

HOL-CSP_OpSem – Operational Semantics
formally proven in HOL-CSP

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Abstract

Recently, a modern version of Roscoe and Brookes [3] Failure-Divergence Semantics for CSP has been formalized in Isabelle [7] and extended [1]. The resulting framework is purely denotational and, given the possibility to define arbitrary events in a HOL-type, more expressive than the original.

However, there is a need for an operational semantics for CSP. From the latter, model-checkers, symbolic execution engines for test-case generators, and animators and simulators can be constructed. In the literature, a few versions of operational semantics for CSP have been proposed, where it is assumed, of course, that denotational and operational constructs coincide, but this is not obvious at first glance. Recently, a modern version of Roscoe and Brookes [3] Failure-Divergence Semantics for CSP has been formalized in Isabelle [7] and extended [1]. The resulting framework is purely denotational and, given the possibility to define arbitrary events in a HOL-type, more expressive than the original.

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The present work addresses this issue by providing the first (to our knowledge) formal theory of operational behavior derived from HOL-CSP via a bridge definition between the denotational and the operational semantics. In fact, the construction is done via locale contexts to be as general as possible, and several possibilities are discussed.

As a bonus, we have proven new “laws” for HOL-CSP.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Motivations

HOL-CSP [7] is a formalization in Isabelle/HOL of the work of Hoare and Roscoe on the denotational semantics of the Failure/Divergence Model of CSP. It follows essentially the presentation of CSP in Roscoe's Book "Theory and Practice of Concurrency" [4] and the semantic details in a joint paper of Roscoe and Brooks "An improved failures model for communicating processes" [3].

Basically, the session HOL-CSP introduces the type $(\text{'}a, \text{'}r) \text{ process}_{tick}$, several classic CSP operators and number of "laws" (i.e. derived equations) that govern their interactions. HOL-CSP has been extended by a theory of architectural operators HOL-CSPM inspired by the CSP_M language of the model-checker FDR. While in FDR these operators are basically macros over finite lists and sets, the HOL-CSPM theory treats them in their own right for the most general cases.

The present work addresses the problem of operational semantics for CSP which are the foundations for finite model-checking and process simulation techniques. In the literature, there are a few versions of operational semantics for CSP, which lend themselves to the constructions of labelled transition systems (LTS). Of course, denotational and operational constructs are expected to coincide, but this is not obvious at first glance. As a key contribution, we will define the operational derivation operators $P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q$ (" P evolves internally to Q ") and $P \rightsquigarrow_e Q$ (" P evolves to Q by emitting e ") in terms of the denotational semantics and derive the expected laws for operational semantics from these. It has been published in ITP24 [2]

The overall objective of this work is to provide a formal, machine checked foundation for the laws provided by Roscoe in [4, 6].

1.2 The Global Architecture of HOL-CSP_OpSem

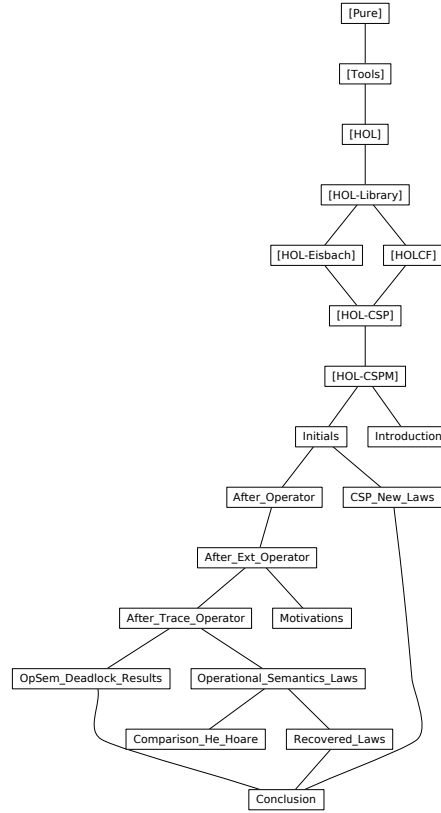


Figure 1.1: The overall architecture

The global architecture of HOL-CSP_OpSem is shown in [Figure 1.1](#). The package resides on:

- HOL-CSP 2.0 from the Isabelle Archive of Formal Proofs
- HOL-CSPM from the Isabelle Archive of Formal Proofs.

Chapter 2

The Initials Notion

This will be discussed more precisely later, but we want to define a new operator which would in some way be the reciprocal of the prefix operator $e \rightarrow P$.

A first observation is that by prefixing P with e , we force its nonempty traces to begin with $ev\ e$.

Therefore we must define a notion that captures this idea.

2.1 Definition

The initials notion captures the set of events that can be used to begin a given process.

definition *initials* :: $\langle ('a, 'r)\ process_{tick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r)\ event_{tick}\ set \rangle \langle (-^0) \rangle [1000]$
 999)
where $\langle P^0 \equiv \{e. [e] \in \mathcal{T}\ P\} \rangle$

lemma *initials-memI'* : $\langle [e] \in \mathcal{T}\ P \implies e \in P^0 \rangle$
and *initials-memD* : $\langle e \in P^0 \implies [e] \in \mathcal{T}\ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *initials-def-bis*: $\langle P^0 = \{e. \exists s. e \# s \in \mathcal{T}\ P\} \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *initials-memI* : $\langle e \# s \in \mathcal{T}\ P \implies e \in P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

We say here that the *initials* of a process P is the set of events e such that there is a trace of P starting with e .

One could also think about defining P^0 as the set of events that P can not refuse at first: $\{e. \{e\} \notin \mathcal{R}\ P\}$. These two definitions are not equivalent (and the second one is more restrictive than the first one). Moreover, the

second does not behave well with the non-deterministic choice ($\sqcap$) (see the **notepad** below).

Therefore, we will keep the first one.

We also have a strong argument of authority: this is the definition given by Roscoe [5, p.40].

```
notepad
begin
  ⟨proof⟩
end
```

2.2 Anti-Mono Rules

lemma *anti-mono-initials-T*: $\langle P \sqsubseteq_T Q \implies \text{initials } Q \subseteq \text{initials } P \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *anti-mono-initials-F*: $\langle P \sqsubseteq_F Q \implies \text{initials } Q \subseteq \text{initials } P \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

Of course, this anti-monotony does not hold for ($\sqsubseteq_D$).

lemma *anti-mono-initials-FD*: $\langle P \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \implies \text{initials } Q \subseteq \text{initials } P \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *anti-mono-initials*: $\langle P \sqsubseteq Q \implies \text{initials } Q \subseteq \text{initials } P \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *anti-mono-initials-DT*: $\langle P \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \implies \text{initials } Q \subseteq \text{initials } P \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

2.3 Behaviour of *initials* with *STOP*, *SKIP* and $\perp$

lemma *initials-STOP* [simp]: $\langle \text{STOP}^0 = \{\} \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

We already had $(?P = \text{STOP}) = (\mathcal{T} ?P = \{\})$. As an immediate consequence we obtain a characterization of being *STOP* involving *initials*.

lemma *initials-empty-iff-STOP*: $\langle P^0 = \{\} \iff P = \text{STOP} \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *initials-SKIP* [simp]: $\langle (\text{SKIP } r)^0 = \{\checkmark(r)\} \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *initials-SKIPS* [simp]: $\langle (\text{SKIPS } R)^0 = \text{tick } R \rangle$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *initials-BOT* [simp]: $\langle \perp^0 = \text{UNIV} \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

These two, on the other hand, are not characterizations.

lemma $\langle \exists P. P^0 = \{\checkmark(r)\} \wedge P \neq (SKIP\ r) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle \exists P. P^0 = UNIV \wedge P \neq \perp \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

But when $\checkmark(r) \in P^0$, we can still have this refinement:

lemma *initial-tick-iff-FD-SKIP* : $\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \longleftrightarrow P \sqsubseteq_{FD} SKIP\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *initial-ticks-iff-FD-SKIPS* : $\langle R \neq \{\} \implies tick\ 'R \subseteq P^0 \longleftrightarrow P \sqsubseteq_{FD} SKIPS\ R \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

We also obtain characterizations for $P ; Q = \perp$.

lemma *Seq-is-BOT-iff* : $\langle P ; Q = \perp \longleftrightarrow P = \perp \vee (\exists r. \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \wedge Q = \perp) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

2.4 Behaviour of *initials* with Operators of HOL-CSP

lemma *initials-Mprefix* : $\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P\ a)^0 = ev\ 'A \rangle$
and *initials-Mndetprefix* : $\langle (\sqcap a \in A \rightarrow P\ a)^0 = ev\ 'A \rangle$
and *initials-write0* : $\langle (a \rightarrow Q)^0 = \{ev\ a\} \rangle$
and *initials-write* : $\langle (c!a \rightarrow Q)^0 = \{ev\ (c\ a)\} \rangle$
and *initials-read* : $\langle (c?a \in A \rightarrow P\ a)^0 = ev\ 'c\ 'A \rangle$
and *initials-ndet-write* : $\langle (c!!a \in A \rightarrow P\ a)^0 = ev\ 'c\ 'A \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

As discussed earlier, *initials* behaves very well with $(\Box)$, $(\sqcap)$ and $(\triangleright)$.

lemma *initials-Det* : $\langle (P \Box Q)^0 = P^0 \cup Q^0 \rangle$
and *initials-Ndet* : $\langle (P \sqcap Q)^0 = P^0 \cup Q^0 \rangle$
and *initials-Sliding* : $\langle (P \triangleright Q)^0 = P^0 \cup Q^0 \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *initials-Seq*:
 $\langle (P ; Q)^0 = (\text{if } P = \perp \text{ then } UNIV$
 $\text{else } P^0 - range\ tick \cup (\bigcup_{r \in \{r. \checkmark(r) \in P^0\}} Q^0)) \rangle$
 $(\text{is } \leftarrow = (\text{if} - \text{then} - \text{else } ?rhs)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *initials-Sync*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q)^0 = (if\ P = \perp \vee Q = \perp\ then\ UNIV\ else \\ P^0 \cup Q^0 - (range\ tick \cup ev\ 'S) \cup P^0 \cap Q^0 \cap (range\ tick \cup ev\ 'S)) \rangle \\ (is\ \langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q)^0 = (if\ P = \perp \vee Q = \perp\ then\ UNIV\ else\ ?rhs) \rangle) \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *initials-Renaming*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle (Renaming\ P\ f\ g)^0 = (if\ P = \perp\ then\ UNIV\ else\ map-event_{ptick}\ f\ g\ 'P^0) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Because for the expression of its traces (and more specifically of its divergences), dealing with $(\setminus)$ is much more difficult.

We start with two characterizations:

- the first one to understand $P \setminus S = \perp$
- the other one to understand $[e] \in \mathcal{D}\ (P \setminus S)$.

lemma *Hiding-is-BOT-iff* :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle P \setminus S = \perp \iff (\exists t. set\ t \subseteq ev\ 'S \wedge \\ (t \in \mathcal{D}\ P \vee (\exists f. isInfHiddenRun\ f\ P\ S \wedge t \in range\ f))) \rangle \\ (is\ \langle P \setminus S = \perp \iff ?rhs \rangle) \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *event-in-D-Hiding-iff* :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle [e] \in \mathcal{D}\ (P \setminus S) \iff \\ P \setminus S = \perp \vee (\exists x\ t. e = ev\ x \wedge x \notin S \wedge [ev\ x] = trace-hide\ t\ (ev\ 'S) \wedge \\ (t \in \mathcal{D}\ P \vee (\exists f. isInfHiddenRun\ f\ P\ S \wedge t \in range\ f))) \rangle \\ (is\ \langle [e] \in \mathcal{D}\ (P \setminus S) \iff P \setminus S = \perp \vee ?ugly-assertion \rangle) \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Now we can express $(P \setminus S)^0$. This result contains the term $P \setminus S = \perp$ that can be unfolded with *Hiding-is-BOT-iff* and the term $[ev\ x] \in \mathcal{D}\ (P \setminus S)$ that can be unfolded with *event-in-D-Hiding-iff*.

lemma *initials-Hiding*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle (P \setminus S)^0 = (if\ P \setminus S = \perp\ then\ UNIV\ else \\ \{e. case\ e\ of\ ev\ x \Rightarrow x \notin S \wedge ([ev\ x] \in \mathcal{D}\ (P \setminus S) \vee (\exists t. [ev\ x] = \\ trace-hide\ t\ (ev\ 'S) \wedge (t, ev\ 'S) \in \mathcal{F}\ P)) \\ | \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \exists t. set\ t \subseteq ev\ 'S \wedge t @ [\checkmark(r)] \in \mathcal{T}\ P\} \rangle) \\ (is\ \langle initials\ (P \setminus S) = (if\ P \setminus S = \perp\ then\ UNIV\ else\ ?set) \rangle) \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

In the end the result would look something like this:

$$(P \setminus S)^0 = (if\ \exists t. set\ t \subseteq ev\ 'S \wedge (t \in \mathcal{D}\ P \vee (\exists f. isInfHiddenRun\ f\ P\ S \wedge t \in range\ f))\ then\ UNIV\ else\ \{e. case\ e\ of\ ev\ x \Rightarrow x \notin S \wedge ((\exists t. set\ t \subseteq$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{ev } \text{' } S \wedge (t \in \mathcal{D} P \vee (\exists f. \text{isInfHiddenRun } f P S \wedge t \in \text{range } f))) \vee (\exists xa t. \\
& \text{ev } x = \text{ev } xa \wedge xa \notin S \wedge [\text{ev } xa] = \text{trace-hide } t (\text{ev } \text{' } S) \wedge (t \in \mathcal{D} P \vee (\exists f. \\
& \text{isInfHiddenRun } f P S \wedge t \in \text{range } f))) \vee (\exists t. [\text{ev } x] = \text{trace-hide } t (\text{ev } \text{' } \\
& S) \wedge (t, \text{ev } \text{' } S) \in \mathcal{F} P)) \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \exists t. \text{set } t \subseteq \text{ev } \text{' } S \wedge t @ [\checkmark(r)] \in \mathcal{T} P\}
\end{aligned}$$

Obviously, it is not very easy to use. We will therefore rely more on the corollaries below.

corollary *initial-tick-Hiding-iff* :

$$\langle \checkmark(r) \in (P \setminus B)^0 \longleftrightarrow P \setminus B = \perp \vee (\exists t. \text{set } t \subseteq \text{ev } \text{' } B \wedge t @ [\checkmark(r)] \in \mathcal{T} P) \rangle$$

<proof>

corollary *initial-tick-imp-initial-tick-Hiding*:

$$\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \implies \checkmark(r) \in (P \setminus B)^0 \rangle$$

<proof>

corollary *initial-inside-Hiding-iff* :

$$\langle e \in S \implies \text{ev } e \in (P \setminus S)^0 \longleftrightarrow P \setminus S = \perp \rangle$$

<proof>

corollary *initial-notin-Hiding-iff* :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \langle e \notin S \implies \text{ev } e \in (P \setminus S)^0 \longleftrightarrow \\
& P \setminus S = \perp \vee \\
& (\exists t. [\text{ev } e] = \text{trace-hide } t (\text{ev } \text{' } S) \wedge \\
& (t \in \mathcal{D} P \vee (\exists f. \text{isInfHiddenRun } f P S \wedge t \in \text{range } f) \vee (t, \text{ev } \text{' } S) \in \mathcal{F} \\
& P)) \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

corollary *initial-notin-imp-initial-Hiding*:

$$\langle \text{ev } e \in (P \setminus S)^0 \rangle \text{ if } \text{initial} : \langle \text{ev } e \in P^0 \rangle \text{ and } \text{notin} : \langle e \notin S \rangle$$

<proof>

2.5 Behaviour of *initials* with Operators of HOL-CSPM

lemma *initials-GlobalDet*:

$$\langle (\Box a \in A. P a)^0 = (\bigcup a \in A. \text{initials } (P a)) \rangle$$

<proof>

lemma *initials-GlobalNdet*:

$$\langle (\Box a \in A. P a)^0 = (\bigcup a \in A. \text{initials } (P a)) \rangle$$

<proof>

lemma *initials-MultiSync*:

$\langle \text{initials } (\llbracket S \rrbracket \ m \in \# \ M. \ P \ m) =$
 $(\text{ if } M = \{\#\} \text{ then } \{\}$
 $\text{ else if } \exists m \in \# \ M. \ P \ m = \perp \text{ then } UNIV$
 $\text{ else if } \exists m. \ M = \{\#m\# \} \text{ then } \text{initials } (P \ (THE \ m. \ M = \{\#m\# \}))$
 $\text{ else } \{e. \exists m \in \# \ M. \ e \in \text{initials } (P \ m) - (\text{range tick} \cup \text{ev } 'S)\} \cup$
 $\{e \in \text{range tick} \cup \text{ev } 'S. \forall m \in \# \ M. \ e \in \text{initials } (P \ m)\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initials-Throw* : $\langle (P \ \Theta \ a \in A. \ Q \ a)^0 = P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initials-Interrupt*: $\langle (P \ \triangle \ Q)^0 = P^0 \cup Q^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.6 Behaviour of *initials* with Reference Processes

lemma *initials-DF*: $\langle (DF \ A)^0 = \text{ev } 'A \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initials-DF_{SKIPS}*: $\langle (DF_{SKIPS} \ A \ R)^0 = \text{ev } 'A \cup \text{tick } 'R \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initials-RUN*: $\langle (RUN \ A)^0 = \text{ev } 'A \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initials-CHAOS*: $\langle (CHAOS \ A)^0 = \text{ev } 'A \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initials-CHAOS_{SKIPS}*: $\langle (CHAOS_{SKIPS} \ A \ R)^0 = \text{ev } 'A \cup \text{tick } 'R \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *empty-ev-initials-iff-empty-events-of* :
 $\langle \{a. \text{ev } a \in P^0\} = \{\} \longleftrightarrow \alpha(P) = \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.7 Properties of *initials* related to continuity

We prove here some properties that we will need later in continuity or admissibility proofs.

lemma *initials-LUB*:
 $\langle \text{chain } Y \implies (\bigsqcup i. \ Y \ i)^0 = (\bigcap P \in (\text{range } Y). \ P^0) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *adm-in-F*: $\langle cont\ u \implies adm\ (\lambda x. (s, X) \in \mathcal{F}\ (u\ x)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *adm-in-D*: $\langle cont\ u \implies adm\ (\lambda x. s \in \mathcal{D}\ (u\ x)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *adm-in-T*: $\langle cont\ u \implies adm\ (\lambda x. s \in \mathcal{T}\ (u\ x)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *initial-adm[simp]* : $\langle cont\ u \implies adm\ (\lambda x. e \in (u\ x)^0) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

Chapter 3

Construction of the After Operator

Now that we have defined P^0 , we can talk about what happens to P after an event belonging to this set.

3.1 Definition

We want to define a new operator on a process P which would in some way be the reciprocal of the prefix operator $a \rightarrow P$.

The intuitive way of doing so is to only keep the tails of the traces beginning by $ev\ a$ (and similar for failures and divergences). However we have an issue if $ev\ a \notin P^0$ i.e. if no trace of P begins with $ev\ a$: the result would no longer verify the invariant *is-process* because its trace set would be empty. We must therefore distinguish this case.

In the previous version, we agreed to get *STOP* after an event $ev\ a$ that was not in the *initials* of P . But even if its repercussions were minimal, this choice seemed a little artificial and arbitrary. In this new version we use a placeholder instead: Ψ . When $ev\ a \in P^0$ we use our intuitive definition, and $ev\ a \notin P^0$ we define P after a being equal to $\Psi\ P\ a$.

For the moment we have no additional assumption on Ψ .

locale *After* =
 fixes $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r)\ process_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$
begin

lift-definition *After* :: $\langle [('a, 'r)\ process_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle after \rangle\ 86$)
 is $\langle \lambda P\ a. \quad if\ ev\ a \in P^0$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{then } (\{(t, X). (ev\ a \# t, X) \in \mathcal{F}\ P\}, \\ & \quad \{t \mid ev\ a \# t \in \mathcal{D}\ P\}) \\ & \text{else } (\mathcal{F}\ (\Psi\ P\ a), \mathcal{D}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

3.2 Projections

lemma *F-After* :

$$\langle \mathcal{F}\ (P\ \text{after}\ a) = (if\ ev\ a \in P^0\ \text{then } \{(t, X). (ev\ a \# t, X) \in \mathcal{F}\ P\}\ \text{else } \mathcal{F}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle$$

$$\langle proof \rangle$$

lemma *D-After* :

$$\langle \mathcal{D}\ (P\ \text{after}\ a) = (if\ ev\ a \in P^0\ \text{then } \{s. ev\ a \# s \in \mathcal{D}\ P\}\ \text{else } \mathcal{D}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle$$

$$\langle proof \rangle$$

lemma *T-After* :

$$\langle \mathcal{T}\ (P\ \text{after}\ a) = (if\ ev\ a \in P^0\ \text{then } \{s. ev\ a \# s \in \mathcal{T}\ P\}\ \text{else } \mathcal{T}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle$$

$$\langle proof \rangle$$

lemmas *After-projs* = *F-After D-After T-After*

lemma *not-initial-After* : $\langle ev\ a \notin P^0 \implies P\ \text{after}\ a = \Psi\ P\ a \rangle$

$$\langle proof \rangle$$

lemma *initials-After* :

$$\langle (P\ \text{after}\ a)^0 = (if\ ev\ a \in P^0\ \text{then } \{e. ev\ a \# [e] \in \mathcal{T}\ P\}\ \text{else } (\Psi\ P\ a)^0) \rangle$$

$$\langle proof \rangle$$

3.3 Monotony

lemma *mono-After* : $\langle P\ \text{after}\ a \sqsubseteq Q\ \text{after}\ a \rangle$

$$\text{if } \langle P \sqsubseteq Q \rangle \text{ and } \langle ev\ a \notin Q^0 \implies \Psi\ P\ a \sqsubseteq \Psi\ Q\ a \rangle$$

$$\langle proof \rangle$$

lemma *mono-After-T* : $\langle P \sqsubseteq_T Q \implies P\ \text{after}\ a \sqsubseteq_T Q\ \text{after}\ a \rangle$

and *mono-After-F* : $\langle P \sqsubseteq_F Q \implies P\ \text{after}\ a \sqsubseteq_F Q\ \text{after}\ a \rangle$

and *mono-After-D* : $\langle P \sqsubseteq_D Q \implies P\ \text{after}\ a \sqsubseteq_D Q\ \text{after}\ a \rangle$

and *mono-After-FD* : $\langle P \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \implies P\ \text{after}\ a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q\ \text{after}\ a \rangle$

and *mono-After-DT* : $\langle P \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \implies P\ \text{after}\ a \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q\ \text{after}\ a \rangle$

if $\langle ev\ a \in Q^0 \rangle$

$$\langle proof \rangle$$

lemmas *monos-After* = *mono-After mono-After-FD mono-After-DT*
mono-After-F mono-After-D mono-After-T

3.4 Behaviour of *After* with *STOP*, *SKIP* and $\perp$

lemma *After-STOP* : $\langle \text{STOP after } a = \Psi \text{ STOP } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After-SKIP* : $\langle \text{SKIP } r \text{ after } a = \Psi (\text{SKIP } r) a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After-BOT* : $\langle \perp \text{ after } a = \perp \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After-is-BOT-iff* :
 $\langle P \text{ after } a = \perp \iff (\text{if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \text{ then } [\text{ev } a] \in \mathcal{D} P \text{ else } \Psi P a = \perp) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.5 Behaviour of *After* with Operators of HOL-CSP

In future theories, we will need to know how *After* behaves with other operators of CSP. More specifically, we want to know how *After* can be "distributed" over a sequential composition, a synchronization, etc.

In some way, we are looking for reversing the "step-laws" (laws of distributivity of *Mprefix* over other operators). Given the difficulty in establishing these results in HOL-CSP and HOL-CSPM, one can easily imagine that proving *After* versions will require a lot of work.

3.5.1 Loss of Determinism

A first interesting observation is that the *After* operator leads to the loss of determinism.

lemma *After-Mprefix-is-After-Mndetprefix*:
 $\langle a \in A \implies (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \text{ after } a = (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \text{ after } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After-Det-is-After-Ndet* :
 $\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cup Q^0 \implies (P \Box Q) \text{ after } a = (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After-Sliding-is-After-Ndet* :
 $\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cup Q^0 \implies (P \triangleright Q) \text{ after } a = (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After-Ndet*:
 $\langle (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after } a =$
 $(\text{ if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cap Q^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a \sqcap Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{ else if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a$

$\text{else } \text{if } ev\ a \in Q^0 \text{ then } Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{else } \Psi\ (P \sqcap Q)\ a) \rangle \text{ for } P\ Q :: \langle ('a, 'r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-Det:*

$\langle (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after } a =$
 $(\text{if } ev\ a \in P^0 \cap Q^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a \sqcap Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{else } \text{if } ev\ a \in P^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a$
 $\text{else } \text{if } ev\ a \in Q^0 \text{ then } Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{else } \Psi\ (P \sqcap Q)\ a) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-Sliding:*

$\langle (P \triangleright Q) \text{ after } a =$
 $(\text{if } ev\ a \in P^0 \cap Q^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a \sqcap Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{else } \text{if } ev\ a \in P^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a$
 $\text{else } \text{if } ev\ a \in Q^0 \text{ then } Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{else } \Psi\ (P \triangleright Q)\ a) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-Mprefix:*

$\langle (\Box\ a \in A \rightarrow P\ a) \text{ after } a = (\text{if } a \in A \text{ then } P\ a \text{ else } \Psi\ (\Box\ a \in A \rightarrow P\ a)\ a) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-Mndetprefix:*

$\langle (\Box\ a \in A \rightarrow P\ a) \text{ after } a = (\text{if } a \in A \text{ then } P\ a \text{ else } \Psi\ (\Box\ a \in A \rightarrow P\ a)\ a) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *After-write0 :* $\langle (a \rightarrow P) \text{ after } b = (\text{if } b = a \text{ then } P \text{ else } \Psi\ (a \rightarrow P)\ b) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle (a \rightarrow P) \text{ after } a = P \rangle \langle proof \rangle$

This result justifies seeing $P \text{ after } a$ as the reciprocal operator of the prefix $a \rightarrow P$.

However, we lose information with *After*: in general, $a \rightarrow P \text{ after } a \neq P$ (even when $ev\ a \in P^0$ and $P \neq \perp$).

lemma $\langle \exists P. a \rightarrow P \text{ after } a \neq P \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle \exists P. ev\ a \in P^0 \wedge a \rightarrow P \text{ after } a \neq P \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle \exists P. ev\ a \in P^0 \wedge P \neq \perp \wedge a \rightarrow P \text{ after } a \neq P \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *After-write :* $\langle (c!a \rightarrow P) \text{ after } b = (\text{if } b = c\ a \text{ then } P \text{ else } \Psi\ (c!a \rightarrow P)) \rangle$

$b\rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *After-read :*

$\langle (c?a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \text{ after } b = (\text{if } b \in c \text{ ' } A \text{ then } P \text{ (inv-into } A \ c \ b) \text{ else } \Psi \ (c?a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \ b) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *After-ndet-write :*

$\langle (c!!a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \text{ after } b = (\text{if } b \in c \text{ ' } A \text{ then } P \text{ (inv-into } A \ c \ b) \text{ else } \Psi \ (c!!a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \ b) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.5.2 After Sequential Composition

The first goal is to obtain an equivalent of $a \rightarrow P ; Q = a \rightarrow (P ; Q)$. But in order to be exhaustive we also have to consider the possibility of Q taking the lead when $\checkmark(r) \in P^0$ in the sequential composition $P ; Q$.

lemma *not-skipable-or-not-initialR-After-Seq:*

$\langle (P ; Q) \text{ after } a = (\text{if } ev \ a \in P^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a ; Q \text{ else } \Psi \ (P ; Q) \ a) \rangle$
 $\text{if } \langle range \ tick \cap P^0 = \{\} \vee (\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \longrightarrow ev \ a \notin Q^0) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *skipable-not-initialL-After-Seq:*

$\langle (P ; Q) \text{ after } a = (\text{if } (\exists r. \checkmark(r) \in P^0) \wedge ev \ a \in Q^0$
 $\text{then } Q \text{ after } a \text{ else } \Psi \ (P ; Q) \ a) \rangle$
 $(\text{is } \langle (P ; Q) \text{ after } a = (\text{if } ?prem \text{ then } ?rhs \text{ else } -) \rangle) \text{ if } \langle ev \ a \notin P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *skipable-initialL-initialR-After-Seq:*

$\langle (P ; Q) \text{ after } a = (P \text{ after } a ; Q) \sqcap Q \text{ after } a \rangle$
 $(\text{is } \langle (P ; Q) \text{ after } a = (P \text{ after } a ; Q) \sqcap ?rhs \rangle)$
 $\text{if } assms : \langle (\exists r. \checkmark(r) \in P^0) \wedge ev \ a \in Q^0 \rangle \langle ev \ a \in P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *not-initialL-not-skipable-or-not-initialR-After-Seq:*

$\langle ev \ a \notin P^0 \implies range \ tick \cap P^0 = \{\} \vee (\forall r. \text{tick } r \in P^0 \longrightarrow ev \ a \notin Q^0) \implies$
 $(P ; Q) \text{ after } a = \Psi \ (P ; Q) \ a \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-Seq:*

$\langle (P ; Q) \text{ after } a =$
 $(\text{if } range \ tick \cap P^0 = \{\} \vee (\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \longrightarrow ev \ a \notin Q^0)$
 $\text{then } \text{if } ev \ a \in P^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after } a ; Q \text{ else } \Psi \ (P ; Q) \ a$
 $\text{else } \text{if } ev \ a \in P^0$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{then } (P \text{ after } a ; Q) \sqcap Q \text{ after } a \\ & \text{else } Q \text{ after } a \rangle \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

3.5.3 After Synchronization

Now let's focus on *Sync*. We want to obtain an equivalent of

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Mprefix } ?A \text{ } ?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \text{Mprefix } ?B \text{ } ?Q = (\Box a \in (?A - ?S) \rightarrow (?P a \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \text{Mprefix } \\ & ?B \text{ } ?Q)) \sqcap (\Box b \in (?B - ?S) \rightarrow (\text{Mprefix } ?A \text{ } ?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket ?Q b)) \sqcap (\Box x \in (?A \cap \\ & ?B \cap ?S) \rightarrow (?P x \llbracket ?S \rrbracket ?Q x)) \end{aligned}$$

We will also divide the task.

After version of

$$\llbracket a \notin ?S; ?B \subseteq ?S \rrbracket \implies a \rightarrow P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \text{Mprefix } ?B \text{ } ?Q = a \rightarrow (P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \text{Mprefix } ?B \text{ } ?Q).$$

lemma *initialL-not-initialR-not-in-After-Sync*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \text{ after } a = P \text{ after } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rangle \\ & \text{if initial-hyps: } \langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \rangle \langle \text{ev } a \notin Q^0 \rangle \text{ and notin: } \langle a \notin S \rangle \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *not-initialL-in-After-Sync*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \text{ev } a \notin P^0 \implies a \in S \implies \\ & (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \text{ after } a = (\text{if } Q = \perp \text{ then } \perp \text{ else } \Psi (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) a) \rangle \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

After version of $\llbracket a \in ?S; a \in ?S \rrbracket \implies a \rightarrow P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket a \rightarrow Q = a \rightarrow (P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket Q)$.

lemma *initialL-initialR-in-After-Sync*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \text{ after } a = P \text{ after } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after } a \rangle \\ & \text{if initial-hyps: } \langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \rangle \langle \text{ev } a \in Q^0 \rangle \text{ and inside: } \langle a \in S \rangle \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

After version of

$$\llbracket e \notin ?S; e \notin ?S \rrbracket \implies e \rightarrow P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket e \rightarrow Q = (e \rightarrow (P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket e \rightarrow Q)) \sqcap (e \rightarrow (e \rightarrow P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket Q)).$$

lemma *initialL-initialR-not-in-After-Sync*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \text{ after } a = (P \text{ after } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \sqcap (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after } a) \rangle \\ & \text{if initial-hyps: } \langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \rangle \langle \text{ev } a \in Q^0 \rangle \text{ and notin: } \langle a \notin S \rangle \text{ for } P Q :: \langle ('a, 'r) \\ & \text{process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *not-initialL-not-initialR-After-Sync*: $\langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \text{ after } a = \Psi (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) a \rangle$

if *initial-hyps*: $\langle \text{ev } a \notin P^0 \rangle \langle \text{ev } a \notin Q^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Finally, the monster theorem !

theorem *After-Sync*:

$\langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \text{ after } a =$
 $(\text{ if } P = \perp \vee Q = \perp \text{ then } \perp$
 $\text{ else if ev } a \in P^0 \cap Q^0$
 $\text{ then if } a \in S \text{ then } P \text{ after } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{ else } (P \text{ after } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \sqcap (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after } a)$
 $\text{ else if ev } a \in P^0 \wedge a \notin S \text{ then } P \text{ after } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q$
 $\text{ else if ev } a \in Q^0 \wedge a \notin S \text{ then } P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after } a$
 $\text{ else } \Psi (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.5.4 After Hiding Operator

$P \setminus A$ is harder to deal with, we will only obtain refinements results.

lemma *Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside*:

$\langle a \in A \implies P \setminus A \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \text{ after } a \setminus A \rangle$
and *After-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin*:
 $\langle a \notin A \implies (P \setminus A) \text{ after } a \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \text{ after } a \setminus A \rangle$
if *initial*: $\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *Hiding-F-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside* =

Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside[*THEN leFD-imp-leF*]

and *After-Hiding-F-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin* =

After-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin[*THEN leFD-imp-leF*]

and *Hiding-D-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside* =

Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside[*THEN leFD-imp-leD*]

and *After-Hiding-D-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin* =

After-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin[*THEN leFD-imp-leD*]

and *Hiding-T-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside* =

Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside[*THEN leFD-imp-leF, THEN leF-imp-leT*]

and *After-Hiding-T-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin* =

After-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin[*THEN leFD-imp-leF, THEN leF-imp-leT*]

corollary *Hiding-DT-Hiding-After-if-initial-inside*:

$\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \implies a \in A \implies P \setminus A \sqsubseteq_{DT} P \text{ after } a \setminus A \rangle$

and *After-Hiding-DT-Hiding-After-if-initial-notin*:

$\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \implies a \notin A \implies (P \setminus A) \text{ after } a \sqsubseteq_{DT} P \text{ after } a \setminus A \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

3.5.5 Renaming is tricky

In all generality, *Renaming* takes a process $P :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}$, a function $f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$, a function $g :: 'r \Rightarrow 's$, and returns $\text{Renaming } P f g :: ('b, 's) \text{ process}_{ptick}$. But if we try to write and prove a lemma *After-Renaming* like we did for the other operators, the mechanism of the locale *After* would constrain $f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a$ and $g :: 'r \Rightarrow 'r$.

We solve this issue with a trick: we duplicate the locale, instantiating each one with a different free type.

locale *AfterDuplicated* = *After* _{α} : *After* Ψ_α + *After* _{β} : *After* Ψ_β
for $\Psi_\alpha :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Psi_\beta :: \langle [('b, 's) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'b] \Rightarrow ('b, 's) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
begin

notation *After* _{α} .*After* (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_\alpha \rangle$ 86)

notation *After* _{β} .*After* (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_\beta \rangle$ 86)

lemma *After-Renaming*:

$\langle \text{Renaming } P f g \text{ after}_\beta b =$
 — We highlight the fact that $f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$
 (if $P = \perp$ then $\perp$
 else if $\exists a. \text{ev } a \in P^0 \wedge f a = b$
 then $\sqcap a \in \{a. \text{ev } a \in P^0 \wedge f a = b\}. \text{Renaming } (P \text{ after}_\alpha a) f g$
 else $\Psi_\beta (\text{Renaming } P f g) b \rangle$
 (is $\langle ?lhs = (\text{if } P = \perp \text{ then } \perp$
 else if $\exists a. \text{ev } a \in P^0 \wedge f a = b \text{ then } ?rhs \text{ else } -) \rangle$)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

no-notation *After* _{α} .*After* (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_\alpha \rangle$ 86)

no-notation *After* _{β} .*After* (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_\beta \rangle$ 86)

end

Now we can get back to *After*.

context *After*

begin

3.6 Behaviour of *After* with Operators of HOL-CSPM

lemma *After-GlobalDet-is-After-GlobalNdet*:

$\langle \text{ev } a \in (\bigcup a \in A. (P a)^0) \implies (\sqcap a \in A. P a) \text{ after } a = (\sqcap a \in A. P a) \text{ after } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After-GlobalNdet*:

$\langle (\sqcap a \in A. P a) \text{ after } a = (\text{if } \text{ev } a \in (\bigcup a \in A. (P a)^0)$

$then \sqcap x \in \{x \in A. ev\ a \in (P\ x)^0\}. P\ x\ after\ a$
 $else \Psi (\sqcap a \in A. P\ a)\ a\rangle$

$(is\ \langle ?lhs = (if\ ?prem\ then\ ?rhs\ else\ -)\rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-GlobalDet:*

$\langle (\sqcap a \in A. P\ a)\ after\ a = (if\ ev\ a \in (\bigcup a \in A. (P\ a)^0)$
 $then \sqcap x \in \{x \in A. ev\ a \in (P\ x)^0\}. P\ x\ after\ a$
 $else \Psi (\sqcap a \in A. P\ a)\ a)\rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

3.6.1 After Throwing

lemma *After-Throw:*

$\langle (P\ \Theta\ a \in A. Q\ a)\ after\ a =$
 $(if\ P = \perp\ then\ \perp$
 $else\ if\ ev\ a \in P^0\ then\ if\ a \in A\ then\ Q\ a$
 $else\ P\ after\ a\ \Theta\ a \in A. Q\ a$
 $else\ \Psi (P\ \Theta\ a \in A. Q\ a)\ a)\rangle$
 $(is\ \langle ?lhs = ?rhs \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.6.2 After Interrupting

theorem *After-Interrupt:*

$\langle (P\ \Delta\ Q)\ after\ a =$
 $(if\ ev\ a \in P^0 \cap Q^0$
 $then\ Q\ after\ a\ \sqcap (P\ after\ a\ \Delta\ Q)$
 $else\ if\ ev\ a \in P^0 \wedge ev\ a \notin Q^0$
 $then\ P\ after\ a\ \Delta\ Q$
 $else\ if\ ev\ a \notin P^0 \wedge ev\ a \in Q^0$
 $then\ Q\ after\ a$
 $else\ \Psi (P\ \Delta\ Q)\ a)\rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.7 Behaviour of *After* with Reference Processes

lemma *After-DF:*

$\langle DF\ A\ after\ a = (if\ a \in A\ then\ DF\ A\ else\ \Psi (DF\ A)\ a)\rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-DF_{SKIPS}:*

$\langle DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ after\ a = (if\ a \in A\ then\ DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ else\ \Psi (DF_{SKIPS}\ A$
 $R)\ a)\rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-RUN:*

$\langle RUN\ A\ after\ a = (if\ a \in A\ then\ RUN\ A\ else\ \Psi (RUN\ A)\ a)\rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-CHAOS*:

$\langle CHAOS\ A\ after\ a = (if\ a \in A\ then\ CHAOS\ A\ else\ \Psi\ (CHAOS\ A)\ a) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-CHAOS_{SKIPS}*:

$\langle CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ after\ a = (if\ a \in A\ then\ CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ else\ \Psi\ (CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R)\ a) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *DF-FD-After*: $\langle DF\ A\ \sqsubseteq_{FD}\ P\ after\ a \rangle$ **if** $\langle ev\ a \in P^0 \rangle$ **and** $\langle DF\ A\ \sqsubseteq_{FD}\ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *DF_{SKIPS}-FD-After*: $\langle DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ \sqsubseteq_{FD}\ P\ after\ a \rangle$ **if** $\langle ev\ a \in P^0 \rangle$ **and** $\langle DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ \sqsubseteq_{FD}\ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

We have corollaries on *deadlock-free* and *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}*.

corollary *deadlock-free-After*:

$\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \implies$
 $deadlock\text{-}free\ (P\ after\ a) \longleftrightarrow$
 $(if\ ev\ a \in P^0\ then\ True\ else\ deadlock\text{-}free\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-After*:

$\langle deadlock\text{-}free_{SKIPS}\ P \implies$
 $deadlock\text{-}free_{SKIPS}\ (P\ after\ a) \longleftrightarrow$
 $(if\ ev\ a \in P^0\ then\ True\ else\ deadlock\text{-}free_{SKIPS}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.8 Continuity

This is a new result whose main consequence will be the admissibility of the event transition that is defined later (property that paves the way for point-fixed induction)...

Of course this result will require an additional assumption of continuity on the placeholder Ψ .

context *begin*

private lemma *mono- Ψ -imp-chain-After*:

$\langle (\bigwedge P\ Q.\ P\ \sqsubseteq\ Q \implies \Psi\ P\ a\ \sqsubseteq\ \Psi\ Q\ a) \implies chain\ Y \implies chain\ (\lambda i.\ Y\ i\ after\ a) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$ **lemma** *cont-prem-After* :

$\langle (\bigsqcup i. Y\ i) \text{ after } a = (\bigsqcup i. Y\ i \text{ after } a) \rangle$ (**is** $\langle ?lhs = ?rhs \rangle$)
if $cont\text{-}\Psi : \langle cont\ (\lambda P. \Psi\ P\ a) \rangle$ **and** $chain\text{-}Y : \langle chain\ Y \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After-cont* [*simp*] :
 $\langle cont\ (\lambda x. f\ x \text{ after } a) \rangle$ **if** $cont\text{-}\Psi : \langle cont\ (\lambda P. \Psi\ P\ a) \rangle$ **and** $cont\text{-}f : \langle cont\ f \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

end

Chapter 4

Extension of the After Operator

4.1 The After_✓ Operator

```

locale AfterExt = After  $\Psi$ 
  for  $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$ 
    — Just declaring the types 'a and 'r. +
  fixes  $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$ 
begin

```

4.1.1 Definition

We just defined $P \text{ after } e$ for $P :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}$ and $e :: 'a$; in other words we cannot handle $\checkmark(r)$. We now introduce a generalisation for $e :: ('a, 'r) \text{ event}_{ptick}$.

In the previous version, we agreed to get $STOP$ after a termination, but only if P was not $\perp$ since otherwise we kept $\perp$. We were not really sure about this choice, and we even introduced a variation where the result after a termination was always $STOP$. In this new version we use a placeholder instead: Ω . We define $P \text{ after } \checkmark(r)$ being equal to $\Omega \ P \ r$.

For the moment we have no additional assumption on Ω . This will be discussed later.

definition $\text{After}_{tick} :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{ event}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_{\checkmark} \rangle$ 86)

where $\langle P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e \equiv \text{case } e \text{ of } \text{ev } x \Rightarrow P \text{ after } x \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega \ P \ r \rangle$

lemma *not-initial-After_{tick}*:

$\langle e \notin \text{initials } P \implies P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e = (\text{case } e \text{ of } \text{ev } x \Rightarrow \Psi \ P \ x \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega \ P \ r) \rangle$

<proof>

lemma *initials-After_{tick}*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle (P \text{ after } \checkmark e)^0 = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow (\Omega\ P\ r)^0 \\ | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } ev\ a \in P^0 \text{ then } \{e. [ev\ a, e] \in \mathcal{T}\ P\} \text{ else } (\Psi\ P\ a)^0) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

4.1.2 Projections

lemma *F-After_{tick}*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \mathcal{F}\ (P \text{ after } \checkmark e) = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}\ (\Omega\ P\ r) \\ | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } ev\ a \in P^0 \text{ then } \{(s, X). (ev\ a \# s, X) \in \mathcal{F}\ P\} \text{ else } \mathcal{F}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *D-After_{tick}*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \mathcal{D}\ (P \text{ after } \checkmark e) = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \mathcal{D}\ (\Omega\ P\ r) \\ | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } ev\ a \in P^0 \text{ then } \{s. ev\ a \# s \in \mathcal{D}\ P\} \text{ else } \mathcal{D}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *T-After_{tick}*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \mathcal{T}\ (P \text{ after } \checkmark e) = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \mathcal{T}\ (\Omega\ P\ r) \\ | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } ev\ a \in P^0 \text{ then } \{s. ev\ a \# s \in \mathcal{T}\ P\} \text{ else } \mathcal{T}\ (\Psi\ P\ a)) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

4.1.3 Monotony

lemma *mono-After_{tick}-T* :

$$\langle e \in Q^0 \Rightarrow (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ P\ r \sqsubseteq_T \Omega\ Q\ r) \Rightarrow P \sqsubseteq_T Q \Rightarrow P \text{ after } \checkmark e \sqsubseteq_T Q \text{ after } \checkmark e \rangle$$

and *mono-After_{tick}-F* :

$$\langle e \in Q^0 \Rightarrow (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ P\ r \sqsubseteq_F \Omega\ Q\ r) \Rightarrow P \sqsubseteq_F Q \Rightarrow P \text{ after } \checkmark e \sqsubseteq_F Q \text{ after } \checkmark e \rangle$$

and *mono-After_{tick}-D* :

$$\langle e \in Q^0 \Rightarrow (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ P\ r \sqsubseteq_D \Omega\ Q\ r) \Rightarrow P \sqsubseteq_D Q \Rightarrow P \text{ after } \checkmark e \sqsubseteq_D Q \text{ after } \checkmark e \rangle$$

and *mono-After_{tick}-FD* :

$$\langle e \in Q^0 \Rightarrow (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ P\ r \sqsubseteq_{FD} \Omega\ Q\ r) \Rightarrow P \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \Rightarrow P \text{ after } \checkmark e \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \text{ after } \checkmark e \rangle$$

and *mono-After_{tick}-DT* :

$$\langle e \in Q^0 \Rightarrow (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ P\ r \sqsubseteq_{DT} \Omega\ Q\ r) \Rightarrow P \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \Rightarrow P \text{ after } \checkmark e \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \text{ after } \checkmark e \rangle$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *mono-After_{tick}* :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle [P \sqsubseteq Q; \\ (case\ e\ of\ ev\ a \Rightarrow (ev\ a \in Q^0 \vee \Psi\ P\ a \sqsubseteq \Psi\ Q\ a)); \end{aligned}$$

$(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega \ P \ r \sqsubseteq \Omega \ Q \ r) \Longrightarrow$
 $P \text{ after } \checkmark \ e \sqsubseteq Q \text{ after } \checkmark \ e$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.1.4 Behaviour of $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}$ with STOP , SKIP and $\perp$

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-STOP}$: $\langle \text{STOP after } \checkmark \ e = (\text{case } e \text{ of } \text{ev } a \Rightarrow \Psi \ \text{STOP } a \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega \ \text{STOP } r) \rangle$
and $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-SKIP}$: $\langle \text{SKIP } r \text{ after } \checkmark \ e = (\text{case } e \text{ of } \text{ev } a \Rightarrow \Psi \ (\text{SKIP } r) \ a \mid \checkmark(s) \Rightarrow \Omega \ (\text{SKIP } r) \ s) \rangle$
and $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-BOT}$: $\langle \perp \text{ after } \checkmark \ e = (\text{case } e \text{ of } \text{ev } x \Rightarrow \perp \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega \ \perp \ r) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-is-BOT-iff}$:

$\langle P \text{ after } \checkmark \ e = \perp \iff$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega \ P \ r = \perp$
 $\mid \text{ev } a \Rightarrow \text{if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \text{ then } [\text{ev } a] \in \mathcal{D} \ P \text{ else } \Psi \ P \ a = \perp) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.1.5 Behaviour of $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}$ with Operators of HOL-CSP

Here again, we lose determinism.

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Mprefix-is-After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Mndetprefix}$:

$\langle a \in A \Longrightarrow (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a = (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Det-is-After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Ndet}$:

$\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cup Q^0 \Longrightarrow (P \Box Q) \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a = (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Sliding-is-After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Ndet}$:

$\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cup Q^0 \Longrightarrow (P \triangleright Q) \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a = (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Ndet}$:

$\langle (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after } \checkmark \ e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega \ (P \sqcap Q) \ r$
 $\mid \text{ev } a \Rightarrow \text{if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cap Q^0$
 $\text{then } P \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a \sqcap Q \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a$
 $\text{else if } \text{ev } a \in P^0$
 $\text{then } P \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a$
 $\text{else if } \text{ev } a \in Q^0$
 $\text{then } Q \text{ after } \checkmark \ \text{ev } a$
 $\text{else } \Psi \ (P \sqcap Q) \ a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Det}$:

$\langle (P \sqcap Q) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (P \sqcap Q) r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cap Q^0$
 $\quad \quad \text{then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a \sqcap Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a$
 $\quad \quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in P^0$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in Q^0$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{then } Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{else } \Psi (P \sqcap Q) a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-Sliding:*

$\langle (P \triangleright Q) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (P \triangleright Q) r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cap Q^0$
 $\quad \quad \text{then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a \sqcap Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a$
 $\quad \quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in P^0$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in Q^0$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{then } Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{else } \Psi (P \triangleright Q) a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-Mprefix:*

$\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } a \in A \text{ then } P a \text{ else } \Psi (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-Mndetprefix:*

$\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{ if } a \in A \text{ then } P a \text{ else } \Psi (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *After_{tick}-write0:*

$\langle (a \rightarrow P) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (a \rightarrow P) r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } b \Rightarrow \text{ if } b = a \text{ then } P \text{ else } \Psi (a \rightarrow P) b) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $\langle (a \rightarrow P) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a = P \rangle \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *After_{tick}-read:*

$\langle (c? a \in A \rightarrow P a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (c? a \in A \rightarrow P a) r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } b \Rightarrow \text{ if } b \in c \text{ ' } A \text{ then } P (\text{inv-into } A \text{ } c \text{ } b) \text{ else } \Psi (c? a \in A \rightarrow P a) b) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *After_{tick}-ndet-write:*

$\langle (c!!a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (c!!a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \ r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } b \Rightarrow \text{if } b \in c \text{ ' } A \text{ then } P \ (\text{inv-into } A \ c \ b) \text{ else } \Psi (c!!a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \ b) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-Seq:*

$\langle (P ; Q) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (P ; Q) \ r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{if } \text{range tick} \cap P^0 = \{\} \vee (\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \longrightarrow \text{ev } a \notin Q^0)$
 $\quad \text{then if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \text{ then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a ; Q \text{ else } \Psi (P ; Q) \ a$
 $\quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \text{ then } (P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a ; Q) \sqcap Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a$
 $\quad \text{else } Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-Sync:*

$\langle (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \ r$
 $\quad | \text{ ev } a \Rightarrow \text{if } P = \perp \vee Q = \perp \text{ then } \perp$
 $\quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \cap Q^0$
 $\quad \text{then if } a \in S \text{ then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a$
 $\quad \text{else } (P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \sqcap (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a)$
 $\quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in P^0 \wedge a \notin S \text{ then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a \llbracket S \rrbracket Q$
 $\quad \text{else if } \text{ev } a \in Q^0 \wedge a \notin S \text{ then } P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a$
 $\quad \text{else } \Psi (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \ a) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *Hiding-FD-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-inside:*

$\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \Longrightarrow a \in A \Longrightarrow P \setminus A \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a \setminus A \rangle$

and *After_{tick}-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-notin:*

$\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \Longrightarrow a \notin A \Longrightarrow (P \setminus A) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } a \setminus A \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *Hiding-F-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-inside =*

Hiding-FD-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-inside[THEN leFD-imp-leF]

and *After_{tick}-Hiding-F-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-notin =*

After_{tick}-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-notin[THEN leFD-imp-leF]

and *Hiding-D-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-inside =*

Hiding-FD-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-inside[THEN leFD-imp-leD]

and *After_{tick}-Hiding-D-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-notin =*

After_{tick}-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-notin[THEN leFD-imp-leD]

and *Hiding-T-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-inside =*

Hiding-FD-Hiding-After_{tick}-if-initial-inside[THEN leFD-imp-leF, THEN leF-imp-leT]

and $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Hiding-T-Hiding-After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-if-initial-notin} =$
 $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Hiding-FD-Hiding-After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-if-initial-notin}[\text{THEN } \text{leFD-imp-leF}, \text{ THEN } \text{leF-imp-leT}]$

corollary $\text{Hiding-DT-Hiding-After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-if-initial-inside}$:

$\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \implies a \in A \implies P \setminus A \sqsubseteq_{DT} P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a \setminus A \rangle$
and $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Hiding-DT-Hiding-After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-if-initial-notin}$:
 $\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \implies a \notin A \implies (P \setminus A) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a \sqsubseteq_{DT} P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ev } a \setminus A \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

As with After , we need to "duplicate" the locale to formalize the result for the Renaming operator.

locale $\text{AfterExtDuplicated} = \text{After}_{\text{tick}\alpha} : \text{AfterExt } \Psi_{\alpha} \Omega_{\alpha} + \text{After}_{\text{tick}\beta} : \text{AfterExt } \Psi_{\beta} \Omega_{\beta}$

for $\Psi_{\alpha} :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\Omega_{\alpha} :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\Psi_{\beta} :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'b'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\Omega_{\beta} :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'s'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$

sublocale $\text{AfterExtDuplicated} \subseteq \text{AfterDuplicated} \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context $\text{AfterExtDuplicated}$
begin

notation $\text{After}_{\text{tick}\alpha}.\text{After}$ (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_{\alpha} \rangle$ 86)
notation $\text{After}_{\text{tick}\beta}.\text{After}$ (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_{\beta} \rangle$ 86)
notation $\text{After}_{\text{tick}\alpha}.\text{After}_{\text{tick}}$ (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_{\checkmark\alpha} \rangle$ 86)
notation $\text{After}_{\text{tick}\beta}.\text{After}_{\text{tick}}$ (**infixl** $\langle \text{after}_{\checkmark\beta} \rangle$ 86)

lemma $\text{After}_{\text{tick}}\text{-Renaming}$:

$\langle \text{Renaming } P f g \text{ after}_{\checkmark\beta} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(s) \Rightarrow \Omega_{\beta} (\text{Renaming } P f g) s$
 $\quad | \text{ev } b \Rightarrow \text{if } P = \perp \text{ then } \perp$
 $\quad \quad \text{else if } \exists a. \text{ev } a \in P^0 \wedge f a = b$
 $\quad \quad \text{then } \sqcap a \in \{a. \text{ev } a \in P^0 \wedge f a = b\}. \text{Renaming } (P \text{ after}_{\alpha} a)$
 $f g$
 $\quad \quad \text{else } \Psi_{\beta} (\text{Renaming } P f g) b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

context AfterExt — Back to AfterExt .
begin

4.1.6 Behaviour of $After_{tick}$ with Operators of HOL-CSPM

lemma *After_{tick}-GlobalDet-is-After_{tick}-GlobalNdet:*

$\langle ev\ a \in (\bigcup a \in A. (P\ a)^0) \implies$
 $(\bigcap a \in A. P\ a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a = (\bigcap a \in A. P\ a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-GlobalNdet:*

$\langle (\bigcap a \in A. P\ a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (\bigcap a \in A. P\ a)\ r$
 $\mid ev\ a \Rightarrow \text{if } ev\ a \in (\bigcup a \in A. (P\ a)^0)$
 $\text{then } \bigcap x \in \{x \in A. ev\ a \in (P\ x)^0\}. P\ x \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a$
 $\text{else } \Psi (\bigcap a \in A. P\ a)\ a) \rangle$

and *After_{tick}-GlobalDet:*

$\langle (\bigcap a \in A. P\ a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (\bigcap a \in A. P\ a)\ r$
 $\mid ev\ a \Rightarrow \text{if } ev\ a \in (\bigcup a \in A. (P\ a)^0)$
 $\text{then } \bigcap x \in \{x \in A. ev\ a \in (P\ x)^0\}. P\ x \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a$
 $\text{else } \Psi (\bigcap a \in A. P\ a)\ a) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-Throw:*

$\langle (P\ \Theta\ a \in A. Q\ a) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (P\ \Theta\ a \in A. Q\ a)\ r$
 $\mid ev\ a \Rightarrow \text{if } P = \perp \text{ then } \perp$
 $\text{else if } ev\ a \in P^0$
 $\text{then if } a \in A$
 $\text{then } Q\ a$
 $\text{else } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a\ \Theta\ a \in A. Q\ a$
 $\text{else } \Psi (P\ \Theta\ a \in A. Q\ a)\ a) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *After_{tick}-Interrupt:*

$\langle (P\ \triangle\ Q) \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e =$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega (P\ \triangle\ Q)\ r$
 $\mid ev\ a \Rightarrow \text{if } ev\ a \in P^0 \cap Q^0$
 $\text{then } Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a \sqcap (P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a \triangle Q)$
 $\text{else if } ev\ a \in P^0 \wedge ev\ a \notin Q^0$
 $\text{then } P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a \triangle Q$
 $\text{else if } ev\ a \notin P^0 \wedge ev\ a \in Q^0$
 $\text{then } Q \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev\ a$
 $\text{else } \Psi (P\ \triangle\ Q)\ a) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

4.1.7 Behaviour of $After_{tick}$ with Reference Processes

lemma $After_{tick}$ - DF :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle DF\ A\ after_{\checkmark} e = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ (DF\ A)\ r \\ | ev\ a \Rightarrow if\ a \in A\ then\ DF\ A\ else\ \Psi\ (DF\ A)\ a) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma $After_{tick}$ - DF_{SKIPS} :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ after_{\checkmark} e = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ (DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R)\ r \\ | ev\ a \Rightarrow if\ a \in A\ then\ DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ else\ \Psi\ (DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R)\ a) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma $After_{tick}$ - RUN :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle RUN\ A\ after_{\checkmark} e = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ (RUN\ A)\ r \\ | ev\ a \Rightarrow if\ a \in A\ then\ RUN\ A\ else\ \Psi\ (RUN\ A)\ a) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma $After_{tick}$ - $CHAOS$:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle CHAOS\ A\ after_{\checkmark} e = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ (CHAOS\ A)\ r \\ | ev\ a \Rightarrow if\ a \in A\ then\ CHAOS\ A\ else\ \Psi\ (CHAOS\ A)\ a) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma $After_{tick}$ - $CHAOS_{SKIPS}$:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ after_{\checkmark} e = \\ (case\ e\ of\ \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega\ (CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R)\ r \\ | ev\ a \Rightarrow if\ a \in A\ then\ CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R\ else\ \Psi\ (CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R)\ a) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma DF - FD - $After_{tick}$:

$$\langle DF\ A \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \implies e \in P^0 \implies DF\ A \sqsubseteq_{FD} P\ after_{\checkmark} e \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle$$

lemma DF_{SKIPS} - FD - $After_{tick}$:

$$\langle DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \implies ev\ a \in P^0 \implies DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R \sqsubseteq_{FD} P\ after_{\checkmark} ev\ a \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle$$

lemma $deadlock$ - $free$ - $After_{tick}$:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle e \in P^0 \implies deadlock\text{-}free\ P \implies \\ deadlock\text{-}free\ (P\ after_{\checkmark} e) \longleftrightarrow \\ (case\ e\ of\ ev\ a \Rightarrow True\ | \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow deadlock\text{-}free\ (\Omega\ P\ r)) \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-After_{tick}*:
 $\langle e \in P^0 \implies \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} P \implies$
 $\text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} (P \text{ after } \checkmark e) \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\text{case } e \text{ of } ev \ a \Rightarrow \text{True} \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} (\Omega \ P \ r)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.1.8 Characterizations for Deadlock Freeness

lemma *deadlock-free-imp-not-initial-tick*: $\langle \text{deadlock-free } P \implies \text{range tick} \cap P^0 = \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initial-tick-imp-range-ev-in-refusals*: $\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \implies \text{range } ev \in \mathcal{R} \ P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *deadlock-free-After_{tick}-characterization*:
 $\langle \text{deadlock-free } P \longleftrightarrow \text{range } ev \notin \mathcal{R} \ P \wedge (\forall e. \text{ev } e \in P^0 \longrightarrow \text{deadlock-free } (P$
 $\text{after } \checkmark \text{ ev } e)) \rangle$
 $(\text{is } \langle \text{deadlock-free } P \longleftrightarrow ?rhs \rangle)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-After_{tick}-characterization*:
 $\langle \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow$
 $UNIV \notin \mathcal{R} \ P \wedge (\forall e \in P^0 - \text{range tick}. \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} (P \text{ after } \checkmark e)) \rangle$
 $(\text{is } \langle \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow ?rhs \rangle)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.1.9 Continuity

lemma *After_{tick}-cont [simp]* :
assumes *cont- $\Psi\Omega$* : $\langle \text{case } e \text{ of } ev \ a \Rightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Psi \ P \ a) \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Omega \ P \ r) \rangle$
and *cont-f* : $\langle \text{cont } f \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{cont } (\lambda x. f \ x \text{ after } \checkmark e) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

4.2 The After trace Operator

context *AfterExt*
begin

4.2.1 Definition

We just defined $P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e$ for $P :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}$ and $e :: ('a, 'r) \text{ event}_{ptick}$. Since a trace of a P is just an $('a, 'r) \text{ event}_{ptick}$ list, the following inductive definition is natural.

fun $\text{After}_{trace} :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ trace}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}$
(infixl $\langle \text{after}_{\mathcal{T}} \rangle$ 86)
where $\langle P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} [] = P \rangle$
 $\quad | \quad \langle P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} (e \# t) = P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rangle$

We can also induct backward.

lemma $\text{After}_{trace}\text{-append}$: $\langle P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} (t @ u) = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} u \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{After}_{trace}\text{-snoc}$: $\langle P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} (t @ [e]) = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.2.2 Projections

lemma $F\text{-After}_{trace}$:
 $\langle tF t \implies (t @ u, X) \in \mathcal{F} P \implies (u, X) \in \mathcal{F} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $D\text{-After}_{trace}$:
 $\langle tF t \implies t @ u \in \mathcal{D} P \implies u \in \mathcal{D} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $T\text{-After}_{trace}$: $\langle t @ u \in \mathcal{T} P \implies u \in \mathcal{T} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $\text{initials-After}_{trace}$:
 $\langle t @ e \# u \in \mathcal{T} P \implies e \in (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t)^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $F\text{-imp-R-After}_{trace}$: $\langle tF t \implies (t, X) \in \mathcal{F} P \implies X \in \mathcal{R} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $D\text{-imp-After}_{trace}\text{-is-BOT}$: $\langle tF t \implies t \in \mathcal{D} P \implies P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t = \perp \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $F\text{-After}_{trace}\text{-eq}$:

$\langle t \in \mathcal{T} P \implies tF t \implies \mathcal{F} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) = \{(u, X). (t @ u, X) \in \mathcal{F} P\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *D-After_{trace}-eq*:

$\langle t \in \mathcal{T} P \implies tF t \implies \mathcal{D} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) = \{u. t @ u \in \mathcal{D} P\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *T-After_{trace}-eq*:

$\langle t \in \mathcal{T} P \implies tF t \implies \mathcal{T} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) = \{u. t @ u \in \mathcal{T} P\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.2.3 Monotony

4.2.4 Four inductive Constructions with *After_{trace}*

Reachable Processes

inductive-set *reachable-processes* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \text{ set} \rangle (\mathcal{R}_{proc})$

for $P :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$

where *reachable-self* : $\langle P \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \rangle$

| *reachable-after*: $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \implies ev e \in Q^0 \implies Q \text{ after } e \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \rangle$

lemma *reachable-processes-is*: $\langle \mathcal{R}_{proc} P = \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. tF t \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *reachable-processes-trans*: $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \implies R \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} Q \implies R \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Antecedent Processes

inductive-set *antecedent-processes* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \text{ set} \rangle (\mathcal{A}_{proc})$

for $P :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$

where *antecedent-self* : $\langle P \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} P \rangle$

| *antecedent-after*: $\langle Q \text{ after } e \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} P \implies ev e \in Q^0 \implies Q \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} P \rangle$

lemma *antecedent-processes-is*: $\langle \mathcal{A}_{proc} P = \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} Q. tF t \wedge P = Q \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *antecedent-processes-trans*: $\langle Q \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} P \implies R \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} Q \implies R \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} P \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *antecedent-processes-iff-rev-reachable-processes*: $\langle P \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} Q \iff Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

4.2.5 Nth initials Events

primrec *nth-initials* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) event_{ptick} set \rangle \langle \cdot \rangle$
 $[1000, 3] 999)$
where $\langle P^0 = P^0 \rangle$
 $| \quad \langle P^{Suc\ n} = \bigcup \{(P \text{ after } e)^n \mid e. ev\ e \in P^0\} \rangle$

lemma $\langle P^0 = P^0 \rangle \langle proof \rangle$

lemma *first-initials-is* : $\langle P^1 = \bigcup \{(P \text{ after } e)^0 \mid e. ev\ e \in P^0\} \rangle \langle proof \rangle$

lemma *second-initials-is* :
 $\langle P^2 = \bigcup \{(P \text{ after } e \text{ after } f)^0 \mid e\ f. ev\ e \in P^0 \wedge ev\ f \in (P \text{ after } e)^0\} \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *third-initials-is* :
 $\langle P^3 = \bigcup \{(P \text{ after } e \text{ after } f \text{ after } g)^0 \mid e\ f\ g. ev\ e \in P^0 \wedge ev\ f \in (P \text{ after } e)^0 \wedge ev\ g \in (P \text{ after } e \text{ after } f)^0\} \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

More generally, we have the following result.

lemma *nth-initials-is*: $\langle P^n = \bigcup \{(P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t)^0 \mid t. t \in \mathcal{T}\ P \wedge tF\ t \wedge length\ t = n\} \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nth-initials-DF*: $\langle (DF\ A)^n = ev\ 'A \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nth-initials-DF_{SKIPS}*:
 $\langle (DF_{SKIPS}\ A\ R)^n = (if\ A = \{\} \text{ then if } n = 0 \text{ then tick\ 'R else } \{\} \text{ else } ev\ 'A \cup tick\ 'R) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nth-initials-RUN*: $\langle (RUN\ A)^n = ev\ 'A \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nth-initials-CHAOS*: $\langle (CHAOS\ A)^n = ev\ 'A \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nth-initials-CHAOS_{SKIPS}*:
 $\langle (CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ A\ R)^n = (if\ A = \{\} \text{ then if } n = 0 \text{ then tick\ 'R else } \{\} \text{ else } ev$

$\langle A \cup tick \ R \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

Reachable Ev

inductive *reachable-ev* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool \rangle$

where *initial-ev-reachable*:

$\langle ev \ a \in P^0 \implies reachable-ev \ P \ a \rangle$

| *reachable-ev-after-reachable*:

$\langle ev \ b \in P^0 \implies reachable-ev \ (P \ after \ b) \ a \implies reachable-ev \ P \ a \rangle$

definition *reachable-ev-set* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'a \ set \rangle \ (\mathcal{R}_{ev})$

where $\langle \mathcal{R}_{ev} \ P \equiv \bigcup Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} \ P. \{a. ev \ a \in Q^0\} \rangle$

lemma *reachable-ev-BOT* : $\langle reachable-ev \ \perp \ a \rangle$

and *not-reachable-ev-STOP* : $\langle \neg reachable-ev \ STOP \ a \rangle$

and *not-reachable-ev-SKIP* : $\langle \neg reachable-ev \ (SKIP \ r) \ a \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *events-of-iff-reachable-ev*: $\langle a \in \alpha(P) \longleftrightarrow reachable-ev \ P \ a \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *reachable-ev-iff-in-initials-After_{trace}-for-some-tickFree-T*:

$\langle reachable-ev \ P \ a \longleftrightarrow (\exists t \in \mathcal{T} \ P. tF \ t \wedge ev \ a \in (P \ after_{\mathcal{T}} \ t)^0) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

Properties

corollary *reachable-ev-set-is-mem-Collect-reachable-ev*:

$\langle \mathcal{R}_{ev} \ P = \{a. reachable-ev \ P \ a\} \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *events-of-is-reachable-ev-set*: $\langle \alpha(P) = \mathcal{R}_{ev} \ P \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *events-of-reachable-processes-subset*: $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} \ P \implies \alpha(Q) \subseteq \alpha(P) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *events-of-antecedent-processes-superset*: $\langle Q \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} \ P \implies \alpha(P) \subseteq \alpha(Q) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *events-of-is-Union-nth-initials*: $\langle \alpha(P) = (\bigcup n. \{a. ev \ a \in P^n\}) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

Reachable Tick

inductive *reachable-tick* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
where *initial-tick-reachable*:
 $\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \implies \text{reachable-tick } P \ r \rangle$
| *reachable-tick-after-reachable*:
 $\langle \text{ev } a \in P^0 \implies \text{reachable-tick } (P \text{ after } a) \ r \implies \text{reachable-tick } P \ r \rangle$

definition *reachable-tick-set* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'r \text{ set} \rangle \langle \mathcal{R}_{\checkmark} \rangle$
where $\langle \mathcal{R}_{\checkmark} P \equiv \bigcup Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. \{r. \checkmark(r) \in Q^0\} \rangle$

lemma *reachable-tick-BOT* : $\langle \text{reachable-tick} \perp r \rangle$
and *not-reachable-tick-STOP* : $\langle \neg \text{reachable-tick } STOP \ s \rangle$
and *reachable-tick-SKIP-iff* : $\langle \text{reachable-tick } (SKIP \ r) \ s \longleftrightarrow s = r \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ticks-of-iff-reachable-tick* : $\langle r \in \checkmark s(P) \longleftrightarrow \text{reachable-tick } P \ r \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *reachable-tick-iff-in-initials-After_{trace}-for-some-tickFree-T*:
 $\langle \text{reachable-tick } P \ r \longleftrightarrow (\exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. tF \ t \wedge \checkmark(r) \in (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t)^0) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Properties

corollary *reachable-tick-set-is-mem-Collect-reachable-tick* :
 $\langle \mathcal{R}_{\checkmark} P = \{a. \text{reachable-tick } P \ a\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *ticks-of-is-reachable-tick-set* : $\langle \checkmark s(P) = \mathcal{R}_{\checkmark} P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ticks-of-reachable-processes-subset* : $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \implies \checkmark s(Q) \subseteq \checkmark s(P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *ticks-of-antecedent-processes-superset* : $\langle Q \in \mathcal{A}_{proc} P \implies \checkmark s(P) \subseteq \checkmark s(Q) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ticks-of-is-Union-nth-initials*: $\langle \checkmark s(P) = (\bigcup n. \{r. \checkmark(r) \in P^n\}) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.2.6 Characterizations for Deadlock Freeness

Remember that we have characterized *deadlock-free* P with an equality involving $(\text{after}_{\checkmark})$: $\text{deadlock-free } P = (\text{range ev} \notin \mathcal{R} P \wedge (\forall e. \text{ev } e \in P^0$

$\longrightarrow \text{deadlock-free } (P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \text{ ev } e)))$. This can of course be derived in a characterization involving $(\text{after}_{\mathcal{T}})$.

lemma *deadlock-free-After_{trace}-characterization:*

$\langle \text{deadlock-free } P \longleftrightarrow (\forall t \in \mathcal{T} \ P. \text{ range ev } \notin \mathcal{R}_a \ P \ t \wedge (t \neq [] \longrightarrow \text{deadlock-free } (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} \ t))) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-After_{trace}-characterization:*

$\langle \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} \ P \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\forall t \in \mathcal{T} \ P. tF \ t \longrightarrow \text{UNIV} \notin \mathcal{R}_a \ P \ t \wedge (t \neq [] \longrightarrow \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} \ t))) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Actually, with $\text{After}_{\text{trace}}$, we can obtain much more powerful results. This will be developed later.

4.2.7 Continuity

lemma *After_{trace}-cont :*

$\langle [\forall a. \text{ ev } a \in \text{set } t \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Psi \ P \ a);$
 $\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in \text{set } t \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Omega \ P \ r); \text{ cont } f] \implies$
 $\text{cont } (\lambda x. f \ x \ \text{after}_{\mathcal{T}} \ t) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

Chapter 5

Motivations for our Definitions

To construct our bridge between denotational and operational semantics, we want to define two kind of transitions:

- without external event: $P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P'$
- with the terminating event $\checkmark(r)$: $P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P'$
- with a non terminating external event $ev\ e$: $P \rightsquigarrow_e P'$.

We will discuss in this theory some fundamental properties that we want

$P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q$, $P \rightsquigarrow_e P'$ and $P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P'$ to verify, and the consequences that this will have.

Let's say we want to define the τ transition as an inductive predicate with three introduction rules:

- we allow a process to make a τ transition towards itself: $P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P$
- the non-deterministic choice ($\sqcap$) can make a τ transition to the left side $P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P$
- the non-deterministic choice ($\sqcap$) can make a τ transition to the right side $P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q$.

inductive τ -trans :: $\langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \rangle$ 50)
where τ -trans-eq : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P \rangle$
| τ -trans-NdetL : $\langle P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P \rangle$

| $\tau\text{-trans-NdetR} : \langle P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$

— We can obtain the same inductive predicate by removing $\tau\text{-trans-eq}$ and $\tau\text{-trans-NdetR}$ clauses (because of $(\sqcap)$ properties).

With this definition, we immediately show that the τ transition is the FD-refinement $(\sqsubseteq_{FD})$.

lemma $\tau\text{-trans-is-FD}$: $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) = (\sqsubseteq_{FD}) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

The definition of the event transition will be a little bit more complex.

First of all we want to prevent a process $P::('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}$ to make a transition with $ev(e::'a)$ (resp. $\checkmark(r::'r)$) if P can not begin with $ev e$ (resp. $\checkmark(r)$).

More formally, we want $P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies ev e \in P^0$ (resp. $P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \implies \checkmark(r) \in P^0$).

Moreover, we want the event transitions to absorb the τ transitions.

Finally, when $e \in P^0$ (resp. $\checkmark(r) \in P^0$), we want to have $P \rightsquigarrow_e P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} ev e$ (resp. $P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} \checkmark(r)$).

This brings us to the following inductive definition:

inductive $\text{event-trans-prem} :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ event}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
where
 $\tau\text{-left-absorb} : \langle \llbracket e \in \text{initials } P'; P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P'; \text{event-trans-prem } P' e P'' \rrbracket \implies \text{event-trans-prem } P e P'' \rangle$
 $\mid \tau\text{-right-absorb} : \langle \llbracket e \in \text{initials } P; \text{event-trans-prem } P e P'; P' \rightsquigarrow_\tau P'' \rrbracket \implies \text{event-trans-prem } P e P'' \rangle$
 $\mid \text{initial-trans-to-After}_{tick} : \langle e \in \text{initials } P \implies \text{event-trans-prem } P e (P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e) \rangle$

abbreviation $\text{event-trans} :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$

$(\langle - \rightsquigarrow_- - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50)$

where $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \equiv ev e \in \text{initials } P \wedge \text{event-trans-prem } P (ev e) P' \rangle$

abbreviation $\text{tick-trans} :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ $(\langle - \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50)$

where $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \equiv \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \wedge \text{event-trans-prem } P \checkmark(r) P' \rangle$

We immediately show that, under the assumption of monotony of Ω , this event transition definition is equivalent to the following:

lemma $\text{startable-imp-ev-trans-is-startable-and-FD-After}$:

$\langle (\text{case } e \text{ of } ev x \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_x P' \mid \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P') \longleftrightarrow e \in P^0 \wedge P \text{ after}_{\checkmark} e \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \rangle$

if $\langle \bigwedge P Q. \text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow \Omega P r \rightsquigarrow_\tau \Omega Q r \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

With these two results, we are encouraged in the following theories to define:

- $P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \equiv P \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q$
- $P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \equiv ev\ e \in P^0 \wedge P\ after_{\checkmark}\ ev\ e \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q$
- $P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \equiv \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \wedge P\ after_{\checkmark}\ \checkmark(r) \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q$

and possible variations with other refinements.

But we want to make the construction as general as possible. Therefore we will continue with the locale mechanism, eventually adding additional required assumptions for each operator, and we will instantiate with refinements at the end.

Chapter 6

Generic Operational Semantics as a Locale

Some Properties of Monotony lemma *FD-iff-eq-Ndet*: $\langle P \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \longleftrightarrow P = P \sqcap Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *non-BOT-mono-Det-F* :
 $\langle P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \implies Q = \perp \vee Q' \neq \perp \implies P \sqsubseteq_F P' \implies Q \sqsubseteq_F Q' \implies P \sqcap Q \sqsubseteq_F P' \sqcap Q' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *non-BOT-mono-Det-left-F* : $\langle P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \vee Q = \perp \implies P \sqsubseteq_F P' \implies P \sqcap Q \sqsubseteq_F P' \sqcap Q \rangle$
and *non-BOT-mono-Det-right-F* : $\langle Q = \perp \vee Q' \neq \perp \vee P = \perp \implies Q \sqsubseteq_F Q' \implies P \sqcap Q \sqsubseteq_F P \sqcap Q' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *non-BOT-mono-Sliding-F* :
 $\langle P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \vee Q = \perp \implies P \sqsubseteq_F P' \implies Q \sqsubseteq_F Q' \implies P \triangleright Q \sqsubseteq_F P' \triangleright Q' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

6.1 Definition

locale *OpSemTransitions* = *AfterExt* Ψ Ω
for $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
— Just declaring the types $'a$ and $'r$. +
fixes $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) process_{ptick}] \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$
50)
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-NdetL}$: $\langle P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans-transitivity}$: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \implies Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \implies P \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans-anti-mono-initials}$: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \implies initials\ Q \subseteq initials\ P \rangle$

and τ -trans-mono-After_{tick}: $\langle e \in \text{initials } Q \implies P \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \implies P \text{ after } \checkmark e \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \text{ after } \checkmark e \rangle$

begin

This locale needs to be instantiated with:

- a function $\Psi :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}$ that is a placeholder for the value of $P \text{ after } e$ when $ev\ e \notin P^0$
- a function $\Omega :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}$ that is a placeholder for the value of $P \text{ after } \checkmark \checkmark(r)$
- a binary relation $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ which:
 - is compatible with $(\sqcap)$
 - is transitive
 - makes *initials* anti-monotonic
 - makes *After_{tick}* monotonic.

From the τ transition $P \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q$ we derive the event transition as follows:

abbreviation *ev-trans* :: $\langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'a, ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
 $\langle \langle - \rightsquigarrow_\tau - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
where $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e Q \equiv ev\ e \in P^0 \wedge P \text{ after } \checkmark ev\ e \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$

abbreviation *tick-trans* :: $\langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'r, ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
 $\langle \langle - \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
where $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} Q \equiv \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \wedge P \text{ after } \checkmark \checkmark(r) \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-is*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e Q \iff ev\ e \in \text{initials } P \wedge P \text{ after } e \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-is*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} Q \iff \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \wedge \Omega\ P\ r \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *reverse-event-trans-is*:
 $\langle e \in P^0 \wedge P \text{ after } \checkmark e \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \iff (\text{case } e \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} Q \mid ev\ x \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_x Q) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

From idempotence, commutativity and $\perp$ absorbency of $(\sqcap)$, we get the following free of charge.

lemma τ -trans-eq: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P \rangle$
and τ -trans-NdetR: $\langle P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$
and BOT- τ -trans-anything: $\langle \perp \rightsquigarrow_\tau P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *BOT-ev-trans-anything*: $\langle \perp \rightsquigarrow_e P \rangle$
and *BOT-tick-trans*: $\langle \perp \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark_r} \Omega \perp r \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

As immediate consequences of the axioms, we prove that event transitions absorb τ transitions on right and on left.

lemma *ev-trans- τ -trans*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies P' \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P'' \implies P \rightsquigarrow_e P'' \rangle$
and *tick-trans- τ -trans*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark_r} P' \implies P' \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P'' \implies P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark_r} P'' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *τ -trans-ev-trans*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P' \implies P' \rightsquigarrow_e P'' \implies P \rightsquigarrow_e P'' \rangle$
and *τ -trans-tick-trans*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P' \implies P' \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark_r} P'' \implies P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark_r} P'' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

We can also add these result which will be useful later.

lemma *initial-tick-imp- τ -trans-SKIP*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \text{SKIP } r \rangle$ **if** $\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *exists-tick-trans-is-initial-tick*: $\langle (\exists P'. P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark_r} P') \longleftrightarrow \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

There is also a major property we can already prove.

lemma *τ -trans-imp-leT*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \implies P \sqsubseteq_T Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

We can now define the concept of transition with a trace and demonstrate the first properties.

inductive *trace-trans* :: $\langle ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{trace}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
 $\langle (- \rightsquigarrow^* -) [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
where *trace- τ -trans* : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P' \implies P \rightsquigarrow^* [] P' \rangle$
| *trace-tick-trans* : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark_r} P' \implies P \rightsquigarrow^* [\checkmark(r)] P' \rangle$
| *trace-Cons-ev-trans* : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies P' \rightsquigarrow^* s P'' \implies P \rightsquigarrow^* (ev \ e) \# s P'' \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans- τ -trans*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* s P' \implies P' \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P'' \implies P \rightsquigarrow^* s P'' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *τ -trans-trace-trans*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P' \implies P' \rightsquigarrow^* s P'' \implies P \rightsquigarrow^* s P'' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *BOT-trace-trans-tickFree-anything* : $\langle \text{tickFree } s \implies \perp \rightsquigarrow^* s P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

6.2 Consequences of $P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q$ on $\mathcal{F}$, $\mathcal{T}$ and $\mathcal{D}$

lemma *trace-trans-imp-F-if- τ -trans-imp-leF*:

$\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q \implies X \in \mathcal{R} Q \implies (s, X) \in \mathcal{F} P \rangle$
if $\langle \forall P Q. P \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \longrightarrow P \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-imp-T*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q \implies s \in \mathcal{T} P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tickFree-trace-trans-BOT-imp-D-if- τ -trans-BOT-imp-eq-BOT-weak*:
 $\langle \text{tickFree } s \implies P \rightsquigarrow^* s \perp \implies s \in \mathcal{D} P \rangle$
if $\langle \forall P. P \rightsquigarrow_\tau \perp \longrightarrow P = \perp \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

6.3 Characterizations for $P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q$

lemma *trace-trans-iff* :
 $\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* [] Q \longleftrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$
 $\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* [\checkmark(r)] Q \longleftrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} Q \rangle$
 $\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* (ev\ e) \# s Q' \longleftrightarrow (\exists Q. P \rightsquigarrow_e Q \wedge Q \rightsquigarrow^* s Q') \rangle$
 $\langle (P \rightsquigarrow^* s @ [f] Q') \longleftrightarrow$
 $\quad \text{tickFree } s \wedge (\exists Q. P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q \wedge (\text{case } f \text{ of } \checkmark(r) \Rightarrow Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} Q' \mid ev\ x \Rightarrow Q \rightsquigarrow_x$
 $\quad Q')) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{front-tickFree } (s @ t) \implies (P \rightsquigarrow^* s @ t Q') \longleftrightarrow (\exists Q. P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q \wedge Q \rightsquigarrow^* t Q') \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

6.4 Finally: $P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q$ is P after $_\tau s \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q$

theorem *trace-trans-iff-T-and-After_{trace- τ -trans}* :
 $\langle (P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q) \longleftrightarrow s \in \mathcal{T} P \wedge P \text{ after}_\tau s \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

As corollaries we obtain the reciprocal results of

$\llbracket \forall P Q. P \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q \longrightarrow P \sqsubseteq_F Q; ?P \rightsquigarrow^* ?s ?Q; ?X \in \mathcal{R} ?Q \rrbracket \implies (?s, ?X) \in \mathcal{F} ?P$

$?P \rightsquigarrow^* ?s ?Q \implies ?s \in \mathcal{T} ?P$

$\llbracket \forall P. P \rightsquigarrow_\tau \perp \longrightarrow P = \perp; tF\ ?s; ?P \rightsquigarrow^* ?s \perp \rrbracket \implies ?s \in \mathcal{D} ?P$

lemma *tickFree-F-imp-exists-trace-trans*:
 $\langle \text{tickFree } s \implies (s, X) \in \mathcal{F} P \implies \exists Q. (P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q) \wedge X \in \mathcal{R} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *T-imp-exists-trace-trans*: $\langle s \in \mathcal{T} P \implies \exists Q. P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tickFree-D-imp-trace-trans-BOT*: $\langle \text{tickFree } s \implies s \in \mathcal{D} P \implies P \rightsquigarrow^* s \perp \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

And therefore, we obtain equivalences.

lemma *F-trace-trans-reality-check-weak*:

$\langle \forall P Q. P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \longrightarrow P \sqsubseteq_F Q \Longrightarrow \text{tickFree } s \Longrightarrow$
 $(s, X) \in \mathcal{F} P \longleftrightarrow (\exists Q. (P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q) \wedge X \in \mathcal{R} Q) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *T-trace-trans-reality-check*: $\langle s \in \mathcal{T} P \longleftrightarrow (\exists Q. P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *D-trace-trans-reality-check-weak*:

$\langle \forall P. P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \perp \longrightarrow P = \perp \Longrightarrow \text{tickFree } s \Longrightarrow s \in \mathcal{D} P \longleftrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow^* s \perp \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

When we have more information on $P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q$, we obtain:

lemma *STOP-trace-trans-iff*: $\langle \text{STOP} \rightsquigarrow^* s P \longleftrightarrow s = [] \wedge P = \text{STOP} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *Ω -SKIP-is-STOP-imp- τ -trans-imp-leF-imp-SKIP-trace-trans-iff*:

$\langle \Omega (SKIP\ r) r = \text{STOP} \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge P Q. P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \Longrightarrow P \sqsubseteq_F Q) \Longrightarrow$
 $(SKIP\ r \rightsquigarrow^* s P) \longleftrightarrow s = [] \wedge P = SKIP\ r \vee s = [\checkmark(r)] \wedge P = \text{STOP} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-imp-initials-subset-initials-After_{trace}*:

$\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* s Q \Longrightarrow \text{initials } Q \subseteq \text{initials } (P \text{ after}_{\tau} s) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *imp-trace-trans-imp-initial*:

$\langle P \rightsquigarrow^* (s @ e \# t) Q \Longrightarrow e \in \text{initials } (P \text{ after}_{\tau} s) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Under additional assumptions, we can show that the event transition and the trace transition are admissible.

lemma *ev-trans-adm-weak[simp]*:

assumes τ -trans-adm:

$\langle \bigwedge u v. \text{cont } (u :: 'b :: cpo \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}) \Longrightarrow \text{monofun } v \Longrightarrow \text{adm}(\lambda x.$
 $u\ x \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} v\ x) \rangle$

and Ψ -cont-hyp : $\langle \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Psi\ P\ e) \rangle$

and cont-u: $\langle \text{cont } (u :: 'b \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}) \rangle$ **and** monofun-v : $\langle \text{monofun } v \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{adm}(\lambda x. u\ x \rightsquigarrow_e (v\ x)) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-adm-weak[simp]*:

assumes τ -trans-adm:

$\langle \bigwedge u v. \text{cont } (u :: 'b :: \text{cpo} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}) \Rightarrow \text{monofun } v \Rightarrow \text{adm}(\lambda x. u x \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} v x) \rangle$
and $\Omega\text{-cont-hyp} : \langle \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Omega P r) \rangle$
and $\text{cont-u} : \langle \text{cont } (u :: 'b \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}) \rangle$ **and** $\text{monofun-v} : \langle \text{monofun } v \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{adm}(\lambda x. u x \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} (v x)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-adm-weak[simp]*:

assumes $\tau\text{-trans-adm} : \langle \bigwedge u v. \text{cont } (u :: 'b :: \text{cpo} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}) \Rightarrow \text{monofun } v \Rightarrow \text{adm}(\lambda x. u x \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} v x) \rangle$
and $\text{After}_{\text{trace-cont-hyps}} : \langle \forall x. \text{ev } x \in \text{set } s \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Psi P x) \rangle \langle \forall r. \checkmark(r) \in \text{set } s \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Omega P r) \rangle$
and $\text{cont-u} : \langle \text{cont } (u :: 'b :: \text{cpo} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}) \rangle$ **and** $\text{monofun-v} : \langle \text{monofun } v \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{adm}(\lambda x. u x \rightsquigarrow^* s (v x)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

6.5 General Rules of Operational Semantics

We can now derive some rules of the operational semantics that we are defining.

lemma *SKIP-trans-tick-Ω-SKIP*: $\langle \text{SKIP } r \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } r) r \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *SKIP-OpSem-rule* = *SKIP-trans-tick-Ω-SKIP*

This is quite obvious, but we can get better.

lemma *initial-tick-imp-tick-trans-Ω-SKIP*: $\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } r) r \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-imp-tick-trans-Ω-SKIP* : $\langle \exists P'. P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } r) r \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *SKIP-cant-ev-trans*: $\langle \neg \text{SKIP } r \rightsquigarrow_e P \rangle$
and *STOP-cant-ev-trans*: $\langle \neg \text{STOP} \rightsquigarrow_e P \rangle$
and *STOP-cant-tick-trans*: $\langle \neg \text{STOP} \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P \rangle$ $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-Mprefix*: $\langle e \in A \implies \Box a \in A \rightarrow P\ a \rightsquigarrow_e (P\ e) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-Mndetprefix*: $\langle e \in A \implies \Box a \in A \rightarrow P\ a \rightsquigarrow_e (P\ e) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-prefix*: $\langle e \rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_e P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas *prefix-OpSem-rules* = *ev-trans-prefix ev-trans-Mprefix ev-trans-Mndetprefix*

lemma *τ -trans-GlobalNdet*: $\langle \Box a \in A. P\ a \rightsquigarrow_\tau P\ e \rangle$ **if** $\langle e \in A \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas *Ndet-OpSem-rules* = *τ -trans-NdetL τ -trans-NdetR τ -trans-GlobalNdet*

lemma *τ -trans-fix-point*: $\langle cont\ f \implies P = (\mu\ X. f\ X) \implies P \rightsquigarrow_\tau f\ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas *fix-point-OpSem-rule* = *τ -trans-fix-point*

lemma *ev-trans-DetL*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies P \Box Q \rightsquigarrow_e P' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-DetR*: $\langle Q \rightsquigarrow_e Q' \implies P \Box Q \rightsquigarrow_e Q' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-DetL*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \implies P \Box Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega\ (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-DetR*: $\langle Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} Q' \implies P \Box Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega\ (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-GlobalDet*:
 $\langle \Box a \in A. P\ a \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$ **if** $\langle a \in A \rangle$ **and** $\langle P\ a \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-GlobalDet*:
 $\langle \Box a \in A. P\ a \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega\ (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$ **if** $\langle a \in A \rangle$ **and** $\langle P\ a \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-SlidingL*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies P \triangleright Q \rightsquigarrow_e P' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-SlidingL*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \implies P \triangleright Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma τ -*trans-SlidingR*: $\langle P \triangleright Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma τ -*trans-SegR*: $\langle P ; Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q' \rangle$ **if** $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \rangle$ **and** $\langle Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \implies Q \rightsquigarrow_e Q' \implies P ; Q \rightsquigarrow_e Q' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-Hiding*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \implies P \setminus B \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma τ -*trans-SKIP-SyncL*: $\langle P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} SKIP\ r \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rangle$ **if** $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma τ -*trans-SKIP-SyncR*: $\langle Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} Q' \implies P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P \llbracket S \rrbracket SKIP\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-SKIP-Sync-SKIP*: $\langle SKIP\ r \llbracket S \rrbracket SKIP\ r \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle SKIP\ r \llbracket S \rrbracket SKIP\ r \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} SKIP\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-InterruptL* : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \implies P \triangle Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$
and *tick-trans-InterruptR* : $\langle Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} Q' \implies P \triangle Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-ThrowL* : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} P' \implies P \ominus a \in A. Q a \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} \Omega (SKIP\ r)\ r \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-ThrowR-inside*:
 $\langle e \in A \implies P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies P \ominus a \in A. Q a \rightsquigarrow_e (Q\ e) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

6.6 Recovering other operational rules

By adding a τ -transition hypothesis on each operator, we can recover the remaining operational rules.

6.6.1 Det Laws

locale *OpSemTransitionsDet* = *OpSemTransitions* $\Psi\ \Omega\ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [(a, r)\ process_{ptick}, a] \Rightarrow (a, r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(a, r)\ process_{ptick}, r] \Rightarrow (a, r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [(a, r)\ process_{ptick}, (a, r)\ process_{ptick}] \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$
50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-DetL} : \langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \implies P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \sqcap Q \rangle$
begin

lemma $\tau\text{-trans-DetR} : \langle Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q' \implies P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P \sqcap Q' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas *Det-OpSem-rules* = $\tau\text{-trans-DetL}\ \tau\text{-trans-DetR}$
ev-trans-DetL *ev-trans-DetR*
tick-trans-DetL *tick-trans-DetR*

end

6.6.2 Det relaxed Laws

locale *OpSemTransitionsDetRelaxed* = *OpSemTransitions* $\Psi\ \Omega\ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [(a, r)\ process_{ptick}, a] \Rightarrow (a, r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(a, r)\ process_{ptick}, r] \Rightarrow (a, r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [(a, r)\ process_{ptick}, (a, r)\ process_{ptick}] \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$
50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-DetL} : \langle P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \vee Q = \perp \implies P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \implies P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \sqcap Q \rangle$
begin

lemma $\tau\text{-trans-DetR} : \langle Q = \perp \vee Q' \neq \perp \vee Q = \perp \implies Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q' \implies P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P \sqcap Q' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $\text{Det-OpSem-rules} = \tau\text{-trans-DetL } \tau\text{-trans-DetR}$
 $\text{ev-trans-DetL } \text{ev-trans-DetR}$
 $\text{tick-trans-DetL } \text{tick-trans-DetR}$

end

6.6.3 Seq Laws

locale $\text{OpSemTransitionsSeq} = \text{OpSemTransitions } \Psi \ \Omega \ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, a] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, r] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$ 50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-SeqL} : \langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \implies P ; Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' ; Q \rangle$
begin

lemma $\text{ev-trans-SeqL} : \langle P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies P ; Q \rightsquigarrow_e P' ; Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $\text{Seq-OpSem-rules} = \tau\text{-trans-SeqL } \text{ev-trans-SeqL } \tau\text{-trans-SeqR}$

end

6.6.4 Renaming Laws

We are used to it now: we need to duplicate the locale in order to obtain the rules for the *Renaming* operator.

locale $\text{OpSemTransitionsDuplicated} =$
 $\text{OpSemTransitions}_\alpha : \text{OpSemTransitions } \Psi_\alpha \ \Omega_\alpha \ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle +$
 $\text{OpSemTransitions}_\beta : \text{OpSemTransitions } \Psi_\beta \ \Omega_\beta \ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi_\alpha :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, a] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\alpha :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, r] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans}_\alpha :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$ 50)
and $\Psi_\beta :: \langle [(b, s) \text{ process}_{ptick}, b] \Rightarrow (b, s) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\beta :: \langle [(b, s) \text{ process}_{ptick}, s] \Rightarrow (b, s) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans}_\beta :: \langle [(b, s) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (b, s) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$ 50)
begin

notation $\text{OpSemTransitions}_\alpha.\text{ev-trans} \ (\langle _ \rightsquigarrow_\tau _ \rangle \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$
notation $\text{OpSemTransitions}_\alpha.\text{tick-trans} \ (\langle _ \rightsquigarrow_\tau _ \rangle \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$
notation $\text{OpSemTransitions}_\beta.\text{ev-trans} \ (\langle _ \rightsquigarrow_\tau _ \rangle \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$
notation $\text{OpSemTransitions}_\beta.\text{tick-trans} \ (\langle _ \rightsquigarrow_\tau _ \rangle \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$

lemma *tick-trans-Renaming*: $\langle P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \text{tick} P' \Rightarrow \text{Renaming } P \text{ f } g \xrightarrow{\beta} \text{tick} g \text{ r } (\Omega_\beta (\text{SKIP} (g \text{ r})) (g \text{ r})) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

sublocale *OpSemTransitionsDuplicated* $\subseteq$ *AfterExtDuplicated* $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

locale *OpSemTransitionsRenaming* =
OpSemTransitionsDuplicated $\Psi_\alpha \Omega_\alpha \tau\text{-trans}_\alpha \Psi_\beta \Omega_\beta \tau\text{-trans}_\beta$
for $\Psi_\alpha :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\alpha :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans}_\alpha :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \rangle$ 50)
and $\Psi_\beta :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'b'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\beta :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'s'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans}_\beta :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \xrightarrow{\beta} \rangle$ 50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-Renaming} : \langle P \xrightarrow{\alpha} P' \Rightarrow \text{Renaming } P \text{ f } g \xrightarrow{\beta} \text{tick} g \text{ r } \text{Renaming } P' \text{ f } g \rangle$
begin

lemma *ev-trans-Renaming*: $\langle \text{Renaming } P \text{ f } g \xrightarrow{\beta} \text{tick} b (\text{Renaming } P' \text{ f } g) \rangle$
if $\langle \text{'a'} = \text{'b'} \rangle$ **and** $\langle P \xrightarrow{\alpha} P' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *Renaming-OpSem-rules* = $\tau\text{-trans-Renaming}$ *tick-trans-Renaming* *ev-trans-Renaming*

end

6.6.5 Hiding Laws

locale *OpSemTransitionsHiding* = *OpSemTransitions* $\Psi \Omega \langle \xrightarrow{\tau} \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}, (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \xrightarrow{\tau} \rangle$ 50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-Hiding} : \langle P \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \Rightarrow P \setminus A \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \setminus A \rangle$
begin

lemma $\tau\text{-trans-Hiding-inside}$: $\langle P \setminus A \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \setminus A \rangle$ **if** $\langle e \in A \rangle$ **and** $\langle P \xrightarrow{e} P' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-Hiding-notin*: $\langle P \setminus A \xrightarrow{e} P' \setminus A \rangle$ **if** $\langle e \notin A \rangle$ **and** $\langle P \xrightarrow{e} P' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *Hiding-OpSem-rules* = τ -trans-Hiding tick-trans-Hiding
 ev-trans-Hiding-notin τ -trans-Hiding-inside

end

6.6.6 Sync Laws

locale *OpSemTransitionsSync* = *OpSemTransitions* Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and τ -trans $:: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$
 50) +
assumes τ -trans-SyncL : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \Longrightarrow P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rangle$
begin

lemma τ -trans-SyncR : $\langle Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q' \Longrightarrow P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-SyncL* : $\langle e \notin S \Longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \Longrightarrow P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rightsquigarrow_e P' \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-SyncR* : $\langle e \notin S \Longrightarrow Q \rightsquigarrow_e Q' \Longrightarrow P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rightsquigarrow_e P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-SyncLR* :
 $\langle e \in S \Longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \Longrightarrow Q \rightsquigarrow_e Q' \Longrightarrow P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q \rightsquigarrow_e P' \llbracket S \rrbracket Q' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *Sync-OpSem-rules* = τ -trans-SyncL τ -trans-SyncR
 ev-trans-SyncL ev-trans-SyncR
 ev-trans-SyncLR
 τ -trans-SKIP-SyncL τ -trans-SKIP-SyncR
 tick-trans-SKIP-Sync-SKIP

end

6.6.7 Sliding Laws

locale *OpSemTransitionsSliding* = *OpSemTransitions* Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and τ -trans $:: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$
 50) +
assumes τ -trans-SlidingL : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \Longrightarrow P \triangleright Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \triangleright Q \rangle$
 — We just add the τ -trans-SlidingL property.
begin

lemmas *Sliding-OpSem-rules* = τ -trans-SlidingR τ -trans-SlidingL

ev-trans-SlidingL tick-trans-SlidingL

end

6.6.8 *Sliding relaxed Laws*

locale *OpSemTransitionsSlidingRelaxed* = *OpSemTransitions* Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-SlidingL} : \langle P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \vee Q = \perp \implies P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \implies P \triangleright Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \triangleright Q \rangle$
— We just add the $\tau\text{-trans-SlidingL}$ property.
begin

lemmas *Sliding-OpSem-rules* = $\tau\text{-trans-SlidingR}$ $\tau\text{-trans-SlidingL}$
ev-trans-SlidingL tick-trans-SlidingL

end

6.6.9 *Interrupt Laws*

locale *OpSemTransitionsInterruptL* = *OpSemTransitions* Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-InterruptL} : \langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \implies P \triangle Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \triangle Q \rangle$
begin

lemma *ev-trans-InterruptL*: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \implies P \triangle Q \rightsquigarrow_e P' \triangle Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ev-trans-InterruptR*: $\langle Q \rightsquigarrow_e Q' \implies P \triangle Q \rightsquigarrow_e P \triangle Q' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

locale *OpSemTransitionsInterrupt* = *OpSemTransitionsInterruptL* Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
50) +
assumes $\tau\text{-trans-InterruptR} : \langle Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau Q' \implies P \triangle Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P \triangle Q' \rangle$

— We just add the τ -trans-InterruptR property.
begin

lemmas *Interrupt-OpSem-rules* = τ -trans-InterruptL τ -trans-InterruptR
ev-trans-InterruptL ev-trans-InterruptR
tick-trans-InterruptL tick-trans-InterruptR

end

6.6.10 Throw Laws

locale *OpSemTransitionsThrow* = *OpSemTransitions* Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, a] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, r] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and τ -trans $:: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
50) +
assumes τ -trans-ThrowL : $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \Rightarrow P \Theta a \in A. Q a \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \Theta a \in A. Q a \rangle$
begin

lemma *ev-trans-ThrowL-notin*:
 $\langle e \notin A \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_e P' \Rightarrow P \Theta a \in A. Q a \rightsquigarrow_e (P' \Theta a \in A. Q a) \rangle$
<proof>

lemmas *Throw-OpSem-rules* = τ -trans-ThrowL *tick-trans-ThrowL*
ev-trans-ThrowL-notin ev-trans-ThrowR-inside

end

6.7 Locales, Assemble !

It is now time to assemble our locales.

locale *OpSemTransitionsAll* =
OpSemTransitionsDet Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsSeq Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsHiding Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsSync Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsSliding Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsInterrupt Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsThrow Ψ Ω $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, a] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, r] \Rightarrow (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and τ -trans $:: \langle [(a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (a, r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
50)

Of course we need to duplicate the locale for obtaining *Renaming* rules.

locale *OpSemTransitionsAllDuplicated* =
*OpSemTransitionsAll*_α: *OpSemTransitionsAll* Ψ_α Ω_α $\langle (\alpha \rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
*OpSemTransitionsAll*_β: *OpSemTransitionsAll* Ψ_β Ω_β $\langle (\beta \rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsRenaming Ψ_α Ω_α τ -trans_α Ψ_β Ω_β τ -trans_β
for $\Psi_\alpha :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\alpha :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and τ -trans_α :: $\langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl**
 $\langle \alpha \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$ 50)
and $\Psi_\beta :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'b'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\beta :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'s'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and τ -trans_β :: $\langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \beta \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$
50)
begin

notation *OpSemTransitionsAll*_α.ev-trans $\langle \langle - \alpha \rightsquigarrow - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
notation *OpSemTransitionsAll*_α.tick-trans $\langle \langle - \alpha \rightsquigarrow \checkmark - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
notation *OpSemTransitionsAll*_β.ev-trans $\langle \langle - \beta \rightsquigarrow - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
notation *OpSemTransitionsAll*_β.tick-trans $\langle \langle - \beta \rightsquigarrow \checkmark - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$

end

6.8 $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ instantiated with $(\sqsubseteq_{FD})$ or $(\sqsubseteq_{DT})$

6.8.1 $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ instantiated with $(\sqsubseteq_{FD})$

locale *OpSemFD* =
fixes $\Psi :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
assumes *mono-Ω-FD*: $\langle \checkmark(r) \in Q^0 \Rightarrow P \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \Rightarrow \Omega P r \sqsubseteq_{FD} \Omega Q r \rangle$

sublocale *OpSemFD* $\subseteq$ *OpSemTransitionsAll* - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_{FD}) :: (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *OpSemFD*
begin

Finally, the only remaining hypothesis is $\llbracket \checkmark(?r) \in ?Q^0; ?P \sqsubseteq_{FD} ?Q \rrbracket \Rightarrow \Omega ?P ?r \sqsubseteq_{FD} \Omega ?Q ?r$ when we instantiate our locale with the failure-divergence refinement $(\sqsubseteq_{FD})$.

Of course, we can strengthen some previous results.

notation *failure-divergence-refine* (**infixl** $\langle \sqsubseteq_{FD} \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$ 50)
notation *ev-trans* $\langle \langle - \sqsubseteq_{FD} \rightsquigarrow - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
notation *tick-trans* $\langle \langle - \sqsubseteq_{FD} \rightsquigarrow \checkmark - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$
notation *trace-trans* $\langle \langle - \sqsubseteq_{FD} \rightsquigarrow^* - \rangle [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-imp-F*: $\langle P \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow^* s \ Q \implies X \in \mathcal{R} \ Q \implies (s, X) \in \mathcal{F} \ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tickFree-trace-trans-BOT-imp-D*: $\langle tickFree \ s \implies P \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow^* s \ \perp \implies s \in \mathcal{D} \ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *F-trace-trans-reality-check*: $\langle tickFree \ s \implies (s, X) \in \mathcal{F} \ P \longleftrightarrow (\exists Q. (P \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow^* s \ Q) \wedge X \in \mathcal{R} \ Q) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *D-trace-trans-reality-check*: $\langle tickFree \ s \implies s \in \mathcal{D} \ P \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow^* s \ \perp \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Ω -SKIP-is-STOP-imp-SKIP-trace-trans-iff*:
 $\langle \Omega \ (SKIP \ r) \ r = STOP \implies (SKIP \ r \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow^* s \ P) \longleftrightarrow s = [] \wedge P = SKIP \ r \vee s = [\checkmark(r)] \wedge P = STOP \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas τ -trans-adm = le-FD-adm

lemma *ev-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle \llbracket cont \ (\lambda P. \Psi \ P \ e); cont \ u; monofun \ v \rrbracket \implies adm \ (\lambda x. u \ x \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow_e v \ x) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle \llbracket cont \ (\lambda P. \Omega \ P \ r); cont \ u; monofun \ v \rrbracket \implies adm \ (\lambda x. u \ x \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} v \ x) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle \llbracket \forall x. ev \ x \in set \ s \longrightarrow cont \ (\lambda P. \Psi \ P \ x);$
 $\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in set \ s \longrightarrow cont \ (\lambda P. \Omega \ P \ r); cont \ u; monofun \ v \rrbracket$
 $\implies adm \ (\lambda x. u \ x \text{ }_{FD} \rightsquigarrow^* s \ (v \ x)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

locale *OpSemFDDuplicated* =
 $OpSemFD_{\alpha}: OpSemFD \ \Psi_{\alpha} \ \Omega_{\alpha} + OpSemFD_{\beta}: OpSemFD \ \Psi_{\beta} \ \Omega_{\beta}$
for $\Psi_{\alpha} :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_{\alpha} :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Psi_{\beta} :: \langle [('b, 's) process_{ptick}, 'b] \Rightarrow ('b, 's) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_{\beta} :: \langle [('b, 's) process_{ptick}, 's] \Rightarrow ('b, 's) process_{ptick} \rangle$

sublocale $OpSemFDDuplicated \subseteq OpSemTransitionsAllDuplicated$ - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_{FD}) \rangle$ -
 - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_{FD}) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

6.8.2 $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ instantiated with $(\sqsubseteq_{DT})$

locale $OpSemDT =$
fixes $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
assumes $mono\text{-}\Omega\text{-}DT: \langle \checkmark(r) \in Q^0 \Rightarrow P \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \Rightarrow \Omega P r \sqsubseteq_{DT} \Omega Q r \rangle$

sublocale $OpSemDT \subseteq OpSemTransitionsAll$ - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_{DT}) :: ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \Rightarrow bool \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context $OpSemDT$
begin

Finally, the only remaining hypothesis is $\llbracket \checkmark(?r) \in ?Q^0; ?P \sqsubseteq_{DT} ?Q \rrbracket \Rightarrow \Omega ?P ?r \sqsubseteq_{DT} \Omega ?Q ?r$ when we instantiate our locale with the failure-divergence refinement $(\sqsubseteq_{DT})$.

Of course, we can strengthen some previous results.

notation *trace-divergence-refine* (**infixl** $\langle_{DT \rightsquigarrow_\tau} \rangle$ 50)
notation *ev-trans* $(\langle_{DT \rightsquigarrow_\tau} \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50)$
notation *tick-trans* $(\langle_{DT \rightsquigarrow_\tau \checkmark} \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50)$
notation *trace-trans* $(\langle_{DT \rightsquigarrow_\tau^*} \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50)$

lemma *tickFree-trace-trans-BOT-imp-D*: $\langle tickFree s \Rightarrow P \text{ }_{DT \rightsquigarrow_\tau^*} s \perp \Rightarrow s \in \mathcal{D} P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *D-trace-trans-reality-check*: $\langle tickFree s \Rightarrow s \in \mathcal{D} P \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_{DT \rightsquigarrow_\tau^*} s \perp \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas $\tau\text{-trans-adm} = le\text{-}DT\text{-adm}$

lemma *ev-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle \llbracket cont (\lambda P. \Psi P e); cont u; monofun v \rrbracket \Rightarrow adm (\lambda x. u x \text{ }_{DT \rightsquigarrow_e} v x) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle \llbracket cont (\lambda P. \Omega P r); cont u; monofun v \rrbracket \Rightarrow adm (\lambda x. u x \text{ }_{DT \rightsquigarrow_\tau \checkmark} v x) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-adm*[simp]:

$\langle \llbracket \forall x. \text{ev } x \in \text{set } s \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Psi \ P \ x);$
 $\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in \text{set } s \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Omega \ P \ r); \text{cont } u; \text{monofun } v \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. u \ x \ \text{DT} \rightsquigarrow^* s \ (v \ x)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

If we only look at the traces and the divergences, non-deterministic and deterministic choices are the same. Therefore we can obtain even stronger results for the operational rules.

lemma τ -trans-Det-is- τ -trans-Ndet: $\langle P \sqcap Q \ \text{DT} \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \longleftrightarrow P \sqcap Q \ \text{DT} \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma τ -trans-Sliding-is- τ -trans-Ndet: $\langle P \triangleright Q \ \text{DT} \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \longleftrightarrow P \sqcap Q \ \text{DT} \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

locale *OpSemDTDuplicated* =

OpSemDT $_\alpha$: *OpSemDT* $\Psi_\alpha \ \Omega_\alpha$ + *OpSemDT* $_\beta$: *OpSemDT* $\Psi_\beta \ \Omega_\beta$
for $\Psi_\alpha :: \langle [(\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\alpha :: \langle [(\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Psi_\beta :: \langle [(\text{'b', 's'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick}, \text{'b'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b', 's'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\beta :: \langle [(\text{'b', 's'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick}, \text{'s'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b', 's'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$

sublocale *OpSemDTDuplicated* $\subseteq$ *OpSemTransitionsAllDuplicated* - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_{DT}) \rangle$ -
 $\langle \sqsubseteq_{DT} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

6.9 $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ instantiated with $(\sqsubseteq_F)$ or $(\sqsubseteq_T)$

We will only recover the rules for some operators.

6.9.1 $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ instantiated with $(\sqsubseteq_F)$

locale *OpSemF* =

fixes $\Psi :: \langle [(\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [(\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
assumes *mono- Ω -F*: $\langle \checkmark(r) \in Q^0 \implies P \sqsubseteq_F Q \implies \Omega \ P \ r \sqsubseteq_F \Omega \ Q \ r \rangle$

sublocale *OpSemF* $\subseteq$ *OpSemTransitionsHiding* - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_F) :: (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsDetRelaxed - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_F) :: (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ +
OpSemTransitionsSlidingRelaxed - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_F) :: (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow (\text{'a', 'r'}) \ \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *OpSemF*

begin

notation *failure-refine* (**infixl** $\langle _ F \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \rangle$ 50)

notation *ev-trans* $\langle _ F \rightsquigarrow _ \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

notation *tick-trans* $\langle _ F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark _ \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

notation *trace-trans* $\langle _ F \rightsquigarrow^* _ \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

For *Det* and *Sliding*, we have relaxed versions on τ transitions.

end

By duplicating the locale, we can recover a rules for *Renaming*.

locale *OpSemFDuplicated* =

OpSemF $_{\alpha}$: *OpSemF* Ψ_{α} Ω_{α} + *OpSemF* $_{\beta}$: *OpSemF* Ψ_{β} Ω_{β}

for $\Psi_{\alpha} :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'a'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$

and $\Omega_{\alpha} :: \langle [(\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'r'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'a'}, \text{'r'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$

and $\Psi_{\beta} :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'b'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$

and $\Omega_{\beta} :: \langle [(\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, \text{'s'}] \Rightarrow (\text{'b'}, \text{'s'}) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$

sublocale *OpSemFDuplicated* $\subseteq$ *OpSemTransitionsDuplicated* - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_F) \rangle$ - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_F) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *OpSemFDuplicated*

begin

notation *OpSemF* $_{\alpha}$.*ev-trans* $\langle _ \alpha F \rightsquigarrow _ \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

notation *OpSemF* $_{\alpha}$.*tick-trans* $\langle _ \alpha F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark _ \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

notation *OpSemF* $_{\beta}$.*ev-trans* $\langle _ \beta F \rightsquigarrow _ \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

notation *OpSemF* $_{\beta}$.*tick-trans* $\langle _ \beta F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark _ \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

end

context *OpSemF*

begin

lemma *trace-trans-imp-F*: $\langle P _ F \rightsquigarrow^* s \ Q \Longrightarrow X \in \mathcal{R} \ Q \Longrightarrow (s, X) \in \mathcal{F} \ P \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *Ω -SKIP-is-STOP-imp-SKIP-trace-trans-iff*:

$\langle \Omega \ (SKIP \ r) \ r = STOP \Longrightarrow (SKIP \ r _ F \rightsquigarrow^* s \ P) \longleftrightarrow s = [] \wedge P = SKIP \ r \vee s = [\checkmark(r)] \wedge P = STOP \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas τ -trans-adm = le-F-adm

lemma *ev-trans-adm*[simp]:

$\langle \llbracket \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Psi \ P \ e); \text{ cont } u; \text{ monofun } v \rrbracket \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. u \ x \ F \rightsquigarrow_e v \ x) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-adm*[simp]:

$\langle \llbracket \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Omega \ P \ r); \text{ cont } u; \text{ monofun } v \rrbracket \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. u \ x \ F \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark r} v \ x) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-adm*[simp]:

$\langle \llbracket \forall x. \text{ev } x \in \text{set } s \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Psi \ P \ x);$
 $\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in \text{set } s \longrightarrow \text{cont } (\lambda P. \Omega \ P \ r);$
 $\text{cont } u; \text{ monofun } v \rrbracket \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. u \ x \ F \rightsquigarrow^* s \ (v \ x)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

6.9.2 $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ instantiated with $(\sqsubseteq_T)$

locale *OpSemTransitionsForT* =

OpSemTransitionsDet $\Psi \ \Omega \ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle +$
OpSemTransitionsHiding $\Psi \ \Omega \ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle +$
OpSemTransitionsSliding $\Psi \ \Omega \ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle +$
OpSemTransitionsInterrupt $\Psi \ \Omega \ \langle (\rightsquigarrow_\tau) \rangle$
for $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-trans} :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$
50)

locale *OpSemT* =

fixes $\Psi :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \rangle$
assumes *mono-Ω-T*: $\langle \checkmark(r) \in Q^0 \implies P \sqsubseteq_T Q \implies \Omega \ P \ r \sqsubseteq_T \Omega \ Q \ r \rangle$

sublocale *OpSemT* $\subseteq$ *OpSemTransitionsForT* - - $\langle (\sqsubseteq_T) :: ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow$
 $('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *OpSemT*

begin

notation *trace-refine* (**infixl** $\langle T \rightsquigarrow_\tau \rangle$ 50)

notation *ev-trans* $\langle \langle - \ T \rightsquigarrow_- \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

notation *tick-trans* $\langle \langle - \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

notation *trace-trans* $\langle \langle - \ T \rightsquigarrow^* \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50 \rangle$

end

By duplicating the locale, we can recover a rules for *Renaming*.

locale *OpSemTDuplicated* =
 $OpSemT_\alpha: OpSemT \Psi_\alpha \Omega_\alpha + OpSemT_\beta: OpSemT \Psi_\beta \Omega_\beta$
for $\Psi_\alpha :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'a] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\alpha :: \langle [('a, 'r) process_{ptick}, 'r] \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Psi_\beta :: \langle [('b, 's) process_{ptick}, 'b] \Rightarrow ('b, 's) process_{ptick} \rangle$
and $\Omega_\beta :: \langle [('b, 's) process_{ptick}, 's] \Rightarrow ('b, 's) process_{ptick} \rangle$

sublocale *OpSemTDuplicated* $\subseteq OpSemTransitionsDuplicated - - \langle (\sqsubseteq_T) \rangle - - \langle (\sqsubseteq_T) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context *OpSemTDuplicated*
begin

notation $OpSemT_\alpha.ev-trans \ (\langle - \ \alpha T \rightsquigarrow - \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$
notation $OpSemT_\alpha.tick-trans \ (\langle - \ \alpha T \rightsquigarrow \checkmark - \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$
notation $OpSemT_\beta.ev-trans \ (\langle - \ \beta T \rightsquigarrow - \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$
notation $OpSemT_\beta.tick-trans \ (\langle - \ \beta T \rightsquigarrow \checkmark - \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] \ 50)$

end

context *OpSemT*
begin

lemmas $\tau-trans-adm = le-T-adm$

lemma *ev-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle [cont (\lambda P. \Psi P e); cont u; monofun v] \implies adm (\lambda x. u \ x \ T \rightsquigarrow_e v \ x) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *tick-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle [cont (\lambda P. \Omega P r); cont u; monofun v] \implies adm (\lambda x. u \ x \ T \rightsquigarrow \checkmark_r v \ x) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *trace-trans-adm[simp]*:
 $\langle [\forall x. ev \ x \in set \ s \longrightarrow cont (\lambda P. \Psi P x);$
 $\forall r. \checkmark(r) \in set \ s \longrightarrow cont (\lambda P. \Omega P r); cont u; monofun v]$
 $\implies adm (\lambda x. u \ x \ T \rightsquigarrow^* s (v \ x)) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

If we only look at the traces, non-deterministic and deterministic choices are the same. Therefore we can obtain even stronger results for the operational rules.

lemma $\tau-trans-Det-is-\tau-trans-Ndet$: $\langle P \sqcap Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \longleftrightarrow P \sqcap Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\tau-trans-Sliding-is-\tau-trans-Ndet$: $\langle P \triangleright Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \longleftrightarrow P \sqcap Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_\tau R \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

Chapter 7

Recovered Laws pretty printed

7.1 General Case

This is the general case, working for $(\sqsubseteq_{FD})$ and $(\sqsubseteq_{DT})$.

context *OpSemTransitionsAll* **begin**

Absorbency rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' \quad ?P' \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P''}{?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P''} \quad \frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \quad ?P' \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P''}{?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P''} \\
 \frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P' \quad ?P' \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P''}{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P''} \quad \frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \quad ?P' \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P''}{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P''}
 \end{array}$$

SKIP rule

$$\overline{SKIP \ ?r \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega \ (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r}$$

$e \rightarrow P$ rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overline{?e \rightarrow ?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P} \\
 \frac{?e \in ?A}{\Box a \in ?A \rightarrow ?P \ a \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P \ ?e} \quad \frac{?e \in ?A}{\Box a \in ?A \rightarrow ?P \ a \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P \ ?e}
 \end{array}$$

($\sqcap$) rules

$$\frac{\overline{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P} \quad \overline{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q}}{?e \in ?A} \quad \frac{}{\sqcap a \in ?A. ?P \ a \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P \ ?e}$$

$\mu \ x. f \ x$ rule

$$\frac{cont \ ?f \quad ?P = (\mu \ x. \ ?f \ x)}{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?f \ ?P}$$

($\square$) rules

$$\frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}}{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \sqcap ?Q} \quad \frac{\overline{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}}{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P \sqcap ?Q'} \\ \frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}}{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'} \quad \frac{\overline{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'}}{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'} \\ \frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'}}{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r} \quad \frac{\overline{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?Q'}}{?P \sqcap ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r}$$

($;$) rules

$$\frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}}{?P ; ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' ; ?Q} \\ \frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}}{?P ; ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' ; ?Q} \quad \frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'} \quad ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}{?P ; ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}$$

($\setminus$) rules

$$\frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}}{?P \setminus ?A \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \setminus ?A} \quad \frac{\overline{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'}}{?P \setminus ?B \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r} \\ \frac{?e \notin ?A \quad ?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' \setminus ?A} \quad \frac{?e \in ?A \quad ?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \setminus ?A}$$

Sync rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q} \quad \frac{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q'} \\
\frac{?e \notin ?S \quad ?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q} \quad \frac{?e \notin ?S \quad ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q'} \\
\frac{?e \in ?S \quad ?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' \quad ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q'} \\
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \text{SKIP } ?r \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q} \\
\frac{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?Q'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ \text{SKIP } ?r} \\
\hline
\text{SKIP } ?r \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ \text{SKIP } ?r \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } ?r) \ ?r
\end{array}$$

(▷) rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{?P \triangleright ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q}{?P \triangleright ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'} \quad \frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}{?P \triangleright ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \triangleright ?Q} \\
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \triangleright ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'} \quad \frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \triangleright ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } ?r) \ ?r}
\end{array}$$

(△) rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}{?P \triangle ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \triangle ?Q} \quad \frac{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}{?P \triangle ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P \triangle ?Q'} \\
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \triangle ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' \triangle ?Q} \quad \frac{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'}{?P \triangle ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'} \\
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \triangle ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } ?r) \ ?r} \quad \frac{?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?Q'}{?P \triangle ?Q \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } ?r) \ ?r}
\end{array}$$

Throw rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}{?P \ominus a \in ?A. \ ?Q \ a \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \ominus a \in ?A. \ ?Q \ a} \\
\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \ominus a \in ?A. \ ?Q \ a \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (\text{SKIP } ?r) \ ?r}
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{?e \notin ?A \quad ?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \ominus a \in ?A. ?Q a \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P' \ominus a \in ?A. ?Q a} \quad \frac{?e \in ?A \quad ?P \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \ominus a \in ?A. ?Q a \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q ?e}$$

end

context *OpSemTransitionsAllDuplicated* **begin**

Renaming **rules**

$$\frac{\frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\alpha} ?P'}{Renaming ?P ?f ?g \rightsquigarrow_{\beta} Renaming ?P' ?f ?g} \quad \frac{?P \rightsquigarrow_{\alpha} \checkmark_{?r} ?P'}{Renaming ?P ?f ?g \rightsquigarrow_{\beta} \checkmark_{?g ?r} \Omega_{\beta} (SKIP (?g ?r)) (?g ?r)} \quad \frac{?f ?a = ?b \quad ?P \rightsquigarrow_{\alpha} ?P'}{Renaming ?P ?f ?g \rightsquigarrow_{\beta} Renaming ?P' ?f ?g}$$

end

7.2 Special Cases

7.2.1 With the Refinement ($\sqsubseteq_{DT}$)

context *OpSemDT* **begin**

($\square$) **rules**

$$\overline{P \square Q}_{DT \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P} \quad \overline{P \square Q}_{DT \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q}$$

($\triangleright$) **rules**

$$\overline{P \triangleright Q}_{DT \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P} \quad \overline{P \triangleright Q}_{DT \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q}$$

end

7.2.2 With the Refinement ($\sqsubseteq_F$)

context *OpSemF* **begin**

Absorbency rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?P'}{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?P''} \quad \frac{?P' \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?P''}{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?P''} \quad \frac{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?P' \quad ?P' \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?P''}{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?P''} \\
\frac{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?_r ?P' \quad ?P' \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?P''}{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?_r ?P''} \\
\frac{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?P' \quad ?P' \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?_r ?P''}{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?_r ?P''}
\end{array}$$

SKIP rule

$$\overline{SKIP \text{ } ?r \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?_r \Omega (SKIP \text{ } ?r) \text{ } ?r}$$

$e \rightarrow P$ rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{?e \rightarrow ?Pa \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?Pa} \\
\frac{?e \in ?A}{\Box a \in ?A \rightarrow ?P \text{ } a \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?P \text{ } ?e} \quad \frac{?e \in ?A}{\Box a \in ?A \rightarrow ?P \text{ } a \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow ?_e ?P \text{ } ?e}
\end{array}$$

$(\Box)$ rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{?Pa \Box ?Q \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?Pa} \quad \overline{?Pa \Box ?Q \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?Q} \\
\frac{?e \in ?A}{\Box a \in ?A. ?P \text{ } a \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?P \text{ } ?e}
\end{array}$$

$\mu x. f x$ rule

$$\frac{cont \text{ } ?f \quad ?P = (\mu x. ?f x)}{?P \text{ }_F \rightsquigarrow_\tau ?f \text{ } ?P}$$

($\Box$) rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\frac{?P = \perp \vee ?P' \neq \perp \vee ?Q = \perp \quad ?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P' \Box ?Q} \quad \frac{?Q = \perp \vee ?Q' \neq \perp \vee ?Q = \perp \quad ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?Q'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P \Box ?Q'} \\
\frac{\frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?P'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?P'} \quad \frac{?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?Q'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?Q'}}{\frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r} \quad \frac{?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} ?Q'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r}}
\end{array}$$

(;) rules

$$\frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} ?P' \quad ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?Q'}{?P ; ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?Q'}$$

($\setminus$) rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P' \setminus ?A} \quad \frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \setminus ?B \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r} \\
\frac{?e \notin ?A \quad ?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?P' \setminus ?A} \quad \frac{?e \in ?A \quad ?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P' \setminus ?A}
\end{array}$$

Sync rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} SKIP ?r \llbracket ?S \rrbracket ?Q} \\
\frac{?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} ?Q'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket SKIP ?r} \\
\hline
SKIP ?r \llbracket ?S \rrbracket SKIP ?r \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r
\end{array}$$

($\triangleright$) rules

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{?P \triangleright ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?Q} \quad \frac{?P = \perp \vee ?P' \neq \perp \vee ?Q = \perp \quad ?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P'}{?P \triangleright ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \tau} ?P' \triangleright ?Q} \\
\frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?P'}{?P \triangleright ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow ?e} ?P'} \quad \frac{?P \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \triangleright ?Q \text{ }_{F \rightsquigarrow \checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r}
\end{array}$$

(Δ) rules

$$\frac{?P \xrightarrow{F} \checkmark_{?r} ?P'}{?P \Delta ?Q \xrightarrow{F} \checkmark_{?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r} \quad \frac{?Q \xrightarrow{F} \checkmark_{?r} ?Q'}{?P \Delta ?Q \xrightarrow{F} \checkmark_{?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r}$$

Throw rules

$$\frac{\frac{?e \in ?A \quad ?P \xrightarrow{F} ?e ?P'}{?P \Theta a \in ?A. ?Q a \xrightarrow{F} ?e ?Q ?e} \quad ?P \xrightarrow{F} \checkmark_{?r} ?P'}{?P \Theta a \in ?A. ?Q a \xrightarrow{F} \checkmark_{?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r}$$

end

context *OpSemFDuplicated* begin

Renaming rules

$$\frac{?P \xrightarrow{\alpha F} \checkmark_{?r} ?P'}{Renaming ?P ?f ?g \xrightarrow{\beta F} \checkmark_{?g} \Omega_{\beta} (SKIP (?g ?r)) (?g ?r)}$$

end

7.2.3 With the Refinement ($\sqsubseteq_T$)

context *OpSemT* begin

Absorbency rules

$$\frac{?P \xrightarrow{T} ?e ?P' \quad ?P' \xrightarrow{T} \tau ?P''}{?P \xrightarrow{T} ?e ?P''} \quad \frac{?P \xrightarrow{T} \tau ?P' \quad ?P' \xrightarrow{T} ?e ?P''}{?P \xrightarrow{T} ?e ?P''}$$

$$\frac{?P \xrightarrow{T} \checkmark_{?r} ?P' \quad ?P' \xrightarrow{T} \tau ?P''}{?P \xrightarrow{T} \checkmark_{?r} ?P''}$$

$$\frac{?P \xrightarrow{T} \tau ?P' \quad ?P' \xrightarrow{T} \checkmark_{?r} ?P''}{?P \xrightarrow{T} \checkmark_{?r} ?P''}$$

SKIP rule

$$\frac{}{SKIP ?r \xrightarrow{T} \checkmark_{?r} \Omega (SKIP ?r) ?r}$$

$e \rightarrow P$ rules

$$\frac{\overline{?e \rightarrow ?Pa \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Pa}}{\frac{?e \in ?A}{\Box a \in ?A \rightarrow ?P \text{ } a \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P \text{ } ?e} \quad \frac{?e \in ?A}{\Box a \in ?A \rightarrow ?P \text{ } a \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P \text{ } ?e}}$$

$(\Box)$ rules

$$\frac{\overline{?Pa \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Pa} \quad \overline{?Pa \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q}}{?e \in ?A} \quad \frac{}{\Box a \in ?A. \text{ } ?P \text{ } a \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P \text{ } ?e}$$

$\mu x. f \text{ } x$ rule

$$\frac{cont \text{ } ?f \quad ?P = (\mu x. \text{ } ?f \text{ } x)}{?P \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?f \text{ } ?P}$$

$(\Box)$ rules

$$\frac{\frac{?P \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P' \Box ?Q} \quad \frac{?P \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?P'}}{\frac{?P \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP \text{ } ?r) \text{ } ?r}} \quad \frac{\frac{?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?P \Box ?Q'} \quad \frac{?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} ?Q'}}{\frac{?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?Q'}{?P \Box ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} \Omega (SKIP \text{ } ?r) \text{ } ?r}}$$

$(;)$ rules

$$\frac{?P \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark ?r} ?P' \quad ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}{?P ; ?Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} ?Q'}$$

(\) rules

$$\frac{\frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P' \setminus ?A} \quad \frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ ?P'}{?P \setminus ?B \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ \Omega \ (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r}}{\frac{?e \notin ?A \quad ?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P' \setminus ?A} \quad \frac{?e \in ?A \quad ?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P'}{?P \setminus ?A \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P' \setminus ?A}}$$

Sync rules

$$\frac{\frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ ?P'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ SKIP \ ?r \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q} \quad \frac{?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ ?Q'}{?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ SKIP \ ?r}}{SKIP \ ?r \llbracket ?S \rrbracket \ SKIP \ ?r \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ \Omega \ (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r}$$

(▷) rules

$$\frac{\frac{?P \triangleright \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?Q}{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P'} \quad \frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P'}{?P \triangleright \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P' \triangleright \ ?Q}}{\frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P'}{?P \triangleright \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P'} \quad \frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ ?P'}{?P \triangleright \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ \Omega \ (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r}}$$

(△) rules

$$\frac{\frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P'}{?P \ \triangle \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P' \ \triangle \ ?Q} \quad \frac{?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?Q'}{?P \ \triangle \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} \ ?P \ \triangle \ ?Q'}}{\frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P'}{?P \ \triangle \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P' \ \triangle \ ?Q} \quad \frac{?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?Q'}{?P \ \triangle \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P \ \triangle \ ?Q'}}{\frac{?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ ?P'}{?P \ \triangle \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ \Omega \ (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r} \quad \frac{?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ ?Q'}{?P \ \triangle \ ?Q \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ \Omega \ (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r}}$$

Throw rules

$$\frac{\frac{?e \in ?A \quad ?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?P'}{?P \ \Theta \ a \in ?A. \ ?Q \ a \ T \rightsquigarrow_{?e} \ ?Q \ ?e} \quad ?P \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ ?P'}{?P \ \Theta \ a \in ?A. \ ?Q \ a \ T \rightsquigarrow_{\checkmark} ?r \ \Omega \ (SKIP \ ?r) \ ?r}$$

Because we only look at the traces, we actually have the following results.

($\square$) rules

$$\frac{}{P \square Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P} \quad \frac{}{P \square Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q}$$

($\triangleright$) rules

$$\frac{}{P \triangleright Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P} \quad \frac{}{P \triangleright Q \text{ } T \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q}$$

end

context *OpSemTDuplicated* **begin**

Renaming **rules**

$$\frac{?P \text{ }_{\alpha} T \rightsquigarrow \text{ }_{?r} ?P'}{\textit{Renaming } ?P \text{ } ?f \text{ } ?g \text{ }_{\beta} T \rightsquigarrow \text{ }_{?g \text{ } ?r} \Omega_{\beta} (\textit{SKIP } (?g \text{ } ?r)) (?g \text{ } ?r)}$$

end

Chapter 8

Comparison with He and Hoare

lemma (in *After*) *initial-ev-imp-eq-prefix-After-Sliding* :
 $\langle P = (e \rightarrow (P \text{ after } e)) \triangleright P \rangle \text{ if } \langle \text{ev } e \in P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *OpSemTransitions*
begin

abbreviation $\tau\text{-eq} :: \langle [(\text{'a}, \text{'r}) \text{ process}_{ptick}, (\text{'a}, \text{'r}) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infix**
 $\langle =_{\tau} \rangle$ 50)
where $\langle P =_{\tau} Q \equiv P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \wedge Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P \rangle$

lemma $\tau\text{-eqI} : \langle P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \Longrightarrow Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P \Longrightarrow P =_{\tau} Q \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-eqD1} : \langle P =_{\tau} Q \Longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \rangle$
and $\tau\text{-eqD2} : \langle P =_{\tau} Q \Longrightarrow Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\tau\text{-trans-iff-}\tau\text{-eq-Ndet}$:
 $\langle \forall P Q P' Q'. P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P' \longrightarrow Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q' \longrightarrow P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} P' \sqcap Q' \Longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\tau} Q \longleftrightarrow$
 $P =_{\tau} P \sqcap Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{eq-imp-}\tau\text{-eq}$: $\langle P = Q \Longrightarrow P =_{\tau} Q \rangle \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition $ev-trans_{HOARE} :: \langle ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) process_{ptick} \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ ($\langle \cdot \rangle$ $HOARE \rightsquigarrow \cdot \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50$)
where $\langle P \ HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e Q \equiv P \rightsquigarrow_\tau (e \rightarrow Q) \sqcap P \rangle$

lemma $ev-trans_{HOARE}-imp-in-initials$:
 $\langle P \ HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e Q \implies ev \ e \in P^0 \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $ev-trans_{HOARE}-imp-ev-trans$: $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$ **if** $\langle P \ HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

Two assumptions on τ transitions are necessary in the following proof, but are automatic when we instantiate $(\rightsquigarrow_\tau)$ with $(\sqsubseteq_{FD})$, $(\sqsubseteq_{DT})$, $(\sqsubseteq_F)$ or $(\sqsubseteq_T)$.

lemma $hyps-on-\tau-trans-imp-ev-trans-imp-ev-trans_{HOARE}$: $\langle P \ HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$
if $non-BOT-\tau-trans-DetL : \langle \forall P \ P' \ Q. P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \longrightarrow P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \sqcap Q \rangle$
and $\tau-trans-prefix : \langle \forall P \ P' \ e. P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \longrightarrow (e \rightarrow P) \rightsquigarrow_\tau (e \rightarrow P') \rangle$
and $\langle P \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $hyps-on-\tau-trans-imp-ev-trans_{HOARE}-iff-ev-trans$:
 $\langle \forall P \ P' \ Q. P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \longrightarrow P \sqcap Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \sqcap Q \implies \forall P \ P' \ e. P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \longrightarrow (e \rightarrow P) \rightsquigarrow_\tau (e \rightarrow P') \implies P \ HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e Q \longleftrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $BOT-ev-trans_{HOARE}-anything$: $\langle \perp \ HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $hyps-on-\tau-trans-imp-ev-trans_{HOARE}-def-bis$: $\langle P \ HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e Q \longleftrightarrow P =_\tau (e \rightarrow Q) \triangleright P \rangle$
if $non-BOT-\tau-trans-SlidingL : \langle \forall P \ P' \ Q. P = \perp \vee P' \neq \perp \longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \longrightarrow P \triangleright Q \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \triangleright Q \rangle$
and $\tau-trans-prefix : \langle \forall P \ P' \ e. P \rightsquigarrow_\tau P' \longrightarrow (e \rightarrow P) \rightsquigarrow_\tau (e \rightarrow P') \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

context $OpSemFD$
begin

notation $ev-trans_{HOARE}$ ($\langle \cdot \rangle$ $FD-HOARE \rightsquigarrow \cdot \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50$)
notation $\tau-eq$ (**infix** $\langle FD =_\tau \rangle 50$)

theorem $ev-trans_{HOARE}-iff-ev-trans$: $\langle P \ FD-HOARE \rightsquigarrow_e Q \longleftrightarrow P \ FD \rightsquigarrow_e Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *ev-trans_{HOARE}-def-bis*: $\langle P \text{ }_{FD-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_{FD=\tau} (e \rightarrow Q) \triangleright P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

context *OpSemDT*
begin

notation *ev-trans_{HOARE}* ($\langle \cdot \text{ }_{DT-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} \cdot \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$)
notation $\tau\text{-eq}$ (**infix** $\langle \text{ }_{DT=\tau} \rangle 50$)

theorem *ev-trans_{HOARE}-iff-ev-trans* : $\langle P \text{ }_{DT-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_{DT}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *ev-trans_{HOARE}-def-bis*: $\langle P \text{ }_{DT-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_{DT=\tau} (e \rightarrow Q) \triangleright P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

context *OpSemF*
begin

notation *ev-trans_{HOARE}* ($\langle \cdot \text{ }_{F-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} \cdot \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$)
notation $\tau\text{-eq}$ (**infix** $\langle \text{ }_{F=\tau} \rangle 50$)

theorem *ev-trans_{HOARE}-iff-ev-trans* : $\langle P \text{ }_{F-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_F^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *ev-trans_{HOARE}-def-bis*: $\langle P \text{ }_{F-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_{F=\tau} (e \rightarrow Q) \triangleright P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

context *OpSemT*
begin

notation *ev-trans_{HOARE}* ($\langle \cdot \text{ }_{T-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} \cdot \rightarrow [50, 3, 51] 50 \rangle$)
notation $\tau\text{-eq}$ (**infix** $\langle \text{ }_{T=\tau} \rangle 50$)

theorem *ev-trans_{HOARE}-iff-ev-trans* : $\langle P \text{ }_{T-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_T^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *ev-trans_{HOARE}-def-bis*: $\langle P \text{ }_{T-HOARE}^{\rightsquigarrow} e \text{ } Q \longleftrightarrow P \text{ }_{T=\tau} (e \rightarrow Q) \triangleright$

$P\rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

8.1 Deadlock Results

lemma *initial-ev-imp-in-events-of*: $\langle ev\ a \in P^0 \implies a \in \alpha(P) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *initial-tick-imp-in-ticks-of*: $\langle \checkmark(r) \in P^0 \implies r \in \checkmark s(P) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle UNIV \in \mathcal{R}\ P \longleftrightarrow P \sqsubseteq_F STOP \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *no-events-of-if-at-most-initial-tick*: $\langle P^0 \subseteq range\ tick \implies \alpha(P) = \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *deadlock-free-initial-evE*:
 $\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \implies (\bigwedge a. ev\ a \in P^0 \implies thesis) \implies thesis \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context *AfterExt*
begin

As we said earlier, $After_{trace}$ allows us to obtain some very powerful results about *deadlock-free* and *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}*.

8.1.1 Preliminaries and induction Rules

context *fixes* $P :: \langle ('a, 'r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$ **begin**

lemma *initials-After_{trace}-subset-events-of*:
 $\langle (P\ after_{\mathcal{T}}\ t)^0 \subseteq ev\ ' \alpha(P) \rangle$ **if** $\langle non\text{-}terminating\ P \rangle$ $\langle t \in \mathcal{T}\ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

With the next result, the general idea appears: instead of doing an induction only on the process P we are interested in, we include a quantification over all the processes than can be reached from P after some trace of P .

theorem *After_{trace}-fix-ind* [*consumes 2, case-names cont step*]:

$\text{fixes } \text{ref} :: \langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle (\text{infix } \langle \sqsubseteq_{\text{ref}} \rangle$
 $60)$
 $\text{assumes } \text{adm-ref} : \langle \bigwedge u v. \text{cont } (u :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick})$
 $\Rightarrow \text{monofun } v$
 $\Rightarrow \text{adm } (\lambda x. u x \sqsubseteq_{\text{ref}} v x)$
 $\text{and } \text{BOT-le-ref} : \langle \bigwedge Q. \perp \sqsubseteq_{\text{ref}} Q \rangle$
 $\text{and } \text{cont-f} : \langle \text{cont } f \rangle$
 $\text{and } \text{hyp} : \langle \bigwedge s x. \forall Q \in \{Q. \exists s \in \mathcal{T} P. g s Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} s\}. x \sqsubseteq_{\text{ref}} Q$
 $\Rightarrow$
 $s \in \mathcal{T} P \Rightarrow g s (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} s) \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_{\text{ref}} P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} s$
 $\text{shows } \langle \forall Q \in \{Q. \exists s \in \mathcal{T} P. g s Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} s\}. (\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_{\text{ref}} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *After_{trace}-fix-ind-F [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:*

$\langle [Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}; \text{cont } f;$
 $\bigwedge t x. \llbracket \forall Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}. x \sqsubseteq_F Q;$
 $t \in \mathcal{T} P; g t (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rrbracket \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_F P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$

and *After_{trace}-fix-ind-D [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:*

$\langle [Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}; \text{cont } f;$
 $\bigwedge t x. \llbracket \forall Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}. x \sqsubseteq_D Q;$
 $t \in \mathcal{T} P; g t (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rrbracket \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_D P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_D Q \rangle$

and *After_{trace}-fix-ind-T [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:*

$\langle [Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}; \text{cont } f;$
 $\bigwedge t x. \llbracket \forall Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}. x \sqsubseteq_T Q;$
 $t \in \mathcal{T} P; g t (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rrbracket \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_T P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_T Q \rangle$

and *After_{trace}-fix-ind-FD [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:*

$\langle [Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}; \text{cont } f;$
 $\bigwedge t x. \llbracket \forall Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}. x \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q;$
 $t \in \mathcal{T} P; g t (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rrbracket \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$

and *After_{trace}-fix-ind-DT [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:*

$\langle [Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}; \text{cont } f;$
 $\bigwedge t x. \llbracket \forall Q \in \{Q. \exists t \in \mathcal{T} P. g t Q \wedge Q = P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t\}. x \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q;$
 $t \in \mathcal{T} P; g t (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rrbracket \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_{DT} P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *reachable-processes-fix-ind [consumes 3, case-names cont step]:*

$\langle [Q \in \mathcal{R}_{\text{proc}} P;$
 $\bigwedge u v. \llbracket \text{cont } (u :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}); \text{monofun } v \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $\text{adm } (\lambda x. \text{ref } (u x) (v x));$
 $\bigwedge Q. \text{ref } \perp Q;$
 $\text{cont } f;$
 $\bigwedge t x. \llbracket \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{\text{proc}} P. \text{ref } x Q; t \in \mathcal{T} P; \text{tickFree } t \rrbracket \Rightarrow \text{ref } (f x) (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t) \rrbracket$

$\Rightarrow$
 $\langle \text{ref } (\mu x. f x) Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *reachable-processes-fix-ind-F* [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:

$\langle \llbracket Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P; \text{cont } f; \bigwedge t x. \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. x \sqsubseteq_F Q \Rightarrow t \in \mathcal{T} P \Rightarrow \text{tickFree } t \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_F P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$

and *reachable-processes-fix-ind-D* [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:

$\langle \llbracket Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P; \text{cont } f; \bigwedge t x. \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. x \sqsubseteq_D Q \Rightarrow t \in \mathcal{T} P \Rightarrow \text{tickFree } t \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_D P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_D Q \rangle$

and *reachable-processes-fix-ind-T* [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:

$\langle \llbracket Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P; \text{cont } f; \bigwedge t x. \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. x \sqsubseteq_T Q \Rightarrow t \in \mathcal{T} P \Rightarrow \text{tickFree } t \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_T P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_T Q \rangle$

and *reachable-processes-fix-ind-FD* [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:

$\langle \llbracket Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P; \text{cont } f; \bigwedge t x. \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. x \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \Rightarrow t \in \mathcal{T} P \Rightarrow \text{tickFree } t \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$

and *reachable-processes-fix-ind-DT* [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:

$\langle \llbracket Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P; \text{cont } f; \bigwedge t x. \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. x \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \Rightarrow t \in \mathcal{T} P \Rightarrow \text{tickFree } t \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_{DT} P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t \rrbracket \Rightarrow$
 $(\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

8.1.2 New idea: (after) induct instead of (after_T)

8.1.3 New results on $\mathcal{R}_{proc}$

lemma *reachable-processes-FD-refinement-propagation-induct* [consumes 1, case-names cont base step]:

— May be generalized or duplicated to other refinements.

assumes *reachable* : $\langle (Q :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}) \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \rangle$

and *cont-f* : $\langle \text{cont } f \rangle$

and *base* : $\langle (\mu x. f x) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \rangle$

and *step* : $\langle \bigwedge a. a \in \alpha(P) \Rightarrow f (\mu x. f x) \text{ after } a = (\mu x. f x) \rangle$

shows $\langle (\mu x. f x) \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *$\mathcal{R}_{proc}$ -fix-ind* [consumes 3, case-names cont step]:

fixes *ref* :: $\langle [('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}, ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}] \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ (**infix** $\langle \sqsubseteq_{ref} \rangle$ 60)

assumes *reachable* : $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \rangle$

and $\text{adm-ref} : \langle \bigwedge u v. \text{cont } (u :: ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick} \Rightarrow ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}) \rangle$
 $\Rightarrow \text{monofun } v$
 $\Rightarrow \text{adm } (\lambda x. u x \sqsubseteq_{ref} v x)$
and $\text{BOT-le-ref} : \langle \bigwedge Q. \perp \sqsubseteq_{ref} Q \rangle$
and $\text{cont-f} : \langle \text{cont } f \rangle$
and $\text{hyp} : \langle \bigwedge x. \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. x \sqsubseteq_{ref} Q \Rightarrow \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. f x \sqsubseteq_{ref} Q \rangle$
shows $\langle (\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_{ref} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{R}_{proc}\text{-fix-ind-FD}$ [consumes 1, case-names cont step]:
 $\langle \llbracket Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P; \text{cont } f; \bigwedge x Q. \forall Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P. x \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \Rightarrow Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \Rightarrow f x \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rrbracket \rangle$
 $\Rightarrow (\mu X. f X) \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

8.1.4 Induction Proofs

Generalizations

lemma $\langle \text{Mprefix } A P = \text{Mprefix } B Q \Rightarrow A = B \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\langle \text{Mndetprefix } A P = \text{Mprefix } B Q \Rightarrow A = B \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\langle \text{Mndetprefix } A P = \text{Mndetprefix } B Q \Rightarrow A = B \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

print-context

lemma $\text{superset-initials-restriction-Mndetprefix-FD}$:
 $\langle \Box a \in B \rightarrow P a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$
if $\langle \Box a \in A \rightarrow P a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$ **and** $\langle \{e. \text{ev } e \in Q^0\} \subseteq B \rangle$ **and** $\langle A \neq \{\} \vee B = \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $\text{initials-restriction-Mndetprefix-FD}$:
 $\langle \Box a \in A \rightarrow P a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \Rightarrow \Box a \in \{e. \text{ev } e \in Q^0\} \rightarrow P a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $\text{events-of-restriction-Mndetprefix-FD}$:
 $\langle \Box a \in A \rightarrow P a \sqsubseteq_{FD} (Q :: ('a, 'r) \text{process}_{ptick}) \Rightarrow \Box a \in \alpha(Q) \rightarrow P a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{superset-initials-restriction-Mprefix-FD}$:
 $\langle \Box a \in B \rightarrow P a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$

if $\langle \Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$ **and** $\langle \{e. \text{ ev } e \in Q^0\} \subseteq B \rangle$
and $\langle B \subseteq A \rangle$ — Stronger assumption than with *Mndetprefix*.
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *initials-restriction-Mprefix-FD*:
 $\langle \{e. \text{ ev } e \in Q^0\} \subseteq A \implies \Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \implies$
 $\Box a \in \{e. \text{ ev } e \in Q^0\} \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *events-of-restriction-Mprefix-FD*:
 $\langle \alpha(Q) \subseteq A \implies \Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{FD} (Q :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}) \implies$
 $\Box a \in \alpha(Q) \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *superset-initials-restriction-Mprefix-DT*:
 $\langle \Box a \in B \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \rangle$ **if** $\langle \Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \rangle$ **and** $\langle \{e. \text{ ev } e \in Q^0\} \subseteq B \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *initials-restriction-Mprefix-DT*:
 $\langle \Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \implies \Box a \in \{e. \text{ ev } e \in Q^0\} \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *events-restriction-Mprefix-DT*:
 $\langle \Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{DT} (Q :: ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick}) \implies \Box a \in \alpha(Q) \rightarrow P \ a \sqsubseteq_{DT} Q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Admissibility lemma *not-le-F-adm[simp]*: $\langle \text{cont } u \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. \neg u \ x \sqsubseteq_F P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *not-le-T-adm[simp]*: $\langle \text{cont } u \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. \neg u \ x \sqsubseteq_T P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *not-le-D-adm[simp]*: $\langle \text{cont } u \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. \neg u \ x \sqsubseteq_D P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *not-le-FD-adm[simp]*: $\langle \text{cont } u \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. \neg u \ x \sqsubseteq_{FD} P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *not-le-DT-adm[simp]*: $\langle \text{cont } u \implies \text{adm } (\lambda x. \neg u \ x \sqsubseteq_{DT} P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *initials-refusal*:
 $\langle (t, \text{UNIV}) \in \mathcal{F} \ P \rangle$ **if** *assms*: $\langle t \in \mathcal{T} \ P \rangle \langle tF \ t \rangle \langle (t, (P \text{ after}_{\mathcal{T}} t)^0) \in \mathcal{F} \ P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *leF-ev-initialE'* :

assumes $\langle STOP \sqcap (\sqcap a \in UNIV \rightarrow P\ a) \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$ **obtains** a **where** $\langle ev\ a \in Q^0 \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *leF-ev-initialE* :

assumes $\langle \sqcap a \in UNIV \rightarrow P\ a \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$ **obtains** a **where** $\langle ev\ a \in Q^0 \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *leFD-ev-initialE'* :

$\langle STOP \sqcap (\sqcap a \in UNIV \rightarrow P\ a) \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \implies Q \neq STOP \implies (\bigwedge a. ev\ a \in Q^0 \implies thesis) \implies thesis \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *leFD-ev-initialE* :

$\langle \sqcap a \in UNIV \rightarrow P\ a \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \implies (\bigwedge a. ev\ a \in Q^0 \implies thesis) \implies thesis \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

method *prove-propagation uses simp base =*

induct rule: reachable-processes-FD-refinement-propagation-induct,
solves simp, solves $\langle use\ base\ in\ \langle simp\ add: simp \rangle \rangle$, solves $\langle simp\ add: simp \rangle$

The three following results illustrate how powerful are our new rules of induction.

Really ? The second version with $\llbracket cont\ ?F; cont\ ?G; adm\ (\lambda x. ?P\ (fst\ x)\ (snd\ x)); ?P \perp \perp; \bigwedge x\ y. ?P\ x\ y \implies ?P\ (?F\ x)\ (?G\ y) \rrbracket \implies ?P\ (fix\text{-}syn\ ?F)\ (fix\text{-}syn\ ?G)$ seems easier...

lemma

$\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc}\ P \implies DF\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$ **if** $df\text{-}P$: $\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma

$\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc}\ P \implies DF_{SKIPS}\ \alpha(P)\ UNIV \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$ **if** $df_{SKIP}\text{-}P$: $\langle deadlock\text{-}free_{SKIPS}\ P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context *fixes* $P :: \langle ('a, 'r)\ process_{ptick} \rangle$ **begin**

theorem *deadlock-free-iff-empty-ticks-of-and-deadlock-free_{SKIPS}* :

$\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \longleftrightarrow \check{s}(P) = \{\} \wedge deadlock\text{-}free_{SKIPS}\ P \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *reachable-processes-DF-UNIV-leF-imp-DF-events-of-leF* :
 $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \implies DF\ UNIV \sqsubseteq_F Q \implies DF\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$ **for** Q
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *reachable-processes-CHAOS-UNIV-leF-imp-CHAOS-events-of-leF* :
 $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \implies CHAOS\ UNIV \sqsubseteq_F Q \implies CHAOS\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F Q \rangle$ **for** Q
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *reachable-processes-CHAOS_{SKIPS}-UNIV-UNIV-leF-imp-CHAOS-events-of-ticks-of-leFD* :
 $\langle Q \in \mathcal{R}_{proc} P \implies CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ UNIV\ UNIV \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \implies CHAOS_{SKIPS}\ \alpha(P) \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} Q \rangle$ **for** Q
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *deadlock-free-iff-DF-events-of-leF* :
 $\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \longleftrightarrow \alpha(P) \neq \{\} \wedge DF\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *deadlock-free-iff-DF-events-of-leFD* :
 $\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \longleftrightarrow \alpha(P) \neq \{\} \wedge DF\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *deadlock-free-iff-DF-strict-events-of-leF* :
 $\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \longleftrightarrow \alpha(P) \neq \{\} \wedge DF\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *deadlock-free-iff-DF-strict-events-of-leFD* :
 $\langle deadlock\text{-}free\ P \longleftrightarrow \alpha(P) \neq \{\} \wedge DF\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *lifelock-free-iff-CHAOS-events-of-leF* :
 $\langle lifelock\text{-}free\ P \longleftrightarrow CHAOS\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *lifelock-free-iff-CHAOS-strict-events-of-leF* :
 $\langle lifelock\text{-}free\ P \longleftrightarrow CHAOS\ \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F P \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary *lifelock-free-iff-CHAOS-events-of-leFD* :

$\langle \text{lifelock-free } P \longleftrightarrow \text{CHAOS } \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *lifelock-free-iff-CHAOS-strict-events-of-leFD :*

$\langle \text{lifelock-free } P \longleftrightarrow \text{CHAOS } \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *lifelock-free_{SKIPS}-iff-CHAOS_{SKIPS}-events-of-ticks-of-FD :*

$\langle \text{lifelock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow \text{CHAOS}_{SKIPS} \alpha(P) \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *lifelock-free_{SKIPS}-iff-CHAOS_{SKIPS}-strict-events-of-strict-ticks-of-FD :*

$\langle \text{lifelock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow \text{CHAOS}_{SKIPS} \alpha(P) \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-iff-DF_{SKIPS}-events-of-ticks-of-leF :*

$\langle \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow (\text{ if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \wedge \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then False}$
 $\text{ else if } \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then DF } \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F P$
 $\text{ else if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \text{ then SKIPS } \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_F P$
 $\text{ else DF}_{SKIPS} \alpha(P) \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_F P) \rangle$

$(\text{is } \langle - \longleftrightarrow ?rhs \rangle)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-iff-DF_{SKIPS}-events-of-ticks-of-leFD :*

$\langle \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow (\text{ if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \wedge \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then False}$
 $\text{ else if } \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then DF } \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P$
 $\text{ else if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \text{ then SKIPS } \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P$
 $\text{ else DF}_{SKIPS} \alpha(P) \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-iff-DF_{SKIPS}-strict-events-of-strict-ticks-of-leF :*

$\langle \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow (\text{ if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \wedge \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then False}$
 $\text{ else if } \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then DF } \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_F P$
 $\text{ else if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \text{ then SKIPS } \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_F P$
 $\text{ else DF}_{SKIPS} \alpha(P) \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_F P) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}-iff-DF_{SKIPS}-strict-events-of-strict-ticks-of-leFD :*

$\langle \text{deadlock-free}_{SKIPS} P \longleftrightarrow (\text{ if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \wedge \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then False}$
 $\text{ else if } \checkmark s(P) = \{\} \text{ then DF } \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P$
 $\text{ else if } \alpha(P) = \{\} \text{ then SKIPS } \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P$
 $\text{ else DF}_{SKIPS} \alpha(P) \checkmark s(P) \sqsubseteq_{FD} P) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

8.1.5 Big results

As consequences, we have very powerful results, and especially a “data independence” deadlock freeness theorem.

lemma *deadlock-free-is-right*:

$\langle \text{deadlock-free } P \longleftrightarrow (\forall t \in \mathcal{T} P. tF\ t \wedge (t, \text{UNIV}) \notin \mathcal{F} P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{deadlock-free } P \longleftrightarrow (\forall t \in \mathcal{T} P. tF\ t \wedge (t, \text{ev } \text{UNIV}) \notin \mathcal{F} P) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

— We may probably prove $\text{deadlock-free } P = (\forall t \in \mathcal{T} P. tF\ t \wedge (t, \text{ev } \alpha(P)) \notin \mathcal{F} P)$

theorem *data-independence-deadlock-free-Sync*:

fixes $P\ Q :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
assumes $\text{df-}P : \langle \text{deadlock-free } P \rangle$ **and** $\text{df-}Q : \langle \text{deadlock-free } Q \rangle$
and $\text{hyp} : \langle \text{events-of } Q \cap S = \{\} \vee (\exists y. \text{events-of } Q \cap S = \{y\} \wedge \text{events-of } P \cap S \subseteq \{y\}) \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{deadlock-free } (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *data-independence-deadlock-free-Sync-bis*:

$\langle \llbracket \text{deadlock-free } P; \text{deadlock-free } Q; \alpha(Q) \cap S = \{\} \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{deadlock-free } (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \rangle$ **for** $P :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

We can’t expect much better without hypothesis on the processes P and Q .
We can easily build the following counter example.

lemma $\langle \exists P\ Q\ S. \text{deadlock-free } P \wedge \text{deadlock-free } Q \wedge$
 $(\exists y\ z. \text{events-of } Q \cap S \subseteq \{y, z\} \wedge \text{events-of } P \cap S \subseteq \{y, z\}) \wedge$
 $\neg \text{deadlock-free } (P \llbracket S :: \text{nat set} \rrbracket Q) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

find-theorems *name:* *data-independence-deadlock-free-Sync-bis*

— Think about a *deadlock-free_{SKIPS}* version.

8.1.6 Results with other references Processes

RUN **and** *non-terminating*

lemma *non-terminating-STOP* [*simp*] : $\langle \text{non-terminating } \text{STOP} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *not-non-terminating-SKIP* [simp]: $\langle \neg \text{non-terminating } (\text{SKIP } r) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *not-non-terminating-BOT* [simp]: $\langle \neg \text{non-terminating } \perp \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *AfterExt* **begin**

lemma *non-terminating-iff-RUN-events-T*:
 $\langle \text{non-terminating } P \longleftrightarrow \text{RUN } \alpha(P) \sqsubseteq_T P \rangle$ **for** $P :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{ptick} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *lifelock-free-F*: $\langle \text{lifelock-free } P \longleftrightarrow \text{CHAOS UNIV } \sqsubseteq_F P \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

Chapter 9

Bonus: powerful new Laws

9.1 Powerful Results about *Sync*

lemma *add-complementary-events-of-in-failure:*

$$\langle (t, X) \in \mathcal{F} P \implies (t, X \cup \text{ev } \neg \alpha(P)) \in \mathcal{F} P \rangle$$

<proof>

lemma *add-complementary-initials-in-refusal:* $\langle X \in \mathcal{R} P \implies X \cup - P^0 \in \mathcal{R} P \rangle$

<proof>

lemma *TickRightSync:*

$$\langle \checkmark(r) \in S \implies \text{ftF } u \implies t \text{ setinterleaves } ((u, [\checkmark(r)]), S) \implies t = u \wedge \text{last } u = \checkmark(r) \rangle$$

<proof>

theorem *Sync-is-Sync-restricted-superset-events:*

fixes $S A :: \langle 'a \text{ set} \rangle$ **and** $P Q :: \langle ('a, 'r) \text{ process}_{\text{ptick}} \rangle$

assumes *superset* : $\langle \alpha(P) \cup \alpha(Q) \subseteq A \rangle$

defines $\langle S' \equiv S \cap A \rangle$

shows $\langle P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q = P \llbracket S' \rrbracket Q \rangle$

<proof>

corollary *Sync-is-Sync-restricted-events :* $\langle P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q = P \llbracket S \cap (\alpha(P) \cup \alpha(Q)) \rrbracket Q \rangle$

<proof>

This version is closer to the intuition that we may have, but the first one would be more useful if we don't want to compute the events of a process but know a superset approximation.

corollary $\langle \text{deadlock-free } P \implies \text{deadlock-free } Q \implies$

$$S \cap (\alpha(P) \cup \alpha(Q)) = \{\} \implies \text{deadlock-free } (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \rangle$$

<proof>

9.2 Powerful Results about *Renaming*

In this section we will provide laws about the *Renaming* operator. In the first subsection we will give slight generalizations of previous results, but in the other we prove some very powerful theorems.

9.2.1 Some Generalizations

For *Renaming*, we can obtain generalizations of the following results:

Renaming (Mprefix A P) f g = $\Box y \in f \text{ ' } A \rightarrow \Box a \in \{x \in A. y = f x\}. \text{ Renaming } (P \ a) \ f \ g$

Renaming (Mndetprefix A P) f g = $\Box b \in f \text{ ' } A \rightarrow \Box a \in \{a \in A. b = f a\}. \text{ Renaming } (P \ a) \ f \ g$

lemma *Renaming-Mprefix-Sliding*:

$\langle \text{Renaming } ((\Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \triangleright Q) \ f \ g =$
 $(\Box y \in f \text{ ' } A \rightarrow \Box a \in \{x \in A. y = f x\}. \text{ Renaming } (P \ a) \ f \ g) \triangleright \text{Renaming } Q \ f \ g \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

9.2.2 *Renaming* and $(\backslash)$

When f is one to one, *Renaming* ($P \backslash S$) f will behave like we expect it to do.

lemma *strict-mono-map*: $\langle \text{strict-mono } g \implies \text{strict-mono } (\lambda i. \text{map } f \ (g \ i)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *trace-hide-map-map-event_{ptick}* :

$\langle \text{inj-on } (\text{map-event}_{ptick} \ f \ g) \ (\text{set } s \cup \text{ev ' } S) \implies$
 $\text{trace-hide } (\text{map } (\text{map-event}_{ptick} \ f \ g) \ s) \ (\text{ev ' } f \text{ ' } S) =$
 $\text{map } (\text{map-event}_{ptick} \ f \ g) \ (\text{trace-hide } s \ (\text{ev ' } S)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *bij-Renaming-Hiding*: $\langle \text{Renaming } (P \backslash S) \ f \ g = \text{Renaming } P \ f \ g \backslash f \text{ ' } S \rangle$
 $(\text{is } \langle ?lhs = ?rhs \rangle) \text{ if } \text{bij-}f: \langle \text{bij } f \rangle \text{ and } \text{bij-}g: \langle \text{bij } g \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

9.2.3 *Renaming* and *Sync*

Idem for the synchronization: when f is one to one, *Renaming* ($P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q$) will behave as expected.

lemma *map-antecedent-if-subset-rangeE* :
assumes $\langle \text{set } u \subseteq \text{range } f \rangle$

obtains t **where** $\langle u = \text{map } f \ t \rangle$
— In particular, when f is surjective or bijective.
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *bij-map-setinterleaving-iff-setinterleaving* :
 $\langle \text{map } f \ r \ \text{setinterleaves} \ ((\text{map } f \ t, \text{map } f \ u), f \ ' \ S) \longleftrightarrow$
 $r \ \text{setinterleaves} \ ((t, u), S) \rangle$ **if** $\text{bij-}f : \langle \text{bij } f \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *bij-Renaming-Sync*:
 $\langle \text{Renaming } (P \llbracket S \rrbracket Q) \ f \ g = \text{Renaming } P \ f \ g \llbracket f \ ' \ S \rrbracket \text{Renaming } Q \ f \ g \rangle$
(is $\langle ?\text{lhs } P \ Q = ?\text{rhs } P \ Q \rangle$ **if** $\text{bij-}f : \langle \text{bij } f \rangle$ **and** $\text{bij-}g : \langle \text{bij } g \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

9.3 $(\setminus)$ and $M\text{prefix}$

We already have a way to distribute the $(\setminus)$ operator on the $M\text{prefix}$ operator with $S \cap A = \{\} \implies M\text{prefix } S \ ?P \setminus A = \Box a \in S \rightarrow (?P \ a \setminus A)$. But this is only usable when $A \cap S = \{\}$. With the $(\triangleright)$ operator, we can now handle the case $A \cap S \neq \{\}$.

9.3.1 $(\setminus)$ and $M\text{prefix}$ for disjoint Sets

This is a result similar to $?A \cap ?S = \{\} \implies M\text{prefix } ?A \ ?P \setminus ?S = \Box a \in ?A \rightarrow (?P \ a \setminus ?S)$ when we add a $(\triangleright)$ in the expression.

theorem *Hiding-Mprefix-Sliding-disjoint*:
 $\langle ((\Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \triangleright Q) \setminus S = (\Box a \in A \rightarrow (P \ a \setminus S)) \triangleright (Q \setminus S) \rangle$
if disjoint: $\langle A \cap S = \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

9.3.2 $(\setminus)$ and $M\text{prefix}$ for non-disjoint Sets

Finally the new version, when $A \cap S \neq \{\}$.

lemma $\langle \exists A :: \text{nat set}. \exists P \ S.$
 $A \cap S = \{\} \wedge \Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a \setminus S \neq$
 $(\Box a \in (A - S) \rightarrow (P \ a \setminus S)) \triangleright (\Box a \in (A \cap S). (P \ a \setminus S)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

This is a result similar to $?A \cap ?S \neq \{\} \implies M\text{prefix } ?A \ ?P \setminus ?S = (\Box a \in (?A - ?S) \rightarrow (?P \ a \setminus ?S)) \triangleright (\Box a \in (?A \cap ?S). (?P \ a \setminus ?S))$ when we add a $(\triangleright)$ in the expression.

lemma *Hiding-Mprefix-Sliding-non-disjoint*:
 $\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P \ a) \triangleright Q \setminus S = (\Box a \in (A - S) \rightarrow (P \ a \setminus S)) \triangleright$
 $(Q \setminus S) \cap (\Box a \in (A \cap S). (P \ a \setminus S)) \rangle$

if non-disjoint: $\langle A \cap S \neq \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

9.4 ($\triangleright$) behaviour

We already proved several laws for the ($\triangleright$) operator. Here we give other results in the same spirit as *Hiding-Mprefix-Sliding-disjoint* and *Hiding-Mprefix-Sliding-non-disjoint*.

lemma *Mprefix-Sliding-Mprefix-Sliding:*

$\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \triangleright (\Box b \in B \rightarrow Q b) \triangleright R =$
 $(\Box x \in (A \cup B) \rightarrow (if\ x \in A \cap B\ then\ P\ x \sqcap Q\ x\ else\ if\ x \in A\ then\ P\ x\ else\ Q$
 $x)) \triangleright R \rangle$
 $(is\ \langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \triangleright (\Box b \in B \rightarrow Q b) \triangleright R = ?term \triangleright R \rangle)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Mprefix-Sliding-Seq:*

$\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \triangleright P' ; Q = (\Box a \in A \rightarrow (P a ; Q)) \triangleright (P' ; Q) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Throw-Sliding :*

$\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \triangleright P' \Theta b \in B. Q b =$
 $(\Box a \in A \rightarrow (if\ a \in B\ then\ Q\ a\ else\ P\ a \Theta b \in B. Q b)) \triangleright (P' \Theta b \in B. Q b) \rangle$
 $(is\ \langle ?lhs = ?rhs \rangle)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

9.5 Dealing with SKIP

lemma *Renaming-Mprefix-Det-SKIP:*

$\langle Renaming\ ((\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \sqcap SKIP\ r)\ f\ g =$
 $(\Box y \in f\ ' A \rightarrow \Box a \in \{x \in A. y = f\ x\}. Renaming\ (P\ a)\ f\ g) \sqcap SKIP\ (g\ r) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Mprefix-Sliding-SKIP-Seq:* $\langle ((\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \triangleright SKIP\ r) ; Q = (\Box a \in A \rightarrow (P a ; Q)) \triangleright Q \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Mprefix-Det-SKIP-Seq:* $\langle ((\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \sqcap SKIP\ r) ; Q = (\Box a \in A \rightarrow (P a ; Q)) \triangleright Q \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Sliding-Ndet-pseudo-assoc :* $\langle (P \triangleright Q) \sqcap R = P \triangleright Q \sqcap R \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Hiding-Mprefix-Det-SKIP:*

$\langle (\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \Box SKIP r \setminus S =$
 $(if A \cap S = \{\} then (\Box a \in A \rightarrow (P a \setminus S)) \Box SKIP r$
 $else ((\Box a \in (A - S) \rightarrow (P a \setminus S)) \Box SKIP r) \Box (\Box a \in (A \cap S). (P a \setminus S))) \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\langle s \neq \Box \implies (s, X) \in \mathcal{F} (P \Box Q) \longleftrightarrow (s, X) \in \mathcal{F} (P \sqcap Q) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Mprefix-Det-SKIP-Sync-SKIP :*

$\langle ((\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a) \Box SKIP res) \llbracket S \rrbracket SKIP res' =$
 $(if res = res' then (\Box a \in (A - S) \rightarrow (P a \llbracket S \rrbracket SKIP res')) \Box SKIP res'$
 $else (\Box a \in (A - S) \rightarrow (P a \llbracket S \rrbracket SKIP res')) \Box STOP) \rangle$
 $(is \langle ?lhs = (if res = res' then ?rhs1 else ?rhs2) \rangle)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Sliding-def-bis :* $\langle P \triangleright Q = (P \sqcap Q) \Box Q \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

Chapter 10

Conclusion

We started by defining the operators ($\triangleright$), *Throw* and ($\triangle$) and provided on them several new laws, especially monotony, "step-law" (behaviour with $\Box a \in A \rightarrow P a$) and continuity.

We defined the *initials* notion, and described its behaviour with the reference processes and the operators of **HOL-CSP** and **HOL-CSPM** (which is already a minor contribution).

As main contribution, we defined the *After* operator which represents a bridge between the denotational and the versions of operational semantics for CSP. We made the construction as generic as possible, by exploiting the locale mechanism. Therefore we derive the correspondence between denotational and operational semantics by construction. Based on failure divergence or trace divergence refinements, the two operational semantics correspond to the versions described in [4, 6].

We have slight variations that can open up for discussion.

Thus, we provided a formal theory of operational behaviour for CSP, which is, to our knowledge, done for the first time for the entire language and the complete FD-Semantics model. Some of the proofs turned out to be extremely complex and out of reach of paper-and-pencil reasoning.

A notable point is that the experimental order ($\sqsubseteq_{DT}$) behaves surprisingly well: initially pushed in **HOL-CSP** for pure curiosity, it looks promising for future applications, since it gives a direct handle for an operational trace semantics for non-diverging processes which is executable.

Another take-away is the development of alternatives with ($\sqsubseteq_F$) and ($\sqsubseteq_T$) orders but this remains a bit disappointing because their monotony w.r.t. to some operators does not allow to recover all the laws of [4, 6].

As a bonus we provided in *HOL-CSP-OpSem.CSP-New-Laws* some powerful laws for CSP. Here, we recall only the most important ones:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{b_{ij} \ ?f \quad b_{ij} \ ?g}{Renaming \ (?P \setminus \ ?S) \ ?f \ ?g = Renaming \ ?P \ ?f \ ?g \setminus \ ?f \ ' \ ?S} \\
\frac{b_{ij} \ ?f \quad b_{ij} \ ?g}{Renaming \ (?P \llbracket \ ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q) \ ?f \ ?g = Renaming \ ?P \ ?f \ ?g \llbracket \ ?f \ ' \ ?S \rrbracket Renaming \ ?Q \ ?f \ ?g} \\
\frac{\ ?A \cap \ ?S \neq \emptyset}{\Box a \in \ ?A \rightarrow \ ?P \ a \setminus \ ?S = (\Box a \in (\ ?A - \ ?S) \rightarrow (\ ?P \ a \setminus \ ?S)) \triangleright (\Box a \in (\ ?A \cap \ ?S). (\ ?P \ a \setminus \ ?S))}
\end{array}$$

Finally, we discovered that the *After.After* operator and its extensions *AfterExt.After_{tick}* and *AfterExt.After_{trace}* have a real interest even without the construction of operational semantics.

With induction rules based on *AfterExt.After_{trace}*, we could for example prove the following theorem:

$$\frac{deadlock-free \ ?P \quad deadlock-free \ ?Q \quad \alpha(\ ?Q) \cap \ ?S = \emptyset}{deadlock-free \ (?P \llbracket \ ?S \rrbracket \ ?Q)}$$

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