \ \text{set } (\text{inner-verts } p) \cap V = \{\}$  progressing  $p$ 
  assumes  $\text{in-}V: u \in V \ v \in V$ 
  assumes  $u \neq v$ 
  shows gen-iapath  $V \ u \ p \ v$ 
proof (cases  $p$ )
  case Nil then show ?thesis using  $p(1) \ \text{in-}V \ \langle u \neq v \rangle$  by (auto simp: apath-def
gen-iapath-def)
next
  case (Cons  $p0 \ ps$ )
  then have  $\text{ev-}p: \text{awalk-verts } u \ p = u \ \# \ \text{butlast } (\text{tl } (\text{awalk-verts } u \ p)) \ @ \ [v]$ 
  using  $p(1)$  by (cases  $p$ ) auto

  have  $u \notin \text{set } (\text{inner-verts } p) \ v \notin \text{set } (\text{inner-verts } p)$ 
  using  $p(2) \ \text{in-}V$  by auto
  with verts2-awalk-distinct[OF  $V \ \text{in-}V(1) \ p$ ] have distinct  $(\text{awalk-verts } u \ p)$ 
  using  $p(1) \ \langle u \neq v \rangle$  by (subst  $\text{ev-}p$ ) (auto simp: inner-verts-conv[of p u]
verts3-def)
  then show ?thesis using  $p(1-2) \ \text{in-}V \ \langle u \neq v \rangle$  by (auto simp: apath-def
gen-iapath-def)
qed

lemma (in pair-graph) inner-verts-min-degree:
  assumes walk-p:  $\text{awalk } u \ p \ v$  and progress: progressing  $p$ 
  and w-p:  $w \in \text{set } (\text{inner-verts } p)$ 
  shows  $2 \leq \text{in-degree } G \ w$ 
proof –
  from w-p have  $2 \leq \text{length } p$  using not-le by fastforce
  moreover
  then obtain  $e1 \ es \ e2$  where p-decomp:  $p = e1 \ \# \ es \ @ \ [e2]$ 
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 le0 list.size(3) list.size(4) neq-Nil-conv
not-less-eq-eq rev-cases)
  ultimately
  have w-es:  $w \in \text{set } (\text{awalk-verts } (\text{snd } e1) \ es)$ 
  using walk-p w-p by (auto simp: apath-def inner-verts-conv')

  have walk-es:  $\text{awalk } (\text{snd } e1) \ es \ (\text{fst } e2)$ 
  using walk-p by (auto simp: p-decomp awalk-simps)
  obtain  $q \ r$  where es-decomp:  $es = q \ @ \ r \ \text{awalk } (\text{snd } e1) \ q \ w \ \text{awalk } w \ r \ (\text{fst } e2)$ 
  using awalk-decomp[OF walk-es w-es] by auto

define  $xs \ x \ y \ ys$ 

```

where $xs = \text{butlast } (e1 \# q)$ **and** $x = \text{last } (e1 \# q)$
and $y = \text{hd } (r @ [e2])$ **and** $ys = \text{tl } (r @ [e2])$
then have $p = xs @ x \# y \# ys$
by $(\text{auto simp: p-decomp es-decomp})$
moreover
have $\text{awalk } u \ (e1 \# q) \ w \ \text{awalk } w \ (r @ [e2]) \ v$
using $\text{walk-p es-decomp p-decomp}$ **by** $(\text{auto simp: awalk-Cons-iff})$
then have $\text{inc-w: snd } x = w \ \text{fst } y = w$
unfolding $x\text{-def } y\text{-def}$
apply $-$
apply $(\text{auto simp: awalk-Cons-iff awalk-verts-conv; fail})$
apply $(\text{cases } r)$
apply auto
done
ultimately have $\text{fst } x \neq \text{snd } y$
using progress **by** $(\text{auto simp: progressing-append-iff progressing-Cons})$

have $x \in \text{parcs } G \ y \in \text{parcs } G$
using $\text{walk-p } \langle p = xs @ x \# y \# ys \rangle$ **by** auto
then have $\{x, (\text{snd } y, w)\} \subseteq \{e \in \text{parcs } G. \text{snd } e = w\}$
using inc-w **by** $\text{auto (metis arcs-symmetric surjective-pairing)}$
then have $\text{card } \{x, (\text{snd } y, w)\} \leq \text{in-degree } G \ w$
unfolding in-degree-def **by** $(\text{intro card-mono}) \text{ auto}$
then show $?thesis$ **using** $\langle \text{fst } x \neq \text{snd } y \rangle \text{ inc-w}$
by $(\text{auto simp: card-insert-if split: if-split-asm})$

qed

lemma $(\text{in pair-pseudo-graph}) \text{ gen-iapath-same2E:}$
assumes $\text{verts3 } G \subseteq V \ V \subseteq \text{pverts } G$
and $\text{gen-iapath } V \ u \ p \ v \ \text{gen-iapath } V \ w \ q \ x$
and $e \in \text{set } p \ e \in \text{set } q$
obtains $p = q$
using $\text{assms same-gen-iapath-by-common-arc}$ **by** metis

definition $\text{mk-graph}' :: \text{IGraph} \Rightarrow \text{ig-vertex pair-pre-digraph}$ **where**
 $\text{mk-graph}' \ IG \equiv (\text{pverts} = \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } IG), \text{parcs} = \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } IG))$

definition $\text{mk-graph} :: \text{IGraph} \Rightarrow \text{ig-vertex pair-pre-digraph}$ **where**
 $\text{mk-graph } IG \equiv \text{mk-symmetric } (\text{mk-graph}' \ IG)$

lemma $\text{verts-mkg': pverts } (\text{mk-graph}' \ G) = \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G)$
unfolding $\text{mk-graph}'\text{-def}$ **by** simp

lemma $\text{arcs-mkg': parcs } (\text{mk-graph}' \ G) = \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G)$
unfolding $\text{mk-graph}'\text{-def}$ **by** simp

lemmas $\text{mkg}'\text{-simps} = \text{verts-mkg'} \ \text{arcs-mkg'}$

lemma *verts-mkg*: $pverts\ (mk-graph\ G) = set\ (ig-verts\ G)$

unfolding *mk-graph-def* **by** (*simp add: mkg'-simps*)

lemma *parcs-mk-symmetric-symcl*: $parcs\ (mk-symmetric\ G) = (arcs-ends\ G)^s$

by (*auto simp: parcs-mk-symmetric symcl-def arcs-ends-conv*)

lemma *arcs-mkg*: $parcs\ (mk-graph\ G) = (set\ (ig-arcs\ G))^s$

unfolding *mk-graph-def parcs-mk-symmetric-symcl* **by** (*simp add: arcs-mkg'*)

lemmas *mkg-simps = verts-mkg arcs-mkg*

definition *iadj* :: $Igraph \Rightarrow ig-vertex \Rightarrow ig-vertex \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

iadj $G\ u\ v \equiv (u,v) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ G) \vee (v,u) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ G)$

definition *loop-free* $G \equiv (\forall e \in parcs\ G. fst\ e \neq snd\ e)$

lemma *ig-opposite-simps*:

ig-opposite $G\ (u,v)\ u = v\ ig-opposite\ G\ (v,u)\ u = v$

unfolding *ig-opposite-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *distinct-ig-verts*:

distinct (*ig-verts* G)

by (*cases* G) (*auto simp: ig-verts-def Abs-Igraph-inverse*)

lemma *set-ig-arcs-verts*:

assumes *Igraph-inv* $G\ (u,v) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ G)$ **shows** $u \in set\ (ig-verts\ G)\ v \in set\ (ig-verts\ G)$

using *assms* **unfolding** *Igraph-inv-def*

by (*auto simp: mkg'-simps dest: all-nth-imp-all-set*)

lemma *Igraph-inv-conv*:

Igraph-inv $G \longleftrightarrow pair-fin-digraph\ (mk-graph'\ G)$

proof –

{ **assume** $\forall e \in set\ (ig-arcs\ G). fst\ e \in set\ (ig-verts\ G) \wedge snd\ e \in set\ (ig-verts\ G)$

then have *pair-fin-digraph* (*mk-graph'* G)

by *unfold-locales* (*auto simp: mkg'-simps*) }

moreover

{ **assume** *pair-fin-digraph* (*mk-graph'* G)

then interpret *pair-fin-digraph* *mk-graph'* G .

have $\forall e \in set\ (ig-arcs\ G). fst\ e \in set\ (ig-verts\ G) \wedge snd\ e \in set\ (ig-verts\ G)$

using *tail-in-verts head-in-verts*

by (*fastforce simp: mkg'-simps in-set-conv-nth*) }

ultimately

show *?thesis* **unfolding** *Igraph-inv-def* **by** *blast*

qed

```

lemma IGraph-inv-conv':
  IGraph-inv  $G \longleftrightarrow \text{pair-pseudo-graph } (\text{mk-graph } G)$ 
  unfolding IGraph-inv-conv
proof
  assume pair-fin-digraph (mk-graph'  $G$ )
  interpret ppd: pair-fin-digraph mk-graph'  $G$  by fact
  interpret pd: pair-fin-digraph mk-graph  $G$ 
    unfolding mk-graph-def ..
  show pair-pseudo-graph (mk-graph  $G$ )
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: mk-graph-def symmetric-mk-symmetric)
next
  assume  $A$ : pair-pseudo-graph (mk-graph  $G$ )
  interpret ppg: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph  $G$  by fact
  show pair-fin-digraph (mk-graph'  $G$ )
    using ppg.wellformed'
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: mkg-simps mkg'-simps symcl-def, auto)
qed

lemma iadj-io-edge:
  assumes  $u \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G)$   $e \in \text{set } (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \ u)$ 
  shows iadj  $G \ u$  (ig-opposite  $G \ e \ u$ )
proof –
  from assms obtain  $v$  where  $e = (u,v) \vee e = (v,u)$   $e \in \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G)$ 
    unfolding ig-in-out-arcs-def by (cases e) auto
  then have  $*$ : ig-opposite  $G \ e \ u = v$  by safe (auto simp: ig-opposite-def)

  show ?thesis using  $e$  unfolding iadj-def  $*$  by auto
qed

lemma All-set-ig-verts:  $(\forall v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G). P \ v) \longleftrightarrow (\forall i < \text{ig-verts-cnt } G. P \ (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ i))$ 
  by (metis in-set-conv-nth ig-verts-cnt-def)

lemma IGraph-imp-ppd-mkg':
  assumes IGraph-inv  $G$  shows pair-fin-digraph (mk-graph'  $G$ )
  using assms unfolding IGraph-inv-conv by auto

lemma finite-symcl-iff:  $\text{finite } (R^s) \longleftrightarrow \text{finite } R$ 
  unfolding symcl-def by blast

lemma (in pair-fin-digraph) pair-pseudo-graphI-mk-symmetric:
  pair-pseudo-graph (mk-symmetric  $G$ )
  by unfold-locales
    (auto simp: parcs-mk-symmetric symmetric-mk-symmetric wellformed')

lemma IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg:
  assumes IGraph-inv  $G$  shows pair-pseudo-graph (mk-graph  $G$ )
  using assms unfolding mk-graph-def

```

```

by (intro pair-fin-digraph.pair-pseudo-graphI-mk-symmetric IGraph-imp-ppd-mkg')

lemma IGraph-lf-imp-pg-mkg:
  assumes IGraph-inv G loop-free (mk-graph G) shows pair-graph (mk-graph G)
proof -
  interpret ppg: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph G
  using assms(1) by (rule IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg)
  show pair-graph (mk-graph G)
  using assms by unfold-locales (auto simp: loop-free-def)
qed

lemma set-ig-arcs-imp-verts:
  assumes (u,v) ∈ set (ig-arcs G) IGraph-inv G shows u ∈ set (ig-verts G) v ∈
  set (ig-verts G)
proof -
  interpret pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph G
  using assms by (auto intro: IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg)
  from assms have (u,v) ∈ parcs (mk-graph G) by (simp add: mkg-simps symcl-def)
  then have u ∈ pverts (mk-graph G) v ∈ pverts (mk-graph G) by (auto dest:
  wellformed')
  then show u ∈ set (ig-verts G) v ∈ set (ig-verts G) by (auto simp: mkg-simps)
qed

lemma iadj-imp-verts:
  assumes iadj G u v IGraph-inv G shows u ∈ set (ig-verts G) v ∈ set (ig-verts
  G)
  using assms unfolding iadj-def by (auto dest: set-ig-arcs-imp-verts)

lemma card-ig-neighbors-indegree:
  assumes IGraph-inv G
  shows card (ig-neighbors G u) = in-degree (mk-graph G) u
proof -
  have inj2: inj-on (λe. ig-opposite G e u) {e ∈ parcs (mk-graph G). snd e = u}
  unfolding ig-opposite-def by (rule inj-onI) (fastforce split: if-split-asm)

  have ig-neighbors G u = (λe. ig-opposite G e u) ‘ {e ∈ parcs (mk-graph G). snd
  e = u}
  using assms unfolding ig-neighbors-def
  by (auto simp: ig-opposite-simps symcl-def mkg-simps set-ig-arcs-verts intro!:
  rev-image-eqI)
  then have card (ig-neighbors G u) = card ((λe. ig-opposite G e u) ‘ {e ∈ parcs
  (mk-graph G). snd e = u})
  by simp
  also have ... = in-degree (mk-graph G) u
  unfolding in-degree-def in-arcs-def with-proj-simps
  using inj2 by (rule card-image)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

```

lemma iadjD:
  assumes iadj G u v
  shows  $\exists e \in \text{set } (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \ u). \ (e = (u,v) \vee e = (v,u))$ 
proof -
  from assms obtain e where  $e \in \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G) \ e = (u,v) \vee e = (v,u)$ 
  unfolding iadj-def by auto
  then show ?thesis unfolding ig-in-out-arcs-def by auto
qed

lemma
  ig-verts-empty[simp]: ig-verts ig-empty = [] and
  ig-verts-add-e[simp]: ig-verts (ig-add-e G u v) = ig-verts G and
  ig-verts-add-v[simp]: ig-verts (ig-add-v G v) = ig-verts G @ (if v ∈ set (ig-verts G) then [] else [v])
  unfolding ig-verts-def ig-empty-def ig-add-e-def ig-add-v-def
  by (auto simp: Abs-IGraph-inverse distinct-ig-verts[simplified ig-verts-def])

lemma
  ig-arcs-empty[simp]: ig-arcs ig-empty = [] and
  ig-arcs-add-e[simp]: ig-arcs (ig-add-e G u v) = ig-arcs G @ [(u,v)] and
  ig-arcs-add-v[simp]: ig-arcs (ig-add-v G v) = ig-arcs G
  unfolding ig-arcs-def ig-empty-def ig-add-e-def ig-add-v-def
  by (auto simp: Abs-IGraph-inverse distinct-ig-verts)



## 16.2 Total Correctness



### 16.2.1 Procedure is-subgraph

definition is-subgraph-verts-inv :: IGraph ⇒ IGraph ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where
  is-subgraph-verts-inv G H i ≡ set (take i (ig-verts G)) ⊆ set (ig-verts H)

definition is-subgraph-arcs-inv :: IGraph ⇒ IGraph ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where
  is-subgraph-arcs-inv G H i ≡ ∀ j < i. let (u,v) = ig-arcs G ! j in
  ((u,v) ∈ set (ig-arcs H) ∨ (v,u) ∈ set (ig-arcs H))
  ∧ u ∈ set (ig-verts G) ∧ v ∈ set (ig-verts G)

lemma is-subgraph-verts-0: is-subgraph-verts-inv G H 0
  unfolding is-subgraph-verts-inv-def by auto

lemma is-subgraph-verts-step:
  assumes is-subgraph-verts-inv G H i ig-verts G ! i ∈ set (ig-verts H)
  assumes i < length (ig-verts G)
  shows is-subgraph-verts-inv G H (Suc i)
  using assms by (auto simp: is-subgraph-verts-inv-def take-Suc-conv-app-nth)

lemma is-subgraph-verts-last:
  is-subgraph-verts-inv G H (length (ig-verts G)) ⟷ pverts (mk-graph G) ⊆ pverts (mk-graph H)
  apply (auto simp: is-subgraph-verts-inv-def mkg-simps)
  done

```

```

lemma is-subgraph-arcs-0: is-subgraph-arcs-inv  $G$   $H$  0
  unfolding is-subgraph-arcs-inv-def by auto

lemma is-subgraph-arcs-step:
  assumes is-subgraph-arcs-inv  $G$   $H$   $i$ 
     $e \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H) \vee (\text{snd } e, \text{fst } e) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H)$ 
     $\text{fst } e \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \text{ snd } e \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G)$ 
  assumes  $e = ig\text{-arcs } G ! i$ 
  assumes  $i < \text{length } (ig\text{-arcs } G)$ 
  shows is-subgraph-arcs-inv  $G$   $H$  (Suc  $i$ )
  using assms by (auto simp: is-subgraph-arcs-inv-def less-Suc-eq)

lemma wellformed-pseudo-graph-mkg:
  shows pair-wf-digraph (mk-graph  $G$ ) = pair-pseudo-graph(mk-graph  $G$ ) (is ? $L$  =
  ? $R$ )
proof
  assume ? $R$ 
  then interpret ppg: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph  $G$  .
  show ? $L$  by unfold-locales
next
  assume ? $L$ 
  moreover have symmetric (mk-graph  $G$ )
    unfolding mk-graph-def by (simp add: symmetric-mk-symmetric)
  ultimately show ? $R$ 
    unfolding pair-wf-digraph-def
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: mkg-simps finite-symcl-iff)
qed

lemma is-subgraph-arcs-last:
  is-subgraph-arcs-inv  $G$   $H$  ( $\text{length } (ig\text{-arcs } G)$ )  $\longleftrightarrow \text{parcs } (mk\text{-graph } G) \subseteq \text{parcs } (mk\text{-graph } H) \wedge \text{pair-pseudo-graph } (mk\text{-graph } G)$ 
proof –
  have is-subgraph-arcs-inv  $G$   $H$  ( $\text{length } (ig\text{-arcs } G)$ )
    =  $(\forall (u,v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G). ((u,v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H) \vee (v,u) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H)))$ 
     $\wedge u \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \wedge v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G))$ 
  unfolding is-subgraph-arcs-inv-def
  by (metis (lifting, no-types) all-nth-imp-all-set nth-mem)
  also have  $\dots \longleftrightarrow \text{parcs } (mk\text{-graph } G) \subseteq \text{parcs } (mk\text{-graph } H) \wedge \text{pair-pseudo-graph } (mk\text{-graph } G)$ 
    unfolding wellformed-pseudo-graph-mkg[symmetric]
    by (auto simp: mkg-simps pair-wf-digraph-def symcl-def)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma is-subgraph-verts-arcs-last:
  assumes is-subgraph-verts-inv  $G$   $H$  (ig-verts-cnt  $G$ )
  assumes is-subgraph-arcs-inv  $G$   $H$  (ig-arcs-cnt  $G$ )

```

```

assumes IGraph-inv H
shows subgraph (mk-graph G) (mk-graph H) (is ?T1)
      pair-pseudo-graph (mk-graph G) (is ?T2)
proof -
  interpret ppg: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph G
  using assms by (simp add: is-subgraph-arcs-last)
  interpret ppgH: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph H using assms by (intro IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg)
  have wf-digraph (with-proj (mk-graph G)) by unfold-locales
  with assms show ?T1 ?T2
  by (auto simp: is-subgraph-verts-last is-subgraph-arcs-last subgraph-def ppgH.wf-digraph)
qed

```

lemma *is-subgraph-false:*

```

assumes subgraph (mk-graph G) (mk-graph H)
obtains  $\forall i < \text{length } (ig\text{-verts } G). ig\text{-verts } G ! i \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } H)$ 
       $\forall i < \text{length } (ig\text{-arcs } G). \text{let } (u,v) = ig\text{-arcs } G ! i \text{ in}$ 
       $((u,v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H) \vee (v,u) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H))$ 
       $\wedge u \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \wedge v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G)$ 

```

proof

```

from assms
show  $\forall i < \text{length } (ig\text{-verts } G). ig\text{-verts } G ! i \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } H)$ 
unfolding subgraph-def by (auto simp: mkg-simps)

```

next

```

from assms have is-subgraph-arcs-inv G H (length (ig-arcs G))
unfolding is-subgraph-arcs-last subgraph-def wellformed-pseudo-graph-mkg[symmetric]
by (auto simp: wf-digraph-wp-iff)
then show  $\forall i < \text{length } (ig\text{-arcs } G). \text{let } (u,v) = ig\text{-arcs } G ! i \text{ in}$ 
       $((u,v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H) \vee (v,u) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } H))$ 
       $\wedge u \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \wedge v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G)$ 
by (auto simp: is-subgraph-arcs-inv-def)

```

qed

lemma (*in is-subgraph-impl*) *is-subgraph-spec:*

```

 $\forall \sigma. \Gamma \vdash_t \{ \sigma. IGraph\text{-inv } 'H \} 'R := \text{PROC } is\text{-subgraph}( 'G, 'H) \{ 'G = \sigma G$ 
 $\wedge 'H = \sigma H \wedge 'R = (\text{subgraph } (mk\text{-graph } 'G) (mk\text{-graph } 'H) \wedge IGraph\text{-inv } 'G) \}$ 
apply (vcg-step spec=none)
apply (rewrite
  at whileAnno - (named-loop "verts") - -
  in for ( $\sigma$ )
  to whileAnno -
   $\{ is\text{-subgraph-verts-inv } 'G 'H 'i \wedge 'G = \sigma G \wedge 'H = \sigma H \wedge 'i \leq ig\text{-verts-cnt}$ 
 $'G$ 
   $\wedge IGraph\text{-inv } 'H \}$ 
  (MEASURE ig-verts-cnt 'G - 'i)
  -
  annotate-named-loop-var)
apply (rewrite
  at whileAnno - (named-loop "arcs") - -
  in for ( $\sigma$ )

```

```

to whileAnno -
  { is-subgraph-arcs-inv 'G 'H 'i ∧ 'G =  $\sigma$  G ∧ 'H =  $\sigma$  H ∧ 'i ≤ ig-arcs-cnt
'G
  ∧ is-subgraph-verts-inv 'G 'H (length (ig-verts 'G)) ∧ IGraph-inv 'H }
  (MEASURE ig-arcs-cnt 'G - 'i)
  -
  annotate-named-loop-var)
apply vcg
  apply (fastforce simp: is-subgraph-verts-0)
  apply (fastforce simp: is-subgraph-verts-step elim: is-subgraph-false)
  apply (fastforce simp: is-subgraph-arcs-0 not-less)
  apply (auto simp: is-subgraph-arcs-step elim!: is-subgraph-false; fastforce)
  apply (fastforce simp: IGraph-inv-conv' is-subgraph-verts-arcs-last)
done

```

16.2.2 Procedure *is-loop-free*

definition *is-loopfree-inv* $G\ k \equiv \forall j < k. \text{fst } (ig\text{-arcs } G\ !\ j) \neq \text{snd } (ig\text{-arcs } G\ !\ j)$

lemma *is-loopfree-0*:
is-loopfree-inv $G\ 0$
 by (auto simp: is-loopfree-inv-def)

lemma *is-loopfree-step1*:
 assumes *is-loopfree-inv* $G\ n$
 assumes $\text{fst } (ig\text{-arcs } G\ !\ n) \neq \text{snd } (ig\text{-arcs } G\ !\ n)$
 assumes $n < ig\text{-arcs-cnt } G$
 shows *is-loopfree-inv* $G\ (\text{Suc } n)$
 using assms **unfolding** is-loopfree-inv-def
 by (auto intro: less-SucI elim: less-SucE)

lemma *is-loopfree-step2*:
 assumes loop-free (mk-graph G)
 assumes $n < ig\text{-arcs-cnt } G$
 shows $\text{fst } (ig\text{-arcs } G\ !\ n) \neq \text{snd } (ig\text{-arcs } G\ !\ n)$
 using assms **unfolding** is-loopfree-inv-def loop-free-def
 by (auto simp: mkg-simps symcl-def)

lemma *is-loopfree-last*:
 assumes *is-loopfree-inv* $G\ (ig\text{-arcs-cnt } G)$
 shows loop-free (mk-graph G)
 using assms **apply** (auto simp: is-loopfree-inv-def loop-free-def mkg-simps in-set-conv-nth
 symcl-def)
apply (metis fst-eqD snd-eqD)+
 done

lemma (in *is-loopfree-impl*) *is-loopfree-spec*:
 $\forall \sigma. \Gamma \vdash_t \{ \sigma. IGraph\text{-inv } 'G \} 'R ::= PROC\ is\text{-loopfree}('G) \{ 'G = \sigma G \wedge 'R$
 $= loop\text{-free } (mk\text{-graph } 'G) \}$

```

apply (vcg-step spec=none)
apply (rewrite
  at whileAnno - (named-loop "loop") - -
  in for ( $\sigma$ )
  to whileAnno -
    { is-loopfree-inv 'G 'i  $\wedge$  'G =  $\sigma$  G  $\wedge$  'i  $\leq$  ig-arcs-cnt 'G }
    (MEASURE ig-arcs-cnt 'G - 'i)
  -
  annotate-named-loop-var)
apply vcg
  apply (fastforce simp: is-loopfree-0)
  apply (fastforce intro: is-loopfree-step1 dest: is-loopfree-step2)
  apply (fastforce simp: is-loopfree-last)
done

```

16.2.3 Procedure *select-nodes*

definition *select-nodes-inv* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *nat* $\Rightarrow$ *bool* **where**
select-nodes-inv G H i $\equiv$ set (ig-verts H) = {v $\in$ set (take i (ig-verts G)). card
 (ig-neighbors G v) $\geq$ 3} $\wedge$ *IGraph-inv* H

lemma *select-nodes-inv-step*:

```

fixes G H i
defines v  $\equiv$  ig-verts G ! i
assumes G-inv: IGraph-inv G
assumes sni-inv: select-nodes-inv G H i
assumes less: i < ig-verts-cnt G
assumes H': H' = (if 3  $\leq$  card (ig-neighbors G v) then ig-add-v H v else H)
shows select-nodes-inv G H' (Suc i)

```

proof –

```

have *: IGraph-inv H' using sni-inv H'
  unfolding IGraph-inv-def select-nodes-inv-def by auto
have take-Suc-i: take (Suc i) (ig-verts G) = take i (ig-verts G) @ [v]
  using less unfolding v-def by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth)
have X: v  $\notin$  set (take i (ig-verts G))
  using G-inv less distinct-ig-verts unfolding v-def IGraph-inv-conv
  by (auto simp: distinct-conv-nth in-set-conv-nth)

```

show ?thesis

```

  unfolding select-nodes-inv-def using X sni-inv
  by (simp only: *) (auto simp: take-Suc-i select-nodes-inv-def H')

```

qed

definition *select-nodes-prop* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *bool* **where**
select-nodes-prop G H $\equiv$ pverts (mk-graph H) = verts3 (mk-graph G)

lemma (in *select-nodes-impl*) *select-nodes-spec*:

```

 $\forall \sigma. \Gamma \vdash_t \{ \sigma. \text{IGraph-inv 'G} \} 'R := \text{PROC select-nodes('G)}$ 
 $\{ \text{select-nodes-prop } \sigma G 'R \wedge \text{IGraph-inv 'R} \wedge \text{set (ig-arcs 'R)} = \{ \} \}$ 

```

```

apply vcg-step
apply (rewrite
  at whileAnno - (named-loop "loop") - -
  in for ( $\sigma$ )
  to whileAnno -
     $\{\{ \text{select-nodes-inv } 'G \text{ } 'R \text{ } 'i \wedge 'i \leq \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G \wedge 'G = {}^\sigma G \wedge \text{IGraph-inv}$ 
 $'G \wedge \text{set (ig-arcs } 'R) = \{\} \} \}$ 
    (MEASURE ig-verts-cnt 'G - 'i)
    -
  annotate-named-loop-var)
apply vcg
  apply (fastforce simp: select-nodes-inv-def IGraph-inv-def mkg'-simps)
  apply (fastforce simp add: select-nodes-inv-step)
apply (fastforce simp add: select-nodes-inv-def select-nodes-prop-def card-ig-neighbors-indegree
verts3-def mkg-simps)
done

```

16.2.4 Procedure *find-endpoint*

definition *find-endpoint-path-inv* **where**

```

find-endpoint-path-inv G H len u v w x  $\equiv$ 
 $\exists p. \text{pre-digraph.awalk (mk-graph } G) \text{ } u \text{ } p \text{ } x \wedge \text{length } p = \text{len} \wedge$ 
 $\text{hd } p = (u, v) \wedge \text{last } p = (w, x) \wedge$ 
 $\text{set (pre-digraph.inner-verts (mk-graph } G) \text{ } p) \cap \text{set (ig-verts } H) = \{\} \wedge$ 
 $\text{progressing } p$ 

```

definition *find-endpoint-arcs-inv* **where**

```

find-endpoint-arcs-inv G found k v0 v1 v0' v1'  $\equiv$ 
 $(\text{found} \longrightarrow (\exists i < k. v1' = \text{ig-opposite } G (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \text{ } v1 \text{ } ! \text{ } i) \text{ } v1 \wedge v0' =$ 
 $v1 \wedge v0 \neq v1')) \wedge$ 
 $(\neg \text{found} \longrightarrow (\forall i < k. v0 = \text{ig-opposite } G (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \text{ } v1 \text{ } ! \text{ } i) \text{ } v1) \wedge v0 =$ 
 $v0' \wedge v1 = v1')$ 

```

lemma *find-endpoint-path-first*:

```

assumes iadj G u v u  $\neq$  v IGraph-inv G
shows find-endpoint-path-inv G H (Suc 0) u v u v

```

proof –

```

interpret ppg: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph G
using assms by (auto intro: IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg)
have (u,v)  $\in$  parcs (mk-graph G)
using assms by (auto simp: iadj-def mkg-simps symcl-def)
then have ppg.awalk u [(u,v)] v length [(u,v)] = Suc 0 hd [(u,v)] = (u,v) last
[(u,v)] = (u,v) progressing [(u,v)]
using assms by (auto simp: ppg.awalk-simps iadj-imp-verts mkg-simps progressing-Cons)
moreover
have set (ppg.inner-verts [(u,v)])  $\cap$  set (ig-verts H) =  $\{\}$ 
by (auto simp: ppg.inner-verts-def)
ultimately

```

show *?thesis unfolding find-endpoint-path-inv-def* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *find-endpoint-arcs-0*:
find-endpoint-arcs-inv G False 0 v0 v1 v0 v1
unfolding *find-endpoint-arcs-inv-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *find-endpoint-path-lastE*:
assumes *find-endpoint-path-inv G H len u v w x*
assumes *ig: IGraph-inv G and lf: loop-free (mk-graph G)*
assumes *snp: select-nodes-prop G H*
assumes *0 < len*
assumes *u: u ∈ set (ig-verts H)*
obtains *p* **where** *pre-digraph.awalk (mk-graph G) u ((u,v) # p) x*
and *progressing ((u,v) # p)*
and *set (pre-digraph.inner-verts (mk-graph G) ((u,v) # p)) ∩ set (ig-verts H)*
 $= \{\}$
and *len ≤ ig-verts-cnt G*
proof –
from *ig* **and** *lf* **interpret** *pair-graph mk-graph G*
by *(rule IGraph-lf-imp-pg-mkg)*
have *[simp]: verts3 (mk-graph G) = set (ig-verts H)*
using *assms unfolding select-nodes-prop-def* **by** *(auto simp: mkg-simps)*
from *assms* **obtain** *q* **where** *q: awalk u q x length q = len hd q = (u,v)*
and *iv: set (inner-verts q) ∩ verts3 (mk-graph G) = {\}*
and *prg: progressing q*
unfolding *find-endpoint-path-inv-def* **by** *auto*
moreover **then** **obtain** *q0 qs* **where** *q = q0 # qs* **using** $\langle 0 < len \rangle$ **by** *(cases q) auto*
moreover
have *len ≤ ig-verts-cnt G*
proof –
have *ev-q: awalk-verts u q = u # inner-verts q @ [x]*
unfolding *inner-verts-conv[of q u]* **using** $q \langle q = q0 \# qs \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then **have** *len-ev: length (awalk-verts u q) = 2 + length (inner-verts q)*
by *auto*

have *set-av: set (awalk-verts u q) ⊆ pverts (mk-graph G)*
using *q(1)* **by** *auto*

from *snp u* **have** *u ∈ verts3 (mk-graph G)* **by** *simp*
moreover
with - - **have** *distinct (inner-verts q)*
using *q(1) iv prg* **by** *(rule verts2-awalk-distinct) (auto simp: verts3-def)*
ultimately
have *distinct (u # inner-verts q)* **using** *iv* **by** *auto*
moreover
have *set (u # inner-verts q) ⊆ pverts (mk-graph G)*
using *ev-q set-av* **by** *auto*

```

ultimately
have length (u # inner-verts q) ≤ card (pverts (mk-graph G))
  by (metis card-mono distinct-card finite-set verts-mkg)
then have length (awalk-verts u q) ≤ 1 + card (pverts (mk-graph G))
  by (simp add: len-ev)
then have length q ≤ card (pverts (mk-graph G))
  by (auto simp: length-awalk-verts)
also have ... ≤ ig-verts-cnt G by (auto simp: mkg-simps card-length)
finally show ?thesis by (simp add: q)
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by (intro that) auto
qed

```

```

lemma find-endpoint-path-last1:
  assumes find-endpoint-path-inv G H len u v w x
  assumes ig: IGraph-inv G and lf: loop-free (mk-graph G)
  assumes snp: select-nodes-prop G H
  assumes 0 < len
  assumes mem: u ∈ set (ig-verts H) x ∈ set (ig-verts H) u ≠ x
  shows ∃ p. pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u ((u,v) # p) x
proof -
  from ig and lf interpret pair-graph mk-graph G
  by (rule IGraph-lf-imp-pg-mkg)
  have [simp]: verts3 (mk-graph G) = set (ig-verts H)
  ∧ x. x ∈ set (ig-verts H) ⇒ x ∈ pverts (mk-graph G)
  using assms unfolding select-nodes-prop-def by (auto simp: mkg-simps verts3-def)
  show ?thesis
  apply (rule find-endpoint-path-lastE[OF assms(1-5) mem(1)])
  by (drule deg2-awalk-is-iapath[rotated 2]) (auto simp: mem)
qed

```

```

lemma find-endpoint-path-last2D:
  assumes path: find-endpoint-path-inv G H len u v w u
  assumes ig: IGraph-inv G and lf: loop-free (mk-graph G)
  assumes snp: select-nodes-prop G H
  assumes 0 < len
  assumes mem: u ∈ set (ig-verts H)
  assumes iapath: pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u ((u,v) # p) x
  shows False
proof -
  from ig and lf interpret pair-graph mk-graph G
  by (rule IGraph-lf-imp-pg-mkg)
  have [simp]: verts3 (mk-graph G) = set (ig-verts H)
  using assms unfolding select-nodes-prop-def by (auto simp: mkg-simps)
  have V: verts3 (mk-graph G) ⊆ verts3 (mk-graph G) verts3 (mk-graph G) ⊆
  pverts (mk-graph G)
  using verts3-in-verts[where G=mk-graph G] by auto

  obtain q where walk-q: awalk u ((u, v) # q) u and

```

```

    progress-q: progressing ((u, v) # q) and
    iv-q: set (inner-verts ((u, v) # q)) ∩ verts3 (mk-graph G) = {}
  by (rule find-endpoint-path-lastE[OF path ig lf snp ⟨0 < len⟩ mem]) auto

  from iapath have walk-p: awalk u ((u,v) # p) x and
    iv-p: set (inner-verts ((u, v) # p)) ∩ verts3 (mk-graph G) = {} and
    uv-verts3: u ∈ verts3 (mk-graph G) x ∈ verts3 (mk-graph G)
  unfolding gen-iapath-def apath-def by auto
  from iapath have progress-p: progressing ((u,v) # p)
  unfolding gen-iapath-def by (auto intro: apath-imp-progressing)

  from V walk-q walk-p progress-q progress-p iv-q iv-p
  have (u,v) # q = (u,v) # p
  apply (rule same-awalk-by-common-arc[where e=(u,v)])
  using uv-verts3
  apply auto
  done
  then show False
  by (metis iapath apath-nonempty-ends gen-iapath-def awalk-nonempty-ends(2)
    walk-p walk-q)
qed

lemma find-endpoint-arcs-last:
  assumes arcs: find-endpoint-arcs-inv G False (length (ig-in-out-arcs G v1)) v0
    v1 v0a v1a
  assumes path: find-endpoint-path-inv G H len v-tail v-next v0 v1
  assumes ig: IGraph-inv G and lf: loop-free (mk-graph G)
  assumes snp: select-nodes-prop G H
  assumes mem: v-tail ∈ set (ig-verts H)
  assumes 0 < len
  shows ¬ pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) v-tail ((v-tail, v-next) # p) x
proof
  let ¬?A = ?thesis
  assume ?A

  interpret pair-graph mk-graph G using ig lf by (rule IGraph-lf-imp-pg-mkg)

  have v3G-eq: verts3 (mk-graph G) = set (ig-verts H)
  using assms unfolding select-nodes-prop-def by (auto simp: mkg-simps)

  If no extending edge was found (as implied by find-endpoint-arcs-inv G False (length (ig-in-out-arcs G v1)) v0 v1 v0a v1a), the last vertex of the walk computed (as implied by find-endpoint-path-inv G H len v-tail v-next v0 v1) is of degree 1. Hence we consider all vertices except the degree-2 nodes.

  define V where V = {v ∈ pverts (mk-graph G). in-degree (mk-graph G) v ≠ 2}

  have V: verts3 (mk-graph G) ⊆ V V ⊆ pverts (mk-graph G)
  unfolding verts3-def V-def by auto

```

```

from ⟨?A⟩ have walk-p: awalk v-tail ((v-tail, v-next) # p) x and
  progress-p: progressing ((v-tail, v-next) # p)
by (auto simp: gen-iapath-def apath-def intro: apath-imp-progressing)
have iapath-V-p: gen-iapath V v-tail ((v-tail, v-next) # p) x
proof -
  { fix u assume A: u ∈ set (inner-verts ((v-tail, v-next) # p))
    then have u ∈ pverts (mk-graph G) using ⟨?A⟩
    by (auto 2 4 simp: set-inner-verts gen-iapath-def apath-Cons-iff dest:
awalkI-apath)
    with A ⟨?A⟩ inner-verts-min-degree[OF walk-p progress-p A] have u ∉ V
    unfolding gen-iapath-def verts3-def V-def by auto }
  with ⟨?A⟩ V show ?thesis by (auto simp: gen-iapath-def)
qed

have arcs-p: (v-tail, v-next) ∈ set ((v-tail, v-next) # p)
  unfolding gen-iapath-def apath-def by auto

have id-x: 2 < in-degree (mk-graph G) x
  using ⟨?A⟩ unfolding gen-iapath-def verts3-def by auto

from arcs have edge-no-pr:  $\bigwedge e. e \in \text{set } (ig\text{-in-out-arcs } G \ v1) \implies$ 
  v0 = ig-opposite G e v1 and v0 = v0a v1 = v1a
  by (auto simp: find-endpoint-arcs-inv-def in-set-conv-nth)

have {e ∈ parcs (mk-graph G). snd e = v1} ⊆ {(v0,v1)} (is ?L ⊆ ?R)
proof
  fix e assume e ∈ ?L
  then have fst e ≠ snd e by (auto dest: no-loops)
  moreover
    from ⟨e ∈ ?L⟩ have e ∈ set (ig-in-out-arcs G v1) ∨ (snd e, fst e) ∈ set
  (ig-in-out-arcs G v1)
    by (auto simp: mkg-simps ig-in-out-arcs-def symcl-def)
  then have v0 = ig-opposite G e v1 ∨ v0 = ig-opposite G (snd e, fst e) v1
    by (auto intro: edge-no-pr)
  ultimately show e ∈ ?R using ⟨e ∈ ?L⟩ by (auto simp: ig-opposite-def)
qed

then have id-v1: in-degree (mk-graph G) v1 ≤ card {(v0,v1)}
  unfolding in-degree-def in-arcs-def by (intro card-mono) auto

from path obtain q where walk-q: awalk v-tail q v1 and
  q-props: length q = len hd q = (v-tail, v-next) and
  iv-q': set (inner-verts q) ∩ verts3 (mk-graph G) = {} and
  progress-q: progressing q
  by (auto simp: find-endpoint-path-inv-def v3G-eq)
then have v1 ∈ pverts (mk-graph G)
  by (metis awalk-last-in-verts)
then have v1 ∈ V using id-v1 unfolding V-def by auto

```

```

{ fix u assume A: u ∈ set (inner-verts q)
  then have u ∈ set (pawalk-verts v-tail q) using walk-q
  by (auto simp: inner-verts-conv[where u=v-tail] awalk-def dest: in-set-butlastD
list-set-tl)
  then have u ∈ pverts (mk-graph G) using walk-q by auto
  with A iv-q' inner-verts-min-degree[OF walk-q progress-q A] have u ∉ V
    unfolding verts3-def V-def by auto }
then have iv-q: set (inner-verts q) ∩ V = {} by auto

have arcs-q: (v-tail, v-next) ∈ set q
  using q-props ⟨0 < len⟩ by (cases q) auto

have neq: v-tail ≠ v1
  using find-endpoint-path-last2D[OF - ig lf snp ⟨0 < len⟩ ⟨v-tail ∈ -⟩ ⟨?A⟩] path
by auto

have in-V: v-tail ∈ V using iapath-V-p unfolding gen-iapath-def by auto
have iapath-V-q: gen-iapath V v-tail q v1
  using V walk-q iv-q progress-q in-V ⟨v1 ∈ V⟩ neq by (rule deg2-awalk-is-iapath)

have ((v-tail, v-next) # p) = q
  using V iapath-V-p iapath-V-q arcs-p arcs-q
  by (rule same-gen-iapath-by-common-arc)
then have v1 = x using walk-p walk-q by auto
then show False using id-v1 id-x by auto
qed

lemma find-endpoint-arcs-step1E:
  assumes find-endpoint-arcs-inv G False k v0 v1 v0' v1'
  assumes ig-opposite G (ig-in-out-arcs G v1 ! k) v1' ≠ v0'
  obtains v0 = v0' v1 = v1' find-endpoint-arcs-inv G True (Suc k) v0 v1 v1
  (ig-opposite G (ig-in-out-arcs G v1 ! k) v1)
  using assms unfolding find-endpoint-arcs-inv-def
  by (auto intro: less-SucI elim: less-SucE)

lemma find-endpoint-arcs-step2E:
  assumes find-endpoint-arcs-inv G False k v0 v1 v0' v1'
  assumes ig-opposite G (ig-in-out-arcs G v1 ! k) v1' = v0'
  obtains v0 = v0' v1 = v1' find-endpoint-arcs-inv G False (Suc k) v0 v1 v0 v1
  using assms unfolding find-endpoint-arcs-inv-def
  by (auto intro: less-SucI elim: less-SucE)

lemma find-endpoint-path-step:
  assumes path: find-endpoint-path-inv G H len u v w x and 0 < len
  assumes arcs: find-endpoint-arcs-inv G True k w x w' x'
  k ≤ length (ig-in-out-arcs G x)
  assumes ig: IGraph-inv G
  assumes not-end: x ∉ set (ig-verts H)
  shows find-endpoint-path-inv G H (Suc len) u v w' x'

```

proof –

```

interpret pg: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph G
using ig by (auto intro: IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg)
from path obtain p where awalk: pg.awalk u p x and
  p: length p = len hd p = (u, v) last p = (w, x) and
  iv: set (pg.inner-verts p) ∩ set (ig-verts H) = {} and
  progress: progressing p
by (auto simp: find-endpoint-path-inv-def)

define p' where p' = p @ [(x, x')]

from path have x ∈ set (ig-verts G)
by (metis awalk pg.awalk-last-in-verts verts-mkg)

with arcs have iadj G x x' x = w' w ≠ x'
using  $\langle x \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \rangle$  unfolding find-endpoint-arcs-inv-def
by (auto intro: iadj-io-edge)
then have  $\langle (x, x') \in \text{parcs } (mk\text{-graph } G) \rangle$  x' ∈ set (ig-verts G)
using ig unfolding iadj-def by (auto simp: mkg-simps set-ig-arcs-imp-verts
symcl-def)
then have pg.awalk u p' x'
unfolding p'-def using awalk by (auto simp: pg.awalk-simps mkg-simps)
moreover
have length p' = Suc len hd p' = (u, v) last p' = (w', x')
using  $\langle x = w' \rangle \langle 0 < \text{len} \rangle$  p by (auto simp: p'-def)
moreover
have set (pg.inner-verts p') ∩ set (ig-verts H) = {}
using iv not-end p  $\langle 0 < \text{len} \rangle$  unfolding p'-def by (auto simp: pg.inner-verts-def)
moreover
{ fix ys y z zs have p' ≠ ys @ [(y, z), (z, y)] @ zs
proof
  let  $\neg ?A = ?thesis$ 
  assume  $?A$ 
  from progress have  $\bigwedge zs. p \neq ys @ (y, z) \# (z, y) \# zs$ 
  by (auto simp: progressing-append-iff progressing-Cons)
  with  $\langle ?A \rangle$  have zs = [] unfolding p'-def by (cases zs rule: rev-cases) auto
  then show False using  $\langle ?A \rangle$  using  $\langle w \neq x' \rangle \langle \text{last } p = (w, x) \rangle$  unfolding
p'-def by auto
qed }
then have progressing p' by (auto simp: progressing-def)
ultimately show  $?thesis$  unfolding find-endpoint-path-inv-def by blast
qed

```

lemma *no-loop-path*:

```

assumes u = v and ig: IGraph-inv G
shows  $\neg (\exists p w. \text{pre-digraph.iapath } (mk\text{-graph } G) u ((u, v) \# p) w)$ 
proof –
interpret ppg: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph G
using ig by (rule IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg)

```

```

from ⟨u = v⟩ show ?thesis
by (auto simp: ppg.gen-iapath-def ppg.apath-Cons-iff)
    (metis hd-in-set ppg.awalk-verts-non-Nil ppg.awhd-of-awalk pre-digraph.awalkI-apath)
qed

lemma (in find-endpoint-impl) find-endpoint-spec:
  ∀σ. Γ ⊢t {σ. select-nodes-prop 'G 'H ∧ loop-free (mk-graph 'G) ∧ 'v-tail ∈ set
    (ig-verts 'H) ∧ iadj 'G 'v-tail 'v-next ∧ IGraph-inv 'G}
    'R := PROC find-endpoint('G, 'H, 'v-tail, 'v-next)
    {case 'R of None ⇒ ¬(∃ p w. pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph σG) σv-tail ((σv-tail,
σv-next) # p) w)
      | Some w ⇒ (∃ p. pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph σG) σv-tail ((σv-tail, σv-next)
# p) w) }
apply vcg-step
apply (rewrite
  at whileAnno - (named-loop "path") - -
in for (σ)
  to whileAnno -
    { find-endpoint-path-inv 'G 'H 'len 'v-tail 'v-next 'v0 'v1
      ∧ 'v-tail = σv-tail ∧ 'v-next = σv-next ∧ 'G = σG ∧ 'H = σH
      ∧ 0 < 'len
      ∧ 'v-tail ∈ set (ig-verts 'H) ∧ select-nodes-prop 'G 'H ∧ IGraph-inv 'G
    }
  ∧ loop-free (mk-graph 'G) }
    (MEASURE Suc (ig-verts-cnt 'G) - 'len)
  -
  annotate-named-loop-var)
apply (rewrite
  at whileAnno - (named-loop "arcs") - -
in for (σ)
  to whileAnnoFix -
    (λ(v0,v1,len). { find-endpoint-arcs-inv 'G 'found 'i v0 v1 'v0 'v1
      ∧ 'i ≤ length (ig-in-out-arcs 'G v1) ∧ 'io-arcs = ig-in-out-arcs 'G v1
      ∧ 'v-tail = σv-tail ∧ 'v-next = σv-next ∧ 'G = σG ∧ 'H = σH
      ∧ 'len = len
      ∧ 'v-tail ∈ set (ig-verts 'H) ∧ select-nodes-prop 'G 'H ∧ IGraph-inv 'G
    }
  )
    (λ-. (MEASURE length 'io-arcs - 'i))
  -
  annotate-named-loop-var-fix)
apply vcg
apply (fastforce simp: find-endpoint-path-first no-loop-path)
apply (match premises in find-endpoint-path-inv - - - - v0 v1 for v0 v1
  ⇒ ⟨rule exI[where x=v0], rule exI[where x=v1]⟩)
apply (fastforce simp: find-endpoint-arcs-last find-endpoint-arcs-0 find-endpoint-path-step
elim: find-endpoint-path-lastE)
apply (fastforce elim: find-endpoint-arcs-step1E find-endpoint-arcs-step2E)
apply (fastforce dest: find-endpoint-path-last1 find-endpoint-path-last2D)
done

```

16.2.5 Procedure *contract*

definition *contract-iter-nodes-inv* **where**

contract-iter-nodes-inv $G\ H\ k \equiv$
 $set\ (ig-arcs\ H) = (\bigcup_{i < k}. \{(u, v). u = (ig-verts\ H\ !\ i) \wedge (\exists p. pre-digraph.iapath\ (mk-graph\ G)\ u\ p\ v)\})$

definition *contract-iter-adj-inv* $::\ IGraph \Rightarrow IGraph \Rightarrow IGraph \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

contract-iter-adj-inv $G\ H0\ H\ u\ l \equiv (set\ (ig-arcs\ H) - (\{u\} \times UNIV) = set\ (ig-arcs\ H0)) \wedge$
 $ig-verts\ H = ig-verts\ H0 \wedge$
 $(\forall v. (u, v) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ H) \longleftrightarrow$
 $((\exists j < l. \exists p. pre-digraph.iapath\ (mk-graph\ G)\ u\ ((u, ig-opposite\ G\ (ig-in-out-arcs\ G\ u\ !\ j)\ u) \# p)\ v)))$

lemma *contract-iter-adj-invE*:

assumes *contract-iter-adj-inv* $G\ H0\ H\ u\ l$

obtains $set\ (ig-arcs\ H) - (\{u\} \times UNIV) = set\ (ig-arcs\ H0)$ $ig-verts\ H = ig-verts\ H0$

$\bigwedge v. (u, v) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ H) \longleftrightarrow ((\exists j < l. \exists p. pre-digraph.iapath\ (mk-graph\ G)\ u\ ((u, ig-opposite\ G\ (ig-in-out-arcs\ G\ u\ !\ j)\ u) \# p)\ v))$

using *assms* **unfolding** *contract-iter-adj-inv-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *contract-iter-adj-inv-def'*:

contract-iter-adj-inv $G\ H0\ H\ u\ l \longleftrightarrow ($
 $set\ (ig-arcs\ H) - (\{u\} \times UNIV) = set\ (ig-arcs\ H0)) \wedge ig-verts\ H = ig-verts\ H0 \wedge$
 $(\forall v. ((\exists j < l. \exists p. pre-digraph.iapath\ (mk-graph\ G)\ u\ ((u, ig-opposite\ G\ (ig-in-out-arcs\ G\ u\ !\ j)\ u) \# p)\ v) \longrightarrow (u, v) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ H)) \wedge$
 $((u, v) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ H) \longrightarrow ((\exists j < l. \exists p. pre-digraph.iapath\ (mk-graph\ G)\ u\ ((u, ig-opposite\ G\ (ig-in-out-arcs\ G\ u\ !\ j)\ u) \# p)\ v))))$
unfolding *contract-iter-adj-inv-def* **by** *metis*

lemma *select-nodes-prop-add-e[simp]*:

select-nodes-prop $G\ (ig-add-e\ H\ u\ v) = select-nodes-prop\ G\ H$

by (*simp* *add*: *select-nodes-prop-def* *mkg-simps*)

lemma *contract-iter-adj-inv-step1*:

assumes *pair-pseudo-graph* $(mk-graph\ G)$

assumes *ciai*: *contract-iter-adj-inv* $G\ H0\ H\ u\ l$

assumes *iapath*: *pre-digraph.iapath* $(mk-graph\ G)\ u\ ((u, ig-opposite\ G\ (ig-in-out-arcs\ G\ u\ !\ l)\ u) \# p)\ w$

shows *contract-iter-adj-inv* $G\ H0\ (ig-add-e\ H\ u\ w)\ u\ (Suc\ l)$

proof –

interpret *pair-pseudo-graph* $mk-graph\ G$ **by** *fact*

{ **fix** $v\ j$ **assume** $*$: $j < Suc\ l \exists p. iapath\ u\ ((u, ig-opposite\ G\ (ig-in-out-arcs\ G\ u\ !\ j)\ u) \# p)\ v$

then have $(u, v) \in set\ (ig-arcs\ (ig-add-e\ H\ u\ w))$

proof (*cases* $j < l$)

```

    case True with * ciai show ?thesis
      by (auto simp: contract-iter-adj-inv-def)[]
  next
    case False with * have j = l by arith
    with *(2) obtain q where **: iapath u ((u, ig-opposite G (ig-in-out-arcs G
u ! l) u) # q) v
      by metis
    with iapath have p = q
      using verts3-in-verts[where G=mk-graph G]
      by (auto elim: gen-iapath-same2E[rotated 2])
    with ** iapath have v = w
      by (auto simp: pre-digraph.gen-iapath-def pre-digraph.apath-def elim: pre-digraph.awalk-nonempty-ends[ro
then show ?thesis by simp
  qed }
moreover
{ fix v assume *: (u,v) ∈ set (ig-arcs (ig-add-e H u w))
  have (∃ j < Suc l. ∃ p. gen-iapath (verts3 (mk-graph G)) u ((u, ig-opposite G
(ig-in-out-arcs G u ! j) u) # p) v)
    proof cases
      assume v = w then show ?thesis using iapath by auto
    next
      assume v ≠ w then show ?thesis using ciai *
        unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by (auto intro: less-SucI)
    qed }
moreover
have set (ig-arcs (ig-add-e H u w)) - ({u} × UNIV) = set (ig-arcs H0)
  ig-verts (ig-add-e H u w) = ig-verts H0
  using ciai unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by auto
ultimately
show ?thesis unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by metis
qed

lemma contract-iter-adj-inv-step2:
  assumes ciai: contract-iter-adj-inv G H0 H u l
  assumes iapath: ∧p w. ¬pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u ((u, ig-opposite G
(ig-in-out-arcs G u ! l) u) # p) w
  shows contract-iter-adj-inv G H0 H u (Suc l)
proof -
  { fix v j assume *: j < Suc l ∃ p. pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u ((u,
ig-opposite G (ig-in-out-arcs G u ! j) u) # p) v
    then have (u, v) ∈ set (ig-arcs H)
      proof (cases j < l)
        case True with * ciai show ?thesis
          by (auto simp: contract-iter-adj-inv-def)
        next
          case False with * have j = l by auto
          with * show ?thesis using iapath by metis
        qed }
  moreover

```

```

{ fix v assume *: (u,v) ∈ set (ig-arcs H)
  then have (∃ j < Suc l. ∃ p. pre-digraph.gen-iapath (mk-graph G) (verts3 (mk-graph
G)) u ((u, ig-opposite G (ig-in-out-arcs G u ! j) u) # p) v)
    using ciai unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by (auto intro: less-SucI) }
moreover
have set (ig-arcs H) - ({u} × UNIV) = set (ig-arcs H0) ig-verts H = ig-verts
H0
  using ciai unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by (auto simp:)
ultimately
show ?thesis unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by metis
qed

```

definition *contract-iter-adj-prop* where

```

contract-iter-adj-prop G H0 H u ≡ ig-verts H = ig-verts H0
  ∧ set (ig-arcs H) = set (ig-arcs H0) ∪ ({u} × {v. ∃ p. pre-digraph.iapath
(mk-graph G) u p v})

```

lemma *contract-iter-adj-propI*:

```

assumes nodes: contract-iter-nodes-inv G H i
assumes ciai: contract-iter-adj-inv G H H' u (length (ig-in-out-arcs G u))
assumes u: u = ig-verts H ! i
shows contract-iter-adj-prop G H H' u
proof -
  have ig-verts H' = ig-verts H
    using ciai unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by auto
  moreover
  have set (ig-arcs H') ⊆ set (ig-arcs H) ∪ ({u} × {v. ∃ p. pre-digraph.iapath
(mk-graph G) u p v})
    using ciai unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by auto
  moreover
  { fix v p assume path: pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u p v
    then obtain e es where p = e # es by (cases p) (auto simp: pre-digraph.gen-iapath-def)
    then have e ∈ parcs (mk-graph G) using path
    by (auto simp: pre-digraph.gen-iapath-def pre-digraph.apath-def pre-digraph.awalk-def)
    moreover
    then obtain w where e = (u,w) using ⟨p = e # es⟩ path
    by (cases e) (auto simp: pre-digraph.gen-iapath-def pre-digraph.apath-def
pre-digraph.awalk-def pre-digraph.cas.simps)
    ultimately
    have (u,w) ∈ set (ig-arcs G) ∨ (w,u) ∈ set (ig-arcs G)
      unfolding mk-graph-def by (auto simp: parcs-mk-symmetric mkg'-simps)
    then obtain e' where H1: e' = (u,w) ∨ e' = (w,u) and e' ∈ set (ig-arcs G)
      by auto
    then have e' ∈ set (ig-in-out-arcs G u)
      unfolding ig-in-out-arcs-def by auto
    then obtain k where H2: ig-in-out-arcs G u ! k = e' k < length (ig-in-out-arcs
G u)

```

```

    by (auto simp: in-set-conv-nth)
    have opp-e': ig-opposite G e' u = w using H1 unfolding ig-opposite-def by
auto
    have (u,v) ∈ set (ig-arcs H')
    using ciai unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def'
    apply safe
    apply (erule allE[where x=v])
    apply safe
    apply (erule notE)
    apply (rule exI[where x=k])
    apply (simp add: H2 opp-e')
    using path ⟨e = (u,w)⟩ ⟨p = e # es⟩ by auto }
    then have set (ig-arcs H) ∪ ({u} × {v. ∃ p. pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u
p v}) ⊆ set (ig-arcs H')
    using ciai unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def by auto
    ultimately
    show ?thesis unfolding contract-iter-adj-prop-def by blast
qed

```

lemma *contract-iter-nodes-inv-step:*

```

    assumes nodes: contract-iter-nodes-inv G H i
    assumes adj: contract-iter-adj-inv G H H' (ig-verts H ! i) (length (ig-in-out-arcs
G (ig-verts H ! i)))
    assumes snp: select-nodes-prop G H
    shows contract-iter-nodes-inv G H' (Suc i)
proof -
    have ciap: contract-iter-adj-prop G H H' (ig-verts H ! i)
    using nodes adj by (rule contract-iter-adj-propI) simp
    then have ie-H': set (ig-arcs H') = set (ig-arcs H) ∪ {(u,v). u = ig-verts H' !
i ∧ (∃ p. pre-digraph.gen-iapath (mk-graph G) (verts3 (mk-graph G)) u p v)}
    and [simp]: ig-verts H' = ig-verts H
    unfolding contract-iter-adj-prop-def by auto
    have ie-H: set (ig-arcs H) = (∪ j<i. {(u, v). u = ig-verts H' ! j ∧ (∃ p.
pre-digraph.gen-iapath (mk-graph G) (verts3 (mk-graph G)) u p v)})
    using nodes unfolding contract-iter-nodes-inv-def by simp

    have *: ∧ S k. (∪ i < Suc k. S i) = (∪ i < k. S i) ∪ S k
    by (metis UN-insert lessThan-Suc sup-commute)

    show ?thesis by (simp only: contract-iter-nodes-inv-def ie-H ie-H' *)
qed

```

lemma *contract-iter-nodes-0:*

```

    assumes set (ig-arcs H) = {} shows contract-iter-nodes-inv G H 0
    using asms unfolding contract-iter-nodes-inv-def by simp

```

lemma *contract-iter-adj-0:*

```

    assumes nodes: contract-iter-nodes-inv G H i
    assumes i: i < ig-verts-cnt H

```

```

shows contract-iter-adj-inv G H H (ig-verts H ! i) 0
using assms distinct-ig-verts
unfolding contract-iter-adj-inv-def contract-iter-nodes-inv-def
by (auto simp: distinct-conv-nth)

lemma snp-vertexes:
  assumes select-nodes-prop G H u ∈ set (ig-verts H) shows u ∈ set (ig-verts G)
using assms unfolding select-nodes-prop-def by (auto simp: verts3-def mkg-simps)

lemma igraph-ig-add-eI:
  assumes IGraph-inv G
  assumes u ∈ set (ig-verts G) v ∈ set (ig-verts G)
  shows IGraph-inv (ig-add-e G u v)
using assms unfolding IGraph-inv-def by auto

lemma snp-iapath-ends-in:
  assumes select-nodes-prop G H
  assumes pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u p v
  shows u ∈ set (ig-verts H) v ∈ set (ig-verts H)
using assms unfolding pre-digraph.gen-iapath-def select-nodes-prop-def verts3-def
by (auto simp: mkg-simps)

lemma contract-iter-nodes-last:
  assumes nodes: contract-iter-nodes-inv G H (ig-verts-cnt H)
  assumes snp: select-nodes-prop G H
  assumes igraph: IGraph-inv G
  shows mk-graph' H = contr-graph (mk-graph G) (is ?t1)
    and symmetric (mk-graph' H) (is ?t2)
proof –
  interpret ppg-mkG: pair-pseudo-graph mk-graph G
  using igraph by (rule IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg)
  { fix u v p assume pre-digraph.iapath (mk-graph G) u p v
    then have  $\exists p. \text{pre-digraph.iapath } (mk\text{-graph } G) \ v \ p \ u$ 
    using ppg-mkG.gen-iapath-rev-path [where u=u and v=v, symmetric] by auto
  }
  then have ie-sym:  $\bigwedge u \ v. (\exists p. \text{pre-digraph.iapath } (mk\text{-graph } G) \ u \ p \ v) \longleftrightarrow (\exists p. \text{pre-digraph.iapath } (mk\text{-graph } G) \ v \ p \ u)$ 
by auto

  from nodes have set (ig-arcs H) =  $\{(u, v). u \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } H) \wedge (\exists p. \text{pre-digraph.gen-iapath } (mk\text{-graph } G) \ (verts3 \ (mk\text{-graph } G)) \ u \ p \ v)\}$ 
  unfolding contract-iter-nodes-inv-def by (auto simp: in-set-conv-nth)
  then have  $*$ : set (ig-arcs H) =  $\{(u, v). (\exists p. \text{pre-digraph.iapath } (mk\text{-graph } G) \ u \ p \ v)\}$ 
using snp by (auto simp: snp-iapath-ends-in(1))
  then have  $**$ : set (ig-arcs H) =  $(\lambda(a, b). (b, a)) \ ' \ \{(u, v). (\exists p. \text{pre-digraph.iapath } (mk\text{-graph } G) \ u \ p \ v)\}$ 
using ie-sym by fastforce

```

```

have sym: symmetric (mk-graph' H)
  unfolding symmetric-conv by (auto simp: mkg'-simps * ie-sym)

have pverts (mk-graph' H) = verts3 (mk-graph G)
  using snp unfolding select-nodes-prop-def by (simp add: mkg-simps mkg'-simps)
moreover
have parcs (mk-graph' H) = {(u,v). (∃ p. ppg-mkG.iapath u p v)}
  using * by (auto simp: mkg-simps mkg'-simps)
ultimately show ?t1 ?t2
  using snp sym unfolding gen-contr-graph-def select-nodes-prop-def by auto
qed

lemma (in contract-impl) contract-spec:
  ∀ σ. Γ ⊢t {σ. select-nodes-prop 'G 'H ∧ IGraph-inv 'G ∧ loop-free (mk-graph
    'G) ∧ IGraph-inv 'H ∧ set (ig-arcs 'H) = {}}
    'R ::= PROC contract('G, 'H)
  { 'G = σG ∧ mk-graph' 'R = contr-graph (mk-graph 'G) ∧ symmetric (mk-graph'
    'R) ∧ IGraph-inv 'R }
  apply vcg-step
  apply (rewrite
    at whileAnno - (named-loop "iter-nodes") - -
    in for (σ)
    to whileAnno -
      { contract-iter-nodes-inv 'G 'H 'i
        ∧ select-nodes-prop 'G 'H ∧ 'i ≤ ig-verts-cnt 'H ∧ IGraph-inv 'G ∧
loop-free (mk-graph 'G)
        ∧ IGraph-inv 'H ∧ 'G = σG }
      (MEASURE ig-verts-cnt 'H - 'i)
    -
    annotate-named-loop-var)
  apply (rewrite
    at whileAnno - (named-loop "iter-adj") - -
    in for (σ)
    to whileAnnoFix -
      (λ(H, u, i). { contract-iter-adj-inv 'G H 'H u 'j
        ∧ select-nodes-prop 'G 'H ∧ 'u = u ∧ 'j ≤ length (ig-in-out-arcs 'G 'u)
        ∧ 'io-arcs = ig-in-out-arcs 'G 'u
        ∧ u ∈ set (ig-verts 'H) ∧ IGraph-inv 'G ∧ loop-free (mk-graph 'G) ∧
        IGraph-inv 'H ∧ 'G = σG ∧ 'i = i } )
      (λ-. (MEASURE length 'io-arcs - 'j))
    -
    annotate-named-loop-var-fix)
  apply vcg
  apply (fastforce simp: contract-iter-nodes-0)
  apply (match premises in select-nodes-prop - H for H ⇒ ⟨rule exI[where
    x=H]⟩)
  apply (fastforce simp: contract-iter-adj-0 contract-iter-nodes-inv-step elim: con-
    tract-iter-adj-invE)
  apply (fastforce simp: contract-iter-adj-inv-step2 contract-iter-adj-inv-step1

```

```

    IGraph-imp-ppg-mkg igrph-ig-add-eI snp-iapath-ends-in iadj-io-edge snp-vertexes)
  apply (fastforce simp: not-less intro: contract-iter-nodes-last)
done

```

16.2.6 Procedure *is-K33*

definition *is-K33-colorize-inv* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *nat* $\Rightarrow$ (*ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *bool*) $\Rightarrow$ *bool* **where**

is-K33-colorize-inv *G* *u* *k* *blue* $\equiv \forall v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G). \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\exists i < k. v = \text{ig-opposite } G (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \text{ ! } i) u)$

definition *is-K33-component-size-inv* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *nat* $\Rightarrow$ (*ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *bool*) $\Rightarrow$ *nat* $\Rightarrow$ *bool* **where**

is-K33-component-size-inv *G* *k* *blue* *cnt* $\equiv \text{cnt} = \text{card } \{i. i < k \wedge \text{blue } (\text{ig-verts } G \text{ ! } i)\}$

definition *is-K33-outer-inv* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *nat* $\Rightarrow$ (*ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *bool*) $\Rightarrow$ *bool* **where**
is-K33-outer-inv *G* *k* *blue* $\equiv \forall i < k. \forall v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G).$

blue (*ig-verts* *G* ! *i*) = *blue* *v* $\longleftrightarrow (\text{ig-verts } G \text{ ! } i, v) \notin \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G)$

definition *is-K33-inner-inv* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *nat* $\Rightarrow$ *nat* $\Rightarrow$ (*ig-vertex* $\Rightarrow$ *bool*) $\Rightarrow$ *bool* **where**

is-K33-inner-inv *G* *k* *l* *blue* $\equiv \forall j < l.$

blue (*ig-verts* *G* ! *k*) = *blue* (*ig-verts* *G* ! *j*) $\longleftrightarrow (\text{ig-verts } G \text{ ! } k, \text{ig-verts } G \text{ ! } j)$
 $\notin \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G)$

lemma *is-K33-colorize-0*: *is-K33-colorize-inv* *G* *u* 0 ($\lambda \cdot$. *False*)

unfolding *is-K33-colorize-inv-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *is-K33-component-size-0*: *is-K33-component-size-inv* *G* 0 *blue* 0

unfolding *is-K33-component-size-inv-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *is-K33-outer-0*: *is-K33-outer-inv* *G* 0 *blue*

unfolding *is-K33-outer-inv-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *is-K33-inner-0*: *is-K33-inner-inv* *G* *k* 0 *blue*

unfolding *is-K33-inner-inv-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *is-K33-colorize-last*:

assumes *u* $\in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G)$

shows *is-K33-colorize-inv* *G* *u* (*length* (*ig-in-out-arcs* *G* *u*)) *blue*

= ($\forall v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G). \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow \text{iadj } G \text{ u } v$) (**is** ?*L* = ?*R*)

proof –

{ **fix** *v*

have ($\exists i < \text{length } (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \text{ u}). v = \text{ig-opposite } G (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \text{ u ! } i) u$)

$\longleftrightarrow (\exists e \in \text{set } (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \text{ u}). v = \text{ig-opposite } G e u)$ (**is** ?*A* $\longleftrightarrow$ -)

by *auto* (*auto simp: in-set-conv-nth*)

also have ... $\longleftrightarrow \text{iadj } G \text{ u } v$

using *assms* by (force simp: iadj-io-edge ig-opposite-simps dest: iadjD)
 finally have $?A \longleftrightarrow \text{iadj } G \ u \ v \ . \}$
 then show *?thesis unfolding is-K33-colorize-inv-def by auto*
 qed

lemma *is-K33-component-size-last:*
 assumes $k = \text{ig-verts-cnt } G$
 shows $\text{is-K33-component-size-inv } G \ k \ \text{blue } \text{cnt} \longleftrightarrow \text{card } \{u \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G) . \text{blue } u\} = \text{cnt}$
proof –
 have *: $\{u \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G) . \text{blue } u\} = (\lambda n . \text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ n) \ ^\circ \ \{i . i < \text{ig-verts-cnt } G \wedge \text{blue } (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ i)\}$
 by (auto simp: in-set-conv-nth)
 have *inj-on* $(\lambda n . \text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ n) \ \{i . i < \text{ig-verts-cnt } G \wedge \text{blue } (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ i)\}$
 using *distinct-ig-verts* by (auto simp: nth-eq-iff-index-eq intro: inj-onI)
 with *assms* show *?thesis*
 unfolding * *is-K33-component-size-inv-def*
 by (auto intro: card-image)
 qed

lemma *is-K33-outer-last:*
 $\text{is-K33-outer-inv } G \ (\text{ig-verts-cnt } G) \ \text{blue} \longleftrightarrow (\forall u \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G) . \forall v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G) .$
 $\text{blue } u = \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow (u, v) \notin \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G))$
 unfolding *is-K33-outer-inv-def* by (simp add: All-set-ig-verts)

lemma *is-K33-inner-last:*
 $\text{is-K33-inner-inv } G \ k \ (\text{ig-verts-cnt } G) \ \text{blue} \longleftrightarrow (\forall v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G) .$
 $\text{blue } (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ k) = \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ k, v) \notin \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G))$
 unfolding *is-K33-inner-inv-def* by (simp add: All-set-ig-verts)

lemma *is-K33-colorize-step:*
 fixes $G \ u \ i \ \text{blue}$
 assumes *colorize: is-K33-colorize-inv* $G \ u \ k \ \text{blue}$
 shows $\text{is-K33-colorize-inv } G \ u \ (\text{Suc } k) \ (\text{blue } (\text{ig-opposite } G \ (\text{ig-in-out-arcs } G \ u \ ! \ k) \ u \ := \ \text{True}))$
 using *assms* by (auto simp: *is-K33-colorize-inv-def* elim: less-SucE intro: less-SucI)

lemma *is-K33-component-size-step1:*
 assumes *comp: is-K33-component-size-inv* $G \ k \ \text{blue } \text{blue-cnt}$
 assumes *blue:* $\text{blue } (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ k)$
 shows $\text{is-K33-component-size-inv } G \ (\text{Suc } k) \ \text{blue } (\text{Suc } \text{blue-cnt})$
proof –
 have $\{i . i < \text{Suc } k \wedge \text{blue } (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ i)\}$
 $= \text{insert } k \ \{i . i < k \wedge \text{blue } (\text{ig-verts } G \ ! \ i)\}$
 using *blue* by auto
 with *comp* show *?thesis*
 unfolding *is-K33-component-size-inv-def* by auto
 qed

```

lemma is-K33-component-size-step2:
  assumes comp:is-K33-component-size-inv G k blue blue-cnt
  assumes blue:  $\neg \text{blue } (ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ k)$ 
  shows is-K33-component-size-inv G (Suc k) blue blue-cnt
proof –
  have  $\{i. i < Suc \ k \wedge \text{blue } (ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ i)\} = \{i. i < k \wedge \text{blue } (ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ i)\}$ 
    using blue by (auto elim: less-SucE)
  with comp show ?thesis
    unfolding is-K33-component-size-inv-def by auto
qed

lemma is-K33-outer-step:
  assumes is-K33-outer-inv G i blue
  assumes is-K33-inner-inv G i (ig-verts-cnt G) blue
  shows is-K33-outer-inv G (Suc i) blue
  using assms unfolding is-K33-outer-inv-def is-K33-inner-last
  by (auto intro: less-SucI elim: less-SucE)

lemma is-K33-inner-step:
  assumes is-K33-inner-inv G i j blue
  assumes  $(\text{blue } (ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ i) = \text{blue } (ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ j)) \longleftrightarrow (ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ i, ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ j) \notin \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G)$ 
  shows is-K33-inner-inv G i (Suc j) blue
  using assms by (auto simp: is-K33-inner-inv-def elim: less-SucE)

lemma K33-mkg'I:
  fixes G col cnt
  defines  $u \equiv ig\text{-verts } G \ ! \ 0$ 
  assumes ig: IGraph-inv G
  assumes iv-cnt:  $ig\text{-verts-cnt } G = 6$  and c1-cnt:  $cnt = 3$ 
  assumes colorize: is-K33-colorize-inv G u (length (ig-in-out-arcs G u)) blue
  assumes comp: is-K33-component-size-inv G (ig-verts-cnt G) blue cnt
  assumes outer: is-K33-outer-inv G (ig-verts-cnt G) blue
  shows  $K_{3,3} (mk\text{-graph}' \ G)$ 
proof –
  have  $u \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G)$  unfolding u-def using iv-cnt by auto
  then have  $(\forall v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G). \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow iadj \ G \ u \ v)$ 
    using colorize by (rule is-K33-colorize-last[THEN iffD1])

  define U V where  $U = \{u \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G). \neg \text{blue } u\}$  and  $V = \{v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G). \text{blue } v\}$ 
  then have UV-set:  $U \subseteq \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \ V \subseteq \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \ U \cup V = \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \ U \cap V = \{\}$ 
    and fin-UV: finite U finite V by auto

  have card-verts:  $\text{card } (\text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G)) = 6$ 
    using iv-cnt distinct-ig-verts by (simp add: distinct-card)

```

```

from ig comp c1-cnt have  $\text{card } V = 3$  by (simp add: is-K33-component-size-last
V-def)
moreover have  $\text{card } (U \cup V) = 6$  using UV-set distinct-ig-verts iv-cnt
by (auto simp: distinct-card)
ultimately have  $\text{card } U = 3$ 
by (simp add: card-Un-disjoint[OF fin-UV UV-set(4)])
note cards = ⟨card V = 3⟩ ⟨card U = 3⟩ card-verts

from is-K33-outer-last[THEN iffD1, OF outer]
have  $(\forall u \in U. \forall v \in V. (u, v) \in \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G) \wedge (v, u) \in \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G))$ 
 $\wedge (\forall u \in U. \forall u' \in U. (u, u') \notin \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G))$ 
 $\wedge (\forall v \in V. \forall v' \in V. (v, v') \notin \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G))$ 
unfolding U-def V-def by auto
then have  $U \times V \subseteq \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G) \quad V \times U \subseteq \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G)$ 
 $U \times U \cap \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G) = \{\}$   $V \times V \cap \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G) = \{\}$ 
by auto
moreover have  $\text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G) \subseteq (U \cup V) \times (U \cup V)$ 
unfolding  $\langle U \cup V = \cdot \rangle$  by (auto simp: ig set-ig-arcs-verts)
ultimately
have conn: set (ig-arcs G) = U × V ∪ V × U
by blast

interpret ppg-mkg': pair-fin-digraph mk-graph' G
using ig by (auto intro: IGraph-imp-ppd-mkg')

show ?thesis
unfolding complete-bipartite-digraph-pair-def mkg'-simps
using cards UV-set conn by simp metis
qed

lemma K33-mkg'E:
assumes K33: K3,3 (mk-graph' G)
assumes ig: IGraph-inv G
assumes colorize: is-K33-colorize-inv G u (length (ig-in-out-arcs G u)) blue
and u: u ∈ set (ig-verts G)
obtains is-K33-component-size-inv G (ig-verts-cnt G) blue 3
 $\text{is-K33-outer-inv } G \text{ (ig-verts-cnt } G) \text{ blue}$ 
proof –
from K33 obtain U V where
 $\text{verts-}G: \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G) = U \cup V$  and
 $\text{arcs-}G: \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G) = U \times V \cup V \times U$  and
 $\text{disj-UV: } U \cap V = \{\}$  and
 $\text{card: card } U = 3 \text{ card } V = 3$ 
unfolding complete-bipartite-digraph-pair-def mkg'-simps by auto

from colorize u have  $\bigwedge v. v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G) \implies \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow \text{iadj } G \ u$ 
using is-K33-colorize-last by auto

```

```

have iadj-conv:  $\bigwedge u v. \text{iadj } G \ u \ v \longleftrightarrow (u,v) \in U \times V \cup V \times U$ 
  unfolding iadj-def arcs-G by auto

{ assume  $u \in U$ 
  then have  $V = \{v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G). \text{ blue } v\}$ 
    using disj-UV by (auto simp: iadj-conv verts-G col-adj)
  then have is-K33-component-size-inv  $G$  (ig-verts-cnt  $G$ ) blue 3
    using ig card by (simp add: is-K33-component-size-last)
  moreover
  have  $\bigwedge v. v \in U \cup V \implies \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow v \in V$ 
    using  $\langle u \in U \rangle$  disj-UV by (auto simp: verts-G col-adj iadj-conv)
  then have is-K33-outer-inv  $G$  (ig-verts-cnt  $G$ ) blue
    using  $\langle U \cap V = \{\} \rangle$  by (subst is-K33-outer-last) (auto simp: arcs-G verts-G)
}

ultimately have ?thesis by (rule that) }
moreover
{ assume  $u \in V$ 
  then have  $U = \{v \in \text{set } (\text{ig-verts } G). \text{ blue } v\}$ 
    using disj-UV by (auto simp: iadj-conv verts-G col-adj)
  then have is-K33-component-size-inv  $G$  (ig-verts-cnt  $G$ ) blue 3
    using ig card by (simp add: is-K33-component-size-last)
  moreover
  have  $\bigwedge v. v \in U \cup V \implies \text{blue } v \longleftrightarrow v \in U$ 
    using  $\langle u \in V \rangle$  disj-UV by (auto simp: verts-G col-adj iadj-conv)
  then have is-K33-outer-inv  $G$  (ig-verts-cnt  $G$ ) blue
    using  $\langle U \cap V = \{\} \rangle$  by (subst is-K33-outer-last) (auto simp: arcs-G verts-G)
}

ultimately have ?thesis by (rule that) }
ultimately show ?thesis using verts-G u by blast
qed

lemma K33-card:
  assumes  $K_{3,3}$  (mk-graph'  $G$ ) shows ig-verts-cnt  $G = 6$ 
proof -
  from assms have card (verts (mk-graph'  $G$ )) = 6
  unfolding complete-bipartite-digraph-pair-def by (auto simp: card-Un-disjoint)
  then show ?thesis
  using distinct-ig-verts by (auto simp: mkg'-sims distinct-card)
qed

abbreviation (input) is-K33-colorize-inv-last :: IGraph  $\Rightarrow$  (ig-vertex  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where
  is-K33-colorize-inv-last  $G$  blue  $\equiv$  is-K33-colorize-inv  $G$  (ig-verts  $G$  ! 0) (length
    (ig-in-out-arcs  $G$  (ig-verts  $G$  ! 0))) blue

abbreviation (input) is-K33-component-size-inv-last :: IGraph  $\Rightarrow$  (ig-vertex  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where
  is-K33-component-size-inv-last  $G$  blue  $\equiv$  is-K33-component-size-inv  $G$  (ig-verts-cnt
     $G$ ) blue 3

```

```

lemma is-K33-outerD:
  assumes is-K33-outer-inv  $G$  (ig-verts-cnt  $G$ ) blue
  assumes  $i < \text{ig-verts-cnt } G$   $j < \text{ig-verts-cnt } G$ 
  shows (blue (ig-verts  $G$  !  $i$ ) = blue (ig-verts  $G$  !  $j$ ))  $\longleftrightarrow$  (ig-verts  $G$  !  $i$ , ig-verts
 $G$  !  $j$ )  $\notin \text{set } (\text{ig-arcs } G)$ 
  using assms unfolding is-K33-outer-last by auto

lemma (in is-K33-impl) is-K33-spec:
   $\forall \sigma. \Gamma \vdash_t \{ \sigma. \text{IGraph-inv } 'G \wedge \text{symmetric } (\text{mk-graph}' 'G) \}$ 
   $'R := \text{PROC } \text{is-K33}('G)$ 
   $\{ 'G = {}^\sigma G \wedge 'R = K_{3,3}(\text{mk-graph}' 'G) \}$ 
  apply vcg-step
  apply (rewrite
    at whileAnno - (named-loop "colorize") - -
    in for ( $\sigma$ )
    to whileAnno -
       $\{ \text{is-K33-colorize-inv } 'G 'u 'i 'blue \wedge 'i \leq \text{length } 'io\text{-arcs}$ 
         $\wedge 'io\text{-arcs} = \text{ig-in-out-arcs } 'G 'u \wedge 'u = \text{ig-verts } 'G ! 0 \wedge 'G = {}^\sigma G \wedge$ 
 $\text{IGraph-inv } 'G$ 
         $\wedge 'u = \text{ig-verts } 'G ! 0 \wedge \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G = 6 \}$ 
        (MEASURE length 'io-arcs - 'i)
      -
      annotate-named-loop-var)
  apply (rewrite
    at whileAnno - (named-loop "component-size") - -
    in for ( $\sigma$ )
    to whileAnnoFix -
      ( $\lambda \text{blue. } \{ \text{is-K33-component-size-inv } 'G 'i 'blue 'blue\text{-cnt}$ 
         $\wedge 'i \leq \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G \wedge 'blue = \text{blue} \wedge 'G = {}^\sigma G \wedge \text{IGraph-inv } 'G$ 
         $\wedge \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G = 6 \wedge \text{is-K33-colorize-inv-last } 'G 'blue \}$ )
        ( $\lambda \cdot. (\text{MEASURE } \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G - 'i)$ )
      -
      annotate-named-loop-var-fix)
  apply (rewrite
    at whileAnno - (named-loop "connected-outer") - -
    in for ( $\sigma$ )
    to whileAnnoFix -
      ( $\lambda \text{blue. } \{ \text{is-K33-outer-inv } 'G 'i 'blue \wedge 'i \leq \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G$ 
         $\wedge 'blue = \text{blue} \wedge 'G = {}^\sigma G \wedge \text{IGraph-inv } 'G$ 
         $\wedge \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G = 6 \wedge \text{is-K33-colorize-inv-last } 'G 'blue \wedge \text{is-K33-component-size-inv-last}$ 
 $'G 'blue \}$ )
        ( $\lambda \cdot. (\text{MEASURE } \text{ig-verts-cnt } 'G - 'i)$ )
      -
      annotate-named-loop-var-fix)
  apply (rewrite
    at whileAnno - (named-loop "connected-inner") - -
    in for ( $\sigma$ )
    to whileAnnoFix -

```

```

      (λ(i,blue). { is-K33-inner-inv 'G 'i 'j 'blue ∧ 'j ≤ ig-verts-cnt 'G
        ∧ 'i = i ∧ 'i < ig-verts-cnt 'G ∧ 'blue = blue ∧ 'G = σG ∧ IGraph-inv
        'G ∧ 'u = ig-verts 'G ! 'i
        ∧ ig-verts-cnt 'G = 6 ∧ is-K33-colorize-inv-last 'G 'blue ∧ is-K33-component-size-inv-last
        'G 'blue })
      (λ-. (MEASURE ig-verts-cnt 'G - 'j))
    -
  annotate-named-loop-var-fix)
  apply vcg
  apply (fastforce simp: is-K33-colorize-0 is-K33-component-size-0 is-K33-outer-0
is-K33-component-size-last
    elim: K33-mkg'E dest: K33-card intro: K33-mkg'I)
  apply (fastforce simp add: is-K33-colorize-step)
  apply (fastforce simp: is-K33-colorize-0 is-K33-component-size-0 is-K33-outer-0
is-K33-component-size-last
    elim: K33-mkg'E intro: K33-mkg'I)
  apply (fastforce simp: is-K33-component-size-step1 is-K33-component-size-step2)
  apply (fastforce simp: is-K33-inner-0 is-K33-outer-step)
  apply (simp only: simp-thms)
  apply (intro conjI allI impI notI)
  apply (fastforce elim: K33-mkg'E dest: is-K33-outerD)
  apply (fastforce elim: K33-mkg'E dest: is-K33-outerD)
  apply (simp add: is-K33-inner-step; fail)
  apply linarith
done

```

16.2.7 Procedure is-K5

definition

is-K5-outer-inv $G\ k \equiv \forall i < k. \forall v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G). ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ i \neq v$
 $\longleftrightarrow (ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ i, v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G)$

definition

is-K5-inner-inv $G\ k\ l \equiv \forall j < l. ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ k \neq ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ j$
 $\longleftrightarrow (ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ k, ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ j) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G)$

lemma *K5-card*:

assumes $K_5\ (mk\text{-graph}'\ G)$ **shows** $ig\text{-verts-cnt } G = 5$
using *assms distinct-ig-verts* **unfolding** *complete-digraph-pair-def*
by (*auto simp add: mkg'-sims distinct-card*)

lemma *is-K5-inner-0*: *is-K5-inner-inv* $G\ k\ 0$

unfolding *is-K5-inner-inv-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *is-K5-inner-last*:

assumes $l = ig\text{-verts-cnt } G$
shows *is-K5-inner-inv* $G\ k\ l \longleftrightarrow (\forall v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G). ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ k \neq v$
 $\longleftrightarrow (ig\text{-verts } G\ !\ k, v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G))$

proof –

have $\bigwedge v. v \in \text{set } (ig\text{-verts } G) \implies \exists j < ig\text{-verts-cnt } G. ig\text{-verts } G ! j = v$
by (auto simp: in-set-conv-nth)
then show ?thesis **using** assms **unfolding** is-K5-inner-inv-def
by auto metis
qed

lemma is-K5-outer-step:
assumes is-K5-outer-inv G k
assumes is-K5-inner-inv G k (ig-verts-cnt G)
shows is-K5-outer-inv G (Suc k)
using assms **unfolding** is-K5-outer-inv-def
by (auto simp: is-K5-inner-last elim: less-SucE)

lemma is-K5-outer-last:
assumes is-K5-outer-inv G (ig-verts-cnt G)
assumes IGraph-inv G ig-verts-cnt $G = 5$ symmetric (mk-graph' G)
shows K_5 (mk-graph' G)

proof –

interpret ppg-mkg': pair-fin-digraph mk-graph' G
using assms(2) **by** (auto intro: IGraph-imp-ppd-mkg')
have $\bigwedge u v. (u, v) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G) \implies u \neq v$
using assms(1,2) **unfolding** is-K5-outer-inv-def ig-verts-cnt-def
by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-ig-arcs-verts(2))
then interpret ppg-mkg': pair-graph (mk-graph' G)
using assms(4) **by** unfold-locales (auto simp: mkg'-sims arc-to-ends-def)
have $\bigwedge a b. a \in \text{pverts } (mk\text{-graph}' G) \implies$
 $b \in \text{pverts } (mk\text{-graph}' G) \implies a \neq b \implies (a, b) \in \text{parcs } (mk\text{-graph}' G)$
using assms(1) **unfolding** is-K5-outer-inv-def mkg'-sims
by (metis in-set-conv-nth ig-verts-cnt-def)
moreover
have card (pverts (mk-graph' G)) = 5
using $\langle ig\text{-verts-cnt } G = 5 \rangle$ distinct-ig-verts **by** (auto simp: mkg'-sims distinct-card)
ultimately
show ?thesis
unfolding complete-digraph-pair-def
by (auto dest: ppg-mkg'.in-arcsD1 ppg-mkg'.in-arcsD2 ppg-mkg'.no-loops')
qed

lemma is-K5-inner-step:
assumes is-K5-inner-inv G k l
assumes $k < ig\text{-verts-cnt } G$
assumes $k \neq l \iff (ig\text{-verts } G ! k, ig\text{-verts } G ! l) \in \text{set } (ig\text{-arcs } G)$
shows is-K5-inner-inv G k (Suc l)
using assms distinct-ig-verts **unfolding** is-K5-inner-inv-def
apply (auto elim: less-SucE)
by (metis (opaque-lifting, no-types) Suc-lessD less-SucE less-trans-Suc linorder-neqE-nat nth-eq-iff-index-eq)

lemma *iK5E*:
assumes K_5 (*mk-graph'* G)
obtains $ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } G = 5 \llbracket i < ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } G; j < ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } G \rrbracket \implies i \neq j$
 $\longleftrightarrow (ig\text{-verts } G ! i, ig\text{-verts } G ! j) \in set (ig\text{-arcs } G)$
proof
show $ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } G = 5$
 $i < ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } G \implies j < ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } G \implies$
 $(i \neq j) = ((ig\text{-verts } G ! i, ig\text{-verts } G ! j) \in set (ig\text{-arcs } G))$
using *assms distinct-ig-verts*
by (*auto simp: complete-digraph-pair-def mkg'-simps distinct-card nth-eq-iff-index-eq*)
qed

lemma (**in** *is-K5-impl*) *is-K5-spec*:
 $\forall \sigma. \Gamma \vdash_t \llbracket \sigma. IGraph\text{-inv } 'G \wedge symmetric (mk\text{-graph}' 'G) \rrbracket$
 $'R := PROC\ is\text{-K5}('G)$
 $\llbracket 'G = \sigma G \wedge 'R = K_5(mk\text{-graph}' 'G) \rrbracket$
apply *vcg-step*
apply (*rewrite*
 $at\ whileAnno - (named\text{-loop } "outer\text{-loop}")) - -$
in for (σ)
 $to\ whileAnno -$
 $\llbracket is\text{-K5}\text{-outer}\text{-inv } 'G 'i \wedge 'i \leq 5 \wedge IGraph\text{-inv } 'G \wedge symmetric (mk\text{-graph}' 'G) \wedge 'G = \sigma G \wedge 'G = \sigma G \wedge ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } 'G = 5 \rrbracket$
 $(MEASURE\ 5 - 'i)$
 $-$
 $annotate\text{-named}\text{-loop}\text{-var})$
apply (*rewrite*
 $at\ whileAnno - (named\text{-loop } "inner\text{-loop}")) - -$
in for (σ)
 $to\ whileAnnoFix -$
 $(\lambda i. \llbracket is\text{-K5}\text{-inner}\text{-inv } 'G 'i 'j$
 $\wedge 'j \leq 5 \wedge 'i < 5 \wedge IGraph\text{-inv } 'G \wedge symmetric (mk\text{-graph}' 'G) \wedge 'G =$
 $\sigma G \wedge 'i = i$
 $\wedge ig\text{-verts}\text{-cnt } 'G = 5 \wedge 'u = ig\text{-verts } 'G ! 'i \rrbracket)$
 $(\lambda -. (MEASURE\ 5 - 'j))$
 $-$
 $annotate\text{-named}\text{-loop}\text{-var}\text{-fix})$
apply *vcg*
apply (*fastforce simp: is-K5-outer-inv-def intro: K5-card*)
apply (*fastforce simp add: is-K5-inner-0 is-K5-outer-step*)
apply (*fastforce simp: is-K5-inner-step elim: iK5E*)
apply (*fastforce simp: is-K5-outer-last*)
done

16.2.8 Soundness of the Checker

lemma *planar-theorem*:
assumes *pair-pseudo-graph* G *pair-pseudo-graph* K

```

and subgraph  $K\ G$ 
and  $K_{3,3}\ (\text{contr-graph } K) \vee K_5\ (\text{contr-graph } K)$ 
shows  $\neg \text{kuratowski-planar } G$ 
using assms
by (auto dest: pair-pseudo-graph.kuratowski-contr)

definition witness :: 'a pair-pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a pair-pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  witness  $G\ K \equiv \text{loop-free } K \wedge \text{pair-pseudo-graph } K \wedge \text{subgraph } K\ G$ 
   $\wedge (K_{3,3}\ (\text{contr-graph } K) \vee K_5\ (\text{contr-graph } K))$ 

lemma witness (mk-graph  $G$ ) (mk-graph  $K$ )  $\longleftrightarrow \text{pair-pre-digraph.certify} (\text{mk-graph } G)$ 
  (mk-graph  $K$ )  $\wedge \text{loop-free} (\text{mk-graph } K)$ 
  by (auto simp: witness-def pair-pre-digraph.certify-def Let-def wf-digraph-wp-iff
  wellformed-pseudo-graph-mkg)

lemma pwd-imp-ppg-mkg:
  assumes pair-wf-digraph (mk-graph  $G$ )
  shows pair-pseudo-graph (mk-graph  $G$ )
proof –
  interpret pair-wf-digraph mk-graph  $G$  by fact
  show ?thesis
    apply unfold-locales
    apply (auto simp: mkg-simps finite-symcl-iff)
    apply (auto simp: mk-graph-def symmetric-mk-symmetric)
    done
qed

theorem (in check-kuratowski-impl) check-kuratowski-spec:
   $\forall \sigma. \Gamma \vdash_t \{ \sigma. \text{pair-wf-digraph} (\text{mk-graph } 'G) \}$ 
   $'R ::= \text{PROC check-kuratowski}('G, 'K)$ 
   $\{ 'G = \sigma G \wedge 'K = \sigma K \wedge 'R \longleftrightarrow \text{witness} (\text{mk-graph } 'G) (\text{mk-graph } 'K) \}$ 
  by vcg (auto simp: witness-def IGraph-inv-conv' pwd-imp-ppg-mkg)

lemma check-kuratowski-correct:
  assumes pair-pseudo-graph  $G$ 
  assumes witness  $G\ K$ 
  shows  $\neg \text{kuratowski-planar } G$ 
  using assms
  by (intro planar-theorem[where  $K=K$ ]) (auto simp: witness-def)

lemma check-kuratowski-correct-comb:
  assumes pair-pseudo-graph  $G$ 
  assumes witness  $G\ K$ 
  shows  $\neg \text{comb-planar } G$ 
  using assms by (metis check-kuratowski-correct comb-planar-compat)

lemma check-kuratowski-complete:
  assumes pair-pseudo-graph  $G$  pair-pseudo-graph  $K$  loop-free  $K$ 

```

```

assumes subgraph  $K\ G$ 
assumes subdivision-pair  $H\ K\ K_{3,3}\ H \vee K_5\ H$ 
shows witness  $G\ K$ 
using assms by (auto simp: witness-def intro: K33-contractedI K5-contractedI)

end
theory AutoCorres-Misc imports
  ../l4v/lib/OptionMonadWP
begin

```

17 Auxilliary Lemmas for Autocorres

17.1 Option monad

definition *owhile-inv* :: $('a \Rightarrow 's \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow ('s, 'a) \text{lookup}) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 's \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ rel} \Rightarrow ('s, 'a) \text{lookup}$ **where**
owhile-inv $c\ b\ a\ I\ R \equiv \text{owhile}\ c\ b\ a$

lemma *owhile-unfold*: $\text{owhile}\ C\ B\ r\ s = \text{ocondition}\ (C\ r)\ (B\ r\ |>>\ \text{owhile}\ C\ B)\ (\text{oreturn}\ r)\ s$

by (*auto simp: ocondition-def obind-def oreturn-def owhile-def option-while-simps split: option.split*)

lemma *ovalidNF-owhile*:

assumes $\bigwedge s. P\ r\ s \Longrightarrow I\ r\ s$
and $\bigwedge r\ s. \text{ovalidNF}\ (\lambda s'. I\ r\ s' \wedge C\ r\ s' \wedge s' = s)\ (B\ r)\ (\lambda r'\ s'. I\ r'\ s' \wedge (r', r) \in R)$

and *wf* R

and $\bigwedge r\ s. I\ r\ s \Longrightarrow \neg C\ r\ s \Longrightarrow Q\ r\ s$

shows $\text{ovalidNF}\ (P\ r)\ (\text{OptionMonad.owhile}\ C\ B\ r)\ Q$

unfolding *ovalidNF-def*

proof (*intro allI impI*)

fix s **assume** $P\ r\ s$

then have $I\ r\ s$ **by** *fact*

moreover note $\langle \text{wf}\ R \rangle$

moreover have $\bigwedge r\ r'. I\ r\ s \Longrightarrow C\ r\ s \Longrightarrow B\ r\ s = \text{Some}\ r' \Longrightarrow (r', r) \in R$

using *assms(2)* **unfolding** *ovalidNF-def* **by** *fastforce*

moreover have $\bigwedge r\ r'. I\ r\ s \Longrightarrow C\ r\ s \Longrightarrow B\ r\ s = \text{Some}\ r' \Longrightarrow I\ r'\ s$

using *assms(2)* **unfolding** *ovalidNF-def* **by** *blast*

moreover have $\bigwedge r. I\ r\ s \Longrightarrow C\ r\ s \Longrightarrow B\ r\ s = \text{None} \Longrightarrow$

$\text{None} \neq \text{None} \wedge (\forall r'. \text{None} = \text{Some}\ r' \longrightarrow Q\ r'\ s)$

using *assms(2)* **unfolding** *ovalidNF-def* **by** *blast*

moreover have $\bigwedge r. I\ r\ s \Longrightarrow \neg C\ r\ s \Longrightarrow \text{Some}\ r \neq \text{None} \wedge (\forall r'. \text{Some}\ r = \text{Some}\ r' \longrightarrow Q\ r'\ s)$

using *assms(4)* **unfolding** *ovalidNF-def* **by** *blast*

ultimately

show $\text{owhile}\ C\ B\ r\ s \neq \text{None} \wedge (\forall r'. \text{owhile}\ C\ B\ r\ s = \text{Some}\ r' \longrightarrow Q\ r'\ s)$

by (*rule owhile-rule[where I=I]*)

qed

```

lemma ovaidNF-owhile-inv[wp]:
  assumes  $\bigwedge r s. \text{ovaidNF } (\lambda s'. I r s' \wedge C r s' \wedge s' = s) (B r) (\lambda r' s'. I r' s' \wedge$ 
  (r', r)  $\in R$ )
    and wf R
    and  $\bigwedge r s. I r s \implies \neg C r s \implies Q r s$ 
  shows ovaidNF (I r) (owhile-inv C B r I R) Q
  unfolding owhile-inv-def using - assms by (rule ovaidNF-owhile)

end
theory Setup-AutoCorres
imports
  Case-Labeling.Case-Labeling
  HOL-Eisbach.Eisbach
  AutoCorres-Misc
begin

```

18 AutoCorres setup for VCG labelling

Theorem collections for the VCG

ML-file $\langle \dots / \text{Case-Labeling} / \text{util.ML} \rangle$

```

ML  $\langle$ 
  fun vcg-tac nt-rules nt-comb ctxt =
    let
      val rules = Named-Theorems.get ctxt nt-rules
      val comb = Named-Theorems.get ctxt nt-comb
      in REPEAT-ALL-NEW-FWD ( resolve-tac ctxt rules ORELSE' (resolve-tac
ctxt comb THEN' resolve-tac ctxt rules)) end
   $\rangle$ 

```

```

named-theorems vcg-l
named-theorems vcg-l-comb
named-theorems vcg-elim
named-theorems vcg-simp

```

```

method-setup vcg-l =  $\langle$ 
  Scan.succeed (fn ctxt => SIMPLE-METHOD (FIRSTGOAL (vcg-tac @ {named-theorems
vcg-l} @ {named-theorems vcg-l-comb} ctxt)))
   $\rangle$ 

```

```

method vcg-l' = (vcg-l; (elim vcg-elim)?; (unfold vcg-simp)?)

```

```

method vcg-casify = (rule Initial-Label, vcg-l', casify)

```

18.1 Labeled VCG theorems for branching

definition *BRANCH* $P \equiv P$

named-theorems *branch-l*

named-theorems *branch-l-comb*

context begin

interpretation *Labeling-Syntax* .

lemma *DC-if*[*branch-l*]:

fixes *ct* **defines** $ct' \equiv \lambda pos \text{ name. } (name, pos, []) \# ct$

assumes $a \implies C\langle Suc \text{ inp}, ct' \text{ inp } "then", \text{ outp}' : b \rangle$

assumes $\neg a \implies C\langle Suc \text{ outp}', ct' \text{ outp}' "else", \text{ outp} : c \rangle$

shows $C\langle \text{inp}, ct, \text{outp} : BRANCH \text{ (if } a \text{ then } b \text{ else } c) \rangle$

using *assms*(2-) **unfolding** *LABEL-simps* *BRANCH-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *DC-final*:

assumes $V\langle ("g", \text{inp}, []), ct : a \rangle$

shows $C\langle \text{inp}, ct, Suc \text{ inp} : a \rangle$

using *assms* **unfolding** *LABEL-simps* *BRANCH-def* **by** *auto*

end

method-setup *branch-l* = <

Scan.succeed (*fn* *ctxt* => *SIMPLE-METHOD* (*FIRSTGOAL* (*vcg-tac* @{*named-theorems* *branch-l*} @{*named-theorems* *branch-l-comb*} *ctxt*)))

>

method *branch-casify* = ((*rule* *Initial-Label*, *branch-l*; (*rule* *DC-final*)?), *casify*)

18.2 Labelled VCG theorems for the option monad

definition

lpred-conj :: $('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow bool)$ (**infixr** <land> 35)

where

lpred-conj *P Q* $\equiv \lambda x. P \ x \wedge Q \ x$

context begin

interpretation *Labeling-Syntax* .

lemma *ovalidNF-obind-K-bind* [*vcg-l*]:

assumes *CTXT* (*Suc* *OC1*) *CT* *OC* (*ovalidNF* *R* *g* *Q*)

and *CTXT* *IC* *CT* *OC1* (*ovalidNF* *P* *f* ($\lambda \cdot$. *R*))

shows *CTXT* *IC* *CT* *OC* (*ovalidNF* *P* (*f* |>> *K-bind* *g*) *Q*)

using *assms* **unfolding** *LABEL-simps* **by** *wp*

lemma *L-ovalidNF-obind-oreturn*[*vcg-l*]:

assumes *CTXT* *IC* *CT* *OC* (*ovalidNF* *P* (*g* *x*) *Q*)

shows *CTXT* *IC* *CT* *OC* (*ovalidNF* *P* (*oreturn* *x* |>> *g*) *Q*)

using *assms* **by** (*simp add: LABEL-simps*)

lemma *L-ovalidNF-obind*[*vcg-l*]:
assumes $\bigwedge r. CTXT (Suc OC1) ("bind", Suc OC1, [VAR r]) \# CT) OC$
 $(ovalidNF (R r) (g r) Q)$
and $CTXT IC CT OC1 (ovalidNF P f R)$
shows $CTXT IC CT OC (ovalidNF P (f |>> (\lambda r. g r)) Q)$
using *assms* **unfolding** *LABEL-simps* **by** *wp*

lemma *ovalidNF-K-bind*[*vcg-l*]:
assumes $CTXT IC CT OC (ovalidNF P f Q)$
shows $CTXT IC CT OC (ovalidNF P (K-bind f x) Q)$
using *assms* **by** *simp*

lemma *L-ovalidNF-prod-case*[*vcg-l*]:
assumes $\bigwedge x y. SPLIT v (x, y) \implies CTXT IC CT OC (ovalidNF (P x y) (B x y) Q)$
shows $CTXT IC CT OC (ovalidNF (case v of (x, y) \Rightarrow P x y) (case v of (x, y) \Rightarrow B x y) Q)$
using *assms* **unfolding** *LABEL-simps* **by** (*auto simp: ovalidNF-def*)

lemma *L-ovalidNF-oreturn-NF*[*vcg-l*]:
shows $CTXT IC CT IC (ovalidNF (P x) (oreturn x) P)$
unfolding *LABEL-simps* **by** *wp*

lemma *L-ovalidNF-owhile-inv*[*vcg-l*]:
fixes $CT IC$
defines $CT' \equiv \lambda r. ("while", IC, [VAR r]) \# CT$
assumes $\bigwedge r s. CTXT IC ("invariant", IC, [VAR s]) \# CT' r) OC$
 $(ovalidNF$
 $(BIND "loop-inv" IC (I r) land$
 $BIND "loop-cond" IC (C r) land$
 $BIND "loop-var" IC (\lambda s'. s' = s))$
 $(B r)$
 $(\lambda r'. BIND "inv" IC (I r') land BIND "var" IC (\lambda-. (r', r) \in R)))$
and $\bigwedge r. VC ("wf", OC, []) (CT' r) (wf R)$
and $\bigwedge r s. I r s \implies \neg C r s \implies$
 $VC ("postcondition", Suc OC, [VAR s]) (CT' r) (Q r s)$
shows $CTXT IC CT (Suc OC) (ovalidNF (I r) (owhile-inv C B r I R) Q)$
using *assms* **unfolding** *LABEL-simps* *lpred-conj-def* **by** *wp auto*

lemma *L-ovalidNF-wp-comb2*[*vcg-l-comb*]:
assumes $CTXT IC CT OC (ovalidNF P f Q)$
and $\bigwedge s. P' s \implies VC ("weaken", IC, [VAR s]) CT (P s)$
shows $CTXT IC CT OC (ovalidNF P' f Q)$
using *assms* **unfolding** *LABEL-simps* **by** (*rule ovalidNF-wp-comb2*)

lemma *L-condition-NF-wp*[*vcg-l*]:
fixes $CT IC$

```

defines  $CT' \equiv ("if", IC, []) \# CT$ 
assumes  $CTXT\ IC\ ("then", IC, []) \# CT' \ OC1\ (ovalidNF\ L\ l\ Q)$ 
and  $CTXT\ (Suc\ OC1)\ ("else", Suc\ OC1, []) \# CT' \ OC\ (ovalidNF\ R\ r\ Q)$ 
shows  $CTXT\ IC\ CT\ OC\ (ovalidNF\ (\lambda s. BRANCH\ (if\ C\ s\ then\ L\ s\ else\ R\ s))$ 
 $(ocondition\ C\ l\ r)\ Q)$ 
using assms unfolding LABEL-simps BRANCH-def by wp

lemma L-ogets-NF-wp[vcg-l]:  $CTXT\ IC\ CT\ IC\ (ovalidNF\ (\lambda s. P\ (f\ s)\ s)\ (ogets$ 
 $f)\ P)$ 
unfolding LABEL-simps by wp

lemma elim-land[vcg-elim]:
assumes  $(P\ land\ Q)\ s$  obtains  $P\ s\ Q\ s$ 
using assms by  $(auto\ simp: lpred-conj-def)$ 

lemma simp-bind[vcg-simp]:  $BIND\ ct\ n\ P\ s \longleftrightarrow BIND\ ct\ n\ (P\ s)$ 
by  $(auto\ simp: LABEL-simps)$ 

lemma simp-land[vcg-simp]:  $(P\ land\ Q)\ s \longleftrightarrow P\ s \wedge Q\ s$ 
by  $(auto\ simp: lpred-conj-def)$ 
end

end

```

19 Verification of a Planarity Checker

```

theory Check-Planarity-Verification
imports
  ../Planarity/Graph-Genus
  Setup-AutoCorres
  HOL-Library.Rewrite
begin

```

19.1 Implementation Types

```

type-synonym IVert = nat
type-synonym IEdge = IVert  $\times$  IVert
type-synonym IGraph = IVert list  $\times$  IEdge list

abbreviation  $(input)\ ig\_edges :: IGraph \Rightarrow IEdge\ list$  where
   $ig\_edges\ G \equiv snd\ G$ 

abbreviation  $(input)\ ig\_verts :: IGraph \Rightarrow IVert\ list$  where
   $ig\_verts\ G \equiv fst\ G$ 

definition  $ig\_tail :: IGraph \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow IVert$  where
   $ig\_tail\ IG\ a = fst\ (ig\_edges\ IG\ !\ a)$ 

definition  $ig\_head :: IGraph \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow IVert$  where

```

$ig\text{-head } IG \ a = snd \ (ig\text{-edges } IG \ ! \ a)$

type-synonym $IMap = (nat \Rightarrow nat) \times (nat \Rightarrow nat) \times (nat \Rightarrow nat)$

definition $im\text{-rev} :: IMap \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow nat)$ **where**
 $im\text{-rev } iM = fst \ iM$

definition $im\text{-succ} :: IMap \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow nat)$ **where**
 $im\text{-succ } iM = fst \ (snd \ iM)$

definition $im\text{-pred} :: IMap \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow nat)$ **where**
 $im\text{-pred } iM = snd \ (snd \ iM)$

definition $mk\text{-graph} :: IGraph \Rightarrow (IVert, nat) \text{ pre-digraph}$ **where**
 $mk\text{-graph } IG \equiv \langle$
 $\quad verts = set \ (ig\text{-verts } IG),$
 $\quad arcs = \{0..< \ length \ (ig\text{-edges } IG)\},$
 $\quad tail = ig\text{-tail } IG,$
 $\quad head = ig\text{-head } IG$
 $\rangle$

lemma $mkg\text{-simps}$:
 $verts \ (mk\text{-graph } IG) = set \ (ig\text{-verts } IG)$
 $tail \ (mk\text{-graph } IG) = ig\text{-tail } IG$
 $head \ (mk\text{-graph } IG) = ig\text{-head } IG$
by $(auto \ simp: mk\text{-graph}\text{-def})$

lemma $arcs\text{-mkg}$: $arcs \ (mk\text{-graph } IG) = \{0..< \ length \ (ig\text{-edges } IG)\}$
by $(auto \ simp: mk\text{-graph}\text{-def})$

lemma $arc\text{-to-ends}\text{-mkg}$: $arc\text{-to-ends} \ (mk\text{-graph } IG) \ a = ig\text{-edges } IG \ ! \ a$
by $(auto \ simp: arc\text{-to-ends}\text{-def } mkg\text{-simps } ig\text{-tail}\text{-def } ig\text{-head}\text{-def})$

definition $mk\text{-map} :: (-, nat) \text{ pre-digraph} \Rightarrow IMap \Rightarrow nat \text{ pre-map}$ **where**
 $mk\text{-map } G \ iM \equiv \langle$
 $\quad edge\text{-rev} = perm\text{-restrict} \ (im\text{-rev } iM) \ (arcs \ G),$
 $\quad edge\text{-succ} = perm\text{-restrict} \ (im\text{-succ } iM) \ (arcs \ G)$
 $\rangle$

lemma $mkm\text{-simps}$:
 $edge\text{-rev} \ (mk\text{-map } G \ iM) = perm\text{-restrict} \ (im\text{-rev } iM) \ (arcs \ G)$
 $edge\text{-succ} \ (mk\text{-map } G \ iM) = perm\text{-restrict} \ (im\text{-succ } iM) \ (arcs \ G)$
by $(auto \ simp: mk\text{-map}\text{-def})$

lemma $es\text{-eq}\text{-im}$: $a \in arcs \ (mk\text{-graph } iG) \implies edge\text{-succ} \ (mk\text{-map} \ (mk\text{-graph } iG) \ iM) \ a = im\text{-succ } iM \ a$
by $(auto \ simp: mkm\text{-simps } arcs\text{-mkg } perm\text{-restrict}\text{-simps})$

19.2 Implementation

definition *is-map* iG $iM \equiv$

```

DO ecnt  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (length (snd  $iG$ ));
vcnt  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (length (fst  $iG$ ));
( $i$ , revOk)  $\leftarrow$  owhile
  ( $\lambda(i, ok)$  s.  $i < ecnt \wedge ok$ )
  ( $\lambda(i, ok)$ ).
DO
   $j \leftarrow$  oreturn (im-rev  $iM$   $i$ );
  revIn  $\leftarrow$  oreturn ( $j < \text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG)$ );
  revNeq  $\leftarrow$  oreturn ( $j \neq i$ );
  revRevs  $\leftarrow$  oreturn ( $ig\text{-edges } iG ! j = \text{prod.swap } (ig\text{-edges } iG ! i)$ );
  invol  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (im-rev  $iM$   $j = i$ );
  oreturn ( $i + 1$ , revIn  $\wedge$  revNeq  $\wedge$  revRevs  $\wedge$  invol)
OD)
( $0$ , True);
( $i$ , succPerm)  $\leftarrow$  owhile
  ( $\lambda(i, ok)$  s.  $i < ecnt \wedge ok$ )
  ( $\lambda(i, ok)$ ).
DO
   $j \leftarrow$  oreturn (im-succ  $iM$   $i$ );
  succIn  $\leftarrow$  oreturn ( $j < \text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG)$ );
  succEnd  $\leftarrow$  oreturn ( $ig\text{-tail } iG$   $i = ig\text{-tail } iG$   $j$ );
  isPerm  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (im-pred  $iM$   $j = i$ );
  oreturn ( $i + 1$ , succIn  $\wedge$  succEnd  $\wedge$  isPerm)
OD)
( $0$ , True);
( $i$ , succOrbits,  $V$ ,  $A$ )  $\leftarrow$  owhile
  ( $\lambda(i, ok, V, A)$  s.  $i < ecnt \wedge succPerm \wedge ok$ )
  ( $\lambda(i, ok, V, A)$ ).
DO
  ( $x, V, A$ )  $\leftarrow$  ocondition ( $\lambda\cdot. ig\text{-tail } iG$   $i \in V$ )
  (oreturn ( $i \in A$ ,  $V$ ,  $A$ ))
  (DO
    ( $A', j$ )  $\leftarrow$  owhile
      ( $\lambda(A', j)$  s.  $j \notin A'$ )
      ( $\lambda(A', j)$ . DO
         $A' \leftarrow$  oreturn (insert  $j$   $A'$ );
         $j \leftarrow$  oreturn (im-succ  $iM$   $j$ );
        oreturn ( $A', j$ )
      OD)
    ( $\{\}, i$ );
     $V \leftarrow$  oreturn (insert ( $ig\text{-tail } iG$   $j$ )  $V$ );
    oreturn (True,  $V$ ,  $A \cup A'$ )
  OD);
  oreturn ( $i + 1$ ,  $x$ ,  $V$ ,  $A$ )
OD)
( $0$ , True,  $\{\}$ ,  $\{\}$ );
oreturn (revOk  $\wedge$  succPerm  $\wedge$  succOrbits)

```

OD

definition *isolated-nodes* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ - $\Rightarrow$ *nat option* **where**

isolated-nodes *iG* $\equiv$

```

DO ecnt  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (length (snd iG));
vcnt  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (length (fst iG));
(i, nz)  $\leftarrow$ 
  owhile
    ( $\lambda(i, nz)$  a.  $i < vcnt$ )
    ( $\lambda(i, nz)$ .
      DO v  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (fst iG ! i);
      j  $\leftarrow$  oreturn 0;
      ret  $\leftarrow$  ocondition ( $\lambda s. j < ecnt$ ) (oreturn (ig-tail iG j  $\neq$  v)) (oreturn
False);
      ret  $\leftarrow$  ocondition ( $\lambda s. ret$ ) (oreturn (ig-head iG j  $\neq$  v)) (oreturn ret);
      (j, -)  $\leftarrow$ 
        owhile
          ( $\lambda(j, cond)$  a. cond)
          ( $\lambda(j, cond)$ .
            DO j  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (j + 1);
            cond  $\leftarrow$  ocondition ( $\lambda s. j < ecnt$ ) (oreturn (ig-tail iG j  $\neq$  v))
(oreturn False);
            cond  $\leftarrow$  ocondition ( $\lambda s. cond$ ) (oreturn (ig-head iG j  $\neq$  v)) (oreturn
cond);
            oreturn (j, cond)
          OD)
        (j, ret);
      nz  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (if j = ecnt then nz + 1 else nz);
      oreturn (i + 1, nz)
    OD)
(0, 0);
oreturn nz
OD
```

definition *face-cycles* :: *IGraph* $\Rightarrow$ *nat pre-map* $\Rightarrow$ - $\Rightarrow$ *nat option* **where**

face-cycles *iG* *iM* $\equiv$

```

DO ecnt  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (length (snd iG));
(edge-info, c, i)  $\leftarrow$ 
  owhile
    ( $\lambda(edge-info, c, i)$  s.  $i < ecnt$ )
    ( $\lambda(edge-info, c, i)$ .
      DO (edge-info, c)  $\leftarrow$ 
        ocondition ( $\lambda s. i \notin edge-info$ )
        (DO j  $\leftarrow$  oreturn i;
          edge-info  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (insert j edge-info);
          ret'  $\leftarrow$  oreturn (pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ iM j);
          (edge-info, j)  $\leftarrow$ 
            owhile
```

```

      ( $\lambda(\text{edge-info}, j)$  s.  $i \neq j$ )
      ( $\lambda(\text{edge-info}, j)$ .
        oreturn (insert  $j$  edge-info, pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ  $iM$ 
j))
      (edge-info, ret');
      oreturn (edge-info,  $c + 1$ )
    OD)
    (oreturn (edge-info,  $c$ ));
    oreturn (edge-info,  $c, i + 1$ )
  OD)
  ({}, 0, 0);
  oreturn  $c$ 
OD

```

definition *euler-genus* iG iM $c \equiv$

```

DO  $n \leftarrow$  oreturn (length (ig-edges  $iG$ ));
    $m \leftarrow$  oreturn (length (ig-verts  $iG$ ));
    $nz \leftarrow$  isolated-nodes  $iG$ ;
    $fc \leftarrow$  face-cycles  $iG$   $iM$ ;
   oreturn ((int  $n$  div 2 + 2 * int  $c$  - int  $m$  - int  $nz$  - int  $fc$ ) div 2)
OD

```

definition *certify* iG iM $c \equiv$

```

DO
  map  $\leftarrow$  is-map  $iG$   $iM$ ;
  ocondition ( $\lambda$ -. map)
  (DO
    gen  $\leftarrow$  euler-genus  $iG$  (mk-map (mk-graph  $iG$ )  $iM$ )  $c$ ;
    oreturn (gen = 0)
  OD)
  (oreturn False)
OD

```

19.3 Verification

context begin

interpretation *Labeling-Syntax* .

lemma *trivial-label*: $P \implies \text{CTXT } IC \text{ CT } OC \text{ } P$

unfolding *LABEL-simps* .

end

lemma *ovolidNF-wp*:

assumes *ovolidNF* P c (λr s. $r = x$)

shows *ovolidNF* (λs . $Q \ x \ s \wedge P \ s$) c Q

using *assms* **unfolding** *ovolidNF-def* **by** *auto*

19.3.1 *is-map*

definition *is-map-rev-ok-inv* iG iM k $ok \equiv ok \longleftrightarrow (\forall i < k.$

$im\text{-}rev \ iM \ i < \text{length} \ (ig\text{-}edges \ iG)$

$\wedge \text{ig-edges } iG \text{ ! } \text{im-rev } iM \text{ } i = \text{prod.swap } (\text{ig-edges } iG \text{ ! } i)$
 $\wedge \text{im-rev } iM \text{ } i \neq i$
 $\wedge \text{im-rev } iM \text{ } (\text{im-rev } iM \text{ } i) = i$

definition *is-map-succ-perm-inv* $iG \text{ } iM \text{ } k \text{ } ok \equiv ok \longleftrightarrow (\forall i < k.$
 $\text{im-succ } iM \text{ } i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$
 $\wedge \text{ig-tail } iG \text{ } (\text{im-succ } iM \text{ } i) = \text{ig-tail } iG \text{ } i$
 $\wedge \text{im-pred } iM \text{ } (\text{im-succ } iM \text{ } i) = i)$

definition *is-map-succ-orbits-inv* $iG \text{ } iM \text{ } k \text{ } ok \text{ } V \text{ } A \equiv$
 $A = (\bigcup i < (\text{if } ok \text{ then } k \text{ else } k - 1). \text{orbit } (\text{im-succ } iM) \text{ } i) \wedge$
 $V = \{\text{ig-tail } iG \text{ } i \mid i. i < (\text{if } ok \text{ then } k \text{ else } k - 1)\} \wedge$
 $ok = (\forall i < k. \forall j < k. \text{ig-tail } iG \text{ } i = \text{ig-tail } iG \text{ } j \longrightarrow j \in \text{orbit } (\text{im-succ } iM) \text{ } i)$

definition *is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv* $iG \text{ } iM \text{ } i \text{ } j \text{ } A' \equiv$
 $A' = (\text{if } i = j \wedge i \notin A' \text{ then } \{\} \text{ else } \{i\} \cup \text{segment } (\text{im-succ } iM) \text{ } i \text{ } j)$
 $\wedge j \in \text{orbit } (\text{im-succ } iM) \text{ } i$

definition *is-map-final* $iG \text{ } k \text{ } ok \equiv (ok \longrightarrow k = \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)) \wedge k \leq \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$

lemma *bij-betwI-finite-dom:*
assumes *finite* $A \text{ } f \in A \rightarrow A \wedge a. a \in A \implies g \text{ } (f \text{ } a) = a$
shows *bij-betw* $f \text{ } A \text{ } A$
proof –
have *inj-on* $f \text{ } A$ **by** (*metis* *assms*(3) *inj-onI*)
moreover
then have $f \text{ } A = A$ **by** (*metis* *Pi-iff* *assms*(1–2) *endo-inj-surj* *image-subsetI*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **unfolding** *bij-betw-def* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *permutesI-finite-dom:*
assumes *finite* A
assumes $f \in A \rightarrow A$
assumes $\bigwedge a. a \notin A \implies f \text{ } a = a$
assumes $\bigwedge a. a \in A \implies g \text{ } (f \text{ } a) = a$
shows $f \text{ permutes } A$
using *assms* **by** (*intro* *bij-imp-permutes* *bij-betwI-finite-dom*)

lemma *orbit-ss:*
assumes $f \in A \rightarrow A \text{ } a \in A$
shows $\text{orbit } f \text{ } a \subseteq A$
proof –
{ fix } x **assume $x \in \text{orbit } f \text{ } a$ **then have** $x \in A$ **using** *assms* **by** *induct* *auto* }
then show *?thesis* **by** *blast***

qed

lemma *segment-eq-orbit*:

assumes $y \notin \text{orbit } f \ x$ **shows** $\text{segment } f \ x \ y = \text{orbit } f \ x$

proof (intro set-eqI iffI)

fix z **assume** $z \in \text{segment } f \ x \ y$ **then show** $z \in \text{orbit } f \ x$ **by** (rule segmentD-orbit)

next

fix z **assume** $z \in \text{orbit } f \ x$ **then show** $z \in \text{segment } f \ x \ y$

using *assms* **by** induct (auto intro: segment.intros orbit-eqI elim: orbit.cases)

qed

lemma *funpow-in-funcset*:

assumes $x \in A \ f \in A \rightarrow A$ **shows** $(f \text{ `` } n) \ x \in A$

using *assms* **by** (induct n) auto

lemma *funpow-eq-funcset*:

assumes $x \in A \ f \in A \rightarrow A \ \bigwedge y. y \in A \implies f \ y = g \ y$

shows $(f \text{ `` } n) \ x = (g \text{ `` } n) \ x$

using *assms* **by** (induct n) (auto, metis funpow-in-funcset)

lemma *funpow-dist1-eq-funcset*:

assumes $y \in \text{orbit } f \ x \ x \in A \ f \in A \rightarrow A \ \bigwedge y. y \in A \implies f \ y = g \ y$

shows $\text{funpow-dist1 } f \ x \ y = \text{funpow-dist1 } g \ x \ y$

proof –

have $y = (f \text{ `` } \text{funpow-dist1 } f \ x \ y) \ x$ **by** (metis *assms*(1) funpow-dist1-prop)

also have $\dots = (g \text{ `` } \text{funpow-dist1 } f \ x \ y) \ x$ **by** (metis *assms*(2–) funpow-eq-funcset)

finally have $*: y = (g \text{ `` } \text{funpow-dist1 } f \ x \ y) \ x$.

then have $(g \text{ `` } \text{funpow-dist1 } g \ x \ y) \ x = y$ **by** (metis funpow-dist1-prop1 zero-less-Suc)

with $*$ **have** $gf: \text{funpow-dist1 } g \ x \ y \leq \text{funpow-dist1 } f \ x \ y$

by (metis funpow-dist1-least not-le zero-less-Suc)

have $(f \text{ `` } \text{funpow-dist1 } g \ x \ y) \ x = y$

using $\langle (g \text{ `` } \text{funpow-dist1 } g \ x \ y) \ x = y \rangle$ **by** (metis *assms*(2–) funpow-eq-funcset)

then have $fg: \text{funpow-dist1 } f \ x \ y \leq \text{funpow-dist1 } g \ x \ y$

using $\langle y = (f \text{ `` } -) \ x \rangle$ **by** (metis funpow-dist1-least not-le zero-less-Suc)

from $gf \ fg$ **show** *?thesis* **by** simp

qed

lemma *segment-cong0*:

assumes $x \in A \ f \in A \rightarrow A \ \bigwedge y. y \in A \implies f \ y = g \ y$ **shows** $\text{segment } f \ x \ y = \text{segment } g \ x \ y$

proof (cases $y \in \text{orbit } f \ x$)

case *True*

moreover

from *assms* **have** $\text{orbit } f \ x = \text{orbit } g \ x$ **by** (rule orbit-cong0)

moreover

have $(f \text{ `` } n) \ x = (g \text{ `` } n) \ x \wedge (f \text{ `` } n) \ x \in A$ **for** n

```

    by (induct n rule: nat.induct) (insert assms, auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using True by (auto simp: segment-altdef funpow-dist1-eq-funcset[OF - assms])
next
  case False
  moreover from assms have orbit f x = orbit g x by (rule orbit-cong0)
  ultimately show ?thesis by (simp add: segment-eq-orbit)
qed

lemma rev-ok-final:
  assumes wf-iG: wf-digraph (mk-graph iG)
  assumes rev: is-map-rev-ok-inv iG iM rev-i rev-ok is-map-final iG rev-i rev-ok
  shows rev-ok  $\longleftrightarrow$  bidirected-digraph (mk-graph iG) (edge-rev (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)) (is ?L  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?R)
proof
  assume rev-ok
  interpret wf-digraph mk-graph iG by (rule wf-iG)
  have rev-inv-sep:
     $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG) \implies \text{im-rev } iM\ i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$ 
     $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG) \implies \text{ig-edges } iG\ !\ \text{im-rev } iM\ i = \text{prod.swap } (\text{ig-edges } iG\ !\ i)$ 
     $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG) \implies \text{im-rev } iM\ i \neq i$ 
     $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG) \implies \text{im-rev } iM\ (\text{im-rev } iM\ i) = i$ 
    using rev  $\langle \text{rev-ok} \rangle$  by (auto simp: is-map-rev-ok-inv-def is-map-final-def)
  moreover
  { fix i assume i < length (ig-edges iG)
    then have ig-tail iG (im-rev iM i) = ig-head iG i
      using rev-inv-sep(2) by (cases ig-edges iG ! i) (auto simp: ig-head-def ig-tail-def)
    }
  ultimately show ?R
    using wf by unfold-locales (auto simp: mkg-simps arcs-mkg mkm-simps perm-restrict-def)
next
  assume ?R
  let ?rev = perm-restrict (im-rev iM) (arcs (mk-graph iG))
  interpret bidirected-digraph mk-graph iG perm-restrict (im-rev iM) (arcs (mk-graph iG))
  using  $\langle ?R \rangle$  by (simp add: mkm-simps mkg-simps)
  have  $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \implies ?rev\ a \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG)$ 
     $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \implies$ 
    arc-to-ends (mk-graph iG) (?rev a) = prod.swap (arc-to-ends (mk-graph iG) a)
  a)
     $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \implies ?rev\ a \neq a$ 
     $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \implies ?rev\ (?rev\ a) = a$ 
  by (auto simp: arev-dom)
  then show rev-ok
    using rev unfolding is-map-rev-ok-inv-def is-map-final-def
    by (simp add: perm-restrict-simps arcs-mkg arc-to-ends-mkg)
qed

```

```

locale is-map-postcondition0 =
  fixes iG iM rev-ok succ-i succ-ok
  assumes succ-perm: is-map-succ-perm-inv iG iM succ-i succ-ok is-map-final iG
succ-i succ-ok
begin

  lemma succ-ok-tail-eq:
    succ-ok  $\implies i < \text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG) \implies ig\text{-tail } iG (im\text{-succ } iM i) = ig\text{-tail } iG$ 
i
    using succ-perm unfolding is-map-succ-perm-inv-def is-map-final-def by auto

  lemma succ-ok-imp-pred:
    succ-ok  $\implies i < \text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG) \implies im\text{-pred } iM (im\text{-succ } iM i) = i$ 
    using succ-perm unfolding is-map-succ-perm-inv-def is-map-final-def by auto

  lemma succ-ok-imp-permutes:
    assumes succ-ok
    shows edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM) permutes arcs (mk-graph iG)
    proof -
      from assms have  $\forall a \in \text{arcs } (mk\text{-graph } iG). \text{edge-succ } (mk\text{-map } (mk\text{-graph } iG)$ 
iM) a \in arcs (mk-graph iG)
      using succ-perm unfolding is-map-succ-perm-inv-def is-map-final-def
      by (auto simp: mkg-simps mkm-simps arcs-mkg perm-restrict-def)
      with succ-ok-imp-pred[OF assms] show ?thesis
      by - (rule permutesI-finite-dom[where g=im-pred iM], auto simp: perm-restrict-simps
mkm-simps arcs-mkg)
    qed

  lemma es-A2A: succ-ok  $\implies \text{edge-succ } (mk\text{-map } (mk\text{-graph } iG) iM) \in \text{arcs}$ 
(mk-graph iG)  $\rightarrow \text{arcs } (mk\text{-graph } iG)$ 
    using succ-ok-imp-permutes by (auto dest: permutes-in-image)

  lemma im-succ-le-length: succ-ok  $\implies i < \text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG) \implies im\text{-succ } iM i$ 
< length (ig-edges iG)
    using is-map-final-def is-map-succ-perm-inv-def succ-perm(1) succ-perm(2) by
auto

  lemma orbit-es-eq-im:
    succ-ok  $\implies a \in \text{arcs } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \implies \text{orbit } (\text{edge-succ } (mk\text{-map } (mk\text{-graph}$ 
iG) iM)) a = \text{orbit } (im\text{-succ } iM) a
    using - es-A2A es-eq-im by (rule orbit-cong0)

  lemma segment-es-eq-im:
    succ-ok  $\implies a \in \text{arcs } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \implies \text{segment } (\text{edge-succ } (mk\text{-map } (mk\text{-graph}$ 
iG) iM)) a b = \text{segment } (im\text{-succ } iM) a b
    using - es-A2A es-eq-im by (rule segment-cong0)

```

```

lemma in-orbit-im-succE:
  assumes  $j \in \text{orbit } (\text{im-succ } iM) \ i \ \text{succ-ok } i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$ 
  obtains  $\text{ig-tail } iG \ j = \text{ig-tail } iG \ i \ j < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$ 
  using assms es-A2A by induct (force simp add: succ-ok-tail-eq es-eq-im arcs-mkg)+

lemma self-in-orbit-im-succ:
  assumes  $\text{succ-ok } i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$  shows  $i \in \text{orbit } (\text{im-succ } iM) \ i$ 
proof –
  have  $i \in \text{orbit } (\text{edge-succ } (\text{mk-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ iM)) \ i$ 
  using assms succ-ok-imp-permutes
  by (intro permutation-self-in-orbit) (auto simp: permutation-permutes arcs-mkg)
  with assms show ?thesis by (simp add: orbit-es-eq-im arcs-mkg)
qed

end

locale is-map-postcondition = is-map-postcondition0 +
  fixes so-i so-ok V A
  assumes rev:  $\text{rev-ok} \longleftrightarrow \text{bidirected-digraph } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ (\text{edge-rev } (\text{mk-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ iM))$ 
  assumes succ-orbits:  $\text{is-map-succ-orbits-inv } iG \ iM \ so-i \ so-ok \ V \ A \ \text{succ-ok} \longrightarrow \text{is-map-final } iG \ so-i \ so-ok$ 
begin

  lemma ok-imp-digraph:
    assumes rev-ok succ-ok so-ok
    shows digraph-map  $(\text{mk-graph } iG) \ (\text{mk-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ iM)$ 
  proof –
    interpret bidirected-digraph  $\text{mk-graph } iG \ \text{edge-rev } (\text{mk-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ iM)$ 
    using  $\langle \text{rev-ok} \rangle$  by (simp add: rev)

    from  $\langle \text{succ-ok} \rangle$  have perm:  $\text{edge-succ } (\text{mk-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ iM) \ \text{permutes arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG)$ 
    by (simp add: succ-ok-imp-permutes)
    from  $\langle \text{succ-ok} \rangle$  have ig-tail:  $\bigwedge a. a \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \implies \text{ig-tail } iG \ (\text{im-succ } iM \ a) = \text{ig-tail } iG \ a$ 
    by (simp-all add: succ-ok-tail-eq arcs-mkg)

    { fix v assume  $v \in \text{verts } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ \text{out-arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ v \neq \{\}$ 
      then obtain a where  $a \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ \text{tail } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ a = v$ 
    }
  by autometis
    then have  $\text{out-arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ v = \{b \in \text{arcs } (\text{mk-graph } iG). \text{ig-tail } iG \ a = \text{ig-tail } iG \ b\}$ 
    by (auto simp: mkg-simps)
    also have  $\dots \subseteq \text{orbit } (\text{im-succ } iM) \ a$ 
  proof –
    have  $(\forall i < \text{length } (\text{snd } iG). \forall j < \text{length } (\text{snd } iG). \text{ig-tail } iG \ i = \text{ig-tail } iG \ j \longrightarrow j \in \text{orbit } (\text{im-succ } iM) \ i)$ 
    using  $\langle \text{succ-ok} \rangle \ \langle \text{so-ok} \rangle \ \text{succ-orbits}$  unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def

```

```

is-map-final-def by metis
  with a show ?thesis by (auto simp: arcs-mkg)
qed
finally have out-arcs (mk-graph iG) v  $\subseteq$  orbit (im-succ iM) a .
moreover
have orbit (im-succ iM) a  $\subseteq$  out-arcs (mk-graph iG) v
proof -
  { fix x assume x  $\in$  orbit (im-succ iM) a then have tail (mk-graph iG) x
= v
      using a ig-tail
      apply induct
      apply (auto simp: mkg-simps intro: orbit.intros)
      by (metis <succ-ok> contra-subsetD orbit-es-eq-im permutes-orbit-subset
perm)
  } moreover
  have orbit (im-succ iM) a  $\subseteq$  arcs (mk-graph iG)
    using - a(1) apply (rule orbit-ss)
  using assms arcs-mkg is-map-final-def is-map-succ-perm-inv-def succ-perm(1)
succ-perm(2) by auto
  ultimately
  show ?thesis by auto
qed
ultimately
  have out-arcs (mk-graph iG) v = orbit (edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG)
iM)) a
    using <succ-ok> a by (auto simp: orbit-es-eq-im)
  then
  have cyclic-on (edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)) (out-arcs (mk-graph
iG) v)
    unfolding cyclic-on-def using a by force
  }
with perm show ?thesis
  using <rev-ok> by unfold-locales (auto simp: mkg-simps arcs-mkg)
qed

lemma digraph-imp-ok:
  assumes dm: digraph-map (mk-graph iG) (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)
  assumes pred:  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG) \implies \text{im-pred } iM (\text{im-succ } iM i) = i$ 
  obtains rev-ok succ-ok so-ok
proof
  interpret dm: digraph-map mk-graph iG mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM by (fact
dm)

  show rev-ok unfolding rev by unfold-locales

  show succ-ok
proof -
  { fix i assume i  $\in$  arcs (mk-graph iG)
    then have

```

```

      edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM) i ∈ arcs (mk-graph iG)
      tail (mk-graph iG) (edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM) i) = tail
(mk-graph iG) i
    by auto
  then have
    im-succ iM i < length (snd iG)
    ig-tail iG (im-succ iM i) = ig-tail iG i
    unfolding es-eq-im[OF ‹i ∈ arcs ‹›] by (auto simp: arcs-mkg mkg-simps)
  }
  then have (∀ i < length (ig-edges iG).
    im-succ iM i < length (snd iG) ∧
    ig-tail iG (im-succ iM i) = ig-tail iG i ∧ im-pred iM (im-succ iM i) = i)
    using pred by (auto simp: arcs-mkg es-eq-im)
  with succ-perm show ?thesis
    unfolding is-map-succ-perm-inv-def is-map-final-def by simp
qed

show so-ok
proof -
  { fix i j assume i < length (ig-edges iG) j < length (ig-edges iG) ig-tail iG
i = ig-tail iG j
    then have A: i ∈ arcs (mk-graph iG) j ∈ arcs (mk-graph iG) tail (mk-graph
iG) i = tail (mk-graph iG) j
      by (auto simp: mkg-simps arcs-mkg)
    then have cyclic-on (edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)) (out-arcs
(mk-graph iG) (tail (mk-graph iG) i))
      by (auto intro!: dm.edge-succ-cyclic)
    then have orbit (edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)) i = out-arcs
(mk-graph iG) (ig-tail iG i)
      by (simp add: ‹i ∈ arcs (mk-graph iG)› mkg-simps orbit-cyclic-eq3)
    then have j ∈ orbit (edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)) i using A by
(simp add: mkg-simps)
    also have orbit (edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)) i = orbit (im-succ
iM) i
      using ‹i ∈ arcs ‹›
      by (rule orbit-cong0) (fastforce, simp add: es-eq-im)
    finally have j ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) i .
  }
  then show ?thesis
    using succ-orbits unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def is-map-final-def
    by safe (simp-all only: ‹succ-ok› simp-thms)
qed
qed

```

end

lemma *all-less-Suc-eq*: $(\forall x < \text{Suc } n. P\ x) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x < n. P\ x) \wedge P\ n$
 by (auto elim: less-SucE)

```

lemma in-orbit-imp-in-segment:
  assumes  $y \in \text{orbit } f \ x \ x \neq y \text{ bij } f$  shows  $y \in \text{segment } f \ x \ (f \ y)$ 
  using assms
proof induct
  case base then show ?case by (auto intro: segment.intros simp: bij-iff)
next
  case (step y)
  show ?case
  proof (cases x = y)
    case True then show ?thesis using step by (auto intro: segment.intros simp: bij-iff)
  next
    case False
    with step have  $f \ y \neq f \ (f \ y)$  by (metis bij-is-inj inv-f-f not-in-segment2)
    then show ?thesis using step False
      by (auto intro: segment.intros segment-step-2 bij-is-inj)
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma ovalidNF-is-map:
  ovalidNF ( $\lambda s. \text{distinct } (\text{ig-verts } iG) \wedge \text{wf-digraph } (\text{mk-graph } iG)$ )
    (is-map iG iM)
  ( $\lambda r \ s. r \longleftrightarrow \text{digraph-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) (\text{mk-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ iM) \wedge (\forall i < \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG). \text{im-pred } iM \ (\text{im-succ } iM \ i) = i)$ )

```

```

unfolding is-map-def
apply (rewrite
  in oreturn ( $\text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$ )  $|\gg (\lambda \text{ecnt}. \sqcap)$ 
  to owhile-inv - - -
    ( $\lambda(i, \text{ok}) \ s. \text{is-map-rev-ok-inv } iG \ iM \ i \ \text{ok}$ 
       $\wedge i \leq \text{ecnt} \wedge \text{wf-digraph } (\text{mk-graph } iG)$ )
    ( $\text{measure } (\lambda(i, \text{ok}). \text{ecnt} - i)$ )
    owhile-inv-def[symmetric] )
apply (rewrite
  in owhile-inv - - - -  $|\gg (\lambda(\text{rev-}i, \text{rev-ok}). \sqcap)$ 
  in oreturn ( $\text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$ )  $|\gg (\lambda \text{ecnt}. \sqcap)$ 
  to owhile-inv - - -
    ( $\lambda(i, \text{ok}) \ s. \text{is-map-succ-perm-inv } iG \ iM \ i \ \text{ok}$ 
       $\wedge \text{rev-ok} = \text{bidirected-digraph } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ (\text{edge-rev } (\text{mk-map } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \ iM))$ 
       $\wedge i \leq \text{ecnt} \wedge \text{wf-digraph } (\text{mk-graph } iG)$ )
    ( $\text{measure } (\lambda(i, \text{ok}). \text{ecnt} - i)$ )
    owhile-inv-def[symmetric] )
apply (rewrite
  in owhile-inv - - - -  $|\gg (\lambda(\text{succ-}i, \text{succ-ok}). \sqcap)$ 
  in owhile-inv - - - -  $|\gg (\lambda(\text{rev-}i, \text{rev-ok}). \sqcap)$ 
  in oreturn ( $\text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$ )  $|\gg (\lambda \text{ecnt}. \sqcap)$ 
  to owhile-inv - - -

```

```

    (λ(i, ok, V, A) s. is-map-succ-orbits-inv iG iM i ok V A
      ∧ rev-ok = bidirected-digraph (mk-graph iG) (edge-rev (mk-map (mk-graph
iG) iM))
      ∧ is-map-succ-perm-inv iG iM succ-i succ-ok ∧ is-map-final iG succ-i succ-ok
      ∧ i ≤ ecnt ∧ wf-digraph (mk-graph iG))
    (measure (λ(i, ok, V, A). ecnt - i))
    oughile-inv-def[symmetric] )
  apply (rewrite
    in oughile-inv - (λ(i, ok, V, A). ⊞) - - -
    in oughile-inv - - - - - |>> (λ(succ-i, succ-ok). ⊞)
    in oughile-inv - - - - - |>> (λ(rev-i, rev-ok). ⊞)
    in oreturn (length (ig-edges iG)) |>> (λecnt. ⊞)
    to oughile-inv - - -
    (λ(A', j) s. is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv iG iM i j A'
      ∧ ig-tail iG i ∉ V ∧ succ-ok ∧ ok ∧ is-map-succ-orbits-inv iG iM i ok V A
      ∧ rev-ok = bidirected-digraph (mk-graph iG) (edge-rev (mk-map (mk-graph
iG) iM))
      ∧ is-map-succ-perm-inv iG iM succ-i succ-ok ∧ is-map-final iG succ-i succ-ok
      ∧ i < ecnt ∧ wf-digraph (mk-graph iG))
    (measure (λ(A', j). length (ig-edges iG) - card A'))
    oughile-inv-def[symmetric] )
  proof vcg-casify
    let ?es = edge-succ (mk-map (mk-graph iG) iM)

    { case weaken then show ?case by (auto simp: is-map-rev-ok-inv-def)
    }
    { case (while i ok)
      { case invariant
        case weaken then show ?case by (auto simp: is-map-rev-ok-inv-def elim:
less-SucE)
      }
      { case wf show ?case by auto
      }
      { case postcondition
        then have ok ⟷ bidirected-digraph (mk-graph iG) (edge-rev (mk-map
(mk-graph iG) iM))
        by (intro rev-ok-final) (auto simp: is-map-final-def)
        with postcondition show ?case by (auto simp: is-map-succ-perm-inv-def)
      }
    }
  }
  case (bind - rev-ok)
  { case (while i ok)
    { case invariant case weaken
      then show ?case by (auto simp: is-map-succ-perm-inv-def elim: less-SucE)
    }
    { case wf show ?case by auto
    }
    { case postcondition
      then show ?case by (auto simp: is-map-final-def is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def)
    }
  }

```

```

    }
  }
case (bind succ-i succ-ok)
{ case (while i ok V A)
  { case invariant
    { case weaken
      then interpret pc0: is-map-postcondition0 iG iM rev-ok succ-i succ-ok
        by unfold-locales auto
      from weaken.loop-cond have i < length (ig-edges iG) succ-ok ok by auto
      with weaken.loop-inv have
        V: V = {ig-tail iG k | k. k < i} and
        A: A = (⋃ k < i. orbit (im-succ iM) k)
        by (simp-all add: is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def)
      show ?case
      proof branch-casify
        case then case g
        have V': V = {ig-tail iG ia | ia. ia < (if i ∈ A then Suc i else Suc i - 1)}
          using g ⟨V = -⟩ by (auto elim: less-SucE)

        have is-map-succ-orbits-inv iG iM (Suc i) (i ∈ A) V A
        proof (cases i ∈ A)
          case True
          obtain j where j: j < i i ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) j
            using True ⟨A = -⟩ by auto
          have i-in-less-i: ∃ x ∈ {..<i}. i ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) x
            using True ⟨A = -⟩ by auto
          have A': A = (⋃ i < if True then Suc i else Suc i - 1. orbit (im-succ
iM) i)
            using True unfolding ⟨A = -⟩ by (auto 4 3 intro: orbit-trans elim:
less-SucE)

          have X: ∀ k < i. ∀ l < i. ig-tail iG k = ig-tail iG l ⟶ l ∈ orbit (im-succ
iM) k
            using weaken unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def by metis
          moreover
          { fix j assume j: j < i ig-tail iG j = ig-tail iG i
            from i-in-less-i obtain k where k: k < i i ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) k by
auto
            then have ig-tail iG k = ig-tail iG i
              using ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ by (auto elim: pc0.in-orbit-im-succE)
            then have k ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) j
              using j ⟨ig-tail iG k = -⟩ k X by auto
            then have i ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) j using k by (auto intro: orbit-trans)
          }
          ultimately
          have ∀ k < Suc i. ∀ l < Suc i. ig-tail iG k = ig-tail iG l ⟶ l ∈ orbit
(im-succ iM) k
            unfolding all-less-Suc-eq using ⟨i < -⟩ ⟨succ-ok⟩
            by (auto intro: orbit-swap pc0.self-in-orbit-im-succ)

```

```

    with True show ?thesis
    by (simp only: A' V' simp-thms is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def)
next
  case False

  from V g obtain j where j: j < i ig-tail iG j = ig-tail iG i by auto
  with False show ?thesis
  by (auto 0 3 simp: is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def V' A intro: exI[where
x=j] exI[where x=i])
  qed
  then show ?case using weaken by auto
next
  case else case g
  have is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv iG iM i i {}
  unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv-def
  using ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ by (auto simp: pc0.self-in-orbit-im-succ)
  with g weaken show ?case by blast
qed
}
{ case if case else case (while A' i')
{ case invariant case weaken
  then interpret pc0: is-map-postcondition0 iG iM rev-ok succ-i succ-ok
  by unfold-locales auto
  have succ-ok i < length (ig-edges iG) i' ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) i
  using weaken by (auto simp: is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv-def)
  have i' < length (ig-edges iG)
  using ⟨i' ∈ -⟩ ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ by (rule pc0.in-orbit-im-succE)

  { assume i' ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) i i ≠ i'
    then have i' ∈ orbit (?es) i
    by (subst pc0.orbit-es-eq-im) (auto simp add: ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ arcs-mkg)
    then have i' ∈ segment (?es) i (?es i')
    using ⟨i ≠ i'⟩ pc0.succ-ok-imp-permutes ⟨succ-ok⟩
    by (intro in-orbit-imp-in-segment) (auto simp: permutes-conv-has-dom)
    then have i' ∈ segment (im-succ iM) i (im-succ iM i')
    by (subst pc0.segment-es-eq-im[symmetric] es-eq-im[symmetric];
      auto simp add: ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ ⟨i' < -⟩ arcs-mkg)+
    } note X = this

  { fix x assume x ∈ segment (im-succ iM) i i' i ≠ i'
    then have x ∈ segment (?es) i i'
    by (subst pc0.segment-es-eq-im) (auto simp add: ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ ⟨i'
< -⟩ arcs-mkg)
    then have x ∈ segment (?es) i (?es i')
    using ⟨i ≠ i'⟩ pc0.succ-ok-imp-permutes ⟨succ-ok⟩
    by (auto simp: permutes-conv-has-dom bij-is-inj intro: segment-step-2)
    then have x ∈ segment (im-succ iM) i (im-succ iM i')
    by (subst pc0.segment-es-eq-im[symmetric] es-eq-im[symmetric];
      auto simp add: ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ ⟨i' < -⟩ arcs-mkg)+
  }
}

```

```

} note Y = this

have Z: is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv iG iM i (im-succ iM i') (insert i' A')
  using weaken unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv-def
  by (auto dest: segment-step-2D X Y simp: orbit.intros segment1-empty
split: if-splits)

have A' ⊆ orbit (im-succ iM) i
  using weaken unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv-def
by (auto simp: pc0.self-in-orbit-im-succ dest: segmentD-orbit split: if-splits)
also have ... ⊆ arcs (mk-graph iG)
  by (rule orbit-ss) (auto simp: arcs-mkg pc0.im-succ-le-length ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i
< -⟩)

finally have card A' < card (arcs (mk-graph iG)) finite A'
  using ⟨i' ∉ A'⟩ ⟨i' < -⟩
  by - (intro psubset-card-mono, auto simp: arcs-mkg intro: finite-subset)
then have card A' < length (ig-edges iG) by (simp add: arcs-mkg)
show ?case
  using weaken Z ⟨card A' < length -⟩ by (auto simp: card-insert-if ⟨finite
A'⟩)
}
{ case wf show ?case by simp
}
{ case postcondition
then interpret pc0: is-map-postcondition0 iG iM rev-ok succ-i succ-ok
  by unfold-locales auto
from postcondition have ok succ-ok i < length (ig-edges iG) by simp-all

from postcondition
have i' ∈ A'
  A' = (if i = i' ∧ i ∉ A' then {} else {i} ∪ segment (im-succ iM) i i')
  i' ∈ orbit (im-succ iM) i
  ig-tail iG i ∉ V
  by (simp-all add: is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv-def)
moreover
then have i = i' by (simp split: if-splits add: not-in-segment2)
ultimately
have A' = {i} ∪ segment (im-succ iM) i i by simp
also have segment (im-succ iM) i i = segment ?es i i
  by (auto simp: pc0.segment-es-eq-im ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ arcs-mkg)
also have ... = orbit ?es i - {i}
  using pc0.succ-ok-imp-permutes ⟨succ-ok⟩
  by (auto simp: permutation-permutes arcs-mkg intro!: segment-x-x-eq)
also have ... = orbit (im-succ iM) i - {i}
  by (auto simp: pc0.orbit-es-eq-im ⟨succ-ok⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ arcs-mkg)
finally
have A': A' = orbit (im-succ iM) i
  using ⟨i < -⟩ ⟨succ-ok⟩ by (auto simp: pc0.self-in-orbit-im-succ)

```

```

from postcondition
have  $A = (\bigcup k < i. \text{orbit } (im\text{-succ } iM) k)$ 
unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inner-inv-def by (simp add: is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def)
have  $A \cup A' = (\bigcup k < Suc\ i. \text{orbit } (im\text{-succ } iM) k)$ 
unfolding  $A' \langle A = \rightarrow \rangle$  by (auto 2 3 elim: less-SucE)

from postcondition have  $V = \{ig\text{-tail } iG\ ia \mid ia. ia < i\}$ 
by (auto simp: <ok> is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def)
then have  $V': \text{insert } (ig\text{-tail } iG\ i')\ V = \{ig\text{-tail } iG\ ia \mid ia. ia < Suc\ i\}$ 
by (auto simp add: <i = i'> elim: less-SucE)

have  $*$ :  $\bigwedge k. k < i \implies ig\text{-tail } iG\ k \neq ig\text{-tail } iG\ i$ 
using  $\langle V = \rightarrow \rangle \langle ig\text{-tail } iG\ i \notin V \rangle$  by auto

from postcondition have  $(\forall k < i. \forall l < i. ig\text{-tail } iG\ k = ig\text{-tail } iG\ l \longrightarrow l \in$ 
orbit (im-succ iM) k)
by (simp add: is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def <ok>)
then have  $X: (\forall k < Suc\ i. \forall l < Suc\ i. ig\text{-tail } iG\ k = ig\text{-tail } iG\ l \longrightarrow l \in$ 
orbit (im-succ iM) k)
by (auto simp add: all-less-Suc-eq pc0.self-in-orbit-im-succ <succ-ok> <i
< -> dest: *)

have is-map-succ-orbits-inv  $iG\ iM\ (i + 1)\ \text{True}\ (\text{insert } (ig\text{-tail } iG\ i')\ V)$ 
 $(A \cup A')$ 
unfolding is-map-succ-orbits-inv-def by (simp add: <A \cup A' = \rightarrow V' X)
then show ?case
using postcondition <i < -> by auto
}
}
}
{ case wf show ?case by auto
}
{ case postcondition
interpret pc: is-map-postcondition  $iG\ iM\ rev\text{-ok}\ succ\text{-i}\ succ\text{-ok}\ i\ ok\ V\ A$ 
using postcondition by unfold-locales (auto simp: is-map-final-def)

show ?case (is ?L = ?R)
by (auto simp add: pc.ok-imp-digraph dest: pc.succ-ok-imp-pred elim:
pc.digraph-imp-ok)
}
}
qed

```

declare *ovalidNF-is-map*[*THEN ovalidNF-wp, THEN trivial-label, vcg-l*]

19.3.2 isolated-nodes

definition *inv-isolated-nodes* $s\ iG\ vcnt\ ecnt \equiv$
 $vcnt = \text{length } (ig\text{-verts } iG)$

$\wedge \text{ecnt} = \text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)$
 $\wedge \text{distinct } (\text{ig-verts } iG)$
 $\wedge \text{sym-digraph } (\text{mk-graph } iG)$

definition *inv-isolated-nodes-outer* $iG \ i \ nz \equiv$
 $nz = \text{card } (\text{pre-digraph.isolated-verts } (\text{mk-graph } iG) \cap \text{set } (\text{take } i \ (\text{ig-verts } iG)))$

definition *inv-isolated-nodes-inner* $iG \ v \ j \equiv$
 $\forall k < j. \ v \neq \text{ig-tail } iG \ k \wedge v \neq \text{ig-head } iG \ k$

lemma (*in sym-digraph*) *in-arcs-empty-iff*:
 $\text{in-arcs } G \ v = \{\} \longleftrightarrow \text{out-arcs } G \ v = \{\}$
by (*auto simp: out-arcs-def in-arcs-def*)
(metis graph-symmetric in-arcs-imp-in-arcs-ends reachableE)+

lemma *take-nth-distinct*:
 $\llbracket \text{distinct } xs; n < \text{length } xs; xs ! n \in \text{set } (\text{take } n \ xs) \rrbracket \implies \text{False}$
by (*fastforce simp: distinct-conv-nth in-set-conv-nth*)

lemma *ovvalidNF-isolated-nodes*:
 $\text{ovvalidNF } (\lambda s. \text{distinct } (\text{ig-verts } iG) \wedge \text{sym-digraph } (\text{mk-graph } iG))$
 $(\text{isolated-nodes } iG)$
 $(\lambda r \ s. \ r = (\text{card } (\text{pre-digraph.isolated-verts } (\text{mk-graph } iG))))$

unfolding *isolated-nodes-def*

apply (*rewrite*)

in *oreturn* $(\text{length } (\text{ig-verts } iG)) \mid >> (\lambda \text{vcnt}. \ \sqcap)$

in *oreturn* $(\text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)) \mid >> (\lambda \text{ecnt}. \ \sqcap)$

to owwhile-inv - - -

$(\lambda(i, \text{nz}) \ s. \text{inv-isolated-nodes } s \ iG \ \text{vcnt} \ \text{ecnt}$

$\wedge \text{inv-isolated-nodes-outer } iG \ i \ \text{nz}$

$\wedge i \leq \text{vcnt})$

$(\text{measure } (\lambda(i, \text{nz}). \ \text{vcnt} - i))$

owwhile-inv-def[symmetric])

apply (*rewrite*)

in *oreturn* $(\text{fst } iG ! i) \mid >> (\lambda v. \ \sqcap)$

in *owwhile-inv -* $(\lambda(i, \text{nz}). \ \sqcap)$

in *oreturn* $(\text{length } (\text{ig-verts } iG)) \mid >> (\lambda \text{vcnt}. \ \sqcap)$

in *oreturn* $(\text{length } (\text{ig-edges } iG)) \mid >> (\lambda \text{ecnt}. \ \sqcap)$

to owwhile-inv - - -

$(\lambda(j, \text{ret}) \ s. \text{inv-isolated-nodes } s \ iG \ \text{vcnt} \ \text{ecnt}$

$\wedge \text{inv-isolated-nodes-inner } iG \ v \ j$

$\wedge \text{inv-isolated-nodes-outer } iG \ i \ \text{nz}$

$\wedge v = \text{ig-verts } iG ! i$

$\wedge \text{ret} = (j < \text{ecnt} \wedge \text{ig-tail } iG \ j \neq v \wedge \text{ig-head } iG \ j \neq v)$

$\wedge i < \text{vcnt}$

$\wedge j \leq \text{ecnt})$

$(\text{measure } (\lambda(j, \text{ret}). \ \text{ecnt} - j))$

owwhile-inv-def[symmetric])

```

proof vcg-casify
  case (weaken s)
  then show ?case
    by (auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-def inv-isolated-nodes-outer-def)
next
  case (while i nz)
  { case invariant
    { case (weaken s')
      then show ?case unfolding BRANCH-def by (auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-inner-def)
    }
  }
next
  case bind
  case bind
  case (while j cond)
  { case invariant
    { case weaken
      show ?case
      proof branch-casify
        case else case else case g
        with weaken have  $\text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG) = j + 1$  by linarith
        with weaken show ?case
        by (auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-inner-def elim: less-SucE)
      qed (insert weaken, auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-inner-def elim: less-SucE)
    }
  }
next
  case wf show ?case by auto
next
  case postcondition
  interpret G: sym-digraph mk-graph iG using postcondition by (simp add:
inv-isolated-nodes-def)

  have ?var using postcondition by auto

  let ?v = ig-verts iG ! i

  { assume A:  $j = \text{length } (snd\ iG)$ 
    have ?v  $\in pre\text{-digraph.isolated-verts } (mk\text{-graph } iG)$ 
    using A postcondition by (auto simp: pre-digraph.isolated-verts-def
mkg-simps inv-isolated-nodes-inner-def arcs-mkg)

    have  $\text{distinct } (ig\text{-verts } iG) \text{ ?}v = ig\text{-verts } iG ! i \text{ } i < \text{length } (ig\text{-verts } iG)$ 
    using postcondition by (auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-def)
    then have ?v  $\notin \text{set } (take\ i\ (ig\text{-verts } iG))$ 
    by (metis take-nth-distinct)

    have Suc ( $\text{card } (pre\text{-digraph.isolated-verts } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \cap \text{set } (take\ i\ (fst\ iG))))$ 
     $= \text{card } (insert\ ?v\ (pre\text{-digraph.isolated-verts } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \cap \text{set } (take\ i\ (fst\ iG))))$  (is  $- = \text{card } ?S$ )
    using  $\langle ?v \notin \rightarrow \rangle$  by simp
  }

```

```

    also have ?S = pre-digraph.isolated-verts (mk-graph iG) ∩ set (take (Suc
i) (fst iG))
      using ⟨?v ∈ -⟩ ⟨i < -⟩ ⟨?v = -⟩ by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth)
      finally
      have inv-isolated-nodes-outer iG (Suc i) (Suc nz)
        using postcondition by (auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-outer-def)
    }
  moreover
  { assume A: j ≠ length (snd iG)

    then have *: j ∈ (out-arcs (mk-graph iG) ?v ∪ in-arcs (mk-graph iG) ?v)
      using postcondition by (auto simp: arcs-mkg mkg-simps ig-tail-def
ig-head-def)
    then have out-arcs (mk-graph iG) ?v ≠ {}
      by (auto simp del: in-in-arcs-conv in-out-arcs-conv)
      (auto simp: G.in-arcs-empty-iff[symmetric])
    then have ?v ∉ pre-digraph.isolated-verts (mk-graph iG)
      by (auto simp: pre-digraph.isolated-verts-def)
    then have inv-isolated-nodes-outer iG (Suc i) nz
      using postcondition by (auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-outer-def take-Suc-conv-app-nth)
    }
  ultimately
  have ?inv using postcondition by auto
  from ⟨?var⟩ ⟨?inv⟩ show ?case by blast
}
}
next
  case wf show ?case by auto
next
  case postcondition
  have pre-digraph.isolated-verts (mk-graph iG) ∩ set (fst iG) = pre-digraph.isolated-verts
(mk-graph iG)
    by (auto simp: pre-digraph.isolated-verts-def mkg-simps)
  with postcondition show ?case
    by (auto simp: inv-isolated-nodes-def inv-isolated-nodes-outer-def)
}
}
qed

```

declare *ovalidNF-isolated-nodes*[*THEN ovalidNF-wp*, *THEN trivial-label*, *vcp-l*]

19.3.3 face-cycles

definition *inv-face-cycles* *s* *iG* *iM* *ecnt* ≡
ecnt = length (ig-edges *iG*)
∧ digraph-map (mk-graph *iG*) *iM*

definition *fcs-upto* :: nat pre-map ⇒ nat ⇒ nat set set **where**
fcs-upto *iM* *i* ≡ {pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set *iM* *k* | *k*. *k* < *i*}

definition *inv-face-cycles-outer* $s\ iG\ iM\ i\ c\ edge-info \equiv$
 $let\ fcs = fcs-upto\ iM\ i\ in$
 $c = card\ fcs$
 $\wedge (\forall k < length\ (ig-edges\ iG). k \in edge-info \longleftrightarrow k \in \bigcup fcs)$

definition *inv-face-cycles-inner* $s\ iG\ iM\ i\ j\ c\ edge-info \equiv$
 $j \in pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set\ iM\ i$
 $\wedge c = card\ (fcs-upto\ iM\ i)$
 $\wedge i \notin \bigcup (fcs-upto\ iM\ i)$
 $\wedge (\forall k < length\ (ig-edges\ iG). k \in edge-info \longleftrightarrow$
 $(k \in \bigcup (fcs-upto\ iM\ i)$
 $\vee (\exists l < funpow-dist1\ (pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ\ iM)\ i\ j. (pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ$
 $iM\ \frown l)\ i = k)))$

lemma *finite-fcs-upto*: $finite\ (fcs-upto\ iM\ i)$
by (*auto simp: fcs-upto-def*)

lemma *card-orbit-eq-funpow-dist1*:
assumes $x \in orbit\ f\ x$ **shows** $card\ (orbit\ f\ x) = funpow-dist1\ f\ x\ x$
proof –
have $card\ (orbit\ f\ x) = card\ ((\lambda n. (f\ \frown n)\ x)\ \{0..<funpow-dist1\ f\ x\ x\})$
using *assms* **by** (*simp only: orbit-conv-funpow-dist1[symmetric]*)
also have $\dots = card\ \{0..<funpow-dist1\ f\ x\ x\}$
using *assms* **by** (*intro card-image inj-on-funpow-dist1*)
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *funpow-dist1-le*:
assumes $y \in orbit\ f\ x\ x \in orbit\ f\ x$
shows $funpow-dist1\ f\ x\ y \leq funpow-dist1\ f\ x\ x$
using *assms* **by** (*intro funpow-dist1-le-self funpow-dist1-prop*) *simp-all*

lemma *funpow-dist1-le-card*:
assumes $y \in orbit\ f\ x\ x \in orbit\ f\ x$
shows $funpow-dist1\ f\ x\ y \leq card\ (orbit\ f\ x)$
using *funpow-dist1-le[OF assms]* **using** *assms*
by (*simp add: card-orbit-eq-funpow-dist1*)

lemma (*in digraph-map*) *funpow-dist1-le-card-fcs*:
assumes $b \in face-cycle-set\ a$
shows $funpow-dist1\ face-cycle-succ\ a\ b \leq card\ (face-cycle-set\ a)$
by (*metis assms face-cycle-set-def face-cycle-set-self funpow-dist1-le-card*)

lemma *funpow-dist1-f-eq*:
assumes $b \in orbit\ f\ a\ a \in orbit\ f\ a\ a \neq b$
shows $funpow-dist1\ f\ a\ (f\ b) = Suc\ (funpow-dist1\ f\ a\ b)$
proof –
have *f-inj*: $inj-on\ (\lambda n. (f\ \frown n)\ a)\ \{0..<funpow-dist1\ f\ a\ a\}$

```

    by (rule inj-on-funpow-dist1) (rule assms)
  have funpow-dist1 f a b ≤ funpow-dist1 f a a
    using assms by (intro funpow-dist1-le)
  moreover
  have funpow-dist1 f a b ≠ funpow-dist1 f a a
    by (metis assms funpow-dist1-prop)
  ultimately
  have f-less: funpow-dist1 f a b < funpow-dist1 f a a by simp

  have f-Suc-eq: (f ~ Suc (funpow-dist1 f a b)) a = f b
    using assms by (metis funpow.simps(2) o-apply funpow-dist1-prop)
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases f b = a)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Suc-lessI f-Suc-eq f-less assms(2) funpow.simps(1) funpow-neq-less-funpow-dist1
        id-apply old.nat.distinct(1) zero-less-Suc)
    next
    case False
    then have *: Suc (funpow-dist1 f a b) < funpow-dist1 f a a
      using f-Suc-eq by (metis assms(2) f-less funpow-dist1-prop le-less-Suc-eq
        less-Suc-eq-le not-less-eq)
    from f-inj have **:  $\bigwedge n. n < \text{funpow-dist1 } f \ a \ a \implies n \neq \text{Suc } (\text{funpow-dist1 } f \ a \ b) \implies (f \sim n) \ a \neq f \ b$ 
      using f-Suc-eq by (auto dest!: inj-onD) (metis * assms(2) f-Suc-eq fun-
        pow-neq-less-funpow-dist1)
    show ?thesis
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume A:  $\neg ?thesis$ 
      have (f ~ (funpow-dist1 f a (f b))) a = f b
        using assms by (intro funpow-dist1-prop) (simp add: orbit.intros)
      with A ** have funpow-dist1 f a a ≤ (funpow-dist1 f a (f b))
        by (metis less-Suc-eq-le not-less-eq)
      then have Suc (funpow-dist1 f a b) < (funpow-dist1 f a (f b)) using * by
linarith
      then have (f ~ Suc (funpow-dist1 f a b)) a ≠ f b
        by (intro funpow-dist1-least) simp-all
      then show False using f-Suc-eq by simp
    qed
  qed
qed

```

lemma (in $-$) *funpow-dist1-less-f*:

```

  assumes b ∈ orbit f a a ∈ orbit f a a ≠ b
  shows funpow-dist1 f a b < funpow-dist1 f a (f b)
  using assms by (simp add: funpow-dist1-f-eq)

```

lemma *ovalidNF-face-cycles*:

```

  ovalidNF (λs. digraph-map (mk-graph iG) iM)

```

```

    (face-cycles iG iM)
  (λr s. r = card (pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets (mk-graph iG) iM))

unfolding face-cycles-def
apply (rewrite
  in oreturn (length (ig-edges iG)) |>> (λecnt. ⊞)
  to owhile-inv - - -
    (λ(edge-info, c, i) s. inv-face-cycles s iG iM ecnt
      ∧ inv-face-cycles-outer s iG iM i c edge-info
      ∧ i ≤ ecnt)
    (measure (λ(edge-info, c, i). ecnt - i))
    owhile-inv-def[symmetric]
  )
apply (rewrite
  in owhile-inv - (λ(-, c, i). ⊞)
  in oreturn (length (ig-edges iG)) |>> (λecnt. ⊞)
  to owhile-inv - - -
    (λ(edge-info, j) s. inv-face-cycles s iG iM ecnt
      ∧ inv-face-cycles-inner s iG iM i j c edge-info
      ∧ i < ecnt)
    (measure (λ(edge-info, j). card (pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set iM i) -
      funpow-dist1 (pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-succ iM) i j))
    owhile-inv-def[symmetric]
  )
proof vcg-casify
  { case (weaken s)
    then show ?case by (auto simp add: inv-face-cycles-def inv-face-cycles-outer-def
      fcs-upto-def)
  }
  { case (while edge-info c i)
    { case (postcondition s)
      moreover have fcs-upto iM (length (ig-edges iG))
        = pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets (mk-graph iG) iM
      by (auto simp: pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-sets-def arcs-mkg fcs-upto-def)
      ultimately show ?case by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-outer-def Let-def)
    }
    { case (invariant s)
      { case (weaken s')
        interpret G: digraph-map mk-graph iG iM
        using weaken by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-def)
        show ?case
        proof branch-casify
          case else case g
          then have G.face-cycle-set i ∈ {G.face-cycle-set k | k. k < i}
          using weaken by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-outer-def fcs-upto-def dest:
            G.face-cycle-eq)
          then have {G.face-cycle-set k | k. k < Suc i} = {G.face-cycle-set k | k. k
            < i}
          by (auto elim: less-SucE)
        }
      }
    }
  }

```

```

    then have inv-face-cycles-outer s' iG iM (i + 1) c edge-info
      using weaken unfolding inv-face-cycles-outer-def by (auto simp:
fcs-upto-def)
    then have ?inv using weaken by auto
    then show ?case using weaken by auto
  next
  case then case g
  have fd1-triv:  $\bigwedge f x. \text{funpow-dist1 } f x (f x) = 1$ 
    by (simp add: funpow-dist-0)
  have fcs-in:  $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } i \in G.\text{face-cycle-set } i$ 
    by (simp add: G.face-cycle-succ-inI)

  have i-not-in-fcs:  $i \notin \bigcup (fcs-upto\ iM\ i)$ 
    using g weaken
    by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-outer-def fcs-upto-def)

  from weaken show ?case
    unfolding inv-face-cycles-inner-def inv-face-cycles-outer-def
    using i-not-in-fcs by (auto simp: fd1-triv fcs-in fcs-upto-def)
qed
}
{ case if case then
{ case (while edge-info j)
{ case (postcondition s')

  interpret G: digraph-map mk-graph iG iM
    using postcondition by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-def)

  have ?var using postcondition by auto

  have fu-Suc:  $fcs-upto\ iM\ (Suc\ j) = fcs-upto\ iM\ j \cup \{G.\text{face-cycle-set } j\}$ 
    by (auto simp: fcs-upto-def elim: less-SucE)
  moreover
  have  $G.\text{face-cycle-set } j \notin fcs-upto\ iM\ j\ c = \text{card } (fcs-upto\ iM\ j)$ 
    using postcondition by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-inner-def)
  ultimately
  have  $Suc\ c = \text{card } (fcs-upto\ iM\ (Suc\ j))$  by (simp add: finite-fcs-upto)

  have *:  $\forall k < \text{length } (snd\ iG). k \in \text{edge-info} \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in fcs-upto\ iM\ (Suc\ j). k \in x)$ 
  proof -
    have *:  $j \in \text{orbit } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } j$ 
      by (simp add: G.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric])
    have  $\bigwedge k. (\exists l < \text{funpow-dist1 } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } j\ j. (G.\text{face-cycle-succ } \sim^l) j = k) \longleftrightarrow (k \in G.\text{face-cycle-set } j)$ 
      by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-set-def orbit-conv-funpow-dist1[OF *])
    moreover
    from postcondition have inv-face-cycles-inner s' iG iM j j c edge-info
      by auto

```

```

ultimately
show ?thesis unfolding inv-face-cycles-inner-def fu-Suc by auto
qed

have ?inv using postcondition *
  by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-outer-def ⟨Suc c = -⟩)
with ⟨?var⟩ show ?case by blast
}
{ case (invariant s')
  { case (weaken s'')
    interpret G: digraph-map mk-graph iG iM
    using weaken by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-def)
    have j ∈ G.face-cycle-set i
    using weaken by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-inner-def)
    then have j ∈ arcs (mk-graph iG)
    by (metis G.face-cycle-set-def G.funpow-face-cycle-succ-no-arc
      G.in-face-cycle-setD
      funpow-dist1-prop weaken.loop-cond)

    have A: j ∈ pre-digraph-map.face-cycle-set iM i
    using weaken by (auto simp: inv-face-cycles-inner-def)
    then have A': (G.face-cycle-succ  $\rightsquigarrow$  funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ i
      j) i = j
    by (intro funpow-dist1-prop) (simp add: G.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric])

    { fix k
      have *:  $\bigwedge i n f x . i < n \implies \exists j < n . (f \rightsquigarrow j) x = (f \rightsquigarrow i) x$  by auto

      have ( $\exists l < \text{funpow-dist1 } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } i \ (G.\text{face-cycle-succ } j) .$ 
        ( $G.\text{face-cycle-succ } \rightsquigarrow l) i = k$ )
         $\longleftrightarrow (\exists l < \text{Suc } (\text{funpow-dist1 } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } i j) . (G.\text{face-cycle-succ } \rightsquigarrow l) i = k)$  (is ?L  $\longleftrightarrow$  -)
      using A ⟨i ≠ j⟩
      by (subst funpow-dist1-f-eq) (simp-all add: G.face-cycle-set-def[symmetric])
      also have ...  $\longleftrightarrow (\exists l < \text{funpow-dist1 } G.\text{face-cycle-succ } i j . (G.\text{face-cycle-succ } \rightsquigarrow l) i = k) \vee k = j$  (is -  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?R)
      using A' by (fastforce elim: less-SucE
        intro: * exI[where x=(funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ i j)])
      finally have ?L  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?R .
    } note B = this

    have ?inv
    using weaken unfolding inv-face-cycles-inner-def B
    by (auto simp: G.face-cycle-succ-inI)

    have X: funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ i j < card (G.face-cycle-set i)
    proof -
      have funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ i j ≤ funpow-dist1 G.face-cycle-succ
        i i

```



```

    using weaken by (auto simp: G.euler-genus-def G.euler-char-def len-card)
qed

declare ovalidNF-euler-genus[THEN ovalidNF-wp, THEN trivial-label, vcg-l]

lemma ovalidNF-certify:
  ovalidNF ( $\lambda s. \text{distinct } (ig\text{-verts } iG) \wedge \text{fin-digraph } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \wedge c = \text{card}$ 
    ( $\text{pre-digraph.sccs } (mk\text{-graph } iG)$ ))
    ( $\text{certify } iG \ iM \ c$ )
    ( $\lambda r \ s. r \longleftrightarrow \text{pre-digraph-map.euler-genus } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \ (\text{mk-map } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \ iM)$ 
     $= 0$ 
     $\wedge \text{digraph-map } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \ (\text{mk-map } (mk\text{-graph } iG) \ iM)$ 
     $\wedge (\forall i < \text{length } (ig\text{-edges } iG). \text{im-pred } iM \ (\text{im-succ } iM \ i) = i)$  )

  unfolding certify-def
proof vcg-casify
  case weaken
  then interpret fin-digraph mk-graph iG by auto
  from weaken show ?case by (auto simp: BRANCH-def intro: wf-digraph)
qed

end
theory Planarity-Certificates
imports
  Planarity/Kuratowski-Combinatorial
  Verification/Check-Non-Planarity-Verification
  Verification/Check-Planarity-Verification
begin

end

```

References

- [1] L. Noschinski. *Formalizing Graph Theory and Planarity Certificates*. PhD thesis, Technische Universität München, München, Nov. 2015.