# The Falling Factorial of a Sum

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#### Abstract

This entry shows that the falling factorial of a sum can be computed with an expression using binomial coefficients and the falling factorial of its summands. The entry provides three different proofs: a combinatorial proof, an induction proof and an algebraic proof using the Vandermonde identity.

The three formalizations try to follow their informal presentations from a Mathematics Stack Exchange page  $[1,\,2,\,3,\,4]$  as close as possible. The induction and algebraic formalization end up to be very close to their informal presentation, whereas the combinatorial proof first requires the introduction of list interleavings, and significant more detail than its informal presentation.

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1		roving Falling Factorial of a Sum with Comb atorics	bi-

 ${\bf theory} \ \textit{Falling-Factorial-Sum-Combinatorics} \\ {\bf imports} \\$ 

```
Discrete-Summation. Factorials \\ Card-Partitions. Injectivity-Solver \\ \textbf{begin}
```

#### 1.1 Preliminaries

#### 1.1.1 Addition to Factorials Theory

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{card-lists-distinct-length-eq} :
  assumes finite A
  shows card \{xs. \ length \ xs = n \land \ distinct \ xs \land \ set \ xs \subseteq A\} = ffact \ n \ (card \ A)
proof cases
  assume n \leq card A
  have card \{xs. \ length \ xs = n \land \ distinct \ xs \land \ set \ xs \subseteq A\} = \prod \{card \ A - n + a\}
1..card A
    using \langle finite \ A \rangle \ \langle n \leq card \ A \rangle by (rule \ card-lists-distinct-length-eq)
  also have \dots = ffact \ n \ (card \ A)
    using \langle n \leq card \ A \rangle by (simp \ add: prod-rev-ffact-nat'[symmetric])
  finally show ?thesis.
  assume \neg n \leq card A
  from this \langle finite\ A \rangle have \forall\ xs.\ length\ xs = n \land\ distinct\ xs \land\ set\ xs \subseteq A \longrightarrow
    by (metis card-mono distinct-card)
  from this have eq-empty: \{xs. \ length \ xs = n \land \ distinct \ xs \land set \ xs \subseteq A\} = \{\}
    using \langle finite \ A \rangle by auto
  \mathbf{from} \ \langle \neg \ n \leq \mathit{card} \ A \rangle \ \mathbf{show} \ ?thesis
    by (simp add: ffact-nat-triv eq-empty)
\mathbf{qed}
        Interleavings of Two Lists
inductive interleavings :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow bool
where
  interleavings [] ys ys
 interleavings xs [] xs
 interleavings xs \ ys \ zs \Longrightarrow interleavings \ (x\#xs) \ ys \ (x\#zs)
 interleavings \ xs \ ys \ zs \Longrightarrow interleavings \ xs \ (y\#ys) \ (y\#zs)
lemma interleaving-Nil-implies-eq1:
  assumes interleavings xs ys zs
  assumes xs = []
  shows ys = zs
using assms by (induct rule: interleavings.induct) auto
lemma interleaving-Nil-iff1:
  interleavings [] ys zs \longleftrightarrow (ys = zs)
using interleaving-Nil-implies-eq1
by (auto simp add: interleavings.intros(1))
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ interleaving\text{-}Nil\text{-}implies\text{-}eq2:
 assumes interleavings xs ys zs
 assumes ys = []
 shows xs = zs
using assms by (induct rule: interleavings.induct) auto
lemma interleaving-Nil-iff2:
  interleavings \ xs \ [] \ zs \longleftrightarrow (xs = zs)
\mathbf{using}\ interleaving\text{-}Nil\text{-}implies\text{-}eq2
by (auto simp add: interleavings.intros(2))
lemma interleavings-Cons:
  \{zs.\ interleavings\ (x\#xs)\ (y\#ys)\ zs\} =
    \{x\#zs|zs.\ interleavings\ xs\ (y\#ys)\ zs\}\cup\{y\#zs|zs.\ interleavings\ (x\#xs)\ ys\ zs\}
  (is ?S = ?expr)
proof
 show ?S \subseteq ?expr
   by (auto elim: interleavings.cases)
 show ?expr \subseteq ?S
   by (auto intro: interleavings.intros)
qed
lemma interleavings-filter:
 assumes X \cap Y = \{\} set zs \subseteq X \cup Y
 shows interleavings [z \leftarrow zs : z \in X] [z \leftarrow zs : z \in Y] zs
using assms by (induct zs) (auto intro: interleavings.intros)
lemma interleavings-filter-eq1:
 assumes interleavings xs ys zs
 assumes (\forall x \in set \ xs. \ P \ x) \land (\forall y \in set \ ys. \ \neg \ P \ y)
 shows filter P zs = xs
using assms by (induct rule: interleavings.induct) auto
lemma interleavings-filter-eq2:
 assumes interleavings xs ys zs
 assumes (\forall x \in set \ xs. \ \neg \ P \ x) \land (\forall y \in set \ ys. \ P \ y)
 shows filter P zs = ys
using assms by (induct rule: interleavings.induct) auto
lemma interleavings-length:
 assumes interleavings xs ys zs
 shows length xs + length ys = length zs
using assms by (induct xs ys zs rule: interleavings.induct) auto
lemma interleavings-set:
 assumes interleavings xs ys zs
 shows set xs \cup set ys = set zs
using assms by (induct xs ys zs rule: interleavings.induct) auto
```

```
lemma interleavings-distinct:
 assumes interleavings xs ys zs
 shows distinct xs \land distinct \ ys \land set \ xs \cap set \ ys = \{\} \longleftrightarrow distinct \ zs
using assms interleavings-set by (induct xs ys zs rule: interleavings.induct) fast-
force+
lemma two-mutual-lists-induction:
 assumes \bigwedge ys. P \parallel ys
 assumes \bigwedge xs. \ P \ xs []
 assumes \bigwedge x \ xs \ y \ ys. P \ xs \ (y \# ys) \Longrightarrow P \ (x \# xs) \ ys \Longrightarrow P \ (x \# xs) \ (y \# ys)
 shows P xs ys
using assms by (induction-schema) (pat-completeness, lexicographic-order)
lemma finite-interleavings:
 finite \{zs. interleavings xs ys zs\}
proof (induct xs ys rule: two-mutual-lists-induction)
 case (1 \ ys)
 show ?case by (simp add: interleaving-Nil-iff1)
 case (2 xs)
 then show ?case by (simp add: interleaving-Nil-iff2)
 case (3 x xs y ys)
  then show ?case by (simp add: interleavings-Cons)
qed
lemma card-interleavings:
 assumes set xs \cap set ys = \{\}
  shows card \{zs. interleavings xs ys zs\} = (length xs + length ys choose (length
using assms
proof (induct xs ys rule: two-mutual-lists-induction)
 case (1 ys)
 have card \{zs.\ interleavings\ []\ ys\ zs\} = card\ \{ys\}
   by (simp add: interleaving-Nil-iff1)
 also have ... = (length [] + length ys choose (length [])) by simp
 finally show ?case.
\mathbf{next}
  case (2 xs)
 have card \{zs. interleavings \ xs \ [] \ zs\} = card \ \{xs\}
   by (simp add: interleaving-Nil-iff2)
 also have ... = (length \ xs + length \ | \ choose \ (length \ xs)) by simp
 finally show ?case.
\mathbf{next}
  case (3 x xs y ys)
 have card \{zs. interleavings (x \# xs) (y \# ys) zs\} =
   card (\{x\#zs|zs.\ interleavings\ xs\ (y\#ys)\ zs\} \cup \{y\#zs|zs.\ interleavings\ (x\#xs)\ ys
zs\})
```

```
by (simp add: interleavings-Cons)
      also have ... = card \{x\#zs|zs. interleavings xs (y\#ys) zs\} + card \{y\#zs|zs.
interleavings (x\#xs) ys zs
     proof -
         have finite \{x \# zs \mid zs. interleavings xs (y \# ys) zs\}
              by (simp add: finite-interleavings)
         moreover have finite \{y \# zs \mid zs. interleavings (x \# xs) \ ys \ zs\}
              by (simp add: finite-interleavings)
            moreover have \{x \# zs \mid zs. interleavings xs (y \# ys) zs\} \cap \{y \# zs \mid zs.
interleavings (x \# xs) ys zs = \{ \}
              using \langle set (x \# xs) \cap set (y \# ys) = \{\} \rangle by auto
         ultimately show ?thesis by (simp add: card-Un-disjoint)
     qed
     also have ... = card ((\lambda zs. \ x \# zs) \ `\{zs. \ interleavings \ xs \ (y \# ys) \ zs\}) +
          card\ ((\lambda zs.\ y\ \#\ zs)\ `\{zs.\ interleavings\ (x\#xs)\ ys\ zs\})
         by (simp add: setcompr-eq-image)
     also have ... = card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + card \{ zs. interleavings xs (y # ys) zs \} + ca
(x\#xs) ys zs
         by (simp add: card-image)
     also have ... = (length \ xs + length \ (y \# ys) \ choose \ length \ xs) + (length \ (x \# ys) \ respectively.)
(xs) + length \ ys \ choose \ length \ (x \# xs))
         using \beta by simp
     also have ... = length (x \# xs) + length (y \# ys) choose length (x \# xs) by
     finally show ?case.
qed
```

# 1.3 Cardinality of Distinct Fixed-Length Lists from a Union of Two Sets

```
lemma lists-distinct-union-by-interleavings:
  assumes X \cap Y = \{\}
  shows \{zs. \ length \ zs = n \land \ distinct \ zs \land \ set \ zs \subseteq X \cup Y\} = do \ \{
    k \leftarrow \{\theta..n\};
    xs \leftarrow \{xs. \ length \ xs = k \land \ distinct \ xs \land \ set \ xs \subseteq X\};
    ys \leftarrow \{ys. \ length \ ys = n - k \land distinct \ ys \land set \ ys \subseteq Y\};
    \{zs.\ interleavings\ xs\ ys\ zs\}
  \{ (is ?S = ?expr) \}
proof
  show ?S \subseteq ?expr
  proof
    \mathbf{fix} \ zs
    assume zs \in ?S
    from this have length zs = n and distinct zs and set zs \subseteq X \cup Y by auto
    define xs where xs = filter (\lambda z. z \in X) zs
    define ys where ys = filter (\lambda z. z \in Y) zs
    have eq: [z \leftarrow zs : z \in Y] = [z \leftarrow zs : z \notin X]
      using \langle set\ zs \subseteq X \cup Y \rangle \langle X \cap Y = \{\}\rangle
      by (auto intro: filter-cong)
```

```
have length xs \leq n \land distinct \ xs \land set \ xs \subseteq X
       using \langle length \ zs = n \rangle \langle distinct \ zs \rangle unfolding xs-def by auto
    moreover have length ys = n - length xs
       using \langle set\ zs \subseteq X \cup Y \rangle \langle length\ zs = n \rangle
       unfolding xs-def ys-def eq
       by (metis diff-add-inverse sum-length-filter-compl)
    moreover have distinct ys \land set \ ys \subseteq Y
       using \langle distinct zs \rangle unfolding ys-def by auto
    moreover have interleavings xs ys zs
       using xs-def ys-def \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle \langle set \ zs \subseteq X \cup Y \rangle
       \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add\colon interleavings\text{-}filter)
    ultimately show zs \in ?expr by force
  qed
\mathbf{next}
  show ?expr \subseteq ?S
  proof
    \mathbf{fix} \ zs
    assume zs \in ?expr
    from this obtain xs ys where length xs \leq n distinct xs set xs \subseteq X
      and length ys = n - length \ xs \ distinct \ ys \ set \ ys \subseteq Y \ interleavings \ xs \ ys \ zs \ by
auto
    have length zs = n
       using \langle length \ xs \le n \rangle \langle length \ ys = n - length \ xs \rangle \langle interleavings \ xs \ ys \ zs \rangle
       using interleavings-length by force
    moreover have distinct zs
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle \textit{distinct } \textit{xs} \rangle \ \langle \textit{distinct } \textit{ys} \rangle \ \langle \textit{interleavings } \textit{xs } \textit{ys } \textit{zs} \rangle \ \langle \textit{set } \textit{xs} \subseteq \textit{X} \rangle \ \langle \textit{set } \textit{ys}
\subseteq Y
       using \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle interleavings-distinct by fastforce
    moreover have set zs \subseteq X \cup Y
       blast
    ultimately show zs \in ?S by blast
  qed
qed
lemma interleavings-inject:
  \mathbf{assumes} \ (\mathit{set} \ \mathit{xs} \ \cup \ \mathit{set} \ \mathit{xs'}) \ \cap \ (\mathit{set} \ \mathit{ys} \ \cup \ \mathit{set} \ \mathit{ys'}) = \{\}
  assumes interleavings xs ys zs interleavings xs' ys' zs'
  assumes zs = zs'
  shows xs = xs' and ys = ys'
proof -
  have xs = filter (\lambda z. \ z \in set \ xs \cup set \ xs') \ zs
    using \langle (set \ xs \cup set \ xs') \cap (set \ ys \cup set \ ys') = \{\} \rangle \langle interleavings \ xs \ ys \ zs \rangle
    by (auto intro: interleavings-filter-eq1[symmetric])
  also have ... = filter (\lambda z. z \in set xs \cup set xs') zs'
    using \langle zs = zs' \rangle by simp
  also have \dots = xs'
    using \langle (set \ xs \cup set \ xs') \cap (set \ ys \cup set \ ys') = \{ \} \rangle \langle interleavings \ xs' \ ys' \ zs' \rangle
    by (auto intro: interleavings-filter-eq1)
```

```
finally show xs = xs' by simp
  have ys = filter (\lambda z. \ z \in set \ ys \cup set \ ys') \ zs
    using \langle (set \ xs \cup set \ xs') \cap (set \ ys \cup set \ ys') = \{ \} \rangle \langle interleavings \ xs \ ys \ zs \rangle
    by (auto intro: interleavings-filter-eq2[symmetric])
  also have ... = filter (\lambda z. z \in set ys \cup set ys') zs'
    using \langle zs = zs' \rangle by simp
  also have \dots = ys'
    using \langle (set \ xs \cup set \ xs') \cap (set \ ys \cup set \ ys') = \{\} \rangle \langle interleavings \ xs' \ ys' \ zs' \rangle
    by (auto intro: interleavings-filter-eq2)
  finally show ys = ys'.
qed
lemma injectivity:
  assumes X \cap Y = \{\}
 assumes k \in \{0..n\} \land k' \in \{0..n\}
 assumes (length xs = k \land distinct \ xs \land set \ xs \subseteq X) \land (length xs' = k' \land distinct
xs' \wedge set xs' \subseteq X
 assumes (length ys = n - k \land distinct ys \land set ys \subseteq Y) \land (length ys' = n - k'
\land distinct \ ys' \land set \ ys' \subseteq Y
 assumes interleavings xs \ ys \ zs \land interleavings \ xs' \ ys' \ zs'
  assumes zs = zs'
  shows k = k' and xs = xs' and ys = ys'
proof -
  from assms(1,3,4) have (set\ xs \cup set\ xs') \cap (set\ ys \cup set\ ys') = \{\} by blast
  from this assms(5) \langle zs = zs' \rangle show xs = xs' and ys = ys'
    using interleavings-inject by fastforce+
  from this assms(3) show k = k' by auto
qed
lemma finite-length-distinct: finite X \Longrightarrow finite \{xs. \ length \ xs = k \land \ distinct \ xs \}
\land set xs \subseteq X
by(fast elim: rev-finite-subset[OF finite-subset-distinct])
lemma card-lists-distinct-length-eq-union:
 assumes finite X finite YX \cap Y = \{\}
 shows card \{zs. \ length \ zs = n \land distinct \ zs \land set \ zs \subseteq X \cup Y\} =
    (\sum k=0..n. (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ (card \ X) * ffact \ (n-k) \ (card \ Y))
  (is card ?S = -)
proof -
  let ?expr = do {
    k \leftarrow \{\theta..n\};
    xs \leftarrow \{xs. \ length \ xs = k \land \ distinct \ xs \land \ set \ xs \subseteq X\};
    ys \leftarrow \{ys. \ length \ ys = n - k \land distinct \ ys \land set \ ys \subseteq Y\};
    \{zs.\ interleavings\ xs\ ys\ zs\}
  from \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle have card ?S = card ?expr
    by (simp add: lists-distinct-union-by-interleavings)
  let ?S \gg ?comp = ?expr
  {
```

```
\mathbf{fix} \ k
   assume k \in ?S
   let ?expr = ?comp k
   let ?S \gg ?comp = ?expr
   from \langle finite X \rangle have finite ?S by (rule\ finite\ length\ distinct)
   moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ xs
     assume xs: xs \in ?S
     let ?expr = ?comp \ xs
     let ?S \gg ?comp = ?expr
     from \langle finite \ Y \rangle have finite \ ?S by (rule \ finite-length-distinct)
     moreover {
       \mathbf{fix} \ ys
       assume ys: ys \in ?S
       let ?expr = ?comp ys
       have finite ?expr
         by (simp add: finite-interleavings)
       moreover have card ?expr = (n \ choose \ k)
         using xs \ ys \ \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle \ \langle k \in \neg \rangle
         by (subst card-interleavings) auto
        ultimately have finite ?expr \land card ?expr = (n \ choose \ k) \dots
     moreover have disjoint-family-on ?comp ?S
       using \langle k \in \{0..n\} \rangle \langle xs \in \{xs. \ length \ xs = k \land \ distinct \ xs \land \ set \ xs \subseteq X\} \rangle
       by (injectivity-solver rule: injectivity(3)[OF \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle])
     moreover have card ?S = ffact (n - k) (card Y)
        using \langle finite \ Y \rangle by (simp \ add: \ card-lists-distinct-length-eq)
     ultimately have card ?expr = (n \ choose \ k) * ffact (n - k) (card \ Y)
       by (subst card-bind-constant) auto
     moreover have finite ?expr
       using \(\langle finite \cdot ?S \rangle \) by (auto intro!: finite-bind finite-interleavings)
      ultimately have finite ?expr \wedge card ?expr = (n choose k) * ffact (n - k)
(card\ Y)
       by blast
   moreover have disjoint-family-on ?comp ?S
     using \langle k \in \{\theta..n\}\rangle
     by (injectivity-solver rule: injectivity(2)[OF \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle])
   moreover have card ?S = ffact k (card X)
     using \langle finite \ X \rangle by (simp \ add: \ card-lists-distinct-length-eq)
   ultimately have card ?expr = (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ (card \ X) * ffact \ (n - k)
(card\ Y)
     by (subst card-bind-constant) auto
   moreover have finite ?expr
       using \langle finite\ ?S \rangle \langle finite\ Y \rangle by (auto intro!: finite-bind finite-interleavings
finite-length-distinct)
    ultimately have finite ?expr \land card ?expr = (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ (card \ X)
* ffact (n - k) (card Y)
     by blast
```

```
moreover have disjoint-family-on ?comp ?S
    by (injectivity-solver rule: injectivity(1)[OF \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle])
  ultimately have card ?expr = (\sum k=0..n. (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ (card \ X) *
ffact (n - k) (card Y)
    by (auto simp add: card-bind)
  from \langle card - = card ? expr \rangle this show ? thesis by simp
qed
lemma
 ffact \ n \ (x + y) = (\sum k=0..n. \ (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (n - k) \ y)
  define X where X = \{..< x\}
  define Y where Y = \{x ... < x+y\}
  have finite X and card X = x unfolding X-def by auto
  have finite Y and card Y = y unfolding Y-def by auto
  have X \cap Y = \{\} unfolding X-def Y-def by auto
  have \mathit{ffact}\ n\ (x+y) = \mathit{ffact}\ n\ (\mathit{card}\ X + \mathit{card}\ Y)
    using \langle card \ X = x \rangle \langle card \ Y = y \rangle by simp
  also have ... = ffact \ n \ (card \ (X \cup Y))
    using \langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle \langle finite \ X \rangle \langle finite \ Y \rangle by (simp \ add: \ card-Un-disjoint)
  also have ... = card \{ xs. \ length \ xs = n \land distinct \ xs \land set \ xs \subseteq X \cup Y \}
   using \langle finite \ X \rangle \langle finite \ Y \rangle by (simp \ add: card-lists-distinct-length-eq)
 also have ... = (\sum k=0..n. (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ (card \ X) * ffact \ (n-k) \ (card
   using \langle X \cap Y = \{ \} \rangle \langle finite X \rangle \langle finite Y \rangle by (simp \ add: \ card-lists-distinct-length-eq-union)
  also have ... = (\sum k=0..n. (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (n-k) \ y)
    using \langle card \ X = x \rangle \langle card \ Y = y \rangle by simp
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
end
```

### 2 Proving Falling Factorial of a Sum with Induction

```
theory Falling-Factorial-Sum-Induction imports
   Discrete-Summation.Factorials
begin

Note the potentially special copyright license condition of the following proof.

lemma ffact-add-nat:
   ffact \ n \ (x + y) = (\sum k = \theta ... n. \ (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (n - k) \ y)

proof (induct \ n)
case \theta
show ?case by simp
```

```
next
     case (Suc \ n)
    let ?s = \lambda k. (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (n - k) \ y
    let ?t = \lambda k. ffact k \ x * ffact (Suc \ n - k) \ y
    let ?u = \lambda k. ffact (Suc k) x * ffact (n - k) y
    have flact (Suc n) (x + y) = (x + y - n) * flact n (x + y)
        by (simp add: ffact-Suc-rev-nat)
    also have \dots = (x + y - n) * (\sum k = 0..n. (n \text{ choose } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n \text{ } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } k 
-k) y)
        using Suc.hyps by simp
    also have \dots = (\sum k = 0..n. ?s k * (x + y - n))
        \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ mult.commute\ sum-distrib-left)
    also have ... = (\sum k = 0..n. ?s k * ((y + k - n) + (x - k)))
    proof -
        have ?s \ k * (x + y - n) = ?s \ k * ((y + k - n) + (x - k)) for k
             by (cases \ k \leq x \lor n - k \leq y) (auto \ simp \ add: ffact-nat-triv)
        from this show ?thesis
             by (auto intro: sum.cong simp only: refl)
     also have \dots = (\sum k = 0..n. (n \ choose \ k) * (?t \ k + ?u \ k))
    by (auto intro!: sum.cong simp add: Suc-diff-le ffact-Suc-rev-nat) algebra also have ... = (\sum k = 0..n. (n \text{ choose } k) *?t k) + (\sum k = 0..n. (n \text{ choose } k)
        by (simp add: sum.distrib add-mult-distrib2 mult.commute mult.left-commute)
    also have ... = ?t \ \theta + (\sum k = \theta..n. ((n \ choose \ k) + (n \ choose \ Suc \ k)) * ?u \ k)
        have ... = (?t \ 0 + (\sum k = 0..n. \ (n \ choose \ Suc \ k) * ?u \ k)) + (\sum k = 0..n. \ (n \ choose \ Suc \ k) * ?u \ k))
choose \ k) * ?u \ k)
        proof -
            have (\sum k = Suc \ \theta..n. \ (n \ choose \ k) * ?t \ k) = (\sum k = \theta..n. \ (n \ choose \ Suc \ k)
* ?u k)
             proof -
                    have (\sum k = Suc \ 0..n. \ (n \ choose \ k) * ?t \ k) = (\sum k = Suc \ 0..Suc \ n. \ (n \ choose \ k) * ?t \ k)
choose\ k) * ?t\ k)
                      by simp
                 also have ... = (sum\ ((\lambda k.\ (n\ choose\ k) * ?t\ k)\ o\ Suc)\ \{0..n\})
               by (simp only: sum.reindex[symmetric, of Suc] inj-Suc image-Suc-atLeastAtMost)
                 also have \dots = (\sum k = 0..n. (n \ choose \ Suc \ k) * ?u \ k)
                      by simp
                 finally show ?thesis.
             qed
             from this show ?thesis
                 \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ sum.atLeast\text{-}Suc\text{-}atMost[of\text{---}\lambda k.\ (n\ choose\ k)\ *\ ?t\ k])
         also have ... = ?t \ \theta + (\sum k = \theta..n. ((n \ choose \ k) + (n \ choose \ Suc \ k)) * ?u
k)
             by (simp add: distrib-right sum.distrib)
        finally show ?thesis.
    qed
```

```
also have ... = (\sum k = 0..Suc \ n. (Suc \ n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact (Suc \ n - 1)
k) y)
  proof -
   let ?v = \lambda k. (Suc n choose k) * ffact k x * ffact (Suc n - k) y
   have \dots = ?v \ 0 + (\sum k = 0..n. (Suc \ n \ choose (Suc \ k)) * ?u \ k)
   also have \dots = ?v \ \theta + (\sum k = Suc \ \theta ... Suc \ n. \ ?v \ k)
     by (simp only: sum.shift-bounds-cl-Suc-ivl diff-Suc-Suc mult.assoc)
    also have ... = (\sum k = 0..Suc \ n. (Suc \ n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact (Suc \ n)
     by (simp add: sum.atLeast-Suc-atMost)
   finally show ?thesis.
  qed
 finally show ?case .
qed
lemma ffact-add:
 fixes xy :: 'a::\{ab\text{-}group\text{-}add, comm\text{-}semiring\text{-}1\text{-}cancel, ring\text{-}1\}
 shows flact n(x + y) = (\sum k=0..n. of nat (n \text{ choose } k) * \text{flact } k \text{ } x * \text{flact } (n - k) = (k+1)
k) y)
proof (induct n)
  case \theta
  show ?case by simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (Suc \ n)
  let ?s = \lambda k. of-nat (n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (n - k) \ y
  let ?t = \lambda k. ffact k \ x * ffact \ (Suc \ n - k) \ y
  let ?u = \lambda k. ffact (Suc k) x * ffact (n - k) y
  have flact (Suc n) (x + y) = (x + y - of\text{-nat } n) * flact n (x + y)
   by (simp add: ffact-Suc-rev)
 also have ... = (x + y - of\text{-nat } n) * (\sum k = 0..n. of\text{-nat } (n \text{ choose } k) * ffact k)
x * ffact (n - k) y
   using Suc.hyps by simp
  also have ... = (\sum k = 0..n. ?s k * (x + y - of\text{-nat } n))
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ mult.commute\ sum\text{-}distrib\text{-}left)
  also have ... = (\sum k = 0..n. ?s k * ((y + of-nat k - of-nat n) + (x - of-nat n)))
    by (auto intro: sum.cong simp add: diff-add-eq add-diff-eq add.commute)
  also have ... = (\sum k = 0..n. \text{ of-nat } (n \text{ choose } k) * (?t k + ?u k))
  proof -
    {
     \mathbf{fix} \ k
     assume k \leq n
     have ?u \ k = ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (n - k) \ y * (x - of-nat \ k)
     by (simp add: ffact-Suc-rev Suc-diff-le of-nat-diff mult.commute mult.left-commute)
      moreover from \langle k \leq n \rangle have ?t \ k = ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (n - k) \ y * (y + k)
of-nat k - of-nat n)
       by (simp add: ffact-Suc-rev Suc-diff-le of-nat-diff diff-diff-eq2 mult.commute
```

```
mult.left-commute)
      ultimately have
         ?s k * ((y + of\text{-nat } k - of\text{-nat } n) + (x - of\text{-nat } k)) = of\text{-nat } (n \text{ choose } k)
* (?t k + ?u k)
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) distrib-left mult.assoc)
    from this show ?thesis by (auto intro: sum.cong)
  also have ... = (\sum k = 0..n. \text{ of-nat } (n \text{ choose } k) * ?t k) + (\sum k = 0..n. \text{ of-nat})
(n \ choose \ k) * ?u \ k)
    by (simp add: sum.distrib distrib-left mult.commute mult.left-commute)
  also have ... = ?t \ \theta + (\sum k = \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ ((n \ choose \ k) + (n \ choose \ Suc \ k))
* ?u k)
  proof -
    have ... = (?t \ \theta + (\sum k = \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (n \ choose \ Suc \ k) * ?u \ k)) + (\sum k = \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (n \ choose \ Suc \ k) * ?u \ k))
0..n. of-nat (n \ choose \ k) * ?u \ k)
    proof -
      have (\sum k = Suc \ \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (n \ choose \ k) * ?t \ k) = (\sum k = \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (n \ choose \ k) * ?t \ k)
choose Suc \ k) * ?u \ k)
      proof -
        have (\sum k = Suc \ \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (n \ choose \ k) *?t \ k) = (\sum k = Suc \ \theta..Suc \ n.
of-nat (n \ choose \ k) * ?t \ k)
          by (simp add: binomial-eq-0)
        also have ... = (sum\ ((\lambda k.\ of\text{-}nat\ (n\ choose\ k) *?t\ k)\ o\ Suc)\ \{0..n\})
       by (simp only: sum.reindex[symmetric, of Suc] inj-Suc image-Suc-atLeastAtMost)
        also have \dots = (\sum k = 0..n. \text{ of-nat } (n \text{ choose } Suc \text{ } k) * ?u \text{ } k)
          by simp
        finally show ?thesis.
      qed
      from this show ?thesis
       by (simp\ add:\ sum.atLeast-Suc-atMost[of - - \lambda k.\ of-nat\ (n\ choose\ k) *?t\ k])
    also have ... = ?t \ \theta + (\sum k = \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ ((n \ choose \ k) + (n \ choose \ Suc \ k))
      by (simp add: distrib-right sum.distrib)
    finally show ?thesis.
  also have ... = (\sum k = 0..Suc \ n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (Suc \ n \ choose \ k) * ffact \ k \ x * ffact \ (Suc
(n-k)(y)
  proof -
    let ?v = \lambda k. of-nat (Suc n choose k) * ffact k x * ffact (Suc n - k) y
    have \dots = ?v \ \theta + (\sum k = \theta..n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (Suc \ n \ choose \ (Suc \ k)) * ?u \ k)
    also have ... = ?v \ \theta + (\sum k = Suc \ \theta ... Suc \ n. \ ?v \ k)
      \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ only:\ sum.shift-bounds-cl-Suc-ivl\ diff-Suc-Suc\ mult.assoc)
    also have \dots = (\sum k = 0..Suc \ n. \ of\text{-nat} \ (Suc \ n \ choose \ k) * \textit{ffact} \ k \ x * \textit{ffact}
(Suc \ n - k) \ y)
      by (simp add: sum.atLeast-Suc-atMost)
    finally show ?thesis.
```

```
\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{qed} \\ \mathbf{finally\ show}\ ? case \end{array} . \mathbf{qed}
```

# 3 Proving Falling Factorial of a Sum with Vandermonde Identity

```
theory Falling-Factorial-Sum-Vandermonde
imports
Discrete-Summation.Factorials
begin
```

Note the potentially special copyright license condition of the following proof.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{ffact}	ext{-}\mathit{add}	ext{-}\mathit{nat}:
 shows flact k (n + m) = (\sum i \le k. (k \text{ choose } i) * \text{flact } i \text{ } n * \text{flact } (k - i) \text{ } m)
proof -
  have flact \ k \ (n + m) = fact \ k * ((n + m) \ choose \ k)
    by (simp only: ffact-eq-fact-mult-binomial)
  also have ... = fact \ k * (\sum i \le k. \ (n \ choose \ i) * (m \ choose \ (k - i)))
    by (simp only: vandermonde)
  also have ... = (\sum i \le k. fact \ k * (n \ choose \ i) * (m \ choose \ (k-i)))
    by (simp add: sum-distrib-left field-simps)
  also have ... = (\sum i \le k. (fact \ i * fact \ (k - i) * (k \ choose \ i)) * (n \ choose \ i) *
(m \ choose \ (k-i)))
    by (simp add: binomial-fact-lemma)
  also have ... = (\sum i \le k. (k \ choose \ i) * (fact \ i * (n \ choose \ i)) * (fact \ (k - i) * 
(m \ choose \ (k-i)))
    by (auto intro: sum.cong)
  also have ... = (\sum i \le k. (k \ choose \ i) * ffact \ i \ n * ffact \ (k - i) \ m)
    by (simp only: ffact-eq-fact-mult-binomial)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
```

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end

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